Nursing Homes in the United States: 1973-74 National Nursing Home Survey

Statistics on nursing homes by original purpose of building, admission policy, certification status, cost per resident day, attending physicians, type of supervising staff, rehabilitation services, waiting lists, training programs, room capacity, and bed capacity. Based on data collected in the 1973-74 National Nursing Home Survey.

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Under the legislation establishing the National Health Survey, the Public Health Service is authorized to use, insofar as possible, the services or facilities of other Federal, State, or private agencies.

In accordance with specifications established by the National Center for Health Statistics, the Bureau of the Census, under a contractual arrangement, participated in planning the survey and collecting the data.

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30 percent relative standard error)	*

NURSING HOMES IN THE UNITED STATES: NATIONAL NURSING HOME SURVEY

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INTRODUCTION

Over the past decade, the Nation's nursing homes have become the focus of growing attention. An increasing public and private involvement in the problems of providing long-term care has generated a steadily increasing need for information about the quantity, quality, and costs of the care rendered by nursing homes throughout the United States. To partly satisfy these needs, the National Center for Health Statistics has conducted a series of national nursing home surveys beginning in 1963. Data reported in these pages stem from the most recent of these surveys, the 1973-74 National Nursing Home Survey.

Background

Since 1963 the National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) has utilized two types of surveys to gather nursing home data-universe surveys and sample surveys. The universe surveys, surveys of all known nursing homes in the United States, consist of questionnaire mailouts eliciting basic information on the characteristics of nursing homes: number of beds, number of residents, type of ownership, type of care provided, etc. A series of these universe surveys, called the Master Facility Inventory (MFI) surveys, have been conducted (1963, 1967, 2 $1969,^3$ $1971,^4$ and most recently, 1973^5). In 1968 a special ad hoc universe survey was conducted6 which obtained more detailed information than the MFI surveys gather (charges for care, services and activities provided, etc.). However, these more detailed (and time-consuming) surveys are perhaps more efficiently conducted as sample surveys, which cover only a small fraction of the total universe and can be conducted via personal interviews rather than mailouts. The technique has been used a number of times by NCHS in collecting nursing home data (1963,⁷ 1964,⁸ 1969,⁹ and most recently, 1973-74¹⁰). The universe used in drawing the samples for these surveys has in each case been the most recent MFI listing with newly opened nursing homes added to it.

The Current Survey

The survey being discussed in this report is the 1973-74 National Nursing Home Survey, a sample survey conducted from August 1973 through April 1974. Since this survey was conducted *prior* to the 1973 MFI survey, the universe used in drawing the sample was the 1971 MFI survey plus all nursing homes that were found to have begun operation from the time of the 1971 MFI survey through January 1973.

To be included in the sample, a nursing home had to qualify by NCHS criteria as either a nursing care home or a personal care home with nursing (appendix IV). This sampling provision excluded homes where the care offered was entirely personal or domiciliary. Also excluded from the sample were nursing homes in Alaska and Hawaii.

Since the universe was based on the 1971 survey, all homes found in that survey to be personal care or domiciliary care were excluded

from the sampling frame even if they had been upgraded to a personal care home with nursing or a nursing care home by the time the 1973-74 survey began. As a result of these exclusions, the estimates from this survey do not correspond precisely to the figures from the 1973 MFI survey.

Before sampling, all the homes included in the universe were stratified according to the following criteria: (1) Medicare/Medicaid certification, (2) bed-capacity group, (3) ownership type, (4) geographic region, (5) State, and (6) county. The sample was then selected systematically after a random start within each primary stratum. A more detailed explanation of the sample design can be found in appendix I.

The survey findings discussed in these pages are almost always expressed as percents of the estimated homes. A table of sampling errors for these estimated percents appears in appendix I. Definitions are found in appendix II, and appendix III contains copies of the questionnaires used in the 1973-74 National Nursing Home Survey.

FINDINGS

Original Purpose of Building

A substantial majority of all nursing homes were housed in buildings that were specifically designed and constructed to support these functions. Findings reveal that an estimated 70 percent of all such homes were originally built for use as nursing homes, rest homes, convalescent homes, or homes for the aged (table 1). In size, the homes originally constructed as nursing homes generally exceeded 50 beds, with the most substantial proportion of them from 50 to 99 beds in capacity (table 2).

About 18 percent, the most prominent remaining proportion of nursing homes, were housed in buildings originally constructed as private homes (i.e., single-family dwellings). (See table 1.) As expected, nursing homes adapted for use from private homes were generally of small bed capacity (under 50 beds). Other locations, reported with only scattered frequency, were in buildings originally constructed as hospitals, duplexes (two to four units),

apartment houses (five or more units), and hotels or motels.

Admission Policies

An overwhelming number of the Nation's nursing homes (93 percent) admitted both male and female residents, thus placing no sex restriction on admission. Most of the homes (74 percent) did, however, impose minimum age restrictions on admission.

Minimum age restrictions existed for nearly every age from 1 to 70 years. Table A shows, for those homes imposing restrictions on minimum age, the percents falling into the nine major age categories presented. These findings indicate that about one-fourth (24 percent) of all the homes which had restrictions on minimum age set those restrictions at ages of 17 years and younger, ages usually categorized as children. More than one-fourth (28 percent) set their age restriction at 18 years, and when the four youngest age groups are combined, one finds that almost 3/4 (72 percent) of these homes had minimum ages of 21 years and under. Few, therefore, restricted their admissions to the elderly-less than 10 percent set the minimum age at 65.

Table A. Percent distribution of nursing homes with restrictions on minimum age by minimum age: United States, 1973-74

Minimum age	Percent
All nursing homes with restrictions on minimum age	100.0
1-15 years	7.3
16-17 years	16.6
18 years	27.9
19-21 years	20.1
22-40 years	9.8
41-59 years	5.2
60-64 years	4.2
65 years	8.4
66 years and over	*

Certification Status (Medicare/Medicaid Participation)

Another area of major emphasis in the 1973-74 National Nursing Home Survey was the collection of data concerning participation in the Nation's Medicare and Medicaid programs. To

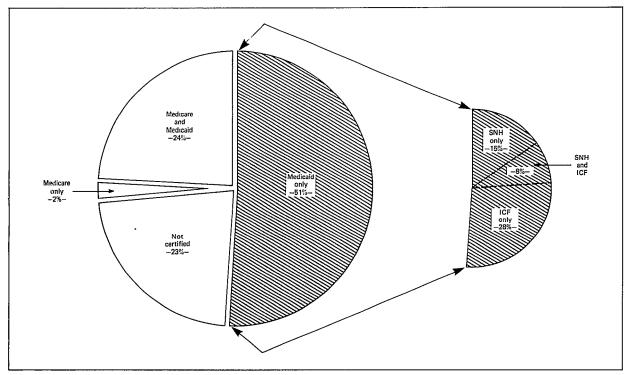


Figure 1. Estimated percent of nursing homes in each certification category

participate as a Medicare provider, a home had to be certified as an extended care facility (ECF) according to the requirements of Medicare legislation in effect at the time of the survey (Title XVIII of the Social Security Act). To participate as a Medicaid provider, a home could be certified as a skilled nursing home (SNH) and/or as an intermediate care facility (ICF) according to the requirements of Medicaid legislation (Title XIX of the Social Security Act).^a

Levels of nursing care varied by type of certification status. The ECF and the SNH had about the same level of skilled nursing coverage, which was higher than the level of nursing coverage required in the ICF.^b

Figure 1 shows the distribution of nursing homes by certification status.

Noncertified homes differed from certified homes in certain characteristics worthy of note. Though the noncertified homes comprised about 23 percent of all nursing homes, they served only an estimated 13 percent of all residents; thus they were smaller then their certified counterparts. Carrying this further, an estimated 68 percent of the noncertified homes, as opposed to only 32 percent among Medicare/Medicaid participants, had under 50 beds (table 3). And, not surprisingly, the certified home generally provided a higher level of skilled nursing service than the noncertified home did.

The Medicare regulations were a definite factor in this finding, since one of their requirements called for extended care facilities to "provide 24-hour nursing service which is sufficient to meet nursing needs" and to have "at least one registered professional nurse employed full time." The effect of these requirements becomes evident upon examination of the person on duty and in charge of nursing for

^aThe extended care facility and skilled nursing home designations are used in this report because most of the survey was conducted prior to the legislation which created the skilled nursing facility designation.

bThe classification scheme used in the Master Facility Inventory and described in appendix I (i.e., by NC homes, PCN homes, etc.), was developed prior to Medicare and Medicaid legislation and therefore does not correspond exactly to the classification by certification status (i.e., by ECF, SNH, or ICF).

certified and noncertified facilities (table 4). An estimated 40 percent of noncertified homes had an RN in charge of one or more shifts, as compared to 80 percent of certified homes (Medicare or Medicaid). A nurse's aide was in charge of one or more shifts in 53 percent of noncertified homes, as compared to 20 percent of certified homes (Medicare or Medicaid).

As expected, the home certified as an SNH or ECF generally reported higher skill levels for its charge nurses than the ICF did. For example, of homes certified as SNH, an estimated 93 percent had an RN on duty and in charge of nursing for one or more shifts; for homes certified as solely ECF, the proportion was 77 percent; and for homes certified as solely ICF, the proportion was 56 percent.

Finally, certification carried with it an increased tendency to perform services other than nursing care. For example, an estimated 75 percent of the Medicare/Medicaid providers conducted onsite rehabilitation programs; in contrast, only about 50 percent of the noncertified facilities offered such services (table 5).

More comparisons by certification status appear throughout the remaining sections of this report. (See table 6 for selected certification data.)

Cost Per Resident Day

Approximately 82 percent of all nursing homes had a cost per resident day of under \$20.00, while less than 10 percent had costs per resident day of over \$25.00. These figures can be found in table 7, which shows cost per resident day categories by the certification status of the home. In comparing the noncertified homes with the certified homes (Medicare, Medicaid, or both), it can be seen that a much higher percentage rate of the noncertified homes had costs per resident day of under \$10.00 than did the certified homes (41 percent versus a combined 17 percent). In fact, the only certification type that had a percentage comparable to the noncertified home was the Medicaid ICF home. Approximately 36 percent of these homes had costs under \$10.00.

Another NCHS report, Series 13, No. 22, 12 goes into more detail and presents a number of tables showing nursing home cost data for

1973-74. That report shows that the average total cost per resident day was \$14.03 for noncertified homes compared to \$11.99 for ICF's, \$15.58 for SNF's (which included homes certified as both SNF and ICF), and \$21.17 for homes certified as both Medicare and Medicaid.

In terms of bed size, it can be seen from table 8 that the smaller homes tended to have lower costs per resident day than did the larger homes. Approximately 43 percent of homes with less than 25 beds had costs of under \$10.00, whereas only 11 percent of homes with 100 or more beds had costs this low. At the other end, only 9 percent of homes with less than 25 beds had costs per resident day of \$20.00 or more, compared to 27 percent of the homes with 100 or more beds having these same costs.

Attending Physicians

About 71 percent of all nursing home residents were attended to by their own physicians (attending physicians). Another 23 percent were treated by physicians furnished by the home (either on staff or contract). Table 9 shows the percent of homes having various numbers of attending physicians (for private patients) and gives this distribution by bed-size categories. Only 7 percent of the 15,700 homes had no attending physicians, using instead physicians on staff or on contract. Again, as would be expected, the larger homes had the most attending physicians. However, although the difference was not significant, 10 percent of the largest homes (100 or more beds) had no attending physicians, whereas in the smaller homes (less than 100 beds) approximately 6 percent had no attending physicians.

The noncertified homes were more likely to be without an attending physician than the certified homes were (12 percent versus 5 percent). (See table 10.)

Type of Staff Supervising All Clinical Services

One objective of the survey was to explore who among the staff members exercised daily, onduty supervision over all clinical services. (See question 25 of Facility Questionnaire, appendix

III.) "Clinical services" are those medical and nursing services that are part of the day-to-day activities of the home. "Supervision" was defined as an active role in watching over these activities in a continuous, responsible fashion. Thus, for the purposes of the survey, the term "supervisor" was not confined to clinical specialists such as physicians, RN's, or LPN's. The supervisor could have been, and sometimes was, a lay administrator not specifically trained as a clinical specialist to whom such clinical specialists reported and/or were responsible.

In the majority of homes (an estimated 56 percent), the staff member with daily, onduty supervision over all clinical services was an RN functioning only in an RN capacity. In another 7 percent of the homes, the onduty supervisor was the administrator of the home, who, in addition to functioning in the capacity of administrator, was also a qualified RN. These findings indicate that a relatively high level of clinical skill existed among staff functioning in this important supervisory position.^c

Rehabilitation Services

The survey also explored the nature and extent of the rehabilitation programs that these homes provided. An estimated 69 percent of all nursing homes conducted one or more programs in which a rehabilitation service was provided onsite by "professional" therapists or counselors (table 11). (By "professional" is meant rehabilitation personnel who were licensed or registered in their vocation.)

The following two tables show the prevalence of these rehabilitation services in nursing homes. Table B indicates what percent of all 15,700 homes provided each of the various rehabilitation services, while table C (which looks at only those homes which provided rehabilitation services, an estimated 10,900) shows the relative prevalence of these services.

From table B it can be seen that about one-half of the 15,700 nursing homes provided

Table B. Percent of all nursing homes (15,700), by type of rehabilitation service provided: United States, 1973-74

Type of service	Percent
Physical therapy	53
Occupational therapy	23
Recreational therapy	
Speech and hearing therapy	
Counseling	52
Other	5

Table C. Percent of nursing homes with rehabilitation services (10,900), by type of service provided: United States, 1973-74

Type of service	Percent
Physical therapy	34

physical therapy, and one-half provided counseling. Table C takes this a step further, indicating that if a nursing home offered any rehabilitation services, it more than likely offered physical therapy and counseling. Recreational therapy and speech and hearing therapy were the next most often provided services.

The larger the home, the more likely it was to provide rehabilitation services (table 11). Of the homes with 100 or more beds, an estimated 84 percent provided one or more of these services, whereas in the homes with less than 25 beds, only 51 percent provided rehabilitation services.

Waiting Lists and Training Programs

Approximately 72 percent of the nursing homes maintained waiting lists. Of these homes, 17 percent had no one on their waiting list, 55 percent had between 1 and 10 people on their list, 24 percent had between 11 and 50, and the remaining 5 percent had more than 50 people on their waiting list (table 12).

The homes that tended to have the largest number of persons on their waiting list were the larger homes. For example, of the homes with 51 or more people on their waiting list, 51 percent had 100 beds or more; on the other hand, of the homes with just 1 to 10 people on their waiting list, only 19 percent had 100 beds or more (table 13).

cThe highest potential level of clinical supervisory skill occurred where the supervisor was either a physician functioning solely in that capacity or an administrator who was also a qualified physician. These cases occurred with only scattered frequency, probably in fewer than 3 percent of all homes.

Of the homes with waiting lists, 24 percent offered one or more of the following services to the people on these lists: day care, meals, transportation services, homemaker or chore services, information or referral, visiting, telephone checking, recreational activities, laundry service, and other services.

Approximately 59 percent of the homes that offered services to people on their waiting list were certified for Medicaid only, 29 percent were certified for both Medicaid and Medicare, and 12 percent were not certified.

Some nursing homes conducted training programs for people not on their staff in cooperation with an educational institution. The survey revealed that about 28 percent of all nursing homes had such training programs, with the larger homes being more likely to generally provide this service. For example, about 44 percent of the homes with 100 or more beds conducted these programs, as opposed to 13 percent of homes with less than 50 beds (table 14).

Additionally, certified homes were more likely to conduct these training programs than noncertified homes were. Approximately 44 percent of the homes certified for both Medicare and Medicaid and 29 percent of those certified for Medicaid only conducted training programs, as compared to only 11 percent of the noncertified homes (table 15).

Bed Capacity of Rooms and of Homes

Most nursing homes, it was found, had relatively few rooms with as many as four resident beds. Almost 3/4 (72 percent) had no more than 10 percent of their rooms occupied by four or more beds, and 88 percent of the homes had no more than 30 percent of their rooms with four or more beds (table 16).

Approximately 2/3 of all nursing homes had only one or two beds in over 75 percent of their rooms (table 17). Homes with more than 50 rooms tended to have a higher percentage of these one- and two-bed rooms than the homes with 20 rooms or less had (82 percent compared to 47 percent).

Looking at these homes by the percent of rooms with one or two beds shows no trend relative to certification. In other words, the percent of one- or two-bed rooms in Medicaid only homes, Medicare and Medicaid homes, and noncertified homes was almost the same (table 18).

Turning from the bed capacity of the rooms to the total bed capacity of the homes, it was found that the average bed capacity was 75. In terms of certification, the homes certified for both Medicare and Medicaid (which includes homes certified for Medicare only) were the largest, with an average size of 105 beds. Homes certified for Medicaid only were the next largest, at 73 beds, while the noncertified homes had an average bed capacity of 45 beds (table 19).

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Table 1. Percent distribution of nursing homes by original purpose for which building was constructed, according to bed capacity of home: United States, 1973-74

		Originally constructed as:							
Bed capacity	Total	Nursing home ¹	Private home	Hospital	Duplex, apartment house, hotel, or motel	Something else			
All bed capacities	100.0	70.2	17.8	4.3	3.2	4.4			
Less than 50 beds	100.0 100.0 100.0	47.6 83.3 89.0	37.9 5.7 *	5.8 3.5 *	4.5 * *	4.2 4.8 *			

¹Includes nursing homes, rest homes, convalescent homes, and homes for the aged.

Table 2. Percent distribution of nursing homes by bed capacity of home, according to original purpose for which building was constructed: United States, 1973-74

		Originally constructed as:						
Bed capacity	Total	Nursing home ¹	Private home	Hospital	Duplex, apartment house, hotel, or motel	Something else		
All bed capacities	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
Less than 50 beds	40.5 35.0 24.4	27.4 41.5 31.0	86.3 11.2 *	54.8 28.4 *	56.5 * *	38.8 37.9 *		

¹Includes nursing homes, rest homes, convalescent homes, and homes for the aged.

Table 3. Percent distribution of nursing homes by bed capacity, according to certification status: United States, 1973-74

	All	Both				
Bed capacity	certifi- cation statuses	certification and statuses Medicaid Total Skilled nursing home home home home home home home home		Inter- mediate care facility	Not certified	
All bed capacities	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than 25 beds	16.5 24.0 35.0 20.5 4.0	* 12.9 42.1 36.1 7.2	11.8 29.7 36.9 18.3 3.2	7.7 21.0 38.8 27.9 5.8	15.1 36.7 35.5 11.6	43.8 24.4 22.7 7.3

 $^{^{1}}_{2}8$ percent of these homes were certified for <u>Medicare</u> only. $^{2}_{35}$ percent of these homes were certified as <u>both SNH</u> and ICF.

Table 4. Percent of nursing homes, by certification status and level of skill of person in charge of nursing services: United States, 1973-74

		Both Medicare and Medicaid ¹				
Skill level of person in charge of nursing services	All certifi- cation statuses		Total	Skilled nursing home ²	Inter- mediate care facility	Not certified
RN in charge of one or more shifts	70.5 56.5 27.4	93.6 42.9 *	72.3 69.5 29.6	93.3 63.7 *	55.6 74.2 50.1	40.1 43.4 52.8

¹8 percent of these homes were certified for <u>Medicare</u> only.
²35 percent of these homes were certified as <u>both</u> SNH and ICF.

