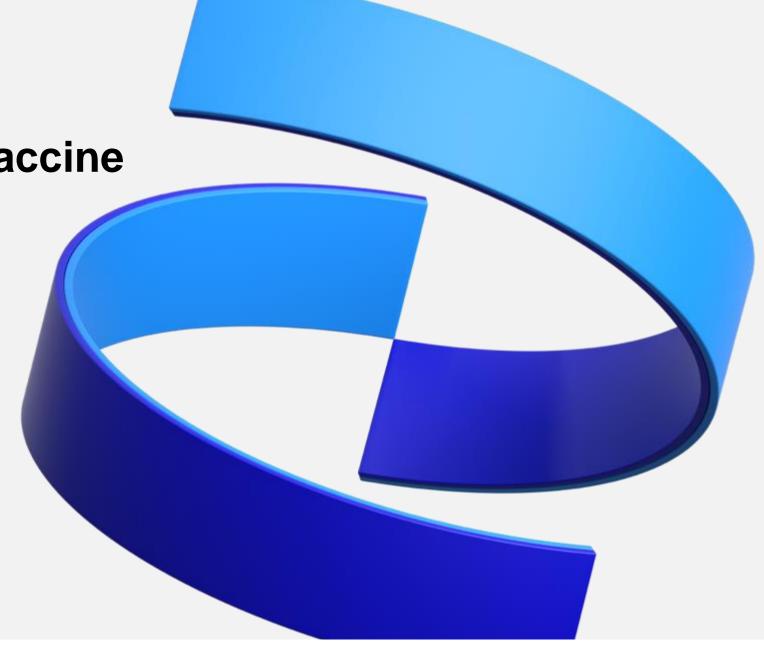
Monovalent XBB.1.5 BNT162b2 COVID-19 Vaccine

**ACIP Presentation September 12, 2023** 



#### **Presentation Outline**



Kayvon Modjarrad, M.D., Ph.D. Executive Director, Viral Vaccines Vaccine Research and Development, Pfizer Inc.

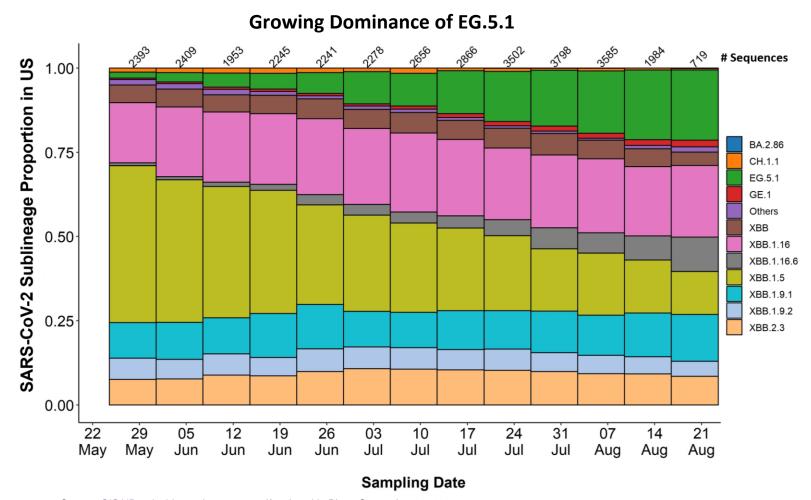
#### **Variant Epidemiology**

# COVID-19 Updated Vaccine Approval Pathway

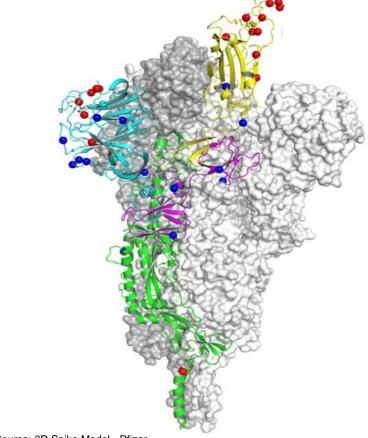
Monovalent XBB.1.5 BNT162b2
Vaccine Activity Against
Contemporary Omicron Sublineages

**Clinical Update** 

# XBB Sublineages Continue to Dominate the Epidemiologic Landscape, Despite the Emergence of New Lineages



BA.2.86 has high mutational density in Spike protein but accounts for <1% of cases



Source: 3D Spike Model - Pfizer

Mutation Prediction - ibloomlab.github.io/SARS2-RBD-escape-calc

## Pathway for COVID-19 Variant-Adapted Vaccine Updates

# COVID-19 Vaccine Development Variant selection Strain Selection ACIP Recommendation Manufacture (pre-clinical and CMC data), Regulatory Submissions and Review Distribute Vaccines

