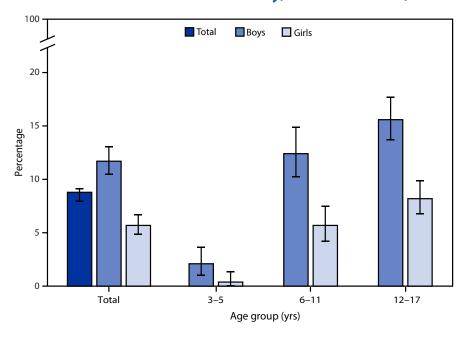
FROM THE NATIONAL CENTER FOR HEALTH STATISTICS

Percentage* of Children[†] Aged 3–17 Years Who Ever Received a Diagnosis of Attention-Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder,[§] by Sex and Age Group — National Health Interview Survey,[¶] United States, 2019



Abbreviation: ADHD = attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder.

- * With 95% confidence intervals indicated by error bars.
- [†] Children are defined here as children and adolescents (i.e., persons aged 3–17 years).
- § Based on a response to the question, "Has a doctor or other health professional ever told you that (child's name) had Attention-Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder or ADHD or Attention-Deficit Disorder or ADD?"
- ¶ Estimates are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian, noninstitutionalized U.S. population.

Overall, in 2019, 8.8% of children aged 3–17 years had ever received a diagnosis of ADHD. Boys (11.7%) were more likely than girls (5.7%) to receive a diagnosis of ADHD overall and within each age group. Among both boys and girls, the percentage of children who had ever received a diagnosis of ADHD increased with increasing age group.

Source: National Center for Health Statistics, National Health Interview Survey, 2019. https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/index.htm **Reported by:** Amanda E. Ng, MPH, qkd2@cdc.gov, 301-458-4587; Lindsey I. Black, MPH.