NOTE: Figures do not add to 100 percent because homes with more than one shift may have people with different levels of skill in charge of each shift.

Table 5. Percent of nursing homes providing onsite professional rehabilitation services, by certification status and type of service and number of services: United States, 1973-74

	All	Both	ľ			
Type of service and number of services	certifi- cation statuses	Medicare and Medicaid ¹	Total	Skilled nursing home ²	Inter- mediate care facility	Not certified
Physical therapy	52.8	87.1	45.3	66.0	28.8	29.8
	23.5	45.7	17.1	26.2	9.8	12.0
	31.3	47.5	28.3	35.0	23.0	19.4
	28.7	61.4	19.3	29.7	11.1	11.7
	52.1	76.9	49.2	62.5	38.5	29.9
	5.0	7.5	4.9	6.3	3.9	2.1
3 or more services	24.6	51.5	16.9	27.0	8.8	10.5
	30.8	7.6	34.2	18.0	47.0	49.8

Table 6. Percent distributions of nursing homes and nursing home beds, admissions, discharges, residents, and deaths by certification status: United States, 1973-74

Certification status	Homes	Beds	Admis- sions	Dis- charges	Resi- dents	Deaths
All certification statuses	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Both Medicare and Medicaid 1	ı	37.6 48.8 27.3 21.5 13.6	56.2 35.0 20.2 14.8 8.8	55.6 33.7 19.4 14.3 10.7	37.5 49.0 27.1 21.9 13.5	46.0 37.3 21.5 15.8 16.7

¹8 percent of these homes were certified for <u>Medicare</u> only.
²35 percent of these homes were certified as <u>both SNH</u> and ICF.

 ¹⁸ percent of these homes were certified for Medicare only.
 235 percent of these homes were certified as both SNH and ICF.

Table 7. Percent distribution of nursing homes by cost per patient day (during 1972), according to certification status: United States, 1973-74

				Medicaid only			
Cost per patient day	cation	Both Medicare and Medicaid ¹	Total	Skilled nursing home ²	Inter- mediate care facility	Not certified	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Less than \$10.00	23.0 36.3 22.9 8.8 9.1	* 21.0 37.9 18.4 20.1	25.1 47.9 16.2 5.8 5.0	10.3 46.4 26.3 9.0 8.1	36.4 49.1 8.5 *	41.5 27.5 20.9 * 5.7	

 $^{^{1}8}$ percent of these homes were certified for <u>Medicare</u> only. $^{2}35$ percent of these homes were certified as <u>both SNH</u> and ICF.

NOTES: Excludes nursing homes that were in business less than 2 years.

Figures may not add to totals due to rounding.

Table 8. Percent distribution of nursing homes by cost per patient day (during 1972), according to bed capacity: United States, 1973-74

Cost per patient day	All bed capacities	Less than 25 beds	25-49 beds	50-99 beds	100 beds or more
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Less than \$10.00		43.0 26.3 21.5 *	28.0 36.0 23.2 5.4 7.4	18.4 42.3 20.5 10.5 8.3	11.0 34.6 27.0 15.3 12.1

NOTES: Excludes homes that were in business less than 2 years.

Table 9. Percent distribution of nursing homes which had physicians attending their own private patients by number of attending physicians, according to bed capacity of home: United States, 1973-74

Number of physicians attending their own private patients	All bed capacities	Less than 50 beds	50-99 beds	100 beds or more
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
None 1-2 attending physicians 3-5 attending physicians 6-10 attending physicians 11-15 attending physicians 16-20 attending physicians 21-30 attending physicians 31-50 attending physicians 50 or more attending physicians	6.7 14.5 27.6 19.7 10.6 5.5 8.2 5.2 2.0	6.3 22.0 41.6 17.3 7.2 * 2.8	5.0 11.6 22.7 23.7 13.1 6.7 11.0 5.5	10.0 6.2 11.2 18.0 12.8 9.0 13.3 12.5

Table 10. Percent distribution of nursing homes which had physicians attending their own private patients by number of attending physicians, according to certification status: United States, 1973-74

		Both	ľ			
Number of physicians attending their own private patients	All certifi- cation statuses	Medicare and Medicaid ¹	Total	Skilled nursing home ²	Inter- mediate care facility	Not certified
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
None 1-2 attending physicians 3-5 attending physicians 6-10 attending physicians 11-15 attending physicians 16 or more attending physicians	6.7 14.5 27.6 19.7 10.6 20.9	* 12.3 16.0 15.9 47.6	5.8 15.7 31.3 23.3 10.3 13.5	8.8 12.2 26.5 23.5 10.8 18.1	* 18.4 35.1 23.2 9.9 10.0	11.8 24.0 36.9 16.0 5.2 6.1

 $^{^128}$ percent of these homes were certified for $\underline{\text{Medicare}}$ only. 235 percent of these homes were certified as $\underline{\text{both}}$ SNH and ICF.

Table 11. Percent of nursing homes providing onsite professional rehabilitation services, by bed capacity, type of service, and number of services: United States, 1973-74

Type of service and number of services	All bed capacities	Less than 25 beds	25-49 beds	50-99 beds	100 beds or more
Physical therapy Occupational therapy Recreational therapy Speech and hearing therapy Counseling Other	52.8 23.5 31.3 28.7 52.1 5.0	32.7 11.1 23.4 16.5 32.6	39.9 17.7 28.2 19.8 44.1	57.6 24.8 28.4 30.4 56.5 5.4	72.0 35.5 43.9 43.3 66.6 7.8
3 or more services	24.6 30.8	14.3 48.6	19.0 38.2	22.5 27.6	40.0 16.0

Table 12. Number of nursing homes with waiting lists and percent distribution of these homes, by number of persons on waiting list and bed capacity: United States, 1973-74

Number of persons on waiting list	AII bed capacities	Less than 25 beds	25-49 beds	50-99 beds	100 beds or more
Number of homes with waiting lists	11,300	1,600	2,700	4,200	2,900
	Percent distribution				
All homes with waiting lists	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Nobody on waiting list	16.7 54.7 23.8 4.8	13.8 76.3 *	14.8 62.4 20.7	17.4 50.0 27.7 4.9	18.8 42.3 29.1 9.8

Table 13. Percent distribution of nursing homes with waiting lists by bed capacity, according to number of persons on waiting list:

United States, 1973-74

Number of persons on waiting list	All homes	Less than 25 beds	25-49 beds	50-99 beds	100 beds or more
All homes with waiting lists	100.0	14.2	23.5	37.0	25.2
Nobody on waiting list	100.0 100.0	11.8 19.8 *	20.9 26.8 20.3	38.7 33.9 42.9 38.1	28.5 19.5 30.9 51.0

Table 14. Percent distribution of nursing homes by whether or not they conduct training programs for people not on their staff in cooperation with educational institutions, according to bed capacity: United States, 1973-74

Training program status	AII bed capacities	Less than 50 beds	50-99 beds	100 beds or more
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Conduct training program	28.4 71.6	13.4 86.6	35.2 64.8	43.8 56.2

Table 15. Percent distribution of nursing homes by whether or not they conduct training programs for people not on their staff in cooperation with educational institutions, according to certification status: United States, 1973-74

	All	U D-45		Medicaid only				
Training program status	certifi- cation statuses	certifi- cation	certifi- cation	Both Medicare and Medicaid ¹	Total	Skilled nursing home ²	Inter- mediate care facility	Not certified
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
Conduct training program	28.4 71.6	43.5 56.5	28.5 71.5	34.8 65.2	23.5 76.5	11.0 89.0		

 $^{^{1}8}$ percent of these homes were certified for $\underline{\text{Medicare}}$ only. $^{2}35$ percent of these homes were certified as $\underline{\text{both}}$ SNH and ICF.

NOTE: Figures may not add to totals due to rounding.

Table 16. Percent distribution of nursing homes by percent of rooms with 4 beds or more per room, according to number of rooms in the home: United States, 1973-74

	Percent of rooms with 4 beds or more									
Number of rooms in home	AII homes	10 percent or less	11 percent- 30 percent	31 percent- 50 percent	51 percent- 75 percent	76 percent or more				
Total	100.0	72.3	15.5	6.4	2.6	3.1				
Homes with 1-20 rooms	100.0 100.0 100.0	57.8 77.2 85.8	21.0 14.3 9.5	11.9 4.0 *	4.3	5.0 2.7 *				

Table 17. Percent distribution of nursing homes by percent of rooms with 1 or 2 beds per room, according to number of rooms in the home: United States, 1973-74

		Percent of roo	ms with 1 or 2	beds
Number of rooms in home	All	50 percent	51 percent-	76 percent
	homes	or less	75 percent	or more
Total	100.0	20.3	15.6	64.1
Homes with 1-20 rooms	100.0	32.4	21.0	46.5
	100.0	16.3	14.4	69.3
	100.0	8.8	9.6	81.6

Table 18. Percent distribution of nursing homes by percent of rooms with 1 or 2 beds per room, according to certification status: United States, 1973-74

		Both				
Percent of rooms with 1 or 2 beds	All certifi- cation statuses	Medicare and Medicaid ¹	Total	Skilled nursing home ²	Inter- mediate care facility	Not certified
All homes	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
50 percent or less	20.3 15.6 64.1	20.3 17.2 62.5	22.0 15.0 62.9	23.0 13.3 63.6	21.2 16.3 62.4	16.4 15.1 68.3

NOTE: Figures may not add to totals due to rounding.

Table 19. Selected characteristics of nursing homes, by certification status: United States, 1973-74

	All	Both	٨			
Item	certifi- cation statuses	Medicare and Medicaid ¹	Total	Skilled nursing home ²	Inter- mediate care facility	Not certified
Number of homes Number of beds Number of admissions Number of discharges Number of deaths Average daily census Average bed size	15,700 1,174,800 1,110,900 1,077,600 327,400 1,007,900 75	4.200 441,000 624,200 599,300 150,500 372,400 105	7,900 572,800 388,500 363,000 122,400 493,900 73	3,500 320,500 223,600 209,400 70,600 270,200 92	4,400 252,300 164,900 153,600 51,800 223,600 57	3,600 161,000 98,200 115,300 54,500 141,700

¹8 percent of these homes were certified for <u>Medicare</u> only.
²35 percent of these homes were certified as <u>both</u> SNH and ICF.

 $^{^{1}}_{2}$ 8 percent of these homes were certified for <u>Medicare</u> only. $^{2}_{35}$ percent of these homes were certified as <u>both SNH</u> and ICF.

APPENDIXES

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APPENDIX I

TECHNICAL NOTES ON METHODS

SURVEY DESIGN

General

From August 1973 to April 1974, the Division of Health Resources Utilization Statistics (DHRUS) conducted the National Nursing Home Survey (NNHS)—a sample survey of nursing homes, their residents and staff in the conterminous United States. The survey was designed and developed by the DHRUS in conjunction with a group of experts in various fields encompassing the broad area of long-term care. It was specifically designed as the first of a series of surveys to satisfy the diverse data needs of those who establish standards for, plan, provide, and assess long-term care services.

Sampling Frame

The 1973-74 NNHS focused on nursing homes which provided some level of nursing care. Only homes providing nursing care were included because detailed questions on facility services and resident health status were relevant only to these facilities. These homes included both nursing care homes and personal care with nursing homes, while personal care homes and domiciliary care homes were excluded. Homes were either freestanding establishments, or nursing care units of hospitals, retirement centers, and similar institutions. A definition of nursing care and detailed criteria for classifying homes providing such care are presented in appendix IV.

The survey universe consisted of two groups of homes: those providing some level of nursing care as classified in the 1971 Master Facility Inventory (MFI) and homes opening for business in 1972. The major group (93 percent) was composed of all nursing homes providing some level of nursing care as classified by the 1971 MFI. The MFI is a census of all impatient health facilities conducted every 2 years by mail by the National Center for Health Statistics. A detailed

NOTE: The list of references follows the text.

description of how the MFI was developed, its content, and procedures for updating and assessing its coverage has been published. 2,3,4

In order for data collection to begin in August, the sampling frame was "frozen" in the spring of 1973 so that the sample could be selected in ample time to permit the scheduling of nationwide data collection. To obtain as current a sample frame as possible, all nursing homes which opened for business during 1972 were also included in the universe. (Homes opening in early 1973 could not be included since data about them were not yet available.) The homes which opened in 1972 comprised the second, and smaller (7 percent), group of facilities in the universe. Although the universe included only homes providing nursing care, all homes opened in 1972 were included because the level of nursing care they provided was unknown prior to the survey. Once the NNHS was conducted, facilities not meeting the criteria were classified as out of scope (see table I for details).

Although the NNHS was conducted in 1973-74, it should be noted that estimates will not correspond precisely to figures from the 1973 MFI census for several reasons. In comparison to the MFI, the NNHS universe excluded the following: 1) personal care homes and domiciliary care homes; 2) homes which opened in 1973; and 3) which, between 1971 and 1973, upgraded the level of care they provided, thereby meeting the "nursing care" criteria when surveyed in the 1973 MFI. Data from the NNHS are also subject to sampling variability, while data from the MFI are not, since the MFI is a census.

Sampling Design

The sampling was a stratified two-stage probability design: The first stage was a selection of establishments and the second stage was a selection of residents and employees of the sample establishments. In preparation for the first-stage sample selection, establishments listed in the MFI were sorted into three types of strata based on Medicare and Medicaid certification: 1) Both Medicare and Medicaid and Medicare only; 2) Medicaid only; and 3) Not Certified, Homes in

Table I. DISTRIBUTION OF HOMES IN THE 1973-74 NATIONAL NURSING HOME SURVEY UNIVERSE AND DISPOSITION OF SAMPLE HOMES ACCORDING TO PRIMARY SAMPLING STRATA (CERTIFICATION STATUS AND SIZE OF HOME): CONTERMINOUS UNITED STATES, 1973-74

		N	umber of hom	es in sample		
Certification status and size of home	Universe (sampling frame) ¹	Total	Out-of- scope or	In scope and in business		
		homes	out of business	Non- responding	Responding	
All types	17,685	2,118	147	63	1,908	
Both Medicare and Medicaid and Medicare only	4,099	803	20	26	757	
Unknown beds	2 149 538 1,713 1,385 224 68 20	0 4 35 228 370 100 46 20	0 0 0 7 8 4 1	0 1 1 7 11 3 2 1	0 34 214 315 93 43	
Medicaid only	7,473	790	34	24	732	
Unknown beds	3 250 967 2,253 2,688 1,108 145 43 16	0 5 36 123 293 241 52 24 16	0 1 5 11 4 3 5 3 2	0 2 1 3 8 6 3 1	0 2 30 109 281 232 44 20 14	
Not certified	6,113	525	93	13	419	
Unknown beds	19 1,279 1,062 1,575 1,334 652 120 52	0 23 38 87 145 141 43 28 20	0 10 9 13 19 221 12 4 5	0 0 3 5 4 0 1	0 13 29 71 121 116 31 23	

¹The universe consisted of nursing homes providing some level of nursing care as classified in the 1971 MFI and homes opened for business in 1972.

each of these three strata were sorted into bed size groups, producing 26 primary strata as shown in table 1. The nursing homes in the universe were ordered by type of ownership, geographic region, State, and county. The sample was then selected systematically after a random start within each primary stratum. Table I shows the distribution of establishments in the sampling frame and the final disposition of the sample with regard to response and in-scope status. The number of homes estimated by the survey (15,749) is less than the

NOTE: The list of references follows the text.

universe figure (17,685) because some homes went out of business or out of scope between the time the universe was "frozen" and the survey was conducted. Differences ranging from 2,100-2,900 between survey estimates and universe figures occurred in the 1963, 5 1964, 6 and 1969 7 nursing home surveys for the same reason.

The second-stage selection of residents and employees was carried out by the interviewers at the time of their visits to the establishments in accordance with specific instructions given for each sample establishment. The sample frame for residents was the total

number of residents on the register of the establishment on the evening prior to the day of the survey. Residents who were physically absent from the facility due to overnight leave or a hospital visit but had a bed maintained for them at the establishment were included in the sample frame. An average of 10 residents were in the sample per home.

The sampling frame for employees was the Staff Control Record (see appendix III) on which the interviewer listed the names of all staff (including those employed by contract) and sampled professional, semi-professional, and nursing staff. Those generally not involved in direct patient care, such as office staff, food service, housekeeping, and maintenance personnel were excluded from the sample. The interviewer used predesignated sampling instructions that appeared at the head of each column of this form. An average of 14 staff were in the sample per home.

Data Collection Procedures for 1973-74 National Nursing Home Survey

The 1973-74 NNHS utilized eight questionnaires (see appendix III for copies):

Administrator Letter and Worksheet
Facility Questionnaire
Expense Questionnaire
Resident Control Record
Resident Questionnaire
Staff Questionnaire—Parts I and II
Staff Control Record

Data was collected according to the following procedure:

- 1. A letter was sent to the administrators of sample homes informing them of the survey and the fact that an interviewer would contact them for an appointment. On the back of the letter was a worksheet which the administrator was requested to fill out prior to the interviewer's visit. This worksheet asked for those data that required access to records and some time in compiling (such as total admission and discharges, inpatient days of care, etc.). Included with this introductory letter were letters of endorsement from the American Nursing Home Association and the American Association of Homes for the Aging urging the administrators to participate in the survey (see appendix III for copies).
- Several days to 1 week after the mailing of the letters, the interviewer telephoned the sample facility and made an appointment with the administrator.

3. At the time of the appointment, the following procedures were followed: The Facility Questionnaire was completed by the interviewer who interviewed the administrator or owner of the home. After completing this form, the interviewer secured the administrator's permission to send the Expense Questionnaire to the facility's accountant, (If financial records were not kept by an outside firm, the Expense Questionnaire was filled by the administrator. with the interviewer present.) The interviewer completed the Staff Control Record (a list of all currently employed staff both full and part time), selected the sample of staff from it, and prepared Staff Questionnaires, Parts I and II, which were left for each sample staff person to complete, seal in addressed and franked envelopes (one for each part of the questionnaire), and return either to the interviewer or by mail. The interviewer then completed the Resident Control Record (a list of all residents currently in the facility), selected the sample of residents from it, and filled a Resident Questionnaire for each sample person by interviewing the member of the nursing staff familiar with care provided to the resident. The nurse referred to the resident's medical records. No resident was interviewed directly.

If the Expense Questionnaire was not returned within 2 weeks, the interviewer telephoned the accountant requesting its prompt return. If the Staff Questionnaires were not returned in one week, the interviewer contacted the staff member and requested the return of the form.

The following table presents a summary of the data collection procedures:

Question- naire	Respondent	Interview situation
Facility	Administrator	Personal interview
Expense	Facility's accountant	Self-enumerated questionnaire
Resident	Member of nursing staff familiar with care provided to the resident/resident's medical records (10 sampled residents per facility)	Personal interview
Staff	Sampled staff member (14 per facility)	Self-enumerated questionnaire

GENERAL QUALIFICATIONS

Nonresponse and Imputation of Missing Data

Response rates differed for each type of questionnaire as indicated below:

Questionnaire	Response Rate
Facility	97 percent
Expense	88 percent
Resident	98 percent
Staff	82 percent

Generally, response rates were higher for questionnaires administered in a personal interview situation
(facility and resident) as compared to those which were
self-enumerated (expense and staff). Statistics presented in this report were adjusted for failure of a home
to respond. Data were also adjusted for nonresponse
which resulted from failure to complete one of the
questionnaires (expense, resident, staff) or from failure to complete an item on a questionnaire. Those
items left unanswered on a partially completed questionnaire (facility, expense, resident, staff) were generally imputed by assigning a value from a responding
unit with major characteristics identical to those of
the nonresponding unit.

