



DP18-1816

Well-Integrated Screening and Evaluation for WOMen Across the Nation (WISEWOMAN)

Arkansas • Recipient Profile¹

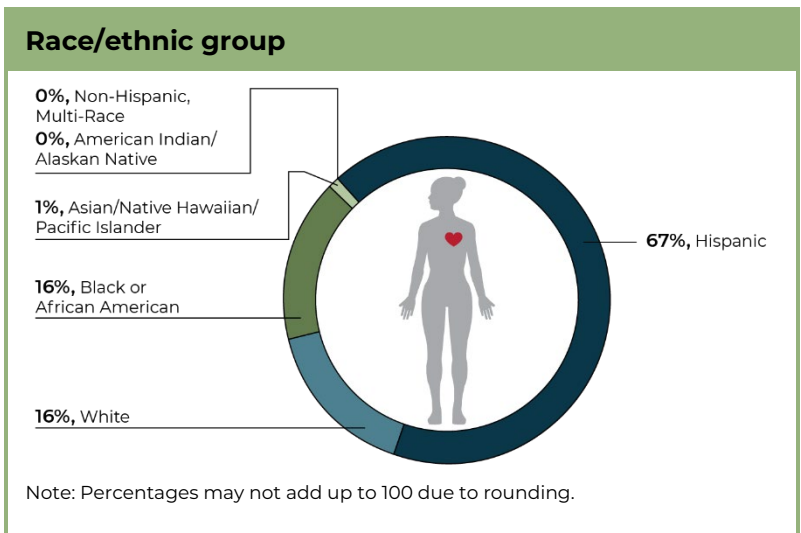
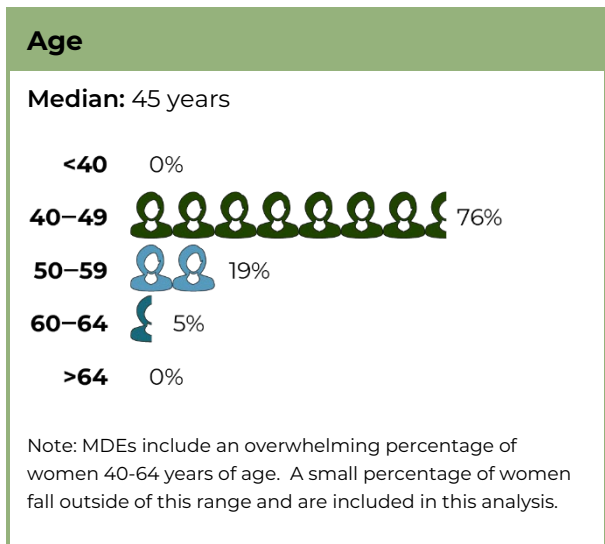
Program Years 1 – 3 (September 2018 – September 2021)

The **Arkansas Department of Health** is a recipient of the CDC-funded WISEWOMAN cooperative agreement (CDC-RFA-DP18-1816). The WISEWOMAN program provides heart disease and stroke risk factor screenings and services to promote healthy behaviors to low-income, uninsured, and underinsured women aged 40 to 64 years. As a WISEWOMAN recipient, Arkansas is implementing the following strategies to improve the diagnosis, care, and management of women with hypertension: (1) strengthen clinical quality measurement, (2) support team-based care, and (3) facilitate community-clinical linkages.

<p>Year 3 Core Funding: \$500,000</p> <p>First Year Funded: 2018</p> <p>Participation in Other CDC Heart Disease and Stroke Programs:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ DP18-1815: Improving the Health of Americans Through Prevention and Management of Diabetes and Heart Disease and Stroke 	<p>Recipient Organization: Arkansas Department of Health</p> <p>Prevalence of Hypertension: ^{2, 3} 37% of Arkansas WISEWOMAN participants had high blood pressure at baseline screening</p> <p>Key Partners:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Local Health Units ■ BreastCare Program ■ DP18-1815
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WISEWOMAN participants in Program Years 1 through 3

WISEWOMAN recipients submit data to CDC biannually describing the number of women served and the types of services received. During Program Years 1 through 3 (September 30, 2018 – September 29, 2021), the **Arkansas WISEWOMAN program served 139 women**; distribution of participants by age and race/ethnicity is shown below.²



¹ This profile provides an overview of the activities and key achievements during Program Years 1 through 3 of the WISEWOMAN DP18-1816 program (September 2018 - September 2021), as reported within recipients' annual evaluation reports, annual progress reports for Program Years 1 through 3, annual performance measure report as of December 31, 2021, and Minimum Data Elements (MDEs). For more information, please contact DHDSPEvaluation@cdc.gov.

