
REPORT TO CONGRESS

The Management of Traumatic Brain Injury in Children
Children are at higher risk than adults for long-term effects of a traumatic brain injury (TBI) due to their developing brains. Many of the effects of a TBI happen after a child leaves the medical setting, so coordination among parents, healthcare providers, and schools is needed to bridge gaps in care.

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) released a Report to Congress detailing information on current health and educational systems involved with the management of TBI in children. The report identifies gaps in care and describes actions that can be taken to address those gaps.

IN 2013 ALONE, TBI AMONG CHILDREN CONTRIBUTED TO:

- 640,000 Emergency Department Visits
- 18,000 Hospital Stays

go.usa.gov/xnvbq