Rounding of Numbers

Estimates of homes, residents, resident days, and beds have been rounded to the nearest hundred. For this reason detailed figures within tables do not always add to totals. Percents were calculated on the basis of original, unrounded figures and will not necessarily agree precisely with percents which might be calculated from rounded data.

Data Processing

A series of checks were performed during the course of the survey. This included field followups for missing and inconsistent data, some manual editing of the questionnaires, extensive editing as conducted by computer to assure that all responses were accurate, consistent, logical, and complete. Once the data base was edited, the computer was used to calculate and assign weights, ratio adjustments, recodes, and other related procedures necessary to produce national estimates from the sample data.

Estimation Procedures

Statistics reported in this publication are derived by a ratio estimating procedure. The purpose of ratio estimation is to take into account all relevant information in the estimation process, thereby reducing the variability of the estimate. The estimation of number of establishments and establishment data not related to size are inflated by the reciprocal of the probability of selecting the sample establishment and adjusted for the nonresponding establishments within primary certification-size strata. Two ratio adjustments, one at each stage of selection, were also used in the estimation process. The first-stage ratio adjustment (along with the above inflation factors) was included in the estimation of establishment data related to size, resident data, and staff data for all primary certification-size strata from which a sample of homes was drawn. The numerator was the total beds according to the Master Facility Inventory data for all homes in the stratum. The denominator was the estimate of the total beds obtained through a simple inflation of the Master Facility Inventory data for the sample homes in the stratum. The effect of the firststage ratio adjustment was to bring the sample in closer agreement with the known universe of beds. The second-stage ratio adjustment was included in the estimation of resident and staff data within establishments. The second-stage ratio adjustment is the product of two fractions: the first is the inverse of the sampling fraction for residents (or staff) upon which the selection is based; the second is the ratio of the number of sample residents (or staff) in the establishment to the number of residents (or staff) for whom questionnaires were completed within the home.

RELIABILITY OF ESTIMATES

As in any survey, the results are subject to reporting and processing errors and errors due to non-response. To the extent possible, these types of errors were kept to a minimum by methods built into survey procedures.

Since statistics presented in this report are based on a sample, they will differ somewhat from figures that would have been obtained if a complete census had been taken using the same schedules, instructions, and procedures.

The standard error is primarily a measure of the variability that occurs by chance because only a sample, rather than the entire universe, is surveyed. The standard error also reflects part of the measurement error, but it does not measure any systematic biases in the data. It is inversely proportional to the square root of the number of observations in the sample. Thus, as the sample size increases, the standard error generally decreases.

The relative standard error of an estimate is the standard error of the estimate divided by the estimate itself and is expressed as a percentage of the estimate. According to NCHS standards, reliable estimates are those which have a relative standard error of 25 percent or less. For example, curve B of figure I shows the relative standard errors for the estimated number of beds. For a relative standard error of 25 percent or less, the minimum number of beds is 7,000. Thus bed estimates must be 7,000 or larger in order to meet the standards of reliability. Similarly, in figure I the estimates of number of homes must be 180 or larger in order to have a relative standard error of 25 percent or less. (The relative standard error for estimated number of resident days is shown in figure II.)

Because of the relationship between the relative standard error and the estimate, the standard error of an estimate can be found by multiplying the estimate by its relative standard error. Both values can be determined from the curve in figure I. For example, table 19 shows

that the total number of beds in all noncertified homes was 161,000. The relative standard error corresponding to this estimate on curve B is approximately 4.8 percent. The standard error is $161,000 \times 0.048 = 7,728$.

The chances are about 68 out of 100 that an estimate from the sample differs from the value which would be obtained from a complete census by less than the standard error. The chances are about 95 out of 100 that the difference is less than twice the standard error and about 99 out of 100 that it is less than $2\frac{1}{2}$ times as large. For example, it was found that about 5.20 percent of all certified homes had no attending physician. The chances are 95 out of 100 that the true value is contained in the interval $5.20 \pm 2.0 (0.70)$ (i.e., between 3.80 and 6.60), and 99 out of 100 for the interval $5.2 \pm 2.5 (0.70)$ (i.e., between 3.45 and 6.95).

Statistical tests to determine whether the differences between selected characteristics in the classification breakdowns are statistically significant can be implemented by comparing

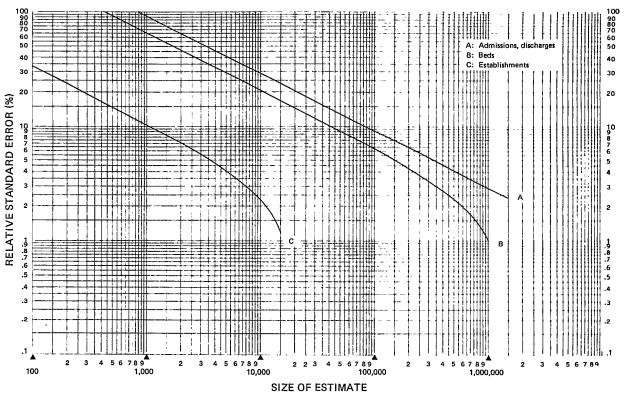


Figure I. Relative standard errors for estimated numbers of admissions, discharges, beds, and establishments

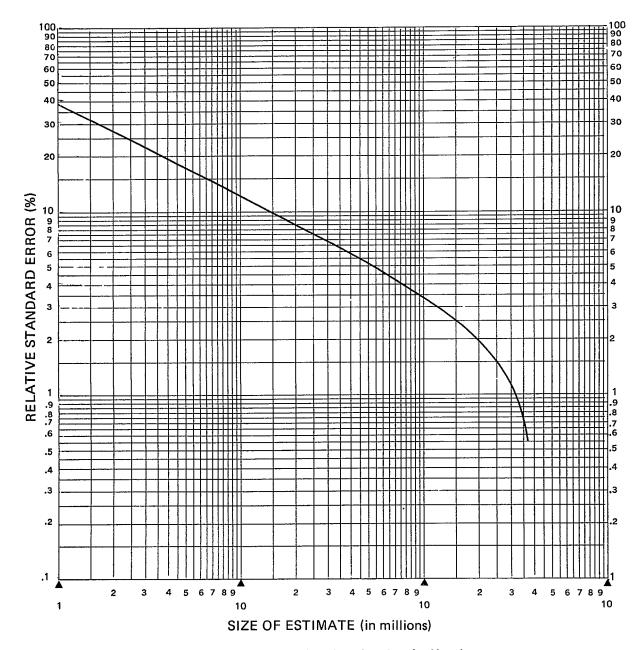


Figure II. Relative standard error for estimated number of resident days

the confidence intervals for the estimates in question. If there is no overlapping of the confidence intervals, the estimates are considered statistically different. For example, the percent of noncertified homes having no attending physician was 11.80, and the approximate standard error of this is 1.79. The chances are 95 out of 100 (the 95-percent confidence interval) that the true value being estimated is contained in the interval between 8.22 and 15.38. Since

this interval does not overlap with the 95percent confidence interval of the certified homes (3.45-6.95, as obtained above), the difference between the noncertified homes and the certified homes that had no attending physician is considered statistically significant in this report.

Tables II, III, and IV give the standard errors of percentages for establishments, beds, and admissions and discharges.

Table II. Standard errors of percentages for establishments

Base of estimated percent	Estimated percent								
(number of establishments)	1 or 99	2 or 98	5 or 95	10 or 90	20 or 80	30 or 70	40 or 60	50	
	Standard error in percentage points								
100	3.33 2.36 1.93 1.67 1.49 1.36 1.18 1.11 1.05 0.75 0.61 0.53 0.47 0.43 0.40	4.69 3.32 2.71 2.35 2.10 1.92 1.77 1.66 1.56 1.48 1.05 0.86 0.74 0.66 0.61 0.56	7.30 5.16 4.22 3.65 3.27 2.98 2.76 2.58 2.43 1.63 1.33 1.15 1.03 0.94 0.87	10.05 7.11 5.80 5.03 4.50 4.10 3.80 3.55 3.35 3.18 2.25 1.84 1.59 1.42 1.30	13.41 9.48 7.74 6.70 6.00 5.47 5.07 4.74 4.24 3.00 2.45 2.12 1.90 1.73 1.60 1.50	15.36 10.86 8.87 7.68 6.87 6.27 5.80 5.43 5.12 4.86 3.43 2.80 2.43 2.17 1.98	16.42 11.61 9.48 8.21 7.34 6.70 6.21 5.80 5.47 5.19 3.67 3.00 2.60 2.32 2.12 1.96 1.84	11.85 9.67 8.38 7.49 6.84 6.33 5.92 5.59 5.30 3.75 3.06 2.65 2.37 2.16 2.00	
8,000	0.35 0.33 0.24	0.49 0.47 0.33	0.77 0.73 0.52	1.06 1.01 0.71	1.41 1.34 0.95	1.62 1.54 1.09	1.73 1.64 1.16	1.77 1.68 1.18	

Illustration of use of table II: It was noted in the text that 23 percent (3,600) of the estimated 15,700 nursing homes in the United States were not certified for either Medicare or Medicaid. Linear interpolation between values shown in table II will yield an approximate standard error of 1.17 percent for an estimate of 23 percent with a base of 15,700.

Table III. Standard errors of percentages for beds

Base of estimated percent	Estimated percent								
(number of beds)	1 or 99	2 or 98	5 or 95	10 or 90	20 or 80	30 or 70	40 or 60	50	
	Standard error in percentage point				oints				
7.000	2.46	3.47	5.39	7.43	9.90	11.34	12.13	12.38	
8.000	2.30	3.24	5.05	6.95	9.26	10.61	11.34	11.58	
9.000	2.17	3.06	4.76	6.55	8.73	10.00	10.69	10.91	
10,000	2.06	2.90	4.51	6.21	8.28	9.49	10.15	10.35	
20,000	1.46	2.05	3.19	4.39	5.86	6.71	7.17	7.32	
30.000	1.19	1.67	2.61	3.59	4.78	5.48	5.86	5.98	
40.000	1.03	1.45	2.26	3.11	4.14	4.74	5.07	5.18	
50.000	0.92	1.30	2.02	2.79	3.70	4.24	4.54	4.63	
60.000	0.84	1.18	1.84	2.54	3.38	3.87	4.14	4.23	
70.000	0.78	1.10	1.71	2.35	3.13	3.59	3.83	3.91	
80.000	0.73	1.02	1.60	2,20	2.93	3.36	3.59	3.66	
90.000	0.69	0.97	1.50	2.07	2.76	3.16	3.38	3.45	
100.000	0.65	0.92	1.43	1.96	2.62	3.00	3.21	3.27	
200.000	0.46	0.65	1.01	1.39	1.85	2.12	2.27	2.32	
300,000	0.38	0.53	0.82	1.13	1.51	1.73	1.85	1.89	
400.000	0.33	0.46	0.71	0.98	1.31	1.50	1.60	1.64	
500.000	0.29	0.41	0.64	0.88	1.17	1.34	1.43	1.46	
600.000	0.27	0.37	0.58	0.80	1.07	1.23	1.31	1.34	
700,000	0.25	0.35	0.54	0.74	0.99	1.13	1.21	1.24	
800.000	0.23	0.32	0.50	0.69	0.93	1.06	1.13	1.16	
900.000	0.22	0.31	0.48	0.65	0.87	1.00	1.07	1.09	
1,000,000	0.21	0.29	0.45	0.62	0.83	0.95	1.01	1.04	
2,000,000	0.15	0.20	0.32	0.44	0.59	0.67	0.72	0.73	

Illustration of use of table III: Table 19 shows that of the 1,174,800 total beds, 252,300 (21.5 percent) were in homes-certified as intermediate care facilities. Linear interpolation between values shown in table III will yield an approximate standard error of 0.81 percent (about 9,500 beds) for an estimate of 21.5 percent with a base of 1,174,800.

Table IV. Standard errors of percentages for admissions and discharges

Base of estimated percent	Estimated percent								
(number of admissions and discharges)	1 or 99	2 or 98	5 or 95	10 or 90	20 or 80	30 or 70	40 or 60	50	
			Standa	ard error in	percentage p	oints			
10,000	2.87 2.03 1.66 1.44 1.28 1.17 1.09 1.02 0.96 0.91 0.64	4.04 2.86 2.33 2.02 1.81 1.65 1.53 1.43 1.35 1.28 0.90	6.29 4.45 3.63 3.15 2.81 2.57 2.38 2.22 2.10 1.99 1.41	8.66 6.13 5.00 4.33 3.87 3.54 3.27 3.06 2.89 2.74 1.94	11.55 8.17 6.67 5.77 5.17 4.72 4.37 4.08 3.85 3.65 2.58	13.23 9.36 7.64 6.62 5.92 5.40 5.00 4.68 4.41 4.18 2.96	14.15 10.00 8.17 7.07 6.33 5.77 5.35 5.00 4.72 4.47 3.16	14.44 10.21 8.34 7.22 6.46 5.89 5.46 5.10 4.81 4.57 3.23	
300,000 400,000 500,000 600,000 700,000 800,000 900,000 1,000,000 2,000,000	0.52 0.45 0.41 0.37 0.34 0.32 0.30 0.29 0.20	0.74 0.64 0.57 0.52 0.48 0.45 0.43 0.40 0.29	1.15 0.99 0.89 0.81 0.75 0.70 0.66 0.63 0.44	1.58 1.37 1.23 1.12 1.04 0.97 0.91 0.87 0.61	2.11 1.83 1.63 1.49 1.38 1.29 1.22 1.15 0.82	2.42 2.09 1.87 1.71 1.58 1.48 1.39 1.32 0.94	2.58 2.24 2.00 1.83 1.69 1.58 1.49 1.41	2.64 2.28 2.04 1.86 1.73 1.61 1.52 1.44 1.02	

Illustration of use of table IV: Table 19 shows that of the 1,110,900 admissions, 98,200 (8.8 percent) were in noncertified homes. Linear interpolation between values shown in table IV will yield an approximate standard error of 0.78 percent (about 8,700 admissions) for an estimate of 8.8 percent with a base of 1,110,900.

APPENDIX II

DEFINITIONS OF CERTAIN TERMS USED IN THIS REPORT

Terms Relating to Facilities or Residents

Nursing home.—This term refers to all institutions that were within the scope of the 1973-74 Nursing Home Survey (see appendix IV).

Type of ownership.--Facilities are classified by type of ownership as follows:

Proprietary home.—A facility operated under private commercial ownership.

Nonprofit home.—For the purposes of the report this could be a nonproprietary or a government home. A nonproprietary home is operated under voluntary or nonprofit auspices, including both church-related and other nonprofit homes. A government home is operated under Federal, State, or local government auspices.

Resident.—A person who has been formally admitted but not discharged from an establishment. All such persons were included in the survey whether or not they were physically present at the time of the survey.

Charge.—The charge made by the establishment itself. It does not include charges which are not part of the bill rendered by the institution such as those for services of physicians.

Bed.—One set up and regularly maintained for patients or residents. Beds maintained for staff and beds used exclusively for emergency services are excluded.

Terms Relating to Employees

Employee.—This term refers to any person who was on the staff of the facility or was employed under contract. It includes any paid worker, proprietor, or member of a religious order who contributes his services.

Full-time.—Employees who worked 35 hours or more in the week prior to the survey are designated "full-time."

Part-time.—Employees who worked less than 35
hours in the week prior to the survey are designated
"part-time."

Full-time equivalent.—For the purposes of the report, 35 hours of "part-time" employees' work per week are counted as equivalent to one "full-time" employee.

Geographic Terms

Region

Classification of homes by geographic area is provided by grouping the States into regions. These regions correspond to those used by the U.S. Bureau of the Census and are as follows:

States Included

Northeast	Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania
North Central	Michigan, Ohio, Illinois, Indiana, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas
	D. L Manufaud Dietain of

South ----- Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi, Arkansas, Louisana, Oklahoma, Texas

West ----- Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona, Utah, Nevada, Washington, Oregon, California, Hawaii, Alaska

Coverage of Financial Data

The financial data collected were not designed nor are they adequate to provide a direct comparison be-

tween costs and revenues of nursing home operations. The resident charge and establishment cost data were collected for different time periods. Resident charge data were collected for the period August 1973-April 1974 by recording for the sampled residents the amount charged for their care for the month prior to the survey. The cost data are generally kept by the facilities on a calendar year basis and were collected for 1972, the most recently completed year at the time of the survey. Facilities which used only a fiscal year basis of accounting were asked to report their cost data for the most recently completed fiscal year.

The total charge data were collected only for those sample residents who had been in the facility for at least one full month and included all charges for lodging, meals, nursing care, medical supplies, and special services. The charge data are not equal to the facility revenue for several reasons. In the instances where charges were made but not collected, the facility's actual revenues from patient services rendered do not equal charges for those services. A facility's total charges as collected also differ from its revenues in that the charge data do not account for the amount of contributions, grants, or subsidies received for general operating purposes from voluntary agencies, foundations, governmental agencies, and similar groups. Other sources of revenue which are not reflected in the charge data are income from investments (interest and dividends), services not directly related to patient care, and capital gains on the sale of equipment or other tangible assets.

The cost data were collected according to the following major components:

Labor costs—wages and fringe benefits for staff members and contract employees.

Fixed costs—equipment, building and land rentals, insurance, taxes, licenses, interest, financing and depreciation charges, and amortization of lease-hold improvements.

Operating costs—expenses for food, drugs, supplies, equipment, laundry, linen, utilities, buildings and grounds maintenance, and contractual arrangements for laboratory, professional, and household services.

Miscellaneous costs — dues, subscriptions, travel, advertising, and other expenses.

Excluded from costs are any losses sustained in the sale or disposition of fixed assets and other extraordinary losses or costs not related to the current cost of providing health care. To the extent that homes do not charge patients the full value of donated goods and services which are used for patient care, revenues from patient care will be smaller than they could be. Hence, they are not comparable to the collected cost data which include an estimate of the market value of donated goods and services.

APPENDIX III

QUESTIONNAIRES USED IN THE 1973-74 NATIONAL NURSING HOME SURVEY



DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

HEALTH RESOURCES ADMINISTRATION ROCKVILLE, MARYLAND 20852

NATIONAL CENTER FOR HEALTH STATISTICS

Dear Administrator:

The National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) of the U. S. Public Health Service is conducting a sample survey of resident facilities providing nursing and personal care to obtain basic data on their policies, services, and staff. This survey is being conducted as a part of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare's nursing home improvement program. The information from this survey will be used to compile statistics on the number and kinds of such facilities in the United States. Enclosed are two summary reports from previous surveys, which are illustrative of the kinds of data to be obtained from this survey. These statistics will be used to meet the needs of Congress, State legislatures, Federal, regional, and local health planners, national health associations, and many others who plan and provide health services to the aged.

As you can see from these reports, it is not possible to identify any particular facility. We wish to assure you that any information which permits the identification of the services provided by your facility, or the residents and staff will be held strictly confidential. This information will be used only by persons engaged in and for the purposes of the survey, and will not be disclosed or released to others for any purpose. Because the NCHS is committed to provide a factual basis for planning national programs designed to advance the health of the American people, limited basic information about your facility (such as name, address, size, type, and ownership) will be made available upon request to the NCHS.