² Based on an analysis of MDE data for women who were screened in Program Years 1 through 3, including complete, BP+, and incomplete screening records (n = 139). Hypertension rate and distribution by age and race/ethnicity at baseline include 131 participants with valid data for key elements at baseline screening.

³ High blood pressure is defined as systolic blood pressure > 139 mmHg or diastolic blood pressure > 89mmHg.



WISEWOMAN strategies to promote cardiovascular health

The WISEWOMAN program uses **evidence-based approaches to heart disease and stroke prevention** within health care systems and throughout communities. Women who are screened and found to have high blood pressure, diabetes, or high blood cholesterol receive clinical care and are referred to healthy behavior support services (HBSS), including lifestyle programs, health coaching, and risk reduction strategies with community support. Below, we describe the Arkansas program's approach to this work and provide updates on Arkansas's performance measures through the end of Program Year 3.⁴



Strategy 1. Track and monitor clinical measures shown to improve healthcare quality and identify patients with hypertension

The WISEWOMAN program aims to **improve sharing and use of clinical data** among providers to facilitate care coordination and promote better health outcomes.

Highlights from Arkansas

- **Monitored reports** in the electronic health record system that identify participants with high blood pressure, diabetes, pre-diabetes, and hypercholesterolemia.
- **Tracked clinical referrals and follow-up** in the state electronic health record system.

Performance measures

- 100%** of WISEWOMAN participants were screened by providers that have a protocol for identifying patients with undiagnosed hypertension (**139 women**).
- 100%** of WISEWOMAN providers implemented a community referral system (through bi-directional referrals) for HBSS for people with high risk for CVD (**4 providers**).



Strategy 2. Implement team-based care to reduce CVD risk with a focus on hypertension control and management

Use of team-based care helps ensure provider adherence to evidence-based guidelines and policies for participants with high blood pressure and high cholesterol and increases participation of non-physician team members. This approach also helps participants manage their own health and CVD risk factors.

Highlights from Arkansas

- **Collaborated with local primary care providers** to ensure participants with elevated lab values received appropriate follow-up care.
- **Conducted monthly technical assistance calls** with WISEWOMAN providers to support their use of team-based care.

Performance measures

- 100%** of WISEWOMAN participants were screened by providers that have policies or systems to implement a multidisciplinary team-based approach to blood pressure control (**139 women**).



Strategy 3. Link community resources and clinical services that support bi-directional referrals, self-management, and lifestyle change for women at risk for CVD

Linkages to HBSS, including health coaching and lifestyle programs (LSPs), help engage participants in the WISEWOMAN program. Arkansas's LSP partners include the Walk With Ease program, National Diabetes Prevention Program, and the Expanded Food and Nutrition Education Program

Highlights from Arkansas

- **Created monthly Facebook posts** with information about CVD risk factors and tips for a healthy lifestyle.
- **Partnered with the Diabetes Prevention Program (DPP)** to begin offering virtual DPP sessions as an HBSS option.

Performance measures

- 100%** of WISEWOMAN participants were referred to an appropriate HBSS (**139 women**).
- 60%** of WISEWOMAN participants who were referred to an HBSS attended at least one session (**83 women**).



24 out of 32 participants with known high blood pressure achieved blood pressure control in Year 3 compared to **1 out of 1** participant in Year 1.

⁴ Based on an analysis of performance measure data for women who were served in Program Years 1 through 3 (n = 139). This data source is different than the MDE data reported on Page 1.