DEAR SCHOOL STAFF:

This letter offers input from a healthcare provider with experience in treating concussion, a type of traumatic brain injury. This letter was created to help school professionals and parents support students returning to school after a concussion. You can use these recommendations to make decisions about support for your student based on his or her specific needs. This letter is not intended to create a 504 Plan or an IEP unless school professionals determine that one is needed. Most students will only need short-term support as they recover from a concussion. A strong relationship between the healthcare provider, the school, and the parents will help your student recover and return to school.

_________________________ was seen for a concussion on ______________

Student Name

Date

in ___________________________ office or clinic.

Healthcare Provider’s Name

The student is currently reporting the following symptoms:

**PHYSICAL**

☐ Bothered by light or noise
☐ Dizziness or balance problems
☐ Feeling tired, no energy
☐ Headaches
☐ Nausea or vomiting
☐ Vision problems

**THINKING OR REMEMBERING**

☐ Attention or concentration problems
☐ Feeling slowed down
☐ Foggy or groggy
☐ Problems with short- or long-term memory
☐ Trouble thinking clearly

**SOCIAL OR EMOTIONAL**

☐ Anxiety or nervousness
☐ Irritability or easily angered
☐ Feeling more emotional
☐ Sadness

**SLEEP**

☐ Sleeping less than usual
☐ Sleeping more than usual
☐ Trouble falling asleep

The student also reported these symptoms:

________________________________________________________________________

________________________________________________________________________

________________________________________________________________________
Based on the student’s current symptoms, I recommend that the student:

- Be permitted to return to school and activities while school professionals closely monitor the student. School professionals should observe and check in with the student for the first two weeks, and note if symptoms worsen. If symptoms do not worsen during an activity, then this activity is OK for the student. If symptoms worsen, the student should cut back on time spent engaging in that activity, and may need some short-term support at school. Tell the student to update his or her teachers and school counselor if symptoms worsen.

- Is excused from school for ____________ days.

- Return to school with the following changes until his or her symptoms improve.
  
  (NOTE: Making short-term changes to a student's daily school activities can help him or her return to a regular routine more quickly. As the student begins to feel better, you can slowly remove these changes.)

Based on the student’s symptoms, please make the short-term changes checked below:

- No physical activity during recess
- No physical education (PE) class
- No after school sports
- Shorten school day
- Later school start time
- Reduce the amount of homework
- Postpone classroom tests or standardized testing
- Provide extended time to complete school work, homework, or take tests
- Provide written notes for school lessons and assignments (when possible)
- Allow for a quiet place to take rest breaks throughout the day
- Lessen the amount of screen time for the student, such as on computers, tablets, etc.
- Give ibuprofen or acetaminophen to help with headaches (as needed)
- Allow the student to wear sunglasses, earplugs, or headphones if bothered by light or noise

- Other: ______________________________
  ______________________________

Most children with a concussion feel better within a couple of weeks. However, for some, symptoms can last for a month or longer. If there are any symptoms that concern you, or are getting worse, notify the student’s parents that the student should be seen by a healthcare provider as soon as possible.

For information on helping students return to school safely after a concussion, visit www.cdc.gov/HEADSUP.