Within about one week an interviewer will contact you for an appointment; this person will be with Applied Management Sciences, the firm under Federal contract to conduct this survey. In preparation for this call, please review the worksheet printed on the back of this letter. These questions request necessary information which may take time to assemble

from your records. I have enclosed them so that you may do this at your convenience prior to the interviewer's visit.

This survey includes a small, carefully selected nationwide sample of nursing homes and similar facilities. Because this nursing home represents several facilities of similar type, your participation is vital in obtaining accurate and complete data. We would appreciate your cooperation in this effort.

Sincerely yours,

Edward B. Perrin, Ph.D.

broad & Perun

Acting Director

THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS ON ADMISSIONS AND DISCHARGES CONCERN CALENDAR YEAR 1972, WHICH IS THE PERIOD OF JANUARY 1, 1972 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 1972.

	From		through				
		Month Yea	г	Mor	nth	Year	
•	HOW MANY PERSONS	WERE ADMITT	ED TO THIS FACIL	ITY [URIN	IG 1972?	
•	HOW MANY PERSONS	WERE DISCHA	RGED FROM THIS	FACI	LITY (DURING	1972, EXCLUDING DEATHS?
•	HOW MANY PERSONS	DIED DURING	1972 WHILE RESID	ENTS	S OR P	ATIENT	S OF THIS FACILITY?
•	IN 1972, WHAT WERE COUNT FROM 1/1/72 Days	THE TOTAL IN THROUGH 12/3	PATIENT DAYS OF 1/72.)	CAR	E PRO	VIDED?	(THE SUM OF THE DAILY PATIENT CENSUS
•	HOW MANY ROOMS F	OR RESIDENTS	DOES THIS FACIL	ITY H	IAVE -	THAT CO	ONTAIN:
	a		1 bed only		None		
	b		2 beds		None		
	c		3 beds		None		
	d		4 or more beds		None		

RETAIN THIS FORM AND DATA FOR THE INTERVIEWER TO COLLECT.



American Nursing Home Association

1200 15th Street, N.W./Washington, D.C. 20005 Phone: (202) 833-2050

Dear Administrator:

I am writing to urge your participation in the 1973 Nursing Home Survey. The National Center for Health Statistics has invested over a year in developing this study which will collect national data on services, basic costs, staff, and residents in nursing homes.

The support of our association and of all nursing home administrators is indispensable to the successful inauguration of this research which will provide invaluable data for planning and organizing health care of the aged, drafting health legislation, and setting national policies and priorities to obtain quality care for all nursing home residents.

I believe you will find the survey design maximizes the utility of the data collected while it attempts to minimize the amount of staff involvement. In addition, strict confidentiality provisions are to be maintained. Only summary data will be published and made available to health planners, researchers, health professionals, and the public.

I am confident that the information derived will be well worth the initial investment of your time and effort as it will ultimately result in increased quality of care for all nursing home residents.

Again may I urge your cooperation with the Survey. Its success will provide us in the nursing home field with much needed and, hitherto, unavailable data in this rapidly expanding segment of the health care industry.

Sincerely,

DON T. BARRY

Won J. Barry

Association President

DTB:1b

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF HOMES FOR THE AGING

374 National Press Building 14th & F Streets, N.W., Washington, D.C 20004 The national organization of NONPROFIT HOMES Telephone (202) 347-2000

AAHA

Dear Administrator:

The National Center for Health Statistics has requested the cooperation of AAHA homes in connection with its 1973 Nursing Home Survey. Because I believe this survey will provide HEW with information which will enable the Department to improve national policy with respect to long term care, I am writing to urge your participation.

The study will collect national data on services, costs, staff, and residents in nursing homes. The data will then be used for planning and organizing health care of the aged, drafting health legislation, and setting national policies and priorities to obtain quality care for all nursing home residents.

Strict confidentiality provisions are to be maintained by the Genter. Only summary data will be published and made available to health planners, researchers, health professionals, and the public.

Although I recognize the amount of time which will be required to complete the survey questionnaire is substantial, I believe the information derived will be worth the investment of your time, as it will ultimately be used in an effort to improve long term care. Also, I believe it is important to have the nonprofit point of view represented in public policy. Failure to participate on the part of non-profit homes could result in the making of public policy without our input.

I therefore again urge your cooperation with this Survey.

Sincerely,

Eugene Hackler, President

American Association of Homes for the Aging

		~	-0-10	NAIDE -									
1973 Natio Healt Rock	Nursing nal Cen h Resou ville, Ma	Hon iter fo irces arylar	ne Surve or Health Adminis	Statistics tration			1	Name and address label					
_	Code		Number	··									
CC24			:27		cc1-1 cc2		cc11-	-1 cc12					
	·			SECTION A	- FACILITY	INF	ORMATION						
1.a.	IS	(nan	ne of fac	THE CORR	ECT		Correct Name	e of Facility if Different from Ab	ove				
			OR YO	JR FACILITY?	,	N							
	34-1	Ш	yes		. /		Number	Street	P.O. Box, Route, etc,				
	-2		no 🛶	b. WHAT IS THE CORRECT NAME	:?								
2.a.	IS	(add	ress on	label) THE CORR	ECT	1	City or Town	1	County				
	MAIL			RESS FOR YOUR FACILITY?	7	``	State	····	Zip Code				
	35-1		yes				2.5 0000						
	-2		no	b. WHAT IS THE ENTIRE CORRECT MAILING ADDRESS?		_	L						
*3.				ORY BEST DESCRIBES THE TYPE OF PATIENTS? (Mark (X) only one box.)	SERVICE T	HIS	FACILITY	OFFERS THE MAJORITY O	F ITS				
	36-1		a.	Nursing home (includes Medicare certified E	xtended Care F	acilit	ies and Medica	id certified Skilled Nursing Home	es)				
	-2		b.	Intermediate care facility (includes Medicaid	certified Interr	nedia	te Care Facilit	ies)					
	-3		c.	Convalescent or rest home									
	-4		d,	Home for the aged									
	<i>(</i> -5	П	e.	Extended care unit of a hospital									
ſ	-{ _6		f.	Nursing care unit of a retirement center									
	7		g.	Other resident facility (Describe)				37-					
ľ				other resident teemty (observer)									
Ĺ				IF BOX e OR f IS CHECKED, RECORD				IT AND NOT FOR THE ENT	TRE FACILITY.				
*4.a	WHA	AT IS	THE	TYPE OF OWNERSHIP WHICH OPER	ATES THIS F	ACII	LITY? (Ma	rk (X) only one box.)					
38,	39 -23		8.	Individual									
	-24		b.	Partnership 4.b				R OF A GROUP OF HOMES AUTHORITY OR GENERAL					
	-25		c.	Corporation	40-1	yes							
	-20		d.	Church related	-2 🗆	no							
	-21		e.	Nonprofit corporation	~ 1)								
	-22		f.	Other nonprofit ownership									
	-11		g.	State									
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	-14		j.	City-County			1						
	-15		k.	Hospital District									
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	-17		m.	Armed Forces									
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	-19	_	۰	Other Federal Agency Specify				41-					

34

441 Maiss only? 2 Permiss only? 3 Both mates and females? 6.a. DOES YOUR FACILITY ACCEPT PERSONS OF ALL AGES, INCLUDING INFANTS AND CHILDREN? 45-1 Yes (Skip to Question 7) 2 No	5.	DOES YOUR FACILITY ACCEPT: (Mark (X) only one box.)
6.a. DOES YOUR FACILITY ACCEPT PERSONS OF ALL AGES, INCLUDING INFANTS AND CHILDREN? 45-1		44-1 Males only?
6.a. DOES YOUR FACILITY ACCEPT PERSONS OF ALL AGES, INCLUDING INFANTS AND CHILDREN? 45-1		-2 Females only?
45-1	*	-3 Both males and females?
45-1		
2 No b. WHAT IS THE MAXIMUM AGE ACCEPTED? No maximum age or cc46, 47 yrs. c. WHAT IS THE DOTAL NUMBER OF REDS REGULARLY MAINTAINED FOR RESIDENTS? (INCLUDE ALL BEDS SET UP AND STAFFED PARTY OF THE PAR	6.a.	DOES YOUR FACILITY ACCEPT PERSONS OF ALL AGES, INCLUDING INFANTS AND CHILDREN?
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9.a. WHAT WAS THE TOTAL NUMBER OF RESIDENTS ON THE REGISTER OF THIS FACILITY LAST NIGHT? (INCLUDE ALL RESIDENTS, EVEN THOUGH THEY MAY HAVE BEEN TEMPORARILY AWAY OR ON OVERNIGHT LEAVE, DO NOT INCLUDE STAFF OR OWNERS.) b. HOW MANY OF THESE WERE: (1) Males? None or cc65 (2) Females? None or cc69 CARD 2 ct11-2 10.a. IS THIS FACILITY PARTICIPATING IN THE MEDICARE (TITLE XVIII) PROGRAM? b. WHAT IS THE PROVIDER NUMBER? cc13 No provider # given beds d. HOW MANY OF THESE CERTIFIED BEDS WERE OCCUPIED BY MEDICARE PATIENTS LAST NIGHT? None or cc23 beds d. HOW MANY OF THESE CERTIFIED BEDS WERE OCCUPIED BY MEDICARE	8.a.	
9.a. WHAT WAS THE TOTAL NUMBER OF RESIDENTS ON THE REGISTER OF THIS FACILITY LAST NIGHT? (INCLUDE ALL RESIDENTS, EVEN THOUGH THEY MAY HAVE BEEN TEMPORARILY AWAY OR ON OVERNIGHT LEAVE, DO NOT INCLUDE STAFF OR OWNERS.) Total residents co61 b. HOW MANY OF THESE WERE: (1) Males? None or cc65 (2) Females? None or cc69 CARD 2 cc11-2 10.a. IS THIS FACILITY PARTICIPATING IN THE MEDICARE (TITLE XVIII) PROGRAM? b. WHAT IS THE PROVIDER NUMBER? cc13 cc13 cc13 No provider # given d. HOW MANY OF THESE CERTIFIED FOR MEDICARE? hods cc19 d. HOW MANY OF THESE CERTIFIED BEDS WERE OCCUPIED BY MEDICARE None or cc23 None or cc23 beds		54 -2 No (Skip to Question 9)
9.a. WHAT WAS THE TOTAL NUMBER OF RESIDENTS ON THE REGISTER OF THIS FACILITY LAST NIGHT? (INCLUDE ALL RESIDENTS, EVEN THOUGH THEY MAY HAVE BEEN TEMPORARILY AWAY OR ON OVERNIGHT LEAVE, DO NOT INCLUDE STAFF OR OWNERS.) b. HOW MANY OF THESE WERE: (1) Males? None or cc65 (2) Females? None or cc69 CARD 2 cc11-2 10.a. IS THIS FACILITY PARTICIPATING IN THE MEDICARE (TITLE XVIII) PROGRAM? b. WHAT IS THE PROVIDER NUMBER? c. HOW MANY BEDS ARE CERTIFIED FOR MEDICARE? how many of these certified beds were occupied by MEDICARE PATIENTS LAST NIGHT? None or cc23 beds d. HOW MANY OF THESE CERTIFIED BEDS WERE OCCUPIED BY MEDICARE		·1 Yes
9.a. WHAT WAS THE TOTAL NUMBER OF RESIDENTS ON THE REGISTER OF THIS FACILITY LAST NIGHT? (INCLUDE ALL RESIDENTS, EVEN THOUGH THEY MAY HAVE BEEN TEMPORARILY AWAY OR ON OVERNIGHT LEAVE, DO NOT INCLUDE STAFF OR OWNERS.) Total residents co61 b. HOW MANY OF THESE WERE: (1) Males? None or co65 (2) Females? None or co69 CARD 2 cc11-2 10.a. IS THIS FACILITY PARTICIPATING IN THE MEDICARE (TITLE XVIII) PROGRAM? b. WHAT IS THE PROVIDER NUMBER? C. HOW MANY BEDS ARE CERTIFIED FOR MEDICARE? LOGING Deds d. HOW MANY OF THESE CERTIFIED BEDS WERE OCCUPIED BY MEDICARE No provider # given co19 d. HOW MANY OF THESE CERTIFIED BEDS WERE OCCUPIED BY MEDICARE None or co23 beds LOGING DEDS.		
9.a. WHAT WAS THE TOTAL NUMBER OF RESIDENTS ON THE REGISTER OF THIS FACILITY LAST NIGHT? (INCLUDE ALL RESIDENTS, EVEN THOUGH THEY MAY HAVE BEEN TEMPORARILY AWAY OR ON OVERNIGHT LEAVE, DO NOT INCLUDE STAFF OR OWNERS.) Total residents cc61 b. HOW MANY OF THESE WERE: (1) Males? None or cc69 (2) Females? None or cc69 CARD 2 cc11-2 10.a. IS THIS FACILITY PARTICIPATING IN THE MEDICARE (TITLE XVIII) PROGRAM? b. WHAT IS THE PROVIDER NUMBER? cc13 c. HOW MANY BEDS ARE CERTIFIED FOR MEDICARE? d. HOW MANY OF THESE CERTIFIED BEDS WERE OCCUPIED BY MEDICARE PATIENTS LAST NIGHT? None or cc23 beds d. HOW MANY OF THESE CERTIFIED BEDS WERE OCCUPIED BY MEDICARE		
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b. HOW MANY OF THESE WERE: (1) Males? None or cc65 (2) Females? None or cc69 CARD 2 cc11-2 10.a. IS THIS FACILITY PARTICIPATING IN THE MEDICARE (TITLE XVIII) PROGRAM? b. WHAT IS THE PROVIDER NUMBER? cc13 cc13 cc13 No provider # given HOW MANY BEDS ARE CERTIFIED FOR MEDICARE? d. HOW MANY OF THESE CERTIFIED BEDS WERE OCCUPIED BY MEDICARE PATIENTS LAST NIGHT? None or cc23 None or beds	9.a.	RESIDENTS, EVEN THOUGH THEY MAY HAVE BEEN TEMPORARILY AWAY OR ON OVERNIGHT LEAVE, DO NOT
b. HOW MANY OF THESE WERE: (1) Males? None or cc65 (2) Females? None or cc69 CARD 2 cc11-2 10.a. IS THIS FACILITY PARTICIPATING IN THE MEDICARE (TITLE XVIII) PROGRAM? b. WHAT IS THE PROVIDER NUMBER? cc13 No provider # given the description of the provider p		
CARD 2 cc11-2 10.a. IS THIS FACILITY PARTICIPATING IN THE MEDICARE (TITLE XVIII) PROGRAM? b. WHAT IS THE PROVIDER NUMBER? cc13 cc13 c. HOW MANY BEDS ARE CERTIFIED FOR MEDICARE? d. HOW MANY OF THESE CERTIFIED BEDS WERE OCCUPIED BY MEDICARE PATIENTS LAST NIGHT? None or beds cc23		
CARD 2 cc11-2 10.a. IS THIS FACILITY PARTICIPATING IN THE MEDICARE (TITLE XVIII) PROGRAM? b. WHAT IS THE PROVIDER NUMBER? cc13 cc13 c. HOW MANY BEDS ARE CERTIFIED FOR MEDICARE? d. HOW MANY OF THESE CERTIFIED BEDS WERE OCCUPIED BY MEDICARE PATIENTS LAST NIGHT? None or beds None or beds		
CARD 2 cc11-2 10.a. IS THIS FACILITY PARTICIPATING IN THE MEDICARE (TITLE XVIII) PROGRAM? b. WHAT IS THE PROVIDER NUMBER? cc13 cc13 c. HOW MANY BEDS ARE CERTIFIED FOR MEDICARE? d. HOW MANY OF THESE CERTIFIED BEDS WERE OCCUPIED BY MEDICARE PATIENTS LAST NIGHT? None or beds None or beds		
10.a. IS THIS FACILITY PARTICIPATING IN THE MEDICARE (TITLE XVIII) PROGRAM? b. WHAT IS THE PROVIDER NUMBER? cc13 cc13 c. HOW MANY BEDS ARE CERTIFIED FOR MEDICARE? d. HOW MANY OF THESE CERTIFIED BEDS WERE OCCUPIED BY MEDICARE PATIENTS LAST NIGHT? None or beds No provider # given cc19 d. HOW MANY OF THESE CERTIFIED BEDS WERE OCCUPIED BY MEDICARE PATIENTS LAST NIGHT?		
10.a. IS THIS FACILITY PARTICIPATING IN THE MEDICARE (TITLE XVIII) PROGRAM? b. WHAT IS THE PROVIDER NUMBER? cc13 c. HOW MANY BEDS ARE CERTIFIED FOR MEDICARE? d. HOW MANY OF THESE CERTIFIED BEDS WERE OCCUPIED BY MEDICARE PATIENTS LAST NIGHT? None or beds No provider # given cc19 d. HOW MANY OF THESE CERTIFIED BEDS WERE OCCUPIED BY MEDICARE PATIENTS LAST NIGHT?	CARD 2	
b. WHAT IS THE PROVIDER NUMBER? cc13		
c. HOW MANY BEDS ARE CERTIFIED FOR MEDICARE? Deds Cot9 d. HOW MANY OF THESE CERTIFIED BEDS WERE OCCUPIED BY MEDICARE PATIENTS LAST NIGHT? None or beds Deds None or beds Deds None or beds Deds Deds Deds Deds None or beds Deds Deds Deds Deds Deds Deds Deds Deds Deds Deds Deds Deds Deds	10.a.	
c. HOW MANY BEDS ARE CERTIFIED FOR MEDICARE? Deds Deds		
d. HOW MANY OF THESE CERTIFIED BEDS WERE OCCUPIED BY MEDICARE PATIENTS LAST NIGHT? None or beds		cc13
d. HOW MANY OF THESE CERTIFIED BEDS WERE OCCUPIED BY MEDICARE PATIENTS LAST NIGHT? None or beds		12-1 Yes
PATIENTS LAST NIGHT? None or cc23 beds		
None or beds		
cc23		
		cc23

11.a. IS THIS FACILITY PARTICIPATING IN THE MEDICAID (TITLE XIX) PROGRAM?
29-1 Yes Question 12)
b.(1) DOES IT HAVE ANY SKILLED NURSING BEDS?
b.(2) WHAT IS THE PROVIDER NUMBER? Cc31
c.(1) DOES IT HAVE ANY INTERMEDIATE CARE BEDS?
Oc.(2) WHAT IS THE PROVIDER NUMBER?
c.(3) HOW MANY BEDS ARE CERTIFIED AS INTERMEDIATE CARE BEDS?
None or cc66 beds
c.(4) HOW MANY OF THESE CERTIFIED BEDS WERE OCCUPIED BY MEDICAID PATIENTS LAST NIGHT?
None or cc70 beds
SECTION B - CLASSIFICATION INFORMATION (CONFIDENTIAL)
ASSURANCE OF CONFIDENTIALITY - All information which would permit identification of the individual facility will be held in strict confidence, will be used only by persons engaged in and for the purposes of the survey, and will not be disclosed or released to others for any purposes.
12.a. WAS THIS BUILDING ORIGINALLY CONSTRUCTED FOR USE AS A NURSING HOME, REST HOME, CONVALESCENT HOME, HOME FOR THE AGED?
CARD 3 cc11-3 Yes (Skip to next page) b. WHAT WAS THE ORIGINAL PURPOSE AND USE OF THIS BUILDING? (Mark (X) only one box.)
13-1 Private home (i.e., single family dwelling)
-2 Duplex (2 to 4 units)
-3 Apartment house (5 or more units)
-4 Hotel or motel
-5 Hospital
-6 Other (Specify)14-

