12 Years of Age and Older (Gray Cap)
Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 Vaccine
Vaccine Preparation and Administration Summary

General Information
Vaccine: Pfizer-BioNTech, 12 years of age and older (gray cap)

Use the correct formulation based on the age of the recipient
Multidose vial: 6 doses per vial
Dosage: 0.3 mL
Do NOT dilute.

Age Indications
12 years of age and older

Thawing Frozen Vaccine
- Vaccine stored at ultra-cold temperatures must be thawed before use.
- Thaw vaccine in the refrigerator or at room temperature:
  - Unpunctured vials may be stored in the refrigerator for up to 10 weeks.
  - Unpunctured vials may be stored between 8°C and 25°C (46°F and 77°F) for a total of 12 hours prior to first puncture.
- Amount of time needed to thaw vaccine varies based on temperature and number of vials.
- Do NOT refreeze thawed vaccine.
- Use CDC’s beyond-use date labels for this vaccine to track storage time at refrigerated temperatures.

Prepare the Vaccine
Follow aseptic technique. Perform hand hygiene before vaccine preparation, between patients, when changing gloves (if worn), and any time hands become soiled.†

Remove vaccine from the storage unit. Check the vial label to ensure it is the correct formulation based on the age of the recipient. The vial for persons 12 years of age and older that does not require diluent has a gray cap and a gray border on the label. Allow vaccine to come to room temperature. Vials can be held at room temperature for up to 12 hours before first puncture of the vial stopper.

Check the:
- expiration date on the vaccine
- any beyond-use dates/times
NEVER use expired vaccine. NEVER use vaccine after the beyond-use date or times.

Schedule for Primary Series and Booster Dose
- 2-dose series separated by 21 days∗
- Moderately and severely immunocompromised people: Administer an additional Pfizer-BioNTech dose at least 28 days after the initial 2-dose primary series.∗
- A primary series started with Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 Vaccine should be completed with this product.
- Persons 12 years of age and older should receive a booster dose at least 5 calendar months after the last dose of a COVID-19 mRNA vaccine primary series (i.e., after the 2nd dose or the additional [3rd] dose for moderately or severely immunocompromised persons)
  - Persons 12-17 years of age: Administer Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 Vaccine.
  - Persons 18 years of age and older: Administer any FDA-authorized or -approved COVID-19 vaccine. mRNA COVID-19 vaccines are preferred.

Administration
Intramuscular (IM) injection in the deltoid muscle

With the vaccine at room temperature, gently invert vial 10 times. Do not shake the vial. If the vial is shaken, contact the manufacturer. The vaccine is white to off-white in color with no visible particles. Do not use if liquid is discolored or if particles are observed after inverting.

Assess recipient status:
- Screen for contraindications and precautions.
- Review vaccination history.
- Review medical considerations.

Choose the correct equipment, including the correct needle size. Use a new sterile needle and syringe for each injection.
- The vial for persons 12 years of age and older that does not require diluent has a gray cap and gray border on the label. Do NOT administer vaccine that has an orange cap or orange border label on the vial.

† Gloves are not required unless the person administering the vaccine is likely to come in contact with potentially infectious body fluids or has open lesions on the hands. If worn, perform hand hygiene and change gloves between patients.

∗ For more information, please see Interim Clinical Considerations for Use of COVID-19 Vaccines Currently Approved or Authorized in the United States at https://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/covid-19/clinical-considerations/covid-19-vaccines-us.html.
Administer the Vaccine

Cleanse the stopper on the multidose vial of vaccine with a new, sterile alcohol prep pad. Withdraw 0.3 mL of vaccine into the syringe.
• Regardless of the type of syringe used, ensure the amount of vaccine in the syringe equals 0.3 mL.
• If the amount of vaccine remaining in the vial cannot provide a full 0.3 mL dose, discard the vial and contents.
• Do NOT combine vaccine from multiple vials to obtain a dose.

Ensure staff has the correct PPE before administering vaccines and implement policies for the use of face coverings for vaccine recipients older than 2 years of age (if tolerated).

Administer the vaccine immediately by intramuscular (IM) injection in the deltoid muscle.

Remove any significant air bubbles with the needle still in the vial to avoid loss of vaccine. Ensure the prepared syringe is not cold to the touch.

Observe recipients after vaccination for an immediate adverse reaction:
• 30 minutes: Persons with a history of:
  » A contraindication to another type of COVID-19 vaccine product
  » Immediate (within 4 hours of exposure) non-severe allergic reaction to a COVID-19 vaccine
  » Immediate allergic reaction of any severity to a non-COVID-19 vaccine or injectable therapies
  » Anaphylaxis due to any cause
• 15 minutes: All other persons

Note the date and time the vaccine was first punctured on the vial. Keep punctured vials of vaccine between 2°C and 25°C (36°F to 77°F) for up to 12 hours. Discard any unused vaccine after 12 hours. Do not return to ultra-cold freezer storage.

