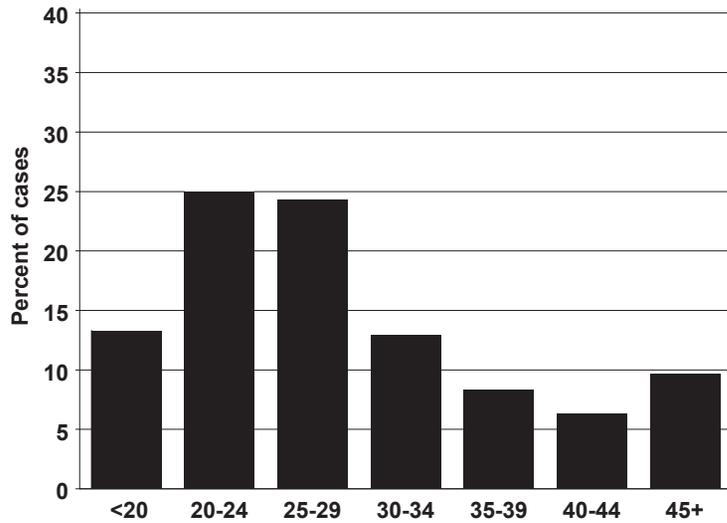
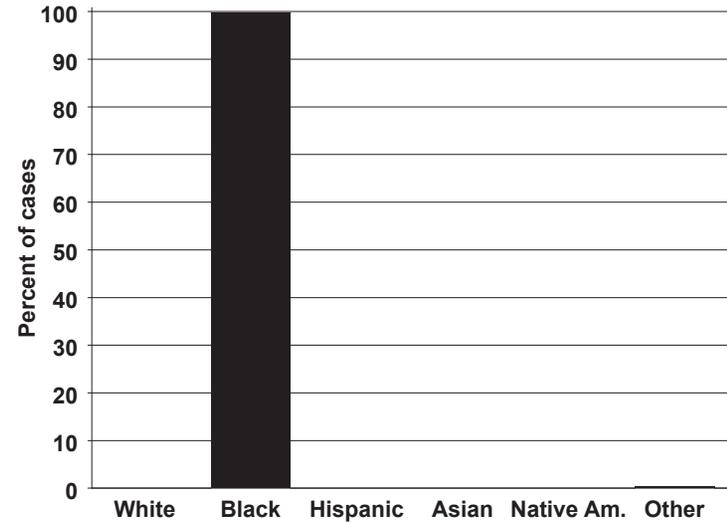


Detroit, Michigan - 2006 (N=300)

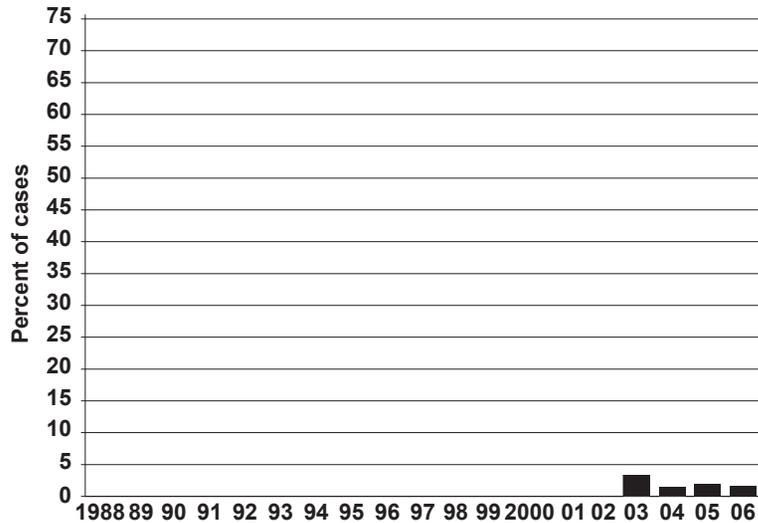
**Figure A. Age of GISP participants, in years, 2006**