Interviewer: See back of letter to administrator for questions 13 through 17

THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS ON ADMISSIONS AND DISCHARGES CONCERN CALENDAR YEAR 1972, WHICH IS THE PERIOD OF JANUARY 1, 1972 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 1972. IF YOUR ANSWERS TO THESE QUESTIONS COVER A PERIOD OTHER THAN CALENDAR YEAR 1972, WHAT IS THIS OTHER TIME PERIOD?

throu	2N 17.												
	Fre	òm	Month cc15,16	Year cc17,18	through	Month cc19,20	Yea cc21						
13.	HOW MANY F	ERSON	S WERE A	DMITTED T	O THIS FACI	LITY DURI	NG 19	72?					
	Ad	missions	cc23										
14.	HOW MANY F	ERSON	S WERE D	ISCHARGE	FROM THIS	FACILITY	DURI	NG 1	972, EX	CLUI	DING	DEATHS?	
	Dla	charges	cc27										
15:	HOW MANY P	ERSON	S DIED DU	RING 1972	WHILE RESI	DENTS OR	PATIE	NTS	OF TH	IS FA	CILI	ΓΥ?	
	Dea	aths	cc31										
16,	IN 1972, WHA					CARE PRO	OVIDE	D? (T	HE SU	M OF	THE	DAILY PATIEN	NT CENSUS
	Da		cc35		_	k (X) if estim	ated)						
17.	HOW MANY F	OOMS	FOR RESID	ENTS DOE	S THIS FACIL	ITY HAVE	THAT	CON	TAIN:				
	a,		None or		cc44		1 be	d only					
	ь.		None or		cc48	-	2 b	eds					
	c.		None or		cc52		. 3 be	ds					
	d.		None or		cc56		4 or	more	peds				
*18.	ARE ANY OF	THE FO	LLOWING	SERVICES	ROUTINELY	PROVIDED	TO R	ESID	ENTS	N AD	DITI	ON TO ROOM A	ND BOARD
	a.	Super	vision over m	edications whi	ch may be self-a	dministered	60-1		Yes	-2		No	
	b.		ations and tro	eatments admi	nistered in accor	dance with	61-1		Yes	-2		No	
	c.	Ruba	nd massage				62-1		Yes	-2		No	
	d.	Help	with tub bath	or shower			63-1		Yes	-2		No	
	e.	Help	with dressing				64-1		Yes	-2		No	
	f.	Help	with correspo	ndence or shop	ping		65-1		Yes	-2		No	
	g,	Help v	vith walking o	or getting abou	ıt		66-1		Yes	-2		No	
	h.	Help v	vith eating				67-1		Yes	-2		No	
		OR											
	i,		of the above		ely provided, roo	om and	68-1		Yes				

*19. DURING THE PAST SEVEN DAYS, HOW MANY RESIDENTS RECEIVED EACH OF THE FOLLOWING SERVICES?

cc11-4		a. Nasal feeding	cc12	b. Blood pressure	reading	cc16	-	c. Enema	cc20
	C	d. Catheterization	cc24	e. Full bed-bath		cc28	-	f. Bowel or bladder retraining	cc32
	ç	g. Oxygen therapy		h. Application of a sing or bandage	dres-	cc40	-	i. Temperature-pulse- respiration	cc44
	i	. Hypodermic injection	cc48	k. Irrigation		cc52	-	I. Intravenous injection	cc56
*20.	DOES THIS FA	ACILITY PROVIDE AI HE THERAPISTS MU	NY OF THE FOL ST BE LICENSED	LOWING PROFE OOR REGISTER	SSIONA ED IN T	L REHABIL HEIR SPEC	.ITA ⁻ IFIC	FION SERVICES ON PROFESSIONS.)	THE
	a.	Physical therapy			60-1	☐ Yes	-2	□ No	
	b. '	Occupational therapy			61-1	☐ Yes	-2	□ No	
	c.	Recreational therapy			62-1	Yes	-2	□ No	
	d.	Speech and hearing the	rapy		63-1	☐ Yes	-2	☐ No	
	е.	Counseling by social woworker	orker, psychologist,	or mental health	64-1	Yes	-2	□ No	
	f.	Other rehabilitation ser	vices (Specify)		65-1	Yes	-2	□ No	
				66-					
21.	DOES THIS FA WITH AN EDU	CILITY CONDUCT T CATIONAL INSTITU	RAINING PROGI TION?	RAMS FOR PEO	PLE NO	T ON YOUR	STA	FF IN COOPERATIO	N
		☐ Yes ☐ -2	No						
22.	WHAT ARE TH	IE ACTUAL HOURS I	OR EACH SHIF	T? (Circle am or p	om)			•	-
CARD 5 cc11-5	а	, Day Shift	from	am pm	to —	16		am pm	
	b	o. Evening Shift	fromcc20	am pm	to	24		am No	such shift
	c	. Night Shift	from	am pm	to	32	-	am No	such shift

23.a. 1. FOR THE <u>DAY SHIFT</u> YESTER! FACILITY): (Mark (X) Only One Bo		ON IN	CHARGE OF NURSING	CAR	E (FOR THE E	NTIF	RE	
38-1 ON CALL -2	ON DUTY - that is awak dressed, and serving the residents	ce,						
	a.2	SKII	AT IS THE LEVEL OF LL OF THIS PERSON? k (X) Only One Box)	a.3.	WHAT HOUR WORK <u>YEST</u> am or pm.)		O <u>THIS</u> PERSO! \ <u>Y</u> ? (Circle	4
	39-1		Registered Nurse	from		am to		am
	55-1		rregistered (valise	110111	cc41	pm	cc45	pm
	-2	. 🗆	Licensed Practical Nurse					
	-3		Nurse's Aide					
	-4		Other Specify Occupation	40)-			
23.b. 1. FOR THE EVENING SHIFT YES FACILITY): (Mark (X) Only One Bo		ERSO	N IN CHARGE OF NUR	SING	CARE (FOR T	HE E	NTIRE	
49-1 ON CALL -2	ON DUTY - that is awak dressed, and serving the residents	ce,	-3 NO SUCH SHIFT					
	b,2.	SKII	AT IS THE LEVEL OF LL OF THIS PERSON? k (X) Only One Box)	b.3.	WHAT HOUR WORK YEST! am or pm.)		O <u>THIS</u> PERSON	١.
	50-1		Registered Nurse	from		am to		am
	30-1	Ц	Hegistered Warse	110111	cc52	pm	cc56	pm
	-2		Licensed Practical Nurse					
	-3		Nurse's Aide					
<i>/</i>	-4		Other Specify Occupation	51	-			
23.c. 1. FOR THE NIGHT SHIFT YESTE FACILITY): (Mark (X) Only One Bo		SON II	N CHARGE OF NURSIN	IG CA	RE (FOR THE	ENT	IRE	
60-1 ON CALL -2	ON DUTY - that is awak dressed, and serving the residents	ке,	-3 NO SUCH SHIFT -(Skip to Question 2	24)				
	c.2.	SKII	AT IS THE LEVEL OF LL OF THIS PERSON? k (X) Only One Box)	c.3.	WHAT HOUR WORK YEST am or pm.)		O <u>THIS</u> PERSON <u>V</u> ? (Circle	1
	61-1		Registered Nurse	from	cc63	am to pm	cc67	am pm
	-2		Licensed Practical Nurse					
	-3		Nurse's Aide					
	-4		OtherSpecify Occupation	62				
24. HOW MANY DIFFERENT PHYSIC (DO NOT COUNT PHYSICIANS WE UNDER CONTRACT.)	IANS CURRENTLY AT HO ARE ONLY ON TH	TEND E STA	THEIR OWN PRIVATE	E PAT OR A	TENTS IN THI	S FAC	CILITY? ED	
cc71	Physicians							

	Adm	inistrator	75-1 🔲 🖚 b.	IS THE ADMIN	IISTRA	TOR A	LSO A	۱:				
··				physician	76-1	□ Y	es	-2		No		
				registered nurse	77-1	□ Y	es	-2		No		
				licensed practical	78-1		es	-2		No		
			_	nurse								
	Physi	cian	75-2									
	Regis	tered Nurse	-3 □									
	Othe	r	4년									
			Specify				79					
	THIS FAC	CILITY PROVIDE AN'	Y OF THE FOL	LOWING SERVIC	ES TO	PERSO	NS WH	O AI	RE <u>NO</u>	T RES	IDENTS C	F
	a.	Day care (services provided not sleep in the home										
CARD 6 cc11-6		include nursing care, phy recreational activities, at	ysical or occupation	onal therapy,	2-1	l Yes	-2	\Box	No			
	ь.	Meals either home delive			_	Yes	-2		No			
	c.	Transportation and/or es	-	-	_	Yes	-2		No			
	d,	Homemaker or chore se				Yes	 -2	$\overline{}$	No			
	е.	Information and/or refer				Yes	-2		No			
	f.	Friendly visiting] Yes	- -2		No			
	g.	Daily telephone checking		_	=	Yes	-2		No			
	y. h,	Arrangement or provisio			_] Yes	-2		No			
	i.											
		Laundry service			–	Yes	-2 -2		No			
	j.	Other				Yes	-2	ш	No		20	
27.a. DOES	S THIS FA	CILITY KEEP A WAIT	ING LIST OF	Specify PERSONS TO BE	ADMIT	TED W	HEN A	BED	BECO		VAII ABI	E?
		Yes	☐ No (Ski	p to Question 28)								
b. HOW	23-1 MANY PE	OPLE ARE ON THIS V	√2 WAITING LIST	?								
		None or	people									
c. DO Y	OU PROV	cc: DE ANY SERVICES	24-26 TO THE PERSO	ONS ON THIS WA	ITING !	_IST?						
.,		Yes	☐ No (Ski	p to Question 28)								
* c.(27-1 1) WHICH	OF THE FOLLOWING	-2 G SERVICES D	O YOU PROVIDE	7							
•,,	a.	Day care (services provid	led during the day	to persons who	•							
		do not sleep in the home include nursing care, phy recreational activities, at	sical or occupation	nal therapy,	Q.1 —	7 Vac	.9		No			
	ь.	Meels either home delive			_] Yes] Yes	-2 -2		No No			
	с.	Transportation and/or es		-	_	_			No No			
					_	.	-2 -2		No			
	d,	Homemaker or chore so			_	Yes	-2		No			
	е.	Information and/or refer					-2 2		No			
	f,					Yes	-2		No			
	g.	Daily telephone checking			_] Yes	-2		No			
	h.	Arrangement or provisio			_	_	-2		No			
	i.	Laundry service			_] Yes	-2		No			
	j.	Other		3	7-1] Yes	-2		No			
				Specify							38-	

~28.	DOESTHIS FA	CILITY INCLUDE AS PART	OF ITS BASIC CHARGE TO	EACH	KESIDEN! IHE	CHARGES FOR:
				Yes	No	
	a,	Physician services			-2	
	b.	Private duty nursing	40-1		-2	
	c,	Other nursing services	41-1		-2	
	d.	Therapy	42-1		-2	
	e.	Drugs	43-1		-2	
	f.	Medical supplies	44-1		-2	
	g.	Special diet	45-1		-2	
	h.	Other	46-1	口	-2	
			Specify			47-
29.	TIME IT FIRST		INESS AT THIS ADDRESS FO SS AS A NURSING HOME EV			EARS? (COUNT FROM THE NERSHIP OR THE SERVICES
	50-	_	No			
	Do Not Adı	minister Expense Questionnaire				

EXPENSE QUESTIONNAIRE

1973 Nursing Home Survey National Center for Health Statistics Health Resources Administration Rockville, Maryland OMB # 068-S-72172 Expires 7-31-74

Dear Accountant:

The National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) of the U. S. Public Health Service is conducting a survey of all resident facilities providing nursing and personal care to obtain basic data on their operating expenses, services, and staff. This survey is being conducted as a part of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare's nursing home improvement program. The information from this survey will be used to compile statistics on the number and kinds of such facilities in the United States. These statistics will be used to meet the needs of Congress, State legislatures, Federal, regional, and local health planners, national health associations, and many others who plan and provide health services to the aged.

This booklet contains the Expense Questionnaire, together with the account descriptions of the cost categories included in the questionnaire. In addition, there is a full-time Certified Public Accountant whose services are free of charge available via toll free telephone (800-638-0856) to answer your questions about completing this questionnaire. However, we ask that you first attempt to complete the attached questionnaire (which immediately follows in this booklet), using this instruction booklet. If you still have questions, please use the free telephone contact (listed above) to acquire answers <u>prior</u> to completing the questionnaire.

Please note at the bottom of this page that authorization is given for you to release the requested information. We wish to assure you that any information which permits the identification of the individual facility will be held in strict confidence, will be used only by persons engaged in and for the purposes of the survey, and will not be disclosed or released to others for any purposes.

Please complete this questionnaire and return it in the enclosed postage-paid envelope within 5 working days. Your cooperation in this survey will be greatly appreciated.

Sincerely yours,

Elward B. Perrin, Ph. D.

Acting Director

of	
	(Accountant's Address and Telephone)
expenses in operating the	
r)	(Facility Name)
	of int's Name) expenses in operating the

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THE EXPENSE QUESTIONNAIRE

PLEASE READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE YOU BEGIN TO ANSWER THE EXPENSE QUESTIONNAIRE WHICH IS ATTACHED TO THIS BOOKLET

The definitions in this manual highlight the substance of each cost grouping as well as related groupings of expenses to be excluded from specific cost definitions.

Donated services, supplies, space, etc., are to be priced at their reasonable value and added to the cost category to which applicable.

Where a home is an affiliate of another facility, such as a hospital, and the records of the home are a part of the total accounting system, allocation techniques may be required to identify certain of the costs such as payroll, rent, supplies, and insurance. This is acceptable providing a sound basis is established for the allocation.

While it is preferred that the report be on the calendar year ending December 31, 1972, you may cover a different twelve-month period if you are on a fiscal year basis. The cost data, of course, must be for the same time frame as the related statistical data included in other phases of this survey. This is for the purpose of including all of the costs of delivering health care, disregarding whether the services were paid for or (as in homes staffed by members of a religious order) donated.

Expenses may be reported on either a cash or accrual basis; however, there must be a consistency in the system applied throughout the entire period under report.

The cost categories in this questionnaire are aimed at the total cost of care for patients, and are matched to statistical data being collected for parallel purposes. Typical functional cost information (e.g., administrative, clerical, medical cost categories) will <u>not</u> provide an appropriate framework for the study and should consequently not be used.

The expense categories used in this questionnaire are also not intended to be a recommended cost structure for homes; they are tailored to a single specific use in the survey. It is recognized that certain of the costs, such as supplies, foods, drugs, and equipment specifically purchased for sale to patients, may not, within the present expense structure of a nome, be recorded as expense. Again, this survey is for the purpose of capturing all costs incident to providing health care in a nome and therefore must include services and supplies directly charged to patients.

In general, it is essential that <u>all</u> recorded expenses incurred by the Fome be included in the expense categories, as well as the value <u>of donated items</u> not recorded in the account structure. Excluded from costs, however, are any losses sustained in the sale or disposition of fixed assets and other extraordinary losses not related to the current cost of providing health care.

EXPENSE QUESTIONNAIRE

OMB # 068-S-72172 Expires 7-31-74

1973 Nursing Home Survey National Center for Health Statistics Health Resources Administration

CARD 1 cc11-1

							$\overline{}$
ESTABLISHMENT NO.							
2							

PLEASE LIST BELOW THE 1972 CALENDAR YEAR EXPENSES FOR OPERATING THE FACILITY, IF EXPENSES ARE NOT FOR THE 1972 CALENDAR YEAR, SPECIFY PERIOD COVERED:

month

cc18

cc16

year

cc14

from

month cc12

		E	KPENSE CATEGORY	AMOUNT
		(See Note 1 on next page)	(If NONE, please enter "0")
1.	Payro	II Expe	nse (Do not include contracted services):	
	a.		and Salaries (gross amount including vees' FICA, vacation and sick pay, etc.):	
		(1)	Nursing staff payroll expense (include RNs, LPNs, Practical nurses, aides, orderlies, student nurses, and other nursing staff)	\$cc21
		(2)	Physicians, other professionals and semi- professionals payroll expense	\$
		(3)	All other staff payroll expense (All employees not listed in (1) and (2) including salary or withdrawals for self-employed proprietor-owner*)	\$
	SUB:	TOTAL	(add lines a.(1), a.(2), and a.(3)	\$cc51
	b.	group payro	e Benefits (state unemployment, health and life insurance and all other ill and non-payroll benefits for all byees on the staff)	\$ cc61
2_		TOTA	LL PAYROLL EXPENSE (add subtotal line and line 1.b.)	\$ cc71
2.	Equi	pment	Rent	\$cc21
3.	0	ther ins	urance)	scc31
4.	Tax	es and li	censes (include franchise tax)	\$ cc41
5.	Inte	rest and	Financing Charges	\$ cc51
6.	Dep	reciatio	n Charges (Buildings and Equipment)	\$cc61

cc71

^{*} If self-employed proprietor-owner is non-salaried, please estimate salary.

CARD :	_							
CC11-0		Amor	zization of Leasehold Improvements	\$ cc:	21			
	9.	Food (inc	and Other Dietary Items	\$cc:	31			
	10.	or o	Expenses (cost of drugs either purchased btained by contract, or purchased for patients sold directly to them)	\$ <u>c</u> c	41			
	11.	equ equ	ies and Equipment (cost of supplies and	\$ cc	51			
	12.		ased Maintenance of Buildings, Grounds	\$cc	\$			
CARD 4	13. !	Laund	iry and Linen Expense (include non	\$cc	71			
cc11-4	14.	Purch	ased Department Functions:					
		a.	Medical, therapy, educational laboratory and other professional services obtained by contract.	\$cc21				
		b.	All other contracted services (include housekeeping, linen, food, or other services not obtained in-house)	\$	-			
			$\label{eq:total_purchased_department_functions} \textit{(add lines 14.a and 14.b)}$	\$cc	41			
	15,	Utilit	es (telephone, gas, water, and electricity)	\$cc	51			
	16.	(inc mol incl	and Miscellaneous Expense	\$cc	61			
			AL EXPENSES (add expense category line items		\$cc71			
		Please	check the addition of subcategories and total expenses.					
	Note 1		your accounting system does not generate cost items as categorize allocation among the line items.	ed above, please use your best estimate				
	Note 2	t. If	Other and Miscellaneous Expense comprises 10 percent or more of major amounts which constitute 20 percent or more of Line 16.	f the total expenses, please give details	below			
			Description	Amount				

If your questions are not answered by the instructions, you may contact a certified public accountant free of charge at the following toll-free number for answers: (800) 638-0856

Thank you.

DEFINITIONS

1. PAYROLL EXPENSE

Wages and Salaries

Wages and salaries are generally defined as gross earnings paid an employee including payment for annual and sick leave, overtime, bonuses and other remuneration of a payment nature received by the employee. The wages and salaries represent the amount earned and reported to the Internal Revenue Service on his or her W-2 statement. Self-employed proprietors, while not salaried as employees, are to be included in this definition either in the amount reported on the tax return as self-employed salary, or as a reasonable amount, related to the technical or non-technical services provided.

