If You Have Monkeypox:

Self Care

Taking Care of Yourself

- Use gauze or bandages to cover the rash to limit spread to others and to the environment.

- Don't lance (pop) or scratch lesions from the rash.

- Do not shave the area with the rash until the scabs have fallen off and a new layer of skin has formed.

- Keep skin lesions/rash clean and dry when not showering or bathing.

- Wash hands often with soap and water or use an alcohol-based hand sanitizer, especially after direct contact with the rash.

- If you have rash on your hands, be careful when washing or using sanitizer so as not to irritate the rash.

- If you have rash on your hands, wear gloves that are non-irritating when handling common objects or touching surfaces in shared spaces. If you can, use disposable gloves that can be discarded after each use. Reusable gloves should be washed with soap and water between use.

- Wear a well-fitting mask around other people until the rash and all other symptoms have resolved.

- Eat healthy and get plenty of rest to allow your body to heal.

Managing Your Pain Symptoms

- Medicines like ibuprofen (Advil, Motrin) and acetaminophen (Tylenol) can help you feel better. Your healthcare provider may prescribe stronger pain relievers.

- For rash in the mouth, rinse with salt water at least four times a day. Prescription mouthwashes, or local anesthetics like viscous lidocaine can be used to manage pain. Oral antiseptics like chlorhexidine mouthwash can be used to help keep the mouth clean.

- Contact your healthcare provider if pain becomes severe and unmanageable at home.

Rash Relief

- The most important thing is to try to not touch or scratch the rash. This can spread the rash, increase the chance of spreading the virus to others, and possibly cause infection by bacteria. If you do accidentally touch the rash, wash your hands with soap and water and avoid touching sensitive areas like your eyes, nose, mouth, genitals, and rectum (butthole).

- Topical benzocaine/lidocaine gels can be used for temporary relief. Oral antihistamines such as Benadryl and topical creams such as calamine lotion or petroleum jelly may help with itching.

- Soaking in a warm bath (using oatmeal or other over-the-counter bath products for itchy skin) may offer some relief to the dry, itchy sensations.

- People who have the rash in or around their anus (butthole) or genitals (penis, testicles, labia, vagina), or perineum (taint) may also benefit from a sitz-bath. A sitz bath is a round, shallow basin. There is also the option to sit in a bathtub with shallow, warm water. Your healthcare provider may prescribe medication like povidone-iodine or other products to be added to the water in a sitz bath. Adding Epsom salt, vinegar, or baking soda to the water can be soothing.