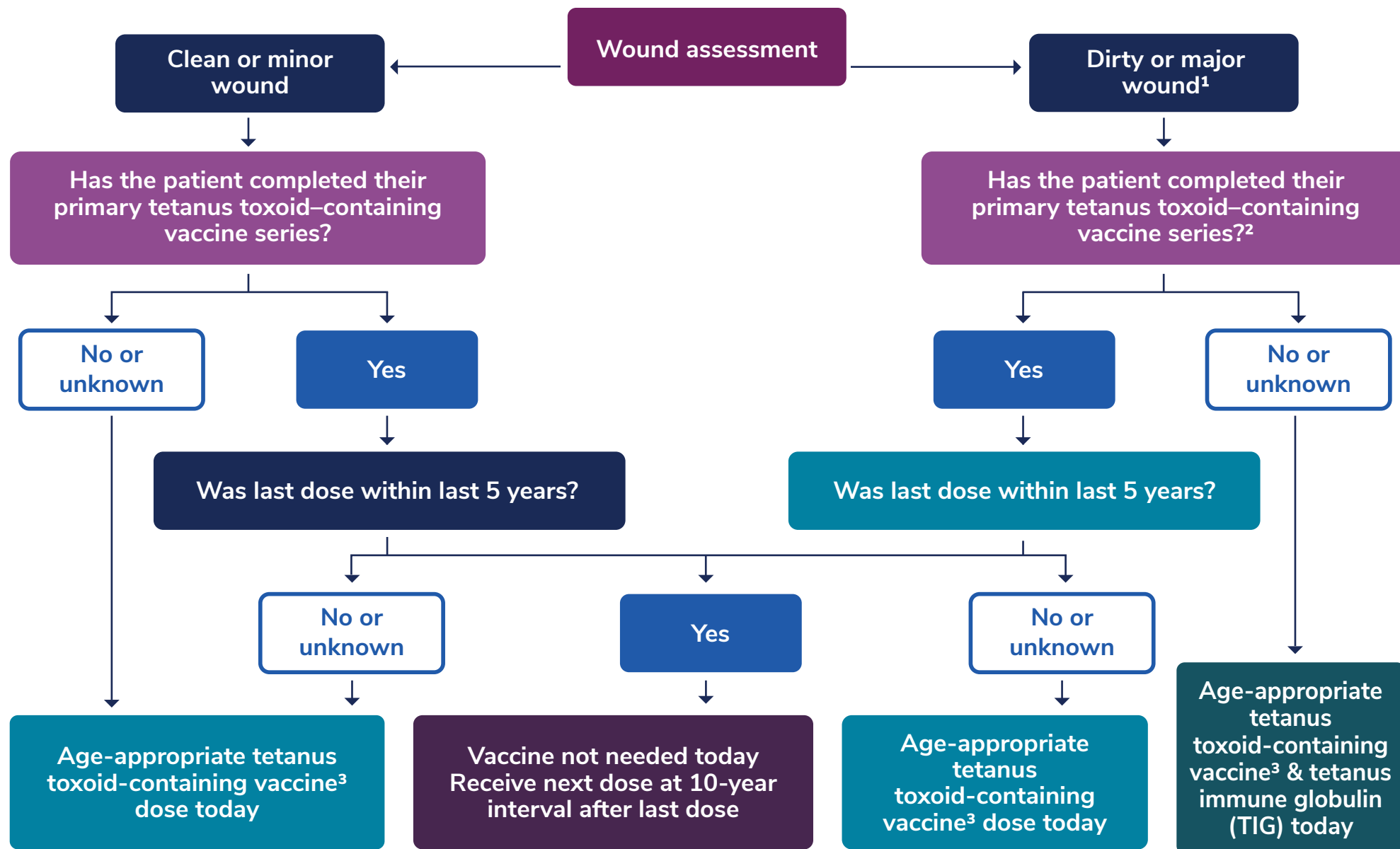


Tetanus Prevention in Wounds: Assessment for Need for Tetanus Toxoid-Containing Vaccination and/or Tetanus Immune Globulin



¹Such as, but not limited to, wounds contaminated with dirt, soil, feces, or saliva (e.g., animal or human bites); penetrating or puncture wounds; wounds containing devitalized tissue; burns, crush injuries, compound fractures, frostbite, necrotic or gangrenous wounds.

²Persons with HIV infection or severe immunodeficiency who have dirty or major wounds should also receive TIG, regardless of their history of tetanus immunization.

³DTaP is recommended for children aged <7 years. Tdap is preferred to Td for persons aged ≥11 years who have not previously received Tdap. Persons aged ≥7 years who are not fully immunized against pertussis, tetanus or diphtheria should receive one dose of Tdap for wound management and as part of the catch-up series.