CASE STUDY 1

Mrs. Booker is a 76 year-old woman who lives independently in her own home. She has come in to your primary care clinic for a wellness visit.

Self-Risk Assessment

Mrs. Booker completes the Stay Independent brochure in the waiting room. She circles “Yes” to the questions, “I have fallen in the last 6 months” and “I take medicine to help me sleep or improve my mood.” Her risk score is 3.

Gait, Strength & Balance Assessment (Completed and documented by medical assistant)

Timed Up and Go: 12 seconds. Gait: decreased arm swing but otherwise normal.

30-Second Chair Stand Test: Able to rise from the chair without using her arms to push herself up. Score of 14 stands.

4-Stage Balance Test: Able to hold a full tandem stance for 10 seconds unsupported without postural sway.

History

When asked, Mrs. Booker reports she fell the previous week but wasn’t hurt and so didn’t seek medical attention. She says she was out walking with a friend, they were talking and she wasn’t looking where she was going, and she tripped over a crack in the sidewalk. This was her first fall.

Mrs. Booker reports that she usually walks about 2 miles each day around her neighborhood. She feels steady when walking at all times, even when out of doors. She tries to avoid potholes and usually watches out for cracks in the sidewalk so she won’t trip. She’s not afraid of falling. Walking is her only form of exercise.

Medical Problem List

- Seizure disorder
- Schizoaffective disorder
- Chronic kidney disease stage 3
- Hypothyroidism
CASE STUDY 1 (cont.)

Medications
1. Depakote 250 mg twice daily
2. Zyprexa 12.5 mg daily
3. Ativan 0.5 mg twice daily
4. Levothyroxine 750 mcg daily
5. Colace 250 mg daily
6. Tylenol 500 mg 4 times daily as needed for pain

Review of Systems
Positive for poor eyesight, urinary incontinence, and nocturia >2 times a night.

Physical Exam
Constitutional: Well-developed, well-nourished, irritable but cooperative with exam.
Head: Normocephalic / atraumatic.
ENMT: Wearing glasses. Acuity 20/30 R, 20/40 L.
CV: Regular rhythm, tachycardic S1/S2 without murmurs, rubs, or gallops.
Respiratory: Clear to auscultation bilaterally.
GI: Normal bowel tones, non-tender, non-distended.
Musculoskeletal: Strength: 5/5 throughout UE; LE strength 5/5 throughout except 4-/5 at bilateral hip flexors. No knee joint laxity. Foot exam shows no calluses, ulcerations, or deformities.
Tone/abnormal movements: No tremor, bradykinesia, or rigidity. Sensation, proprioception, and DTRs normal.
Psych: PHQ-2 = 0/6.

Identified Fall Risk Factors
Mrs. Booker’s answers on the Stay Independent brochure indicate she has fallen in the past year. The results of the assessment tests indicate that her gait speed is somewhat slower than normal but her balance and strength tests are both within normal limits.

- She is taking two psychoactive medications, Zyprexa and Ativan.
- She is complaining of vision problems.
- She has issues with incontinence and gets up during the night to void.
CASE STUDY 1 (cont.)

Fall Prevention Recommendations

- Discuss fall prevention, tailoring your suggestions based on the “Stages of Change” model. Emphasize that a fall is not simply “bad luck” or an “accident” that will never happen again.

- Provide the CDC fall prevention brochures, *What You Can Do to Prevent Falls* and *Check for Safety*.

- Provide the *Chair Rise Exercise* handout and suggest she begin doing this exercise daily.

- Refer to a community exercise, fitness, or fall prevention program to optimize leg strength and balance by including strength and balance exercises as part of her exercise routine.

- Consider whether doses of her psychoactive medications could be reduced or any eliminated.

- Refer to an ophthalmologist for eye exam and updated prescription. Suggest she discuss with her ophthalmologist getting a pair of single lens distance glasses for walking outside.

- Recommend night lights or leaving hall and/or bathroom lights on overnight to reduce the risk of falling when getting up to void.

- Recommend DEXA scan to assess her bone mineral density and add 1,000 IU vitamin D as a daily supplement for both osteoporosis and fall risk reduction.

- Recommend having grab bars installed inside and outside the tub or shower.