Employee salaries and wages, by the above definition, exclude payments for professional or non-professional services obtained under contract, or fees paid doctors on a fee-for-service basis. Also excluded from Wages and Salaries are Fringe Benefits as defined in 1 b (Payroll Expense - Fringe Benefits) below.

Non-funded employee benefits such as meals and living quarters, if provided an employee, and considered a part of the gross salary received, are to be included in gross wages and salaries.

Wages and salaries are to be reported on the gross basis, without deductions for FICA, Federal and State taxes, and other deductions from an employee's gross pay.

(1) Nursing and Staff Payroll Expense

Nursing staff payroll expense is defined as the total wage and salary compensation given those employees who administer nursing care to patients.

This category includes registered nurses, licensed practical nurses, practical nurses, nurses' aides, orderlies, and student

(2) Physicians and Other Professionals Payroll Expense

Physicians and other professionals payroll expense is defined as wage and salary compensation given those professional employees who provide direct health care to patients.

This category includes physicians, psychiatrists, dentists, optometrists, therapists, psychologists, podiatrists, audiologists, etc.

(3) All Other Staff Payroll Expense

All other staff payroll expense is defined as wage and salary compensation given all employees not specifically categorized in (1) or (2) above.

This category includes medical and dental technicians, social service workers, X-ray assistants, lab assistants, and administrative personnel including a self-employed proprietor-owner.

Nursing staff, physicians and other professionals are excluded from this category.

Any employee who spends 75 percent or more of his time in any one of the three areas mentioned above should have all of the wage and salary compensations charged to that expense category. Further allocation is acceptable if it is a feature of your accounting system.

b. Fringe Benefits

Fringe benefits are expenses incurred by the home for the current and future benefit of home employees. These expenses, not added to the wages and salaries of the employees, include such items as group health, hospitalization, employer's portion of FICA, Federal and State Unemployment Insurance, and life insurance premiums (exclusive of premiums paid where (a) the Home is the beneficiary or (b) on the life of the proprietor-owner).

Excluded from this cost category are payments for vacation, maternity and sick pay, terminal payments, employee's share of FICA, and living facilities provided employees where such facilities are established for the benefit of the home.

2. EQUIPMENT RENT

Equipment rent is defined as all costs incurred for the rental or leasing of equipment. Charges to this category would include the rental or leasing of furniture, typewriters, computers, X-ray machines or other forms of equipment. Exclude from this category all lease-purchase agreements and deferred payment plans on the purchase of equipment. These latter type purchases will be treated through the Depreciation Cost Category (expense category 6).

3. INSURANCE

Insurance is defined as the cost of premiums for policies necessary to the normal operation of nursing homes.

These charges include fidelity bonds, fire and extended coverage, malpractice, property and bodily injury liability, and automobile insurance where transportation is included as a service of the facility.

Exclude insurance paid for the benefit of employees, such as employee life or group hospitalization, as well as key man life insurance. See definition of expense category 1 (b) for distribution of employee benefit insurance paid. If the home's accounting system is on the accrual basis, exclude any prepaid costs and include only the premiums on the current year's portion.

4. TAXES AND LICENSES

Taxes and licenses are defined as costs paid or due to Federal, state, county, and local governments for taxes levied or licenses required.

This category includes licenses obtained for the right to do business and taxes on real estate, personal property, excise and business franchise taxes.

Amounts remitted to Federal, state, county, and local governments for income taxes withheld from wages and salaries must be excluded.

5. INTEREST AND FINANCING CHARGES

Interest and financing charges are defined as costs incurred as interest or finance charges on loans, notes, or other forms of indebtedness.

These charges include amounts of interest on notes payable, mortgages payable or long-term purchase agreements. The initial cost of financing or refinancing a loan, however, is to be excluded as an extraordinary cost not related to the normal cost of providing health service. Also to be excluded from this expense category are placement fees on loans and costs related to penalty clauses on early retirement of mortgages or other loans.

Penalties paid to Federal, state, county, or local governments for improper filing of tax or information returns should be excluded.

6. DEPRECIATION CHARGES

Depreciation is defined as the distribution of the cost of tangible capital assets, less salvage (if any), over the estimated life of the asset.

Charges to this category should exclude amortization as defined in expense category 8.

Depreciation charges are to be limited to the straight-line method rather than an amount that may be acceptable under the Federal tax law (double-declining, sum-of-the years digits, one and one-half straight-line, etc.).

Tangible capital assets, currently being purchased under a lease-purchase agreement, are to be depreciated rather than treated as a rental payment. Exclude from this category any equipment of a nominal amount expensed in Equipment (Cost category 11.).

7. RENT ON BUILDING AND LAND

Rent on building and land is defined as all costs incurred for space occupied pursuant to leases or rental agreements.

Included in this category is the cost of all buildings or real estate rented or leased by the home.

Charges to this category should <u>exclude</u> lease-purchase agreements and payments made on a mortgage covering the building or land.

3. AMORTIZATION OF LEASEHOLD IMPROVEMENTS

Amortization of leasehold improvements is defined as the writeoff of improvements to leased premises over the remaining life of the lease or the useful life of the improvement, whichever is shorter.

Improvements to leased premises which have a remaining lease or useful life of one year or less should be expensed directly when incurred.

Included in this category are improvements to leased premises such as wall partitions, permanent counters and cabinets, tile floors and wall coverings, and plumbing fixtures.

Exclude from this category any improvements of a nominal amount charged to repairs and maintenance and included in another cost category in this questionnaire.

9. FOOD AND DIETARY ITEMS

Dietary and food items purchased for preparation on the home's premises are to be charged to this account.

Income received on the sale of meals to non-patients and staff (when charged) will be deducted from the recorded gross cost of the food and dietary items.

Where food inventories are maintained, the cost of food consumed will be the basis for the recording of cost (inventory at beginning of year plus purchases, less ending inventory.) Freight and sales taxes, whether included in the purchase, or as a separate item (freight only), are to be charged to the cost of food and dietary items, rather than to be charged to "Taxes and Licenses" (sales tax) or "Other and Miscellaneous Expense" (freight).

This cost category excludes related food costs, such as food preparation (wages), cost of kitchen operation, menu preparation, and paper supplies related to the serving of meals.

The cost of meals purchased from hospitals or other outside services is excluded from this cost category (see 14 (b), Contracted Services - Food) whether or not under contract.

Food purchased (to be prepared by the home) for sale to specific patients is also to be charged to this account.

10. DRUG EXPENSES

Drug expenses represent the cost (or value when donated) of drugs consumed out of inventory or purchased for patients and resold to them. Drugs not under inventory control will be considered expensed when purchased.

For purposes of this definition, drugs include both prescription type medicines as well as non-prescription items such as aspirin, laxatives, and vitamins. Excluded from this definition are such non-medicine items as cotton, bandages, syringes, and other items which do not meet the common definition of drugs, and are categorized under supplies, item 11, below.

Recognizing that medical supplies may be co-mingled in the cost account with drug items, an allocation technique may be adopted for the purposes of determining the separate cost of drug expenses.

The cost of drugs includes freight costs as well as sales taxes added to the purchase price of drugs.

Drug cost is <u>not</u> to be reduced by revenues from patients whether sold out of the nursing home inventory or purchased specifically for their use.

11. SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT

a. Supplies

Includes the purchase or donated value of all supplies exclusive of drug supplies (see 10.) and food and other dietary items (see 9.)

Supplies include, but are not limited to, supplies used in food preparation and serving (dishes, kitchen ware, paper supplies, etc.), office supplies, medical supplies, laundry, linen and blanket supplies, uniforms, the purchase of minor equipment (staplers, ash trays, etc.) classified as supplies, and repair and maintenance supplies and parts (cleaning supplies, light bulbs, small tools, etc.).

Under normal conditions, supplies of the nature of those classified for inclusion in this cost category are not maintained under inventory control except as a minimum level which may be used as a re-order point. The accounting system of the harm will dictate whether these costs will be developed on a "delivery basis" or on "issued" basis. Either method will be acceptable.

In those instances where the nursing home is affiliated with another facility such as a hospital and there is no separation or accounting records an allocation cost distribution method, consistent with sound accounting practices and principles, will be acceptable.

b. Equipment

Includes the purchase or donation of items classified as equipment, but because of the nominal cost or nature of the items, they are not capitalized.

Equipment in this grouping include, but are not limited to, appropriate items of medical equipment, furniture and fixtures of a nominal value not maintained under asset control, repair and maintenance equipment, kitchen equipment, and administrative equipment.

Equipment purchased specifically for sale to a patient, regardless of the cost or nature of the purchase, is to be included in this category. Reasoning behind this decision is that title belongs to the patient and, accordingly, the home has no basis for depreciating the equipment. Accordingly, all equipment purchased for patients will be recorded in this cost category. The revenues derived from the sale of the equipment to the patients will not be credited as an offset to the cost recorded in Supplies and Equipment.

Exclude from this category any equipment which is being depreciated in cost category 6.

12. PURCHASED MAINTENANCE OF BUILDING, GROUNDS, AND EQUIPMENT

This cost grouping includes contract costs for elevator maintenance, equipment appliance maintenance, ground maintenance, contracts to maintain plumbing, electrical systems, and similar type service requirements. Excluded from this grouping are contracts for such services as trash removal, cleaning services, and other housekeeping services. The cost for these latter contracts is to be recorded in 14 (b), Purchased Department Functions - - All Other Contracted Services.

Maintenance costs, not under contract, to be recorded in this cost category include the expense of plumbers, electricians, ground maintenance, carpenters, general repairmen (appliance repairs, etc.), and similar non-contractual maintenance services.

13. LAUNDRY AND LINEN EXPENSE

This account relates to the cost of outside service only, rather than the cost of purchasing linens, towels, blankets, uniforms, etc. This cost may or may not be under a service contract and may include the rental cost of the supplies provided under a contract.

Laundry and linen expense, as classified in this cost category, excludes services for this function provided by nursing home staff. Personnel costs for this service will be charged to 1.a.(3), Wages and Salaries - - All Other Staff Payroll Expense.

Separate charges for laundry or linen lost or damaged by the nursing home under a service-rental agreement will be reflected in this grouping.

14. PURCHASED DEPARTMENT FUNCTIONS

Purchased department functions are defined as those services which are obtained by the home through a contract with an outside entity.

a. Medical, therapy, educational laboratory and other professional services obtained by contract

This category includes services contracted with physicians, therapists, laboratories, pharmacies, nurses, and other professional service providers.

This category excludes all maintenance contract services and other non-professional contract services.

b. All Other Contracted Services

All Other Contracted Services include contracts for housekeeping, linen service, food and dietary service, ambulance service and any other non-professional contract service not specifically mentioned above.

This category excludes maintenance service contracts and professional contract services.

15. UTILITIES

Utilities are defined as charges for telephone and telegraph, gas, fuel, oil, water, and electricity.

Charges to this category should exclude any utility charges, such as telephone, that are reimbursed by patients or employees or charges that are paid by the lessor under the lease agreement.

16. OTHER AND MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES

This expense category is a catchall to record <u>all</u> costs not classified in 1. through 15. above. Costs included in this grouping are dues and subscriptions, printing costs, advertisements, travel costs, automobile expenses, non-classified medical and non-medical fees (example - audit and legal fees), postage and casual labor not charged to other expense categories.

RESIDENT CONTROL RECORD

1973 Nursing Home Survey National Center for Health Statistics Health Resources Administration Rockville, Maryland

	She	et		of		She	ets		
				068- 7-31		72			
		ES	ТАВ	LISH	ME	NT I	10.		
	cc1-6								
•		cc2						 C	c11

	RESI	DENTS IN N	IURSING HOME		
SAMPLE DESIGNATION SW	NAME OF RESIDENT	LINE NO.	SAMPLE DESIGNATION SW	NAME OF RESIDENT	LINE NO.
TE			TE		
a	b	C.	a	b	С
		01			26
		02			27
		03			28
		04			29
		05			30
		06			31
		07			32
		08			33
		09			34
		10			35
		11			36
		12			37
	***************************************	13		,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	38
		14			39
	,	15			40
		16			41
		17			42
		18			43
		19			44
		20			45
		21			46
		22			47
		23		,	48
		24			49
		25			50

Form 73NHS-6

If More Lines Are Needed CONTINUE ON THE BACK

RESIDENT CONTROL RECORD

	RESI	DENTS IN N	IURSING HOME		
SAMPLE DESIGNATION SW	NAME OF RESIDENT	LINE NO.	SAMPLE DESIGNATION SW	NAME OF RESIDENT	LINE NO.
TE			те		
а	b	С	a	b	C
		51			76
		52			77
		53			78
		54			79
		55			80
		56			81
		57			82
		58			83
		59			84
		60			85
		61			86
		62			87
		63			88
		64			89
		65			90
		66			91
		67			92
		68			93
		69			94
		70			95
		71			96
		72			97
		73			98
		74			99
		75			00

Form 73NHS-6

If More Lines Are Needed Use A New RESIDENT CONTROL RECORD And Renumber The Lines Beginning With # 101

RESIDENT QUESTIONNAIRE

OMB #068-S-72172 Expires 7-31-74

1973 Nursing Home Survey National Center for Health Statistics Health Resources Administration Rockville, Maryland

		1-7					
ASS	URANCE OF CONFIDENTIALITY — All information which would permit identification	ESTABLISHMENT NO.					
of the	e individual will be held in strict confidence, will be used only by persons engaged in and for purposes of the survey, and will not be disclosed or released to others for any purposes.						
(11.0 p	an poses of the survey, and will not be disclosed of foliated to others for any purposes.						
		cc2					
	LINE NO.						
cc14-1	cc11						
1.	WHAT IS – DATE OF BIRTH?						
•		or					
	Month Day Year cc15,16 17, 18 19-21	Age cc22-24					
2.	WHAT IS — SEX?						
3.	WHAT IS — ETHNIC BACK- 26-1 Caucasion -2	Negro -3 Oriental					
	GROUND? (Mark (X) Only one box) -4 Spanish American -5	American Indian -6 Other					
4.	WHAT IS – CURRENT MARITAL 27-1 ☐ Married -2 ☐	Widowed -3 Divorced					
••	STATUS? (Mark (X) only	Never Married					
		Teoris married					
5.	WHAT WAS THE DATE OF – CURRENT ADMISSION TO THIS PLACE?						
		nth Day Year 3, 29 30-31 32-34					
6a.	WHERE DID — LIVE AT THE TIME OF ADMISSION? (Mark (X) only one box)						
	(1) In a boarding home 35-1	7					
		اد م					
	(2) In another nursing home or related facility -2	<u></u>					
	(3) In a mental hospital or other long-term specialty hospital -3						
	(4) In a general or short-stay hospital -4	7					
	(5) In a private apartment or house -5	6b. AT THE TIME OF ADMISSION					
	(6) Other place, (Specify)6	DID - LIVE WITH: (Mark (X) all that apply)					
	(7) Don't know -7						
		Yes No					
		(1) Spouse? 37-12					
		(2) Children? 38-12					
		(3) Other relatives? 39-12					
		(4) Unrelated persons? 40-1 2					
		(5) Lived alone? 41-12					
		(6) Don't know? 42-1					
7.	WHAT IS THE PRIMARY REASON FOR — ADMISSION TO THE HOME? (Enter reason given, enter "2".)	"1" in box for primary reason; if secondary					
	43- Physical reasons (e.g., illness or need for treatments)						
	44- Social reasons (e.g., no family, or lack of family interest)						
	45- Behavioral reasons (e.g., disruptive behavior, mental deterioration)						
	46- Economic reasons (e.g., no money and/or resources)						

В.	WHAT WAS THIS RE	SIDENT'S PRIMAR	Y DIAGNOSIS: (Mark (X) only one box in each column)			
	a. AT ADMISSION	N? b. AT THE T	IME OF-LAST EXAMINATION?			
	49,50 a01	51,52 🔲 ь01	Senility, old age, and other symptoms and ill-defined conditions (e.g., coma, uremia)			
	□ a02	□ ьо2	Heart attack (e.g., ischemic heart disease)			
	□ a03	□ ьоз	Stroke (e.g., cerebrovascular diseases)			
	□ a04	□ ь04	Hardening of arteries (e.g., arteriosclerosis, diseases of the arteries, arerioles, capillaries)			
	□ a05	□ ьоз	Other diseases of the circulatory system (e.g., NOT heart attack, stroke, or hardening of the arteries)			
	□ a06	□ ьое	Accidents, poisonings, and violence (e.g., fracture of hip, other broken bones, burns, concussion)			
	□ a07	□ ь07	Mental disorders (e.g., mental retardation, psychoses, neuroses, mental illness, emotional problems)			
	□ a08	Б08	Diseases of the musculoskeletal system and connective tissue (e.g., arthritis, rheumatism, back pain)			
	e09	□ ь09	Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases (e.g., goiter, diabetes, gout)			
	☐ a10	□ ы10	Diseases of the respiratory system (e.g., pneumonia, emphysema)			
	☐ a11	□ ы11	Neoplasms (e.g., cancer, tumors)			
	☐ a12	□ ь12	Diseases of the nervous system and sense organs (e.g., Parkinson's disease, glaucoma, cataracts, blindness, multiple sclerosis, spastic paralysis, epilepsy)			
	☐ a13	□ ыз	Diseases of the digestive system (e.g., cirrhosis of liver, ulcer, intestinal obstruction)			
	☐ a14	□ ь14	Infective and parasitic diseases (e.g., T.B., polio, syphilis)			
	☐ a15	□ ы5	Diseases of the genitourinary system (e.g., nephrosis, chronic pelvic infection, hyperplasia of prostate)			
	☐ a16	□ ы6	Diseases of the skin and subcutaneous tissue (e.g., cellulitis, abscess, chronic ulcer)			
	☐ a17	□ ь17	Diseases of the blood and blood-forming organis (e.g., anemia)			
	☐ a18	□ ы18	Congenital anomalities (e.g., hydrocephalus)			
	☐ a19	□ ь19	Complications of pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium (e.g., infections hemorrhage, toxemias)			
	☐ a20	□ ь20	Certain causes of perinatal morbidity and mortality (e.g., birth injury or immaturity of infant)			
	☐ a21	□ ь21	Don't know			
	Q a22	□ ь22	Other (Specify) 54-			
	Specify:		53-			
9.	DOES - HAVE ANY	OF THE FOLLOWI	NG CONDITIONS OR IMPAIRMENTS? (Mark (X) all that apply)			
	cc55-65 -1 🔲 a.	Senility (includes dec	line in intellect, memory, and judgement, loss of orientation, difficulty in speaking; feableness.)			
	-2 🔲 b.	Mental illness (Psychi	iatric or emotional problems)			
	-3 🔲 c.	Mental retardation				
	-4 🔲 d.	Arthritis or rheumatis	sm			
	-5 <u>e</u> .	Paralysis or palsy oth	er than arthritis			
		e. (1) IS THIS TH	HE RESULT OF A STROKE?			
	-6 📗 f.	Glaucoma or cataract	rs ·			
	-7 🔲 g.	Diabetes				
	-8 📗 h.	Any CHRONIC troub	ple with back or spine			
	-9 🔲 i.	Amputation of extrem	mities or limbs; or permanent stiffness or any deformity of the foot, leg, fingers, arm, or back			
	-0 🔲 j.	Heart trouble				
	-& □ k		the above conditions or impairments			

