Some older adults were more than twice as likely to have untreated tooth decay.

This is 2x to 3x the amount of untreated decay as comparison groups.

About 1 in 3 adults aged 65 or older who were:
- Mexican American
- non-Hispanic black
- low-income
- had less than a high school education
- currently smoking cigarettes had untreated tooth decay.

Percentage of adults aged 65 or older with untreated tooth decay, 2011–2016:

- Mexican American: 36%
- non-Hispanic black: 29%
- non-Hispanic white*: 13%
- low-income: 33%
- higher-income*: 9%
- less than HS education: 31%
- more than HS education*: 12%
- currently smoking cigarettes: 34%
- never smoked cigarettes*: 14%

Comparison groups: