A critical source of funding for state, local, and territorial public health departments, PHEP supports the National Response Framework through the development of emergency-ready public health departments that are flexible and adaptable. The PHEP program annually provides vital resources to ensure local communities can respond effectively to infectious disease outbreaks, natural disasters, and chemical, biological, radiological, or nuclear events. Many resources states now use to respond to public health emergencies would not exist without PHEP support.

Since 2002, the PHEP program has provided funding to public health departments across the nation to develop and advance their capacity to effectively respond to a range of public health threats. Most recently, PHEP funding provided $616 million to state, local, and territorial public health departments. A large portion of PHEP funds supports staff on the ground who assist with preparedness and response activities. In the last decade, the PHEP program has supported over 4,000+ doctors, nurses, and emergency response specialists serving in more than 8,000 state and local public health emergency operations center activations.

CDC assists PHEP awardees by sharing technical expertise, best practices, and lessons learned, along with providing tools and resources needed to identify gaps and advance preparedness capabilities. By working side by side with PHEP awardees, CDC helps ensure that state, local, and territorial public health departments meet or exceed established standards for public health preparedness capabilities.

For more information about the PHEP Program, visit [www.cdc.gov/phpr/map.htm](http://www.cdc.gov/phpr/map.htm).

CDC identified 15 public health preparedness capabilities critical to public health preparedness.

**OKLAHOMA TOP PHEP CAPABILITY INVESTMENTS**

(excludes funding for sub-awardee contracts)

- Medical Materiel Management & Distribution—27%
- Public Health Laboratory Testing—25%
- Emergency Operations Coordination—20%
- Public Health Surveillance & Epidemiologic Investigation—15%
- Community Recovery—13%

For a complete list of all 15 public health preparedness capabilities, visit [www.cdc.gov/phpr/capabilities/index.htm](http://www.cdc.gov/phpr/capabilities/index.htm).

Through the PHEP program, states, territories, and localities are required to develop emergency plans covering children, pregnant women, and other vulnerable populations.

Older adults, and people with certain chronic conditions may require specialized medications, equipment, and other assistance.

In Oklahoma,

- 36.8% of households included children
- 4.1% of respondents who know they are pregnant
- 19.6% of respondents 65 or older
- 12% of respondents who reported having diabetes
- 25.9% of respondents who reported a condition that limits activities
- 10.3% of respondents who reported a health problem that required the use of specialized equipment

Jurisdictional risk assessments (JRA) help to determine public health, medical, and mental/behavioral risks that may impact systems and services.

In Oklahoma, the most recent JRA was completed between: [   -   ]
### Field Staff 2015–2016

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of PHEP-funded field staff</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

### Information Sharing 2015

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Percentage of responses by partners to information requests within requested timeframe in an emergency or exercise</th>
<th>100%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

### Emergency Operations Coordination 2013 2014 2015

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of minutes for public health staff with incident management lead roles to report for immediate duty</th>
<th>15</th>
<th>18</th>
<th>19</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

### Public Health Laboratory Testing 2015

#### Public Health Laboratory Testing: LRN-B

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Proportion of LRN-B proficiency tests passed</th>
<th>1/1</th>
<th>3/3</th>
<th>2/2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

#### Public Health Laboratory Testing: PulseNet

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Percentage of <em>E. coli</em>-positive tests analyzed and uploaded into PulseNet national database within 4 working days</th>
<th>100% (target: 90%)</th>
<th>97% (target: 90%)</th>
<th>100% (target: 90%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Percentage of <em>Listeria</em>-positive tests analyzed and uploaded into PulseNet national database within 4 working days</td>
<td>100% (target: 90%)</td>
<td>100% (target: 90%)</td>
<td>100% (target: 90%)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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**Public Health Emergency Preparedness Cooperative Agreement (PHEP) Program**

**Oklahoma**

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[Centers for Disease Control and Prevention](https://www.cdc.gov) | [Office of Public Health Preparedness and Response](https://www.cdc.gov)