Table DentCh. Dental visits in the past year among children aged 2–17 years, by selected characteristics: United States, selected years 1997–2019

Excel version (with more data years and standard errors when available): https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus/contents2020-2021.htm#Table-DentCh

[Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population]

Characteristic	1997	2000	2005	2009	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
	Percent of children aged 2–17 with a dental visit in the past year								
Total, 2–17 years¹	72.7	74.1	76.2	78.4	84.7	84.6	84.9	85.9	86.9
Sex									
Лаle	72.3	73.7	75.5	77.6	84.2	84.3	84.2	86.1	87.0
emale	73.0	74.6	77.0	79.3	85.2	84.9	85.6	85.7	86.
Race ²									
Vhite only	74.0	75.8	77.1	79.1	84.8	84.3	85.8	85.6	87.
lack or African American only	68.8	70.0	72.9	76.7	85.1	86.6	83.2	87.5	88.
American Indian or Alaska Native only	66.8	70.0	74.8	68.5	82.1	85.8	86.3	93.5	**83.
sian only		71.3 72.8	74.8 70.1	76.2	82.1	84.0	83.2	95.5 85.5	85.
lative Hawaiian or	•••								
Other Pacific Islander only	•••	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
or more races	•••	71.4	78.1	80.0	84.7	83.5	78.8	84.6	88.
Black or African American and White	•••	65.7	75.3	78.7	84.2	82.6	73.8	85.2	84.
American Indian or									
Alaska Native and White	•••	63.4	70.9	76.5	83.1	78.8	87.3	88.4	**86.
Hispanic origin and race ²									
lispanic or Latino	61.0	60.6	66.5	73.0	83.8	83.7	84.9	85.1	85.
lot Hispanic or Latino	74.7	76.8	78.5	80.0	85.0	84.9	84.9	86.2	87.
White only	76.4	78.9	80.4	81.4	85.4	84.7	86.2	85.8	87.
Black or African American only	68.8	70.0	72.7	76.7	85.1	87.0	82.5	88.0	88.
Percent of poverty level ³									
elow 100%	62.0	62.4	66.2	71.7	82.2	80.8	81.9	83.9	84.
00%–199%	62.5	66.1	68.6	75.2	81.2	81.3	79.8	82.2	83.
00%–399%	76.1	75.5	77.8	77.1	84.1	84.2	83.8	85.0	86.
00% or more	85.7	85.9	86.6	87.8	90.1	90.0	91.4	90.5	91.
Hispanic origin and race and percent of poverty level ^{2,3}									
Hispanic or Latino:									
Below 100%	55.9	54.2	64.4	71.7	85.2	83.6	85.1	84.8	83.
100%–199%	53.8	56.9	60.2	72.4	83.8	84.1	82.2	82.4	87.
200%-399%	70.5	65.6	69.8	73.8	79.1	82.3	84.8	87.2	85.
400% or more	82.4	78.4	82.5	76.9	89.3	85.2	91.2	88.9	89.
lot Hispanic or Latino:									
White only:									
Below 100%	64.4	65.0	65.0	69.6	78.5	72.0	80.2	79.8	86.
100%–199%	66.1	69.7	72.5	76.2	78.7	79.1	79.2	80.7	77.
200%-399%	77.1	78.3	80.3	79.1	85.1	83.8	83.3	83.8	86.
400% or more	86.8	87.5	87.8	89.9	90.9	91.0	92.2	90.3	92.
Black or African American only:									
Below 100%	66.1	67.1	71.1	74.0	82.9	86.1	82.9	88.8	86.
100%–199%	61.2	67.3	70.5	79.2	84.0	83.1	78.5	86.9	89.
200%–399%	75.0	74.0	73.1	74.4	88.2	89.7	83.5	86.6	89.
400% or more	81.8	74.2	81.1	85.0	88.2	91.5	88.5	91.5	90.
Geographic region									
lortheast	77.5	81.1	81.0	82.6	86.8	87.6	86.7	86.0	89.
Nidwest	76.4	77.2	79.0	80.5	83.8	84.8	83.3	84.4	85.
outh	68.0	69.5	72.2	76.8	84.7	82.4	83.1	85.9	85.
Vest	71.5	72.0	76.0	75.8	84.2	85.3	87.8	87.2	88.
Location of residence ⁴									
		742		70.0					07
Within MSA	73.6	74.3	76.0	79.0	84.9	84.8	85.4	86.2	87.

See footnotes at end of table.

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Table DentCh. Dental visits in the past year among children aged 2-17 years, by selected characteristics: United States, selected years 1997-2019-Con.

Excel version (with more data years and standard errors when available): https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus/contents2020-2021.htm#Table-DentCh

[Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population]

** Estimate meets National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) standards of reliability, but its complement does not. Starting with 2019 data, the reliability of survey percentage estimates is assessed using the multistep NCHS data presentation standards for proportions. For more information, see Sources and Definitions, Statistical reliability of estimates

... Category not applicable.

* Estimates are considered unreliable. Starting with 2016 data, the reliability of survey percentage estimates is assessed using new multistep NCHS data presentation standards for proportions. Before 2016 data, the reliability of estimates was evaluated based on relative standard errors (RSEs). Data preceded by an asterisk have an RSE of 20%–30%. Data not shown have an RSE greater than 30%. For more information, see Sources and Definitions, Relative standard error (RSE); Statistical reliability of estimates.

1Includes all other races not shown separately and those with unknown sex.
2The race groups White, Black, American Indian or Alaska Native, Asian, Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander, and 2 or more races include people of Hispanic and non-Hispanic origin. People of Hispanic origin. may be of any race. Starting with 1999 data, race-specific estimates are tabulated according to the 1997 "Revisions to the Standards for the Classification of Federal Data on Race and Ethnicity" and are not strictly comparable with estimates for earlier years. The five single- and multiple-race categories shown follow the 1997 standards. The race-specific estimates are for people who reported only one racial group; the category 2 or more races includes people who reported more than one racial group. Starting with 2003 data, race responses of other race and unspecified multiple race are treated as missing, and then race is imputed if these were the only race responses. Almost all people with a race response of other race are of Hispanic origin. See Sources and Definitions, Hispanic origin; Race

³Percent of poverty level is based on family income and family size and composition using U.S. Census Bureau poverty thresholds. Missing family income data are imputed for 1997 and beyond. See Sources and Definitions, Family income; Poverty.

⁴MSA is metropolitan statistical aréa. Starting with 2016 data, MSA status is determined using 2010 census data and the 2010 standards for defining MSAs. For more information, including the definition applied before 2016, see Sources and Definitions, Metropolitan statistical area (MSA)

NOTES: In 2019, the National Health Interview Survey (NHIS) questionnaire was redesigned and other changes were made to weighting and design methodology. Data for 2019 have not been fully evaluated for comparability with earlier years. For more information on the 2019 NHIS redesign and evaluation of the redesign on selected indicators, see: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/2019_quest_redesign.htm. Starting in 2019, dental visits in the past year are identified by asking parents, "About how long has it been since [child] last had a dental examination or cleaning?" Respondents are directed to include cleanings from all types of dental care providers, such as dentists, orthodontists, oral surgeons, and all other dental specialists. From 1997 through 2018, the question about dental visits in the past year differed slightly. See Sources and Definitions, Dental visit. Standard errors and data for additional years are available in the Excel spreadsheet version of this table on the Health, United States website at: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus/index.htm.

SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, National Health Interview Survey. See Sources and Definitions, National Health Interview Survey (NHIS).

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