



HIV, Other STD, and Teen Pregnancy Prevention and

Charlotte-Mecklenburg, North Carolina Students

What is the problem?

The 2009 Charlotte-Mecklenburg, North Carolina Youth Risk Behavior Survey indicates that among high school students:

Sexual Risk Behaviors

- 50% ever had sexual intercourse.
- 8% had sexual intercourse for the first time before 13 years.
- 17% had sexual intercourse with four or more persons during their life.
- 35% had sexual intercourse with at least one person during the 3 months before the survey.
- 34% did not use a condom during last sexual intercourse. (1)
- 84% did not use birth control pills or Depo-Provera before last sexual intercourse to prevent pregnancy. (1)
- — were never taught in school about AIDS or HIV infection.

Alcohol and Other Drug Use

- 19% drank alcohol or used drugs before last sexual intercourse. (1)
- 2% used a needle to inject any illegal drug into their body one or more times during their life.

What are the solutions?

Better health education • More comprehensive health services • More supportive policies • More family involvement

What is the status?

The 2010 Charlotte-Mecklenburg, North Carolina School Health Profiles indicates that among high schools:

Health Education

- 23% required students to take 2 or more health education courses.
- 81% had a health education curriculum that addresses all 8 national standards for health education.
- 68% taught 8 key pregnancy, HIV, or other STD prevention topics in a required course.
- 24% taught 4 key topics related to condom use in a required course.
- 77% taught how to access valid and reliable health information, products, or services related to HIV, other STDs, and pregnancy in a required course.
- 69% had a lead health education teacher who received professional development during the 2 years before the survey on HIV prevention.
- 53% had a lead health education teacher who received professional development during the 2 years before the survey on pregnancy prevention.

Health Services

- 57% had a full-time registered nurse who provides health services to students at school.

Supportive Policies

- 64% had a gay/straight alliance or similar club.
- 4% provided curricula or supplementary materials and engaged in 5 practices related to lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgendered, or questioning (LGBTQ) youth.

Family Involvement

- 48% provided parents and families health information to increase parent and family knowledge of HIV prevention, STD prevention, or teen pregnancy prevention.

1. Among students who were currently sexually active.
- Data not available.

Where can I get more information? Visit www.cdc.gov/healthyyouth or call 800-CDC-INFO (800-232-4636).