## Leading Causes of Death by Age Group, Black Females-United States, 2013

Age in Groups

Rank	1-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	65-74	75-84	85+	All Ages
1	Unintentional injuries 27.4%	Unintentional injuries 28.7%	Unintentional injuries 17.2%	Unintentional injuries 27.5%	Unintentional injuries 25.5%	Unintentional injuries 15.9%	Cancer 21.6%	Cancer 29.7%	Cancer 33.3%	Heart disease 26.2%	Cancer 31.1%	Heart disease 25.4%	Heart disease 28.7%	Heart disease 23.6%
2	Homicide 14.8%	Cancer 12.6%	Cancer 9.9%	Homicide 16.0%	Homicide 17.3%	Heart disease 11.7%	Heart disease 17.8%	Heart disease 20.7%	Heart disease 22.1%	Cancer 20.2%	Heart disease 23.6%	Cancer 22.3%	Cancer 11.0%	Cancer 22.5%
3	Birth defects 9.2%	Birth defects 8.4%	Birth defects 9.4%	Cancer 9.3%	Cancer (3) 6.6%	Cancer 11.5%	Unintentional injuries 9.5%	Unintentional injuries 5.7%	Diabetes 5.3%	Stroke 7.0%	Diabetes 6.0%	Stroke 7.5%	Stroke 7.5%	Stroke 6.0%
4	Cancer 7.0%	Homicide 6.9%	Suicide 8.6%	Suicide 7.7%	Heart disease (3) 6.6%	Homicide 9.3%	HIV disease 5.3%	Stroke 4.6%	Stroke 5.0%	Diabetes 4.9%	Stroke 5.7%	Diabetes 5.4%	Alzheimer's disease 7.0%	Diabetes 4.7%
5	Heart disease 5.2%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 6.1%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 6.9%	Heart disease 6.1%	Pregnancy complications 5.8%	Pregnancy complications 5.1%	Stroke 4.1%	Diabetes 4.6%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 3.7%	Alzheimer's disease 4.2%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 4.2%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 3.9%	Diabetes 3.8%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 3.3%
6	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 2.7%	Heart disease 4.6%	Homicide 6.0%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 2.4%	Suicide 5.6%	HIV disease 4.2%	Diabetes 3.8%	HIV disease 2.9%	Kidney disease 2.8%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 3.5%	Kidney disease 3.7%	Kidney disease 3.7%	Kidney disease 3.0%	Kidney disease 3.0%
7	Influenza & pneumonia 2.2%	Influenza & pneumonia 1.9%	Heart disease 3.4%	Pregnancy complications (7) 2.2%	HIV disease 2.4%	Diabetes 3.6%	Homicide 3.1%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 2.5%	Unintentional injuries 2.7%	Kidney disease 3.4%	Septicemia 2.5%	Alzheimer's disease 3.5%	Hypertension 2.8%	Unintentional injuries 3.0%
8	Septicemia (8) 1.6%	Stroke 1.5%	Stroke (8) 2.1%	Birth defects (7) 2.2%	Diabetes 2.1%	Suicide 3.3%	Septicemia 2.1%	Septicemia 2.2%	Septicemia 2.4%	Septicemia 2.4%	Hypertension 1.9%	Septicemia 2.6%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 2.8%	Alzheimer's disease 2.7%
9	Benign neoplasms (8) 1.6%	Septicemia (9) 1.1%	Influenza & pneumonia (8) 2.1%	Anemias 1.8%	Anemias 1.7%	Stroke 2.4%	Kidney disease 1.9%	Chronic liver disease 2.1%	Chronic liver disease 1.7%	Hypertension 2.4%	Influenza & pneumonia 1.8%	Hypertension 2.2%	Influenza & pneumonia 2.6%	Septicemia 2.3%
10	Perinatal conditions (8) 1.6%	Anemias (9) 1.1%	Benign neoplasms (10) 1.3% Anemias (10) 1.3% Diabetes (10) 1.3%	Stroke 1.6%	Chronic lower respiratory diseases 1.3%	Anemias 1.9%	Chronic liver disease 1.7%	Kidney disease 2.0%	Hypertension 1.6%	Influenza & pneumonia 2.2%	Unintentional injuries 1.4%	Influenza & pneumonia 2.1%	Septicemia 2.1%	Hypertension 2.0%

<sup>\*</sup>Percentages represent total deaths in the age group due to the cause indicated. Numbers in parentheses indicate tied rankings. The white, black, American Indian/Alaska Native, and Asian/Pacific Islander race groups include persons of Hispanic and non-Hispanic origin may be of any race. Some terms have been shortened from those used in the National Vital Statistics Report. See the next page for a listing of the shortened terms in the table and their full unabridged equivalents used in the report. To learn more, visit *Mortality Tables* at <a href="http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nvss/mortality\_tables.htm">http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nvss/mortality\_tables.htm</a> or <a href="http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/deaths.htm">http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nvss/mortality\_tables.htm</a> (HHS, CDC, NCHS).

## Leading Causes of Death by Age Group, Black Females-United States, 2013

## **Short and Full Terms for Leading Causes of Death (Females)**

Some terms in the leading causes of death table have been shortened from those used in the National Vital Statistics Report. Below is a listing of the shortened terms used in the table and their full, unabridged equivalents used in the report.

SHORT TERMS FULL TERMS

Aortic aneurism Aortic aneurism and dissection

Appendix disease Diseases of appendix

Benign neoplasms In situ neoplasms and neoplasms of uncertain or unknown behavior

Birth defects Congenital malformations, deformations and chromosomal abnormalities

**Bronchitis** Acute bronchitis and bronchiolitis

**Cancer** Malignant neoplasms

C. difficile infection Entercolitis due to clostridium
Chronic liver disease Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis

**Chronic lower respiratory diseases** Includes bronchitis, emphysema, asthma, bronchiectasis,

and other chronic obstructive pulmonary disease

**Diabetes** Diabetes mellitus

Gallbladder disorders Cholethiasis and other disorders of gallbladder

**Heart disease** Diseases of the heart

HIV disease Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) disease

Homicide Assault (homicide)

**Hypertension** Essential (primary) hypertension and hypertensive renal disease

**Kidney disease** Nephritis, nephrotic syndrome and nephrosis

**Kidney infection** Infections of kidney

**Legal intervention\*** Physical or other force used by police or other law-enforcing agents, including military on duty, in

the course of arresting or attempting to arrest lawbreakers, suppressing disturbances, maintaining

order, and other legal action. Includes legal execution and excludes citizen arrest

Pelvic Inflammatory diseases Inflammatory diseases of female pelvic organs

Pneumonitis Pneumonitis due to solids and liquids Pregnancy complications Pregnancy, childbirth and the peurperium

Stroke Cerebrovascular diseases
Suicide Intentional self-harm

Unintentional injuries Accidents (unintentional injuries)

\*World Health Organization. International statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, Tenth Revision (ICD-10). Geneva: World Health Organization, 1992. Available at http://www.who.int/classifications/icd/en/.

Accessed April 15, 2010.