Pregnant woman with possible exposure to Zika virus

Test for Zika virus infection

Positive or inconclusive for Zika virus infection
- Consider serial fetal ultrasounds

Fetal ultrasound to detect abnormalities consistent with Zika virus disease

Fetal abnormalities consistent with Zika virus disease present
- Retest pregnant woman for Zika virus infection

Fetal abnormalities consistent with Zika virus disease not present
- Routine prenatal care

Negative for Zika virus infection

1. Possible exposure to Zika virus includes travel to an area with active transmission of Zika virus (http://wwwnc.cdc.gov/travel/notices/), or sex without a condom with a man who traveled to, or resided in, an area with ongoing transmission of Zika virus.

2. Testing is not currently recommended for pregnant women with possible sexual exposure to Zika virus if both partners are asymptomatic.


4. Fetal abnormalities consistent with Zika virus disease include microcephaly, intracranial calcifications, and brain and eye abnormalities. Fetal ultrasounds might not detect abnormalities until late second or early third trimester of pregnancy.


www.cdc.gov/zika