## General

## National Outbreak Reporting System Waterborne Disease Transmission



This form is used to report waterborne disease outbreaks. Pages 1-5 ask for the minimum or basic information about the outbreak investigation, epidemiological data, and clinical specimen and water test results. These are followed by sections specific to the type of water exposure. Only 1 of the 5 water exposure sections should be completed.

Public reporting burden of this collection of information is estimated to average 20 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden to CDC, Project Clearance Officer, 1600 Clifton Road, MS D-24, Atlanta, GA, 30333, ATTN: PRA (0920-0004) <--DO NOT MAIL CASE REPORTS TO THIS ADDRESS

CDC USE ONLY	11 (0020 0001)	DO NOT WHILE ONCE HELD OF	THO TO THIS ABBITE	.00				
CDC ID	5	State ID					Form App OMB No. 09	
							OIVID NO. 03	120 0004
<b>General Section</b>								
Primary Mode of Transmission (Check one	e)							
■ Food (Complete CDC 52.13) □ Water (Complete the tabs for General, Vab, Water Samples and the type of wa ■ Animal contact (Complete CDC 52.13)	Nater-Gene		■ Environ (Comp	onmental con plete CDC 52.		ner than food/wate	er	
Investigation Methods (Check all that apply	/)							
☐ Interviews only of ill persons ☐ Case-control study ☐ Cohort study ☐ Food preparation review ☐ Water system assessment: Drinking wa ☐ Water system assessment: Nonpotable  Comments			☐ Invest ☐ Invest ☐ Food	cigation at fac cigation at origon product or bo nment/food/v	tory/production		t	
Dates (mm/dd/yyyy)								
Date first case became ill (required)			Date last cas	e became ill _				
Date of initial exposure			Date of last e	exposure				
Date of report to CDC (other than this form,	)							
Date of notification to State/Territory or Lo	cal/Tribal H	ealth Authorities						
Geographic Location								
Exposure state:  Exposure occurred in multiple states  Exposure occurred in a single state, b Other states:  (For multistate exposure or multistate residence occurred in multiple countience occurred in multiple countience occurred in a single county, Other counties:  City/Town/Place of exposure:  (Do not	ut cases readency outbrooms es in exposures but cases in	eaks, enter the case co	or multiple st	ates				
Primary Cases								
Number of primary cases			Sex (Number	or percent of the	e primary cases)			
Lab-confirmed primary cases		#	Male		<del>.</del>	#		%
Probable primary cases		#	Female			#		%
Estimated total primary cases		#	Unknown			#		%
Primary case outcomes Died	# Cases	Total # of cases for whom info is available	Age (Number	or percent of th	e primary cases, %	) 20–49 years	#	%
Hospitalized	#	#		#	70 %	50–49 years	#	%

(excluding ER visits)

Visited Emergency Room

Visited health care provider

#

5-9 years

10-19 years

#

#

%

%

≥ 75 years

Unknown

#

#

#

%

%

General											
<b>Incubation Period,</b>	Duration of Illn	ess. Si	ans or Svr	nptoms	s for P	rimary Cases	s Only				
Incubation Period (Select			<u>,</u>			on of Illness (An		ered cases	s-select appr	opriate	e units)
Shortest			Min, Hours,	Days	Shorte				-		ours, Days
Median			Min, Hours,		Mediar	 1					ours, Days
Longest			Min, Hours,						_		ours, Days
Total # of cases for whom	info is available			,-		of cases for who	m info is a	vailahle		,	20, 20, 5
☐ Unknown incubation						nown duration of		Vallable			
Signs or Symptoms	period				LI OIIK	ilowii duration oi	11111633				
Sign or symptom				# Case	s with s	igns or sympton	ns	Total # c	ases for wh	om in	fo available
Vomiting				" 0400		igno or oympton		Total # 0	4000 101 111		io availabio
Diarrhea											
Bloody stools											
Fever											
Abdominal cramps											
HUS					_						
1103											
					_						
Casandami Casas											
Secondary Cases  Mode of secondary tran	ominaian (Chaok all t	hat annly			Num	ber of secondary					
☐ Food	SIIIISSIUII (DIIECK AII II	наг арріу)								T	Щ
□ Water					-	confirmed secon					#
☐ Animal contact					Proba	able secondary c	ases				#
<ul><li>□ Person-to-person</li><li>□ Environmental contant</li></ul>	nination other than fo	nd/water			Estim	nated total secon	dary case:	3			#
□ Other/Unknown	illiation other than ic	ou, water			Estim	nated total cases	(Primary	+ Seconda	ary)		#
Other CDC System IDs (	If applicable)						<u>:</u>				
		_ 2)				3)		4	)		
OHHABS ID: 1)		2)									
,											
Traceback (For food and  ☐ Please check if traceb		i public w	alei)								
-				1			Torrela	-1	1		
Source name (if publicly available)	<b>Source type</b> (e.g. p processing plant, bott						Iraceba	ck comm	ents		
	, ,			State		Country					
Recall											
☐ Please check if any fo	od or hottled water n	roduct w	ac recalled								
•	d:										
	·										
Reporting Agency											
					E-ma	il:					
					Phon	e #:					
						:					
Contact title:											
	riefly describe important						any advers	e outcomes	coccurred		
in	special populations (e.	g., pregna	nt women, imi	nunocom	romised	persons)					

Water-Genera									
Water - General Section									
Type of Water Exposure (Check ONE box)									
☐ Treated recreational water (e.g., in man. ☐ Untreated recreational water (e.g., wate				-				ldie pools)	
☐ Drinking water in public or individual water pathway (i.e., not limited to in	ater system						,	er kiosk), rega	ardless of the
□ Other water (e.g., cooling/industrial, was country streams)	nter reuse, ii	rrigation, occ	cupational, c	lecorative/di	isplay; includ	des water d	consumed fro	m sources su	ıch as back-
$\square$ Unknown water uses (i.e., the intended	purpose or	use of the v	vater is unkr	nown or the	water expos	ure catego	ory could not b	oe determined	d)
Epidemiologic Data									
1. Estimated total number of persons with	primary wa	ter exposure	e:						