10.	DOES THIS RESIDENT REGULARLY USE ANY OF THE FOLLOWING AIDS?								
CARD 2							No —	Yes	
14-2		a. Wa	lker				15-2	-1 🔲	
		b. Cru	utches				16-2	-1	
		c. Bra	aces				17-2	-1	
		d. Wh	eelchair				18-2	-1	
		e. Art	tificial Lim	ь			19-2	-1	
		f, Sel	f-feeder				20-2	-1	
		g. An	y other aid	is (do r	not cou	nt glasses or hearing aids)	21-2	-1 🖳	
								Spe	cify22-
11.	DURING ONLY SE	G THE LA	AST MON	NTH, I	HOW	MANY TIMES DID-REC	EIVE ANY OF THE F	FOLLOWING TI	HERAPY SERVICES? (INCLUDE TSIDE THE HOME.)
							NUMBER OF TIMES		
	a,	Physical	therapy			None or	cc23		
	b.	Recreati	onal thera	ру		None or	cc25		
	c.	Occupat	ional thera	ру		☐ None or	cc27		
	d. Speech therapy None or			None or	cc29				
	e.	Hearing	therapy			None or	cc31		
	f. Professional counseling by social worker, psychologist or other mental health worker \(\begin{array}{c} \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \				,	cc33			
12.	DURIN	G THE PA	AST 7 DA	YS, V	VHICH	OF THESE SERVICES	DID-RECEIVE? (Ma	rk (X) all that app	ly)
		cc35-62	-01		a.	Rub or massage			
			-02		b.	Administration of treatmen	nt by staff		
			-03		c.	Special diet			
			-04		d.	Application of sterile dress	ings or bandages		
			-05		e.	Temperature-pulse-respirat	tion		
			-06		f.	Full bed-bath			
			-07		g.	Enema			
			-08		h.	Catheterization			
			-09		i.	Blood pressure reading			
			-10		j.	Irrigation			
			-11		k.	Oxygen therapy			
			-12		i.	Intravenous injection			
			-13	□ OR	m.	Hypodermic injection			
			-14		n,	None of the above services	received		

13.	DURI	NG THE	PAST 7 DAYS, I	DID – RECEIVE ANY MEDICATIONS?
CARD 3 14-3		☐ † 15-2	No (Skip to Questio	on 14) Yes
			WHICH TYPE	S OF MEDICATIONS DID — RECEIVE? (Mark (X) All That Apply)
		cc16-4	5 -01 🔲 a,	Tranquilizers (e.g., Thorazine, Mellaril)
			-02 🔲 b.	Hypnotics — Sedatives (e.g., Nembutal, Seconal, Phenobarbital, Butisol, Placidyl, Chloral Hydrate)
			-03 🔲 c.	Stool softeners (e.g., Peri-Colace)
			-04 🔲 d.	Anti-Depressant (e.g., Elavil)
			-05 🔲 e.	Anti-Hypertensives (e.g., Ismelin)
			-06 🔲 f,	Diuretics (e.g., Diuril, Esidrex)
			-07 🔲 g.	Analgesics (e.g., Aspirin, Darvon, Demerol, Percodan, Empirin with Codeine)
			-08 🔲 h.	Diabetic agents (e.g., Orinase, Insulin)
			-09 🔲 i.	Anti-inflammatory agents (e.g., Cortisone, Sodium Salicylate, Butazolidin, Indocin)
			-10 🔲 j.	Anti-infectives (i.e., antibiotics)
			-11 🔲 k.	Anti-Anginal drugs (e.g., Nitroglycerin, Peritrate)
			-12 🔲 I.	Cardiac Glycosides (e.g., Digitalis, Lanoxin)
			-13 🔲 m.	Anti-Coagulants (e.g., Dicumarol, Warfarin)
			-14 🔲 n.	Vitamins or iron
			-15 🔲 o,	Other types of medications not listed above
14.	RESID FOR E THE M WHICH	ENT. PL ACH AC IINIMUM I OF TW	EASE INDICAT TIVITY, THE L I CARE IS FIRS D LEVELS TO I	S FOR DAILY LIVING LIST VARIOUS LEVELS OF CARE THAT MAY BE NEEDED BY A E THE ONE THAT BEST DESCRIBES THE LEVEL OF CARE NEEDED BY THIS RESIDENT. EVELS ARE GIVEN IN ASCENDING ORDER: IN OTHER WORDS, THE LEVEL DESCRIBING T AND THE LEVEL DESCRIBING THE MOST CARE IS LAST. IF YOU ARE UNDECIDED NDICATE, CHOOSE THE ONE DESCRIBING THE LESSER AMOUNT OF CARE!
	a. (CONSIDE DENTUR	RING THE FOL ES, COMBING H	LOWING FOUR HYGIENE ACTIVITIES (WASHING FACE AND HANDS, BRUSHING TEETH OF HAIR, AND SHAVING OR APPLYING MAKE-UP) DOES THIS RESIDENT:
	(Mark (X)	Only One Box)	
	4	16-1	Perform all four	with no assistance?
		-2 □	Perform all four	with no assistance, but needs help in getting and/or putting away equipment?
		-3 [Perform three or	r four with no assistance, but requires help with a complete bath?
		-4	Require assistan	ce with one or two of these hygiene activities?
		-5	Require assistan	ce with all four of these hygiene activities?
	b. (CONCER	NING DRESSIN	G, DOES THIS RESIDENT:
	(Mark (X) (Only One Box)	•
	4	7-1	Get clothes from	n closets and drawers and completely dress without assistance?
		-2	Get clothes from zippers in back o	n closets and drawers and completely dress with some assistance (tying shoes, fastening braces, closing buttons or of garments)?
		-3	Receive assistant of garments as a	ce in getting clothes, or in dressing (do not count tying shoes, fastening braces, closing buttons or zippers in back ssistance)?
		4 🔲	Stay partly or co	ompletely undressed?
	c. (ONCER	NING FEEDING	6, DOES THIS RESIDENT:
	(Mark (X) (Only One Box)	
	4	8-1	Feed self withou	at assistance?
		-2	Feed self with m	ninor assistance (cutting meat or buttering bread)?
		-3	Receive major as	sistance in feeding (do not count cutting meat or buttering bread)?
		-4	Require intraven	ous feeding?
		-5	Require tube fee	ding? Form 73NHS-

d.	CONCERNING AMBULATION TO REACH THE TO	DILET ROOM, IS THIS RESIDENT:
	(Mark (X) Only One Box)	
	Able to go to the toilet room without nurses' as manage bedpan or commode at night?	ssistance (may use cane, walker, wheelchair, or other object of support), may
	-2 Receiving nurses' assistance in going to the toile using bedpan or commode at night, or cleaning	et room (do not count use of cane, walker, or other object of support), self or arranging clothes after elimination?
	-3 Unable to go to the toilet room for the elimina	tion process?
e.	CONCERNING MOVING IN AND OUT OF A BED	OR CHAIR, IS THIS RESIDENT:
		(Mark (X) Only One Box)
	Receiving no assistance?	52-1
	Walking with assistance of one person?	-2
	Walking with assistance of two persons?	₃ □
	Up in a chair with assistance once in 8 hours?	. 4 🗆)
	Up in a chair with assistance twice in 8 hours?	-5 T S-11 POES HAVE 53-1 -2
	Bedfast with assistance in turning every two hours?	-6 DOES – HAVE Yes No
	Bedfast with assistance in turning every hour?	-7 (continue with part f.)
f.	CONCERNING CONTINENCE, IS THIS RESIDENT	r:
		(Mark (X) Only One Box)
	in control of both bowels and bladder?	54-1
	An ostomy patient?	2 □
	In control of bladder only?	₃ <u> </u>
	In control of bowels only?	-4 f.(1) IS – RECEIVING BOWEL AND/OR
	Not in control of bowels or bladder?	BLADDER RETRAINING?
		55-1 Yes (Skip to Question 15a.)
		-2 No
•		f.(2) WOULD RETRAINING GIVE THIS
		RESIDENT CONTROL OVER BOWELS AND/OR BLADDER?
		☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Doubtful
		L Yes L No L Doubtful 56-1 -2 -3
15.	DOES THIS RESIDENT EXHIBIT ANY OF THE	b. DOES THIS RESIDENT EXHIBIT THIS BEHAVIOR
15a.	DOES THIS RESIDENT EXHIBIT ANY OF THE FOLLOWING BEHAVIOR?	MORE OFTEN THAN ONCE A WEEK OR ONCE A WEEK OR LESS?
	No Yes	More often than Once a week once a week or less
(1)	Depressed 57-2 -1 -1	58-1 -2
(2)	Agitated, nervous 59-2 -1	60-1 7 -2 7
(3)	Abusive, aggressive 61-2 -1	62-1
(4)	Confused, senile 63-2 -1	64-1 2
(5)	Disturbed sleep 65-2 -1	66-1 -2
(6)	Other problem behavior 67-2 -1 Specif	

16a.	DURING THIS RESIDENT'S STAY HERE, WHEN DID — LAST SEE A PHYSICIAN FOR TREATMENT, MEDICATION, OR FO AN EXAMINATION?	R
CARD 4	Month Day Year OR Has Never Seen A Doctor While Here (Skip to	
14-4	21-1 Question 17a.)	
b.	AT THAT TIME, DID - RECEIVE:	
	Yes No (1) An examination? 22-1	
	(2) Treatment? 23-12	
	(3) Prescription? 24-12	
	(4) Other? 25-1 -2 -	
C.	Specify26- DID THE PHYSICIAN ATTEND THE RESIDENT: (Mark (X) Only One Box)	
	27-1 as a private physician?	
	-2 for the home itself which furnishes the medical care?	
	temporarily as a replacement for the resident's private physician who was unable to attend the resident?	
d.	-4 under some other arrangement? (Specify)28- DOES A PHYSICIAN EXAMINE THIS RESIDENT: (Mark (X) Only One Box)	
u.	29-1 only when called?	
	-2 irregularly, but without being called?	
	on a scheduled basis?	
	d. (1) HOW OFTEN DOES THE PHYSICIAN EXAMINE THE RESIDENT? (Mark (X) Only One Box.)	
	30-1 once a week	
	-2 every 2 weeks	
	-3 once a month	
	-4 every three months	
	-5 once a year -6 other (Specify)	
17a.	DOES – WEAR EYE GLASSES?	
	Yes No	
ь.	32-1 / S = SIGHT WITH GLASSES: (Mark (X) Only One Box) c. IS = SIGHT: (Mark (X) Only One Box)	
ъ.	33-1 not impaired? (e.g., can read ordinary newspaper 33-1 not impaired? (e.g., can read ordinary newspaper	
	-2 partially impaired? (e.g., can watch television 8 to 12 feet across the room) partially impaired? (e.g., can watch television 8 to 12 feet across the room)	
	severely impaired? (e.g., can recognize the features of familiar persons if they are within 2 to 3 feet) -3 severely impaired? (e.g., can recognize the features of familiar persons if they are within 2 to 3 feet)	
	-4 completely lost? (e.g., blind) -4 completely lost? (e.g., blind)	
18a.	DOES – USE A HEARING AID? Yes No.	
	341	
b.	IS — HEARING WITH A HEARING AID: c. IS —HEARING: (Mark (X) Only One Box) (Mark (X) Only One Box)	
	not impaired? (e.g., can hear a telephone conversation on an ordinary telephone) 35-1 not impaired? (e.g., can hear a telephone conversation on an ordinary telephone)	
	-2 partially impaired? (e.g., can hear most of the things a person says) -2 partially impaired? (e.g., can hear most of the things a person says)	
	-3 severely impaired? (e.g., can hear only a few words a person says or loud noises) -3 severely impaired? (e.g., can hear only a few words a person says or loud noises)	
	-4 completely lost? (e.g., deaf) -4 completely lost? (e.g., deaf) Form 73NH:	S-7

19.	IS - ABILITY TO) SPEAK: (Mark (X) Only One Box)						
	38-1 not impaired? (e.g., is able to be understood; can carry on a normal conversation)							
		lly impaired? (e.g., is able to be understood but has difficulty pronouncing some words)						
	-3 severe	ly impaired? (e.g., cannot carry on a normal conversation; is understood only with difficulty)						
	-4 compl	etely lost? (e.g., is mute)						
20a.	DOES THIS RES	THIS RESIDENT HAVE DENTURES?						
	Yes — 39-1	No (Skip to Question 21a.)						
b.	DOES - USE TH	HE DENTURES?						
	☐ Yes 40-1	☐ No -2						
21a.	DURING THE L	AST MONTH, DID - LEAVE THE HOME FOR ANY RECREATIONAL OR LEISURE ACTIVITIES?						
		Yes No						
b.	FOR WHICH OF	THE FOLLOWING ACTIVITIES c. WHY DIDN'T – LEAVE THE HOME TO PARTICIPATE IN						
	DID – LEAVE T	HE HOME? (Mark (X) All That Apply) ANY ACTIVITIES DURING THE LAST MONTH? (Mark (X) All That Apply)						
	cc42-52 -1	Get books, etc., from the library cc42-52 -1 Resident was too ill or was not able to move well enough to participate						
	-2 [Attend plays, movies, concerts, etc. -2 Resident was not interested						
	-3 📙	Attend arts and crafts classes outside the home -3 Staff was unable to determine resident's interests						
	-4 📙	Visit museums, parks, fairs, etc. at this point						
	-5	Go on shopping trips organized by the home -4 Staff feels that the resident's behavior will not be tolerated outside the home						
	-6	Go on independent shopping trips organized by the resident or visitors -5 No one was available to accompany the resident						
	-7	-7 Visit a beauty shop or barber shop -6 Resident cannot afford these activities						
	-8	Visit community clubs (such as community centers, senior citizen clubs, service clubs, bridge						
		clubs, unions, etc.) -8 Other, (Specify)53-						
	-9 🔲	Attend religious services or other religious activities						
	-0 🔲	Go for a walk						
	-& 🔲	Other, (Specify) 53-						
22a.		AST YEAR, HAS THIS RESIDENT BEEN ON ANY KIND OF LEAVE OVERNIGHT OR LONGER, EAVE FOR MEDICAL REASONS?						
	<u> </u>	Yes No (Skip to Question 23a.) Don't know (Skip to Question 23a.)						
b.	WHERE DID _ !	USUALLY GO WHEN ON LEAVE? (Mark (X) Only One Box)						
	55-1	To own home or apartment						
	-2	To home of family or relatives						
	-3	To home of unrelated friends						
	-4	To foster home						
	-5	To boardinghouse or room						
	-6	To another place, (Specify) 56-						
	-7 🔲	Don't know						
c.	ABOUT HOW O	FTEN DID THIS RESIDENT GO ON LEAVE? (Mark (X) Only One Box)						
	57-1	Nearly every week						
	-2	About once a month						
	-3	About once every two months						
	-4	Several times a year						
	-5	About once a year or less						
	-6	Other (Specify)58-						
Co 7011	.7 🔲	Don't know						
rorm /3N	orm 73NHS-7							

238.	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Don't know
CARD 5 14-5	15-1 -2 -3 (Skip to Question 24)
b.	HOW FREQUENTLY DO VISITORS SEE THE RESIDENT? (Mark (X) Only One Box)
	16-1 Nearly every week -5 About once a year or less
	-2 About once a month -6 Other (Specify)17-
	-3 About once every two months -7 Don't know
	-4 Several times a year
24.	HOW MANY BEDS ARE IN — ROOM? (Mark (X) Only One Box)
	18-1 One bed (i.e., the resident's own bed) -4 Four beds
	-2 Two beds -5 Five or more beds
	-3 Three beds
25a.	HAS THIS RESIDENT LIVED IN THIS FACILITY FOR ONE FULL MONTH OR LONGER?
	19-1 Yes
	Stop; go on to next
b.	questionnaire. LAST MONTH, WHAT WAS THE BASIC CHARGE FOR THIS RESIDENT'S LODGING, MEALS, AND NURSING CARE
۵.	NOT INCLUDING PRIVATE DUTY NURSING OR OTHER SPECIAL CHARGES?
	No charge is made for care (Skip to Question 26a.) \$ •
c.	LAST MONTH, WHAT WAS THE <u>TOTAL</u> CHARGE FOR THIS RESIDENT'S CARE, INCLUDING ALL CHARGES FOR SPECIAL SERVICES, DRUGS, AND SPECIAL MEDICAL SUPPLIES?
	No charge is made for care (Skip to Question 26a.)
	cc26-31
	(1) DID THIS AMOUNT INCLUDE SPECIAL CHARGES FOR
	No Yes
	(a) physician services? 32-21
	(b) private duty nursing? 33-21
	(c) therapy? 34-21
	(d) drugs? 35-21
	(e) special medical supplies? 36-21
	(f) special diet? 37-21
	(g) other? 38-21
26-	
26a.	WHAT WERE ALL THE SOURCES OF PAYMENT FOR THIS RESIDENT'S CARE LAST MONTH? (Mark (X) All That Apply)
	cc40-48 [1] Own income or family [4] Other public assistance [7] Initial payment-support (private plans, or welfare life care
	retirement funds, social security, etc.) [] (5) Church support [] (8) No charge is made for care
	(2) Medicare (Title XVIII) (6) VA contract (9) Other (Specify)
	(3) Medicaid (Title XIX)
b.	WHAT WAS THE PRIMARY SOURCE OF PAYMENTS FOR CARE LAST MONTH? (Mark (X) Only One Box.)
	50-1 Own income or family -4 Other public assistance -7 Initial payment-support (private plans, or welfare life care
	retirement funds, social security, etc.) -5 Church support -8 No charge is made
	-2 Medicare (Title XVIII) -6 VA contract
	-9 Other (Specify) 7 -3 Medicaid (Title XIX)
	Form 73NHS-7

STAFF QUESTIONNAIRE -- PART 1

1973 Nursing Home Survey National Center for Health Statistics Health Resources Administration Rockville, Maryland OMB # 068-S-72172 Expires 7-31-74

Rockville, Maryland	26 cc1-4	<u>,</u>	36			
ASSURANCE OF CONFIDENTIALITY — All information	A. ESTABI	ISHMENT NO.	B. LINE NO.			
which would permit identification of the individual will be held in strict confidence, will be used only by persons engaged in and for the purposes of the survey, and will not be disclosed or released	cc2		cc11			
to others for any purposes.	C. OCCUP.	ATION (CODE	D. IN CHARGE OF SHIFT?			
	FROM S CLASSI	STAFF FICATION CARD)	NO 1 2 3			
	cc14-1	cc15	cc17			
The National Center for Health Statistics of the Health Resources Administration is conducting a nationwide survey in nursing homes. One of the purposes of the survey is to obtain certain information about the staff employed in the facilities. We would appreciate your taking the brief amount of time necessary to complete this questionnaire.	used no ir ese form	for statistical purposes only, and v				
HOW LONG HAVE YOU WORKED AS A						
a. IN THIS FACILITY?						
_	Years cc20	Months cc22				
b. IN OTHER NURSING HOMES, HOMES FOR THE AGED, OR		OR !	Mark (X) this box if you have never			
SIMILAR FACILITIES?	Years	·	worked in any other LII nursing home.			
	cc24	l .	Mark (X) this box			
c. IN HOSPITALS?	Years	···	never worked in a hospital.			
	cc28	cc30				
2. WHAT IS YOUR DATE OF BIRTH?	/	/				
	onth Day 32,33 cc34,3	Year 85 cc36,37				
3. HOW MANY HOURS PER WEEK DO YOU USU	<u>ALLY</u> WORK <u>I</u>	L	hours			
4. HOW MANY HOURS DID YOU WORK LAST W	FEK IN THIS E	ACILITY?				
4. HOW MANY HOURS DID TOO WORK <u>LAST W</u>	LEK IIV TITIST		hours OR none			
5. BESIDES THE HOURS WORKED IN THIS FACILITY, HOW MANY ADDITIONAL HOURS DID YOU WORK IN YOUR PROFESSION LAST WEEK? OR none						
6. WHAT IS YOUR SALARY BEFORE DEDUCTION	ONS FOR THE	WORK YOU PERFORM IN T	HIS FACILITY ONLY?			
		(X) Only One Box)				
\$per	52-1	week hour				
OR	-3	two weeks				
L donate my services cc51-1	-4	one month other time period, specify	53-			