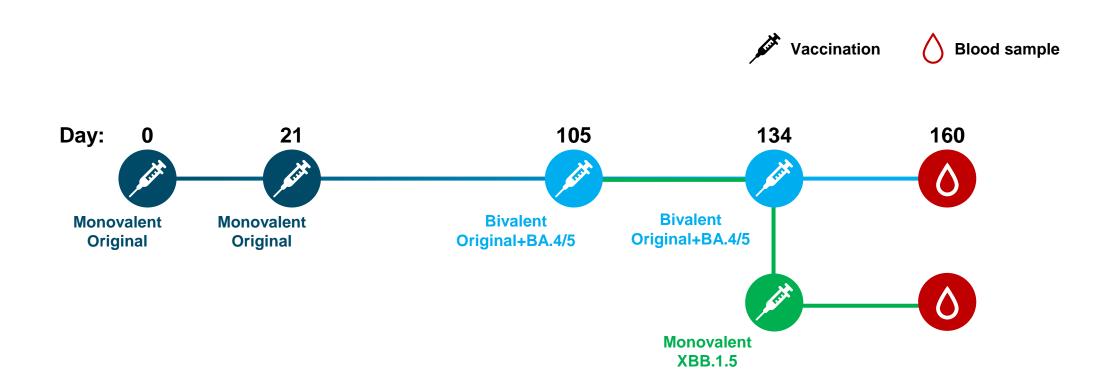
FDA Authorization/Approval

• In accordance with FDA guidance for licensure, preclinical/CMC data package submission and review help ensure timely availability of seasonal variant-matched vaccine, similar to the model for annual influenza vaccine updates.

## Clinical and Preclinical Experience with Variant-modified Vaccines – Supported Bivalent BA.4/5 Vaccine Authorization

Modified Vaccine	Age Group	Vaccine Regimen	Clinical Data	Preclinical Data
<b>Beta</b> monovalent	18 to 55 years		✓ ✓ ✓	✓ ✓ ✓
Omicron BA.1 monovalent	18 to 55 years		✓ ✓ ✓	✓ ✓ ✓
Omicron BA.1 bivalent	18 to 55 years >55 years		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>
Omicron BA.4/5 bivalent	6 months to 11 years 12 to 55 years >55 years	<i>j</i>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>
Omicron XBB.1.5 monovalent	12 to 55 years >55 years	Single Dose	Ongoing	<b>√</b>
	Original Vaccine	Variant Vaccine		

#### **Booster Vaccination Study Design**

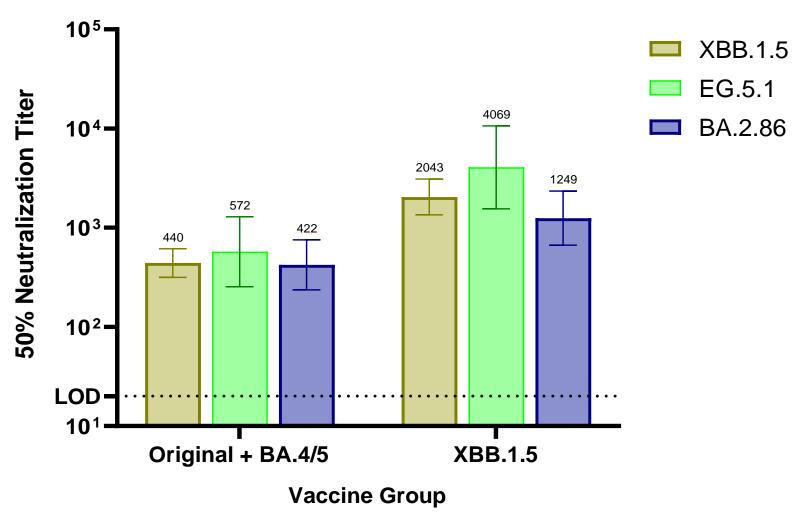


Female Balb/c mice (10 per group) were experienced with a primary series of monovalent BNT162b2 Original vaccine and a 3<sup>rd</sup> booster dose of bivalent BNT162b2 (Original+BA.4/5) vaccine. Mice then received a 4<sup>th</sup> booster dose of either a bivalent BNT162b2 (Original+BA.4/5) or a monovalent BNT162b2 (XBB.1.5) vaccine.

Data were generated by same pseudovirus neutralization assay and from sera of same mouse study presented at VRBPAC June 15, 2023 meeting (<a href="https://www.fda.gov/media/169541/download">https://www.fda.gov/media/169541/download</a>).

