

EXTINGUISHING THE TOBACCO EPIDEMIC *in* NORTH CAROLINA

THE PROBLEM

Cigarette smoking remains the leading cause of preventable death and disability in the United States, despite a significant decline in the number of people who smoke. Over 16 million Americans have at least one disease caused by smoking. This amounts to \$170 billion in direct medical costs that could be saved every year if we could prevent youth from starting to smoke and help every person who smokes to quit.



NORTH CAROLINA KEY FACTS

In 2015, **31.4%** of U.S. high school **youth** reported currently using **any tobacco product**, including e-cigarettes. Among North Carolina high school **youth**, **13.1%** reported currently smoking **cigarettes**.

\$2.1M

Was received from CDC for tobacco prevention and control activities in FY 2016

19.0%

Of adults smoked cigarettes in 2015

14,200

Adults die from smoking-related illnesses each year

\$3.8B

Was spent on healthcare costs due to smoking in 2009

PUBLIC HEALTH RESPONSE TO TOBACCO USE IN NORTH CAROLINA

People are more likely to quit smoking successfully if they have access to FDA-approved cessation medications and counseling. North Carolina continues to look for opportunities to increase demand for quitting by providing tools to help smokers quit. For example, the state's health foundation signed service agreements with the Appalachian Health District and the Caldwell County Health Department to provide eight weeks of nicotine replacement therapy to residents of these areas. The state continues to increase the number of partnerships to expand capacity of the quitline. Also, the state has worked with partners from Duke Cancer Center and the University of North Carolina School of Medicine's Nicotine Dependence Center to create a Certified Tobacco Treatment Specialist Training for licensed clinic staff.

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U.S. Department of
Health and Human Services
Centers for Disease
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CDC's ROLE IN ADVANCING STATE TOBACCO CONTROL PROGRAMS

North Carolina is one of 50 states plus DC that receives funding and technical support from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention to support comprehensive tobacco control efforts and quitlines. The Office on Smoking and Health (OSH) is the lead federal agency for comprehensive tobacco prevention and control. For decades, OSH has led public health efforts to prevent young people from using tobacco and to help all tobacco users to quit.

CDC's TIPS FROM FORMER SMOKERS™ (Tips™) CAMPAIGN HELPS NORTH CAROLINA SMOKERS QUIT SMOKING



Despite significant progress, tobacco use remains the leading preventable cause of death and disease in the US. The good news is that 7 out of 10 smokers want to quit smoking. That is why since 2012 CDC has been educating the public about the consequences of smoking and exposure to secondhand smoke and encouraging smokers to quit through a federally funded, national tobacco education campaign, *Tips From Former Smokers*. The campaign features former smokers suffering from the real consequences of smoking.

The *Tips* campaign connects smokers with resources to help them quit, including a quitline number (1-800-QUIT-NOW) which routes callers to their state quitline. The North Carolina quitline provides free cessation services, including counseling and medication. These services are effective in improving health outcomes and reducing healthcare costs.

"I was thinking about relapsing today and the new commercials came on. It changed my mind real fast. You don't understand the power of these commercials until you have made the decision to quit. Terrie Hall makes me cry every time . . . that could easily be me."

– Justin: January 2016

Incoming calls to the North Carolina state quitline increased by an average **59%** during the 2016 *Tips* campaign. The Campaign generated a total of **19,214** calls to the North Carolina state quitline from January 25th to June 12th, 2016.

NORTH CAROLINA TOBACCO PREVENTION & CONTROL PROGRAMS REDUCE HEALTHCARE COSTS

Tobacco prevention and control activities are a public health "best buy." Evidence-based, statewide tobacco control programs that are comprehensive, sustained, and accountable have been shown to reduce the number of people who smoke, as well as tobacco-related diseases and deaths. For every dollar spent on tobacco prevention, states can reduce tobacco-related health care expenditures and hospitalizations by up to \$55. The longer and more states invest, the larger the reductions in youth and adult smoking. A comprehensive statewide tobacco control program includes efforts to:



1 Prevent initiation of tobacco use especially among youth and young adults



2 Promote cessation and assist tobacco users to quit



3 Protect people from secondhand smoke

For more information on tobacco prevention and control, visit cdc.gov/tobacco.

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