TAKE ON TB

Too many people in the U.S. still suffer from tuberculosis (TB).

TB IN THE U.S.



Up to

13 million
people could have
latent TB infection



8,331 people were diagnosed with TB disease in 2022



602 people died of TB-related causes in 2021

The effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on TB trends in the United States are complex and will likely persist for many years.

To learn more about TB, visit: www.cdc.gov/tb



OCTOBER 2023

HEALTHCARE PROVIDERS CAN TAKE ACTION TO END TB

1 Think TB



Recognize risk factors and symptoms of TB.

2 Test for TB



Use the TB blood test for people at increased risk of TB.

3 Treat TB



Prescribe shorter regimens to help patients finish treatment.

TB CAN HAPPEN ANYWHERE & TO ANYONE

But some groups are at greater risk of TB than others. To eliminate TB, we must prioritize groups at increased risk of TB.

7 out of 10 QQQQ QQQQ

TB cases occurred among non-U.S.-born persons

Racial and ethnic disparities in TB diagnoses continue to exist.

TB Incidence Rates per 100,000 Population 24.4 14.1 4.6 3.1 1.2 0.4 American Black or Hispanic **Native** White Asian Multiple Indian or African Hawaiian or Race or Alaska **American** Latino Other Pacific Native Islander

CDC IS COMMITTED TO ENDING TB IN THE UNITED STATES

CDC supports finding and treating TB disease and expanding testing and treatment for latent TB infection through:



Vigilant surveillance



Better diagnostics & treatment options



Engaging affected communities & medical providers



Supporting local & state health departments