Dose Scheduling for Primary Series

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vaccination History†</th>
<th>And</th>
<th>Then</th>
<th>Next Dose Due</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0 doses</td>
<td></td>
<td>Give dose 1 today</td>
<td>Give dose 2 at least 21 days after dose 1‡</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 dose (Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 Vaccine) or product unknown</td>
<td>It has been at least 21 days since dose 1</td>
<td>Give dose 2 today</td>
<td>Administer booster dose 5 months after completion of primary series (or additional primary dose)§</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>It has not been at least 21 days from dose 1</td>
<td>No dose today</td>
<td>Give dose 2 at least 21 days after dose 1‡</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 doses (Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 Vaccine) at least 21 days apart†</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Administer booster dose 5 months after completion of primary series (or additional primary dose)§</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 doses (1 product unknown) at least 28 days apart †</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Persons 12 years of age and older: Administer booster dose at least 5 calendar months after completion of primary series (or additional primary dose)§</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* COVID-19 vaccines may be coadministered with other vaccines, including simultaneous administration. When deciding whether to administer COVID-19 vaccines and other vaccines, providers should consider whether the person is behind or at risk of becoming behind on recommended vaccines. They should also consider the person’s risk of vaccine-preventable diseases (e.g., during an outbreak) and the reactogenicity profile of the vaccines.
† Every effort should be made to determine which vaccine product was received. In exceptional situations in which the vaccine product cannot be determined or is no longer age-appropriate, any available mRNA COVID-19 vaccine may be administered at least 28 days after the first dose.
‡ Administer the second dose as close as possible to the recommended interval (21 days). It is not necessary to restart the series if the dose is given after the recommended interval.
§ For persons 18 years of age and older, the booster dose may be a different product than the primary series. An mRNA COVID-19 vaccine is preferred.
Contraindications and Precautions

Contraindications:
History of a:
- Severe allergic reaction (e.g., anaphylaxis) after a previous dose or to a component of the COVID-19 vaccine
- Known diagnosed allergy to a component of the vaccine (see https://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/covid-19/clinical-considerations/covid-19-vaccines-us.html#Appendix-C for a list of vaccine components)

Precautions:
- Most people determined to have a precaution to a COVID-19 vaccine at their appointment can and should be administered vaccine.
- Immediate allergic reaction* to any non-COVID-19 or injectable therapy (i.e., intramuscular, intravenous, or subcutaneous vaccines or therapies [excluding subcutaneous immunotherapy for allergies, i.e., “allergy shots”])
  - This includes non-COVID-19 vaccines and therapies with multiple components and the component(s) that elicited the reaction is unknown
- Immediate (within 4 hours after vaccination) non-severe, allergic reaction to a previous dose of the COVID-19 vaccine
- Contradiction to one type of COVID-19 vaccines (mRNA) is a precaution to other types of COVID-19 vaccines (Janssen)
- Moderate to severe acute illness

For more information, see Interim Clinical Considerations for Use of COVID-19 Vaccines Currently Authorized in the United States at www.cdc.gov/vaccines/covid-19/info-by-product/clinical-considerations.html.

Management of Anaphylaxis

Be prepared to manage medical emergencies.
- Have a written protocol to manage medical emergencies following vaccination, as well as equipment and medications, including at least 3 doses of epinephrine, H1 antihistamine, blood pressure monitor, and timing device to assess pulse.
- Healthcare personnel who are trained and qualified to recognize the signs and symptoms of anaphylaxis as well as administer intramuscular epinephrine should be available at the vaccination location at all times.


Document the Vaccination

COVID-19 vaccination providers must document vaccine administration in their medical record systems within 24 hours of administration and use their best efforts to report administration data to the relevant system (i.e., immunization information system) for the jurisdiction as soon as practicable and no later than 72 hours after administration.

Document each recipient's vaccine administration information in the:
- Medical record:
  - Vaccine and the date it was administered
  - Manufacturer and lot number
  - Vaccination site and route
  - Name and title of the person administering the vaccine
- Personal vaccination record card (shot card):
  - Date of vaccination, product name/manufacturer, lot number, and name/location of the administering clinic or healthcare professional. Give to the vaccine recipient.
- Immunization information system (IIS) or “registry”:
  - Report the vaccination to the appropriate state/local IIS.

Reporting Adverse Events

Healthcare professionals are required to report to the Vaccine Adverse Event Reporting System (VAERS):
- Vaccine administration errors (whether associated with an adverse event [AE] or not)
- Serious AEs (irrespective of attribution to vaccination)
- Multisystem inflammatory syndrome (MIS) in adults or children
- Cases of COVID-19 that result in hospitalization or death
- Any additional AEs and revised safety reporting requirements per the Food and Drug Administration's conditions for use of an authorized vaccine throughout the duration of the EUA

Adverse events should be reported even if the cause is uncertain. Healthcare professionals are also encouraged to report any clinically significant AEs that occur after vaccine administration.

Submit reports to www.vaers.hhs.gov.

For additional information, see the vaccine manufacturer's product information at www.cvd vaccine.com.

For additional information on preventing, reporting, and managing mRNA COVID-19 vaccine administration errors, see https://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/covid-19/info-by-product/clinical-considerations.html# Appendix-A

* An immediate allergic reaction is defined as any hypersensitivity-related signs or symptoms such as urticaria, angioedema, respiratory distress (e.g., wheezing, stridor), or anaphylaxis that occur within 4 hours following exposure to a vaccine or medication.

† Consider consultation with an allergist-immunologist to help determine if the patient can safely receive vaccination. Healthcare providers and health departments may also request a consultation from the Clinical Immunization Safety Assessment COVIDvax Project (https://www.cdc.gov/vaccinesafety/ensuringsafety/monitoring/cisa/index.html). Vaccination of these individuals should only be done in an appropriate setting under the supervision of a healthcare provider experienced in the management of severe allergic reactions.
- People with a contraindication to mRNA COVID-19 vaccines (including due to a known PEG allergy) have a precaution to Janssen COVID-19 vaccination. People who have previously received an mRNA COVID-19 vaccine dose should wait at least 28 days to receive Janssen COVID-19 Vaccine.
- People with a contraindication to Janssen COVID-19 Vaccine (including due to a known polysorbate allergy) have a precaution to mRNA COVID-19 vaccination.