7.	IN ADDITION TO THIS SALARY, DO YOU RECEIVE: (Mark the Yes or No Box for Each Line)		Yes	No		
1	a. Paid vacation, paid holidays, and/or paid sick leave?	54-1	П	.2		
	b. Cash bonus?	55-1		-2		
	c. Pension plan in addition to Social Security?	56-1		-2		
	d. Health insurance?	57-1		-2		
Ĭ	e. Life insurance?	58-1		-2		
	f. Release time for attending training institutes?	59-1	Ō	-2		
	g. Civic or personal leave (such as leave for jury duty, military		_	. 🗆		
	reserves, voting, funerals)?	60-1		.2 []		
}	h. Room?	61-1		-2 [
	i. Meals?	62-1		-2 [
	j. Other? Specify 64-	63-1		-2		
8.	LAST WEEK IN THIS FACILITY, DID YOU PERFORM ANY	OF TH	IE FOLLOWII	NG SERVICES:		
	(Mark the Yes or No Box for Each Line)		Yes	No		
Ĺ	a. Administration of the facility?	65-1		-2		
	b. Nursing care?	66-1	ñ	-2		
ĺ	c. Medical and dental care?	67-1	ñ	-2		
į	d. Physical therapy?	68-1	ñ	-2		
	e. Occupational therapy?	69-1	Ħ	-2		
ĺ	f. Recreational therapy?	70-1	Ħ	-2		
	g. Speech and hearing therapy?	71-1	Ħ	-2		
	h. Social work?	72-1	ñ	-2		ĺ
	i. Clerical work?	73-1	Ħ	-2		
! !	j. Kıtchen/dietary work, grocery shopping?	74-1	Ħ	-2		
1	k. Housekeeping services?	75-1	Н			
	1 Other? Specify service	76-1	H	.2		ļ
	77-			- L.		
9.	WHAT IS THE HIGHEST GRADE YOU		Circle highest	grade completed	CARD2 cc14-2	
	COMPLETED IN SCHOOL? a. College		1 2 3 4	5 or more	cc15	
	b. Nursing school (diplor		1 2 3		cc16	- 1
	c. Junior college		1 2 3 4		cc17 cc18	
	e. Elementary school			5 6 7 8	cc19	
10a.	WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING DEGREES DO YOU HAVE? b. FOR EACH D	EGRE	E THAT YOU	c. IN WHAT YEAR	DID YOU	
	(Mark all that apply, count HAVE PLEAS			RECEIVE EACH	DEGREE?	
	completed degrees only)					
	Associate degree or certificate 20-1		cc25,26	19 cc27,28		
	Bachelor's degree 21-1			19		- 1
	211		cc29,30	cc31,32		
	Master's degree 22-1		cc33,34	19 <u>cc35,36</u>		1
	Doctorate (M. D., D. O., Ph.D., 23-1					
	etc.)		cc37,38	19 cc39,40		
	If none of these, mark (X) box and skip to Question 11)					

42-1 Yes -2 N	o (Skip to Question 12)		
. FOR EACH OF THE SUBJECT AREAS LISTED BELOW, INDICATE HOW MAN NON-DEGREE TRAINING COURSES* \ HAVE TAKEN WITHIN THE PAST YEA	Y COU	IBER OF RSES* EN IN PAST IONTHS	
a. Nursing care of the aged or chronically ill		cc43.	44
b. Medical or dental care of the aged or chronically ill		cc45,	46
c. Mental or social problems of the aged or chronically ill		cc47	48
d. Physical therapy or rehabilitation		cc49,	50
e. Occupational therapy		cc51,	52
f. Nutrition or food services		cc53,	54
g. Nursing home administration		cc55,	56
h, Inservice Education		cc57,	58
i. Medical records		cc59,	60
j. Activity programs for the aged or chronically ill		cc61,	62
k. Social services for the aged or chronically ill		cc63,	64
! Pharmacology and care of drugs		cc65,	66
m. Other course related to your work			
Specify67-		cc68,	69

PLEASE TURN THE PAGE FOR THE NEXT QUESTION.

12.	ARE '	YOU A PHYSICIAN (M.D. OR D.O.)?
	8.	Yes Cc71-1 Yes No (Please stop, this is the last question which applies to you. Thank you for your cooperation. Please return the questionnaire in the enclosed postage paid envelope either to the interviewer or to:
		Applied Management Sciences 962 Wayne Avenue, Suite 701 Silver Spring, Maryland 20910)
	b.	DO YOU ATTEND YOUR OWN PRIVATE PATIENTS IN THIS HOME?
CARD3 cc14-3	•	15-1 Yes b.1 HOW MANY OF YOUR OWN PRIVATE PATIENTS DO YOU ATTEND IN THIS FACILITY? patients
	c,	ARE YOU NOW ATTENDING PATIENTS TEMPORARILY IN THIS FACILITY TO COVER FOR THE PATIENT'S OWN PHYSICIAN? 19-1 Yes -2 No
	d.	DO YOU TAKE EMERGENCY CALLS FOR ANY PATIENT IN THIS HOME? 20-1 Yes -2 No
	e.	DO YOU PROVIDE OTHER DIRECT PATIENT SERVICE IN BEHALF OF THE HOME'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR SECURING SUCH COVERAGES (e.g., ADMISSION EXAMS, PRONOUNCING DEATHS, SECURING MEDICATION AND DIET ORDERS, ETC)? 21-1 Yes -2 No
	f.	DO YOU PROVIDE INSERVICE TRAINING TO THE HOME'S PERSONNEL? 22-1 Yes -2 No .
	g.	FOR HOW MANY RESIDENTS IN THIS HOME DO YOU PROVIDE MEDICAL CARE? residents
		cc23

Thank you for your cooperation. Please return the questionnaire in the enclosed postage paid envelope either to the interviewer or to:

Applied Management Sciences, Inc. 962 Wayne Avenue, Suite 701 Silver Spring, Maryland 20910

STAFF QUESTIONNAIRE - - PART II

1973 Nursing Home Survey National Center for Health Statistics Health Resources Administration Rockville, Maryland

OMB # 068-S-72172 Expires 7-31-74

cc11-1

B. LINE NO.

C. OCCU-PATION CODE

which	would pe	OF CONFI	ificati	ion of the	indivi :	dual will	be	cc2									cc12				TION
in and	for the p	nfidence, v surposes of ed to other	the s	urvey, an	d will																
											<u></u>				<u> </u>			L			
The National Center for Health Statistics of the Health Resources Administration is conducting a nationwide survey in nursing homes. One of the purposes of the survey is to obtain certain information about the staff employed in facilities. We would appreciate your taking the brief amount time necessary to complete this questionnaire. THE FOLLOWING STATEMENTS ARE ABOUT NURSISTATEMENTS PRESENTED, MARK (X) THE RESPONS MARK A BOX FOR EACH STATEMENT. 1. DEATHS IN HOMES FOR THE AGED OR NURSING AND ANY CONVERSATION ABOUT THEM AMON							rvey ed in t	of After completing the form please return it in the envelope provided. Thank you for your cooperation.													
ST	TATEMEN	ITS PRESI	ENTE	D, MARI	< (X) 7	BOUT NU THE RESI	JRSIN PONSE	IG HO E CAT	MES A	AND/ RY W	OR H	IOME MOS	S FO	R TH ARL	E AG Y REI	ED. F PRES	OR E. ENTS	ACH (YOU	OF TH R FEI	HE ELING	3
1.																	US AS	POS	SIBLE	•	
		Α		В		С		D			E										
	18-1		-2		-3		-4		-1	5											
	St	rongly agree	·	Agree	Do	on't know	D	Disagree	S -	trongl	y disag	ree									
2.		NTS OF I														NTAF	Y AC	TIVI	TIES,		
		A		В		c		D			E										
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3.		rongly agree		Agree		ON'T KNOW)isagree			y disag		SCOL	IRAG	ED II	V ΔN'	Y RES	SIDEN	JTIAI		
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		A	_	В	_	c		D		_	E 										
	20-†	rongly agree	-2	Agree	-3 D	on't know	-4 r	Disagree		5 L	y disag	iree									
4.	SYMPT	OMS OF S	ENIL	ITY ARI	E ESSI	ENTIALL	Y PHY	/SIOL	.OGIC	ALA	ND I	TISL	ARG	ELY	A WA	STE	OF V	ALUA	BLE	STAF	F
ļ	TIMET	O ATTEM	IPT T		/IATE		/ITH "		AL TI												
	21-1	$\hat{\Box}$	-2	В	-3	Ĉ	_1		_	5 Г	E T										
		rongly agree		Agree	-	on't know		لــــا Disagree		· L	 y disag	ree									
5.	"VACA	TIONS" F	OR F	RESIDEN							CE TI	HEY (CAUS	E SU	CH PI	ROBL	EMS	IN AC	JUST	MEN	T
		Α		В		С		D			E										
	22-1		-2		-3		-4			5											
	St	trongly agree	e	Agree	D	on't know		Disagree	e S	trongl	y disag	ree									
6.	RESIDE	ENTS SHO	ULD	AT ALL	TIME	S BE SUS	CEPT	IBLE .	το οι	BSER	VAT	ON B	Y TH	E ST	AFF.						
		A		В		С		D		_	E										
	23-1	Ш	-2		-3		-4			5	\bot										
	St	rongly agree	•	Agree	D	on't know	D	Disagree	e S	trongi	y disag	ree									

cc1-5

A. ESTABLISHMENT NO.

7.	RESIDENTS SHOULD BE DISCOURAGED FROM SHOWING IS INAPPROPRIATE AT THIS AGE.	AN INTEREST IN THE OPPOSITE SEX, FOR SUCH BEHAVIOR
	A B C D	E
		_ []
	26-1234	-5
	Strongly agree Agree Don't know Disagree	Strongly disagree
8.	IT IS A RESPONSIBILITY OF STAFF TO ENCOURAGE RESI COMMUNITY ACTIVITIES WHEREVER POSSIBLE, E.G., HO	
	A B C D	E
	27-1	₅ □
<u> </u>	Strongly agree Agree Don't know Disagree	Strongly disagree
9.	OLD PEOPLE LIKE AND NEED SIMPLE, EASILY DIGESTED	FOODS AND ARE NOT MUCH INTERESTED IN "FRILLS".
	A B C D	E
ļ	28-1	.5
j	Strongly agree Agree Don't know Disagree	Strongly disagree
10.	SOMETIMES RESIDENTS OF NURSING HOMES OR HOMES A LITTLE MORE THAN THEY HAVE BEEN DOING, EVEN A	
	A B C D	Ε
	29-1	-5
		- L
	Strongly agree `Agree Don't know Disagree	Strongly disagree
11.	RULES FOR VISITING HOURS ARE NECESSARY SO THAT	THE ROUTINE OF CARE WILL NOT BE INTERRUPTED.
	A B C D	E
	30-1 -2 -3 -4	-5
	Strongly agree Agree Don't know Disagree	Strongly disagree
	713.00	
12.	ONE OF THE MAJOR DIFFICULTIES THE STAFF RUNS INT INSISTENCE THAT PERSONNEL STOP AND LISTEN TO THI	O IN WORKING WITH A GROUP OF OLD PEOPLE IS THEIR EIR PROBLEMS OF EVERYDAY LIVING.
	A B C D	E
	31-1 -2 -3 -4	5
	Strongly agree Agree Don't know Disagree	Strongly disagree
		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
13.	WE CAN MAKE SOME IMPROVEMENT, BUT BY AND LARG GOOD AS THEY CAN BE, CONSIDERING THE CONDITION	
	A B C D	E
	32-1 -2 -3 -4	5
	Strongly agree Agree Don't know Disagree	Strongly disagree
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15.	AN EFFECTIVE WAY OF HANDLING PROBLEMS WHICH AI WOULD BE TO HAVE REGULAR MEETINGS WHERE THE R	
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16,	RESIDENTS IN HOME THAN BEING CONTR	S NEED OLLED E	TO BE ENCOUR BY ROUTINE.	RAGED TO MA	AKE THEIR OWN	DECISIONS FOR DAILY LIVING, RATHER
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18.	AS SOON AS A PERS	ON SHOV	VS SIGNS OF SE	NILITY HES	HOULD BE PLAC	ED IN A HOME.
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19.	WE SHOULD BE SYM BEHAVIOR.	PATHET	IC WITH OLD PE	EOPLE, BUT I	WE CANNOT EXP	ECT TO UNDERSTAND THEIR ODD
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20.	OLD PEOPLE ARE FE IN THE COMMUNITY		TLY KEPT IN N	URSING HOM	MES ALTHOUGH T	HEY COULD GET ALONG WELL ENOUGH
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Thank you for your cooperation. Please return the form in the enclosed postage paid envelope to:

Applied Management Sciences 962 Wayne Avenue, Suite 701 Silver Spring, Maryland 20910 1973 Nursing Home Survey National Center for Health Statistics Health Resources Administration Rockville, Maryland

01.	ADMINISTRATOR	\
02.	PHYSICIAN (M.D. OR D.O.)	
03.	DENTIST	
04.	PHARMACIST	1
05.	REGISTERED OCCUPATIONAL THERAPIST	
06.	REGISTERED PHYSICAL THERAPIST	
07.	ACTIVITIES DIRECTOR	
08.	DIETITIAN OR NUTRITIONIST	GROUP A
09.	REGISTERED MEDICAL RECORD ADMINISTRATOR	Enter in Column i of Staff Control Record
10.	SOCIAL WORKER	or otall control record
11.	SPEECH PATHOLOGIST AND/OR AUDIOLOGIST	
12.	OTHER PROFESSIONAL OCCUPATIONS (INCLUDES INTERN, RESIDENT, THERAPEUTIC RECREATOR)	
13.	OCCUPATION THERAPIST ASSISTANT	
14.	PHYSICAL THERAPIST ASSISTANT	
15.	SOCIAL WORKER TECHNICIAN/ASSISTANT	
16.	OTHER MEDICAL RECORD ADMINISTRATORS AND TECHNICIANS)
17.	REGISTERED NURSE	GROUP B Enter in Column j of Staff Control Record
18.	LICENSED PRACTICAL NURSE OR LICENSED VOCATIONAL NURSE	GROUP C Enter in Column k of Staff Control Recor
19.	NURSE'S AIDE AND ORDERLY	GROUP D Enter in Column I of Staff Control Recor
20.	CLERICAL, BOOKKEEPING, OR OTHER OFFICE STAFF)
21.	FOOD SERVICE PERSONNEL (COOK, KITCHEN HELP, ETC.)	GROUP E
22.	HOUSEKEEPING AND MAINTENANCE PERSONNEL (MAID, LAUNDRYMAN, MAINTENANCE MAN, ETC.)	Enter in Column m of Staff Control Recor
23.	JOB OTHER THAN THOSE LISTED ABOVE (PLEASE SPECIFY JOB	1

STAFF CONTROL RECORD Sheet of 1973 Nursing Home Survey National Center for Health Statistics Health Resources Administration Rockville, Maryland ASSURANCE OF CONFIDENTIALITY - All information which would permit identification of the individual will be held in strict confidence, will be used only by persons engaged in and for the purposes of the survey, and will not be disclosed or released to others for any purposes. ESTABLISHMENT NO LINE NR LINE NR. STAFF ETHNIC BACKGROUND HOURS WORKED OCCUPATION SEX EMPLOYER Enter Code From Staff Classification Card List below the names of all persons who are on the staff of the facility or are employed under contract 18 Include members of religious organizations and orders who donate their services Group A Group B Group C Group D E Area code sw..... LIST, List administrator and assistant administrator. BUT DO NOT SAMPLE TE ... TE. TE TE Exclude volunteers List persons in charge of a shift on the top three lines (b) (c) Full Part time time (1**0** (4.20-22 1 2 1 2 X01 1 2 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 1 2 x01 X02 1 2 2 3 4 5 6 X02 1 2 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 1 2 X03 X03 01 1 2 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 1 2 01 02 1 2 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 1 2 02 1 2 03 1 2 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 u.s 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 04 1 2 1 2 04 05 1 2 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 1 2 05 1 2 1 2 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 06 06 1 2 07 07 1 2 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 1 2 1 2 3 4 5 6 08 1 08 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 1 2 09 09 1 2 13 11 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 11 12 1 2 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 1 2 12 13 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 1 13 14 1 2 3 4 5 6 14 15 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 1 15 16 1 2 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 1 2 16 17 1 2 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 1 17 18 1 2 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 1 2 18 19 1 2 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 1 2 19 20 1 2 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 1 2 20 21 21 1 2 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 1 2 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 1 2 22 1 2 22 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 23 1 2 1 2 23 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 1 2 24 24 1 2 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 1 2 25 25 1 2 26 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 1 2 26 1 2 27 27 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 28 1 2 3 4 5 6 28 29 1 2 1 2 3 4 5 6 t 2 1 2 29 30 1 2 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 1 , 30 31 1 2 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 1 2 31 32 1 2 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 1 7 32 1 2 3 4 5 6 33 1 2 1 2 1 33 1 2 1 2 1 2 34 34 35 35 1 2 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 1 2 36 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 36 1 2 37 1 2 3 4 5 6 37 1 2 1 2 1 2 38 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 1 2 38 1 2 39 39 1 2 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 40 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 40 41 1 2 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 1 41 42 1 2 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 1 2 47 43 1 2 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 1 7 43 44 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 1 2 44 45 45 2 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 1 2 1 2 3 4 5 6 46 1 2

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APPENDIX IV

CRITERIA FOR CLASSIFYING NURSING HOMES ACCORDING TO LEVEL OF NURSING CARE

Types of Facilities Included in the Survey

Institutions included in the 1973-74 Nursing Home Survey were those classified as either nursing care homes or personal care homes with nursing according to data collected in the 1971 Master Facility Inventory Survey ⁸ conducted by the National Center for Health Statistics.

Definitions for these two classes of nursing homes were as follows:

Nursing Care Home

- Fifty percent or more of the residents received nursing care during the week prior to the survey. (Nursing care is defined as the provision of one or more of the following services: taking temperature-pulse-respiration or blood pressure; full bed bath; application of dressings or bandages; catheterization; intravenous, intramuscular, or hypodermic injection; nasal feeding; irrigation; bowel and bladder retraining; oxygen therapy; and enema.)
- At least one full-time (35 or more hours per week) registered nurse (RN) or licensed practical nurse (LPN) was employed.

Personal Care Home with Nursing

- Some, but less than 50 percent of the residents received nursing care during the week prior to the survey.
- At least one full-time RN or LPN was employed.

or

- Some of the residents received nursing care during the week prior to the survey.
- No full-time RN or LPN was employed.
- The institution either:

Provided administration of medicines or supervision over self-administered medicines,

or

Provided assistance with three or more activities for daily living (such as help with tub bath or shower; help with dressing, correspondence, or shopping; help with walking or getting about; and help with eating).



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