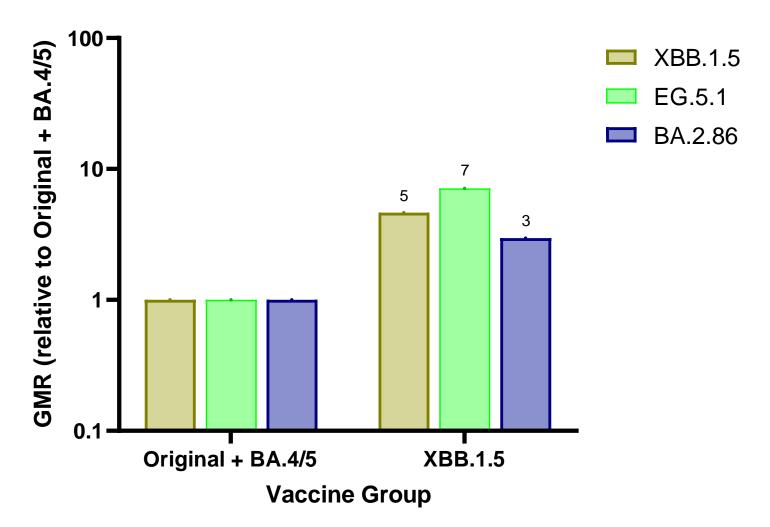
Data on file: Pfizer-BioNTech. September 2023.

## Monovalent XBB.1.5 BNT162b2 Booster Vaccine Effectively Neutralized Predominant and Emerging Variants



Data were generated by the same pseudovirus neutralization assay and from sera of same mouse study that generated data that were presented at VRBPAC June 15, 2023 Meeting (<a href="https://www.fda.gov/media/169541/download">https://www.fda.gov/media/169541/download</a>). 50% Neutralization Titers are Geometric Mean Titers of 10 mice per vaccine group. LOD, limit of detection; the lowest serum dilution of 1:20.

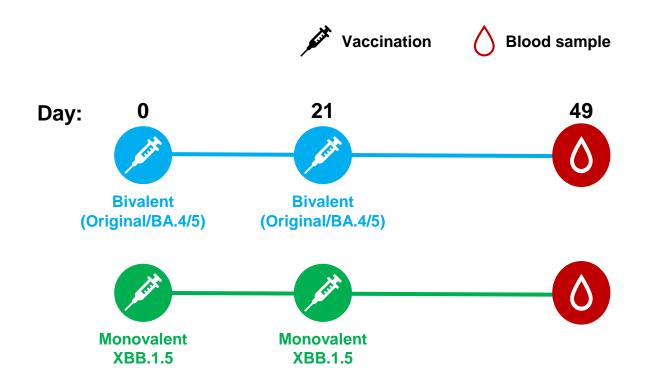
## Monovalent XBB.1.5 BNT162b2 Booster Vaccine Elicited Substantially Higher Neutralizing Response Compared to the Bivalent Vaccine



Data were generated by same pseudovirus neutralization assay and from sera of same mouse study that generated data that were presented at VRBPAC June 15, 2023 Meeting (<a href="https://www.fda.gov/media/169541/download">https://www.fda.gov/media/169541/download</a>).

GMR = Geometric Mean Ratio of the Geometric Mean Titer (GMT) of Monovalent XBB.1.5 divided by GMT of WT+BA.4/5 group. LOD, limit of detection; the lowest serum dilution of 1:20.

## **Primary Series Study Design**

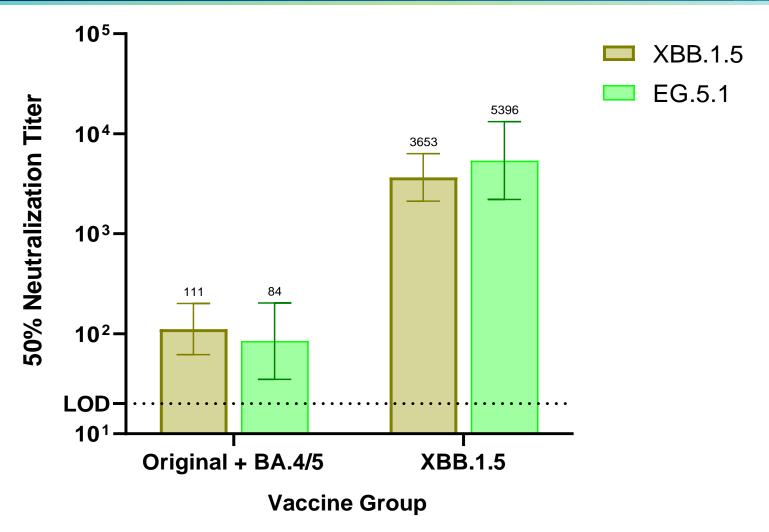


Female Balb/c mice (10 per group) were administered 2 doses (21 days apart) of either bivalent BNT162b2 (Original+BA.4/5) or monovalent BNT162b2 (XBB.1.5) vaccine.

Data were generated by same pseudovirus neutralization assay and from sera of same mouse study presented at VRBPAC June 15, 2023 meeting (<a href="https://www.fda.gov/media/169541/download">https://www.fda.gov/media/169541/download</a>).

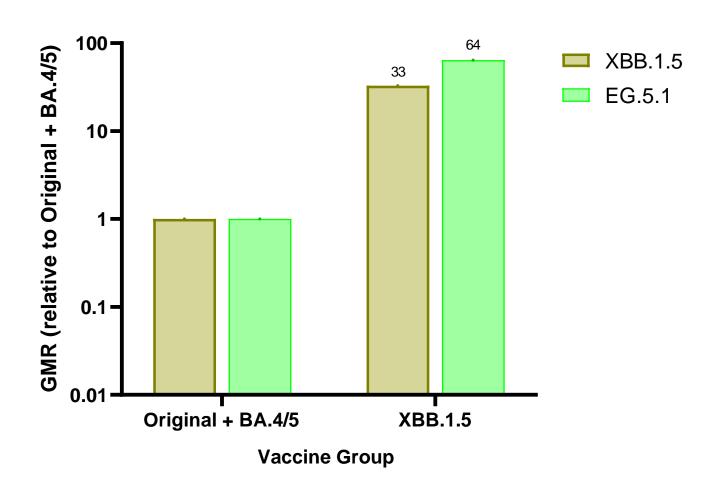
Data on file: Pfizer-BioNTech. September 2023.

## Monovalent XBB.1.5 BNT162b2 Primary Series Effectively Neutralized EG.5.1 and XBB.1.5



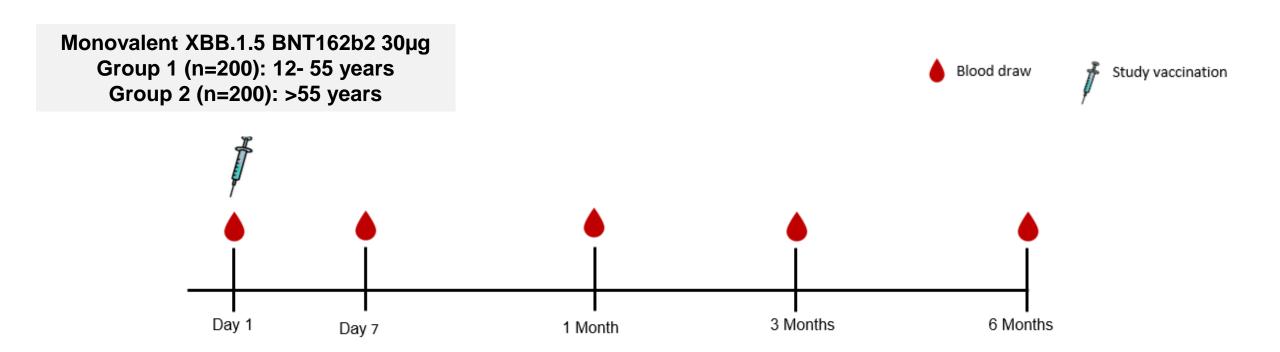
These data were generated by same pseudovirus neutralization assay and from sera of same mouse study that generated data that were presented at VRBPAC June 15, 2023 Meeting (<a href="https://www.fda.gov/media/169541/download">https://www.fda.gov/media/169541/download</a>). 50% Neutralization Titers are Geometric Mean Titers of 10 mice per vaccine group. LOD, limit of detection; the lowest serum dilution of 1:20.

## Monovalent XBB.1.5 BNT162b2 Primary Series Elicited Substantially Higher Neutralizing Response Compared to the Bivalent Vaccine



These data were generated by same pseudovirus neutralization assay and from sera of same mouse study that generated data that were presented at VRBPAC June 15, 2023 Meeting (<a href="https://www.fda.gov/media/169541/download">https://www.fda.gov/media/169541/download</a>). GMR = Geometric Mean Ratio of the Geometric Mean Titer (GMT) of Monovalent XBB.1.5 and Bivalent XBB.1.5+BA.4/5 divided by GMT of WT+BA.4/5 group. LOD. limit of detection: the lowest serum dilution of 1:20.

# Monovalent XBB.1.5 BNT162b2 Clinical Study in Individuals ≥ 12 years



## Summary

- The SARS-CoV-2 epidemiologic landscape remains dominated by XBB sublineages.
- Monovalent XBB.1.5 BNT162b2 is equally immunogenic against XBB.1.5, EG.5.1 and BA.2.86, in a COVID-19 vaccine-experienced preclinical study.
- Variant-adapted vaccines improve immune responses against antigenically matched and closely related strains.
- A preclinical/CMC package for variant-adapted COVID-19 vaccine fulfilled licensure criteria.

Monovalent XBB.1.5
Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19

**Vaccine** 

ACIP September 12, 2023