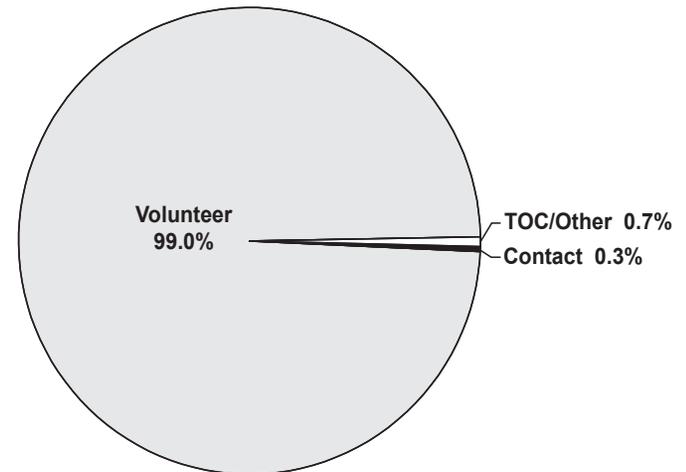
**Figure B. Race/ethnicity of GISP participants, 2006**



**Figure C. Percentage of GISP participants identifying as men who have sex with men, 1988-2006**

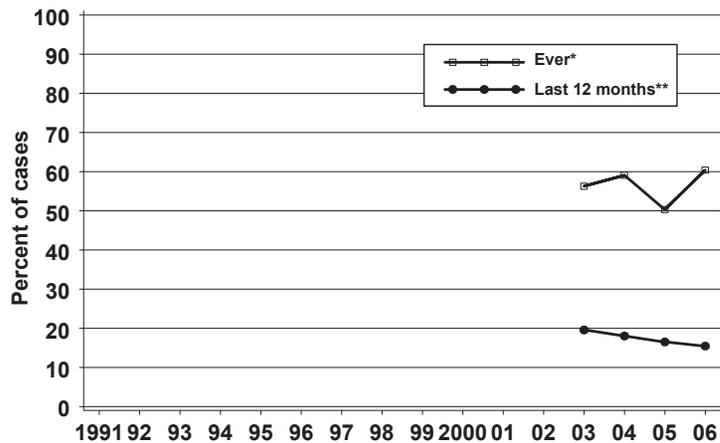


**Figure D. Reason for visit among GISP participants, 2006**



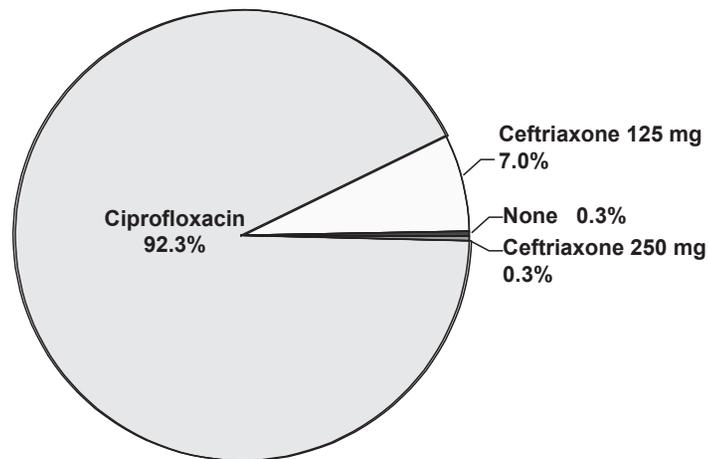
Detroit, Michigan - 2006 (N=300)

**Figure E. Previous episode of gonorrhoea among GISP participants, 1991-2006**

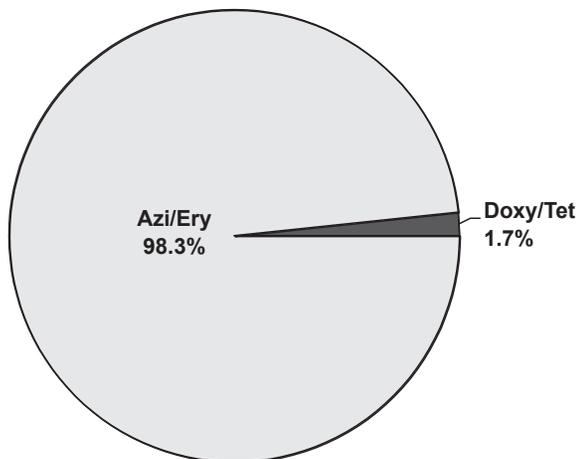


\*Data first collected in 1991.    \*\*Data first collected in 1992.  
 Note: Data points not shown when >30% data missing.

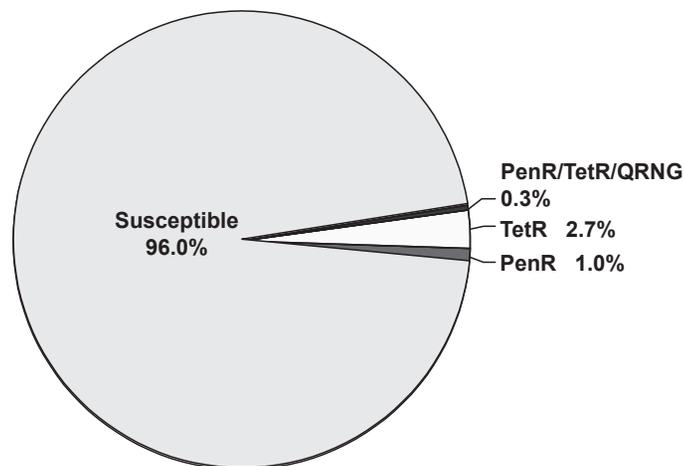
**Figure F. Drugs used to treat gonorrhoea among GISP participants, 2006**



**Figure G. Drugs used to treat *Chlamydia trachomatis* infection among GISP participants, 2006**



**Figure H. Resistance to penicillin, tetracycline, and ciprofloxacin among GISP isolates, 2006**



Detroit, Michigan - 2006 (N=300)

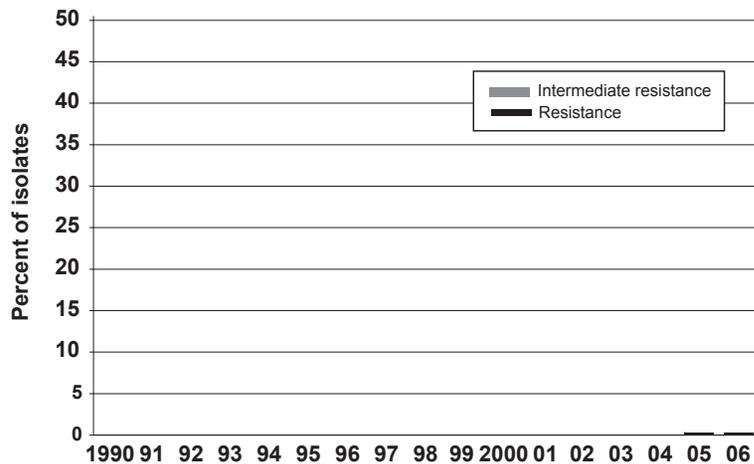
**Figure I. Decreased susceptibility to ceftriaxone among GISP isolates, 1990-2006**

No isolates with decreased susceptibility to ceftriaxone have been identified at this clinic during this time period.

**Figure J. Decreased susceptibility to cefixime among GISP isolates, 1992-2006**

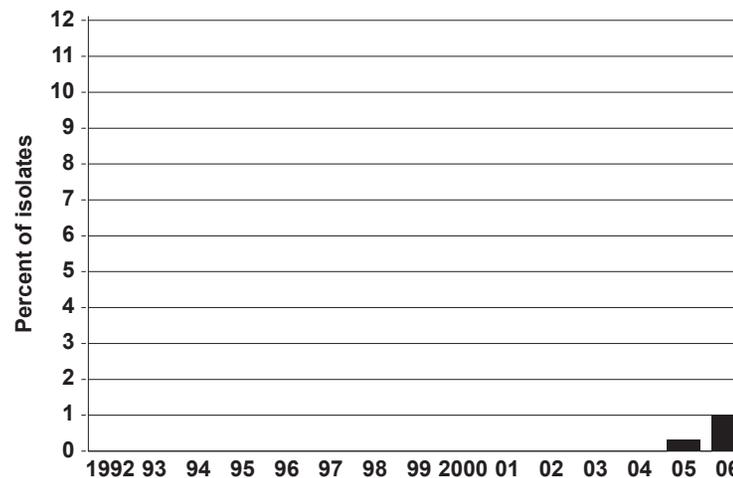
No isolates with decreased susceptibility to cefixime have been identified at this clinic during this time period.

**Figure K. Intermediate resistance and resistance to ciprofloxacin among GISP isolates, 1990-2006**



Note: Susceptibility to ciprofloxacin first measured in 1990.

**Figure L. Decreased susceptibility to azithromycin among GISP isolates, 1992-2006**



Note: Susceptibility to azithromycin first measured in 1992.  
 Note: Decreased susceptibility to azithromycin is defined here as  $\geq 1.0 \mu\text{g/ml}$ .  
 No NCCLS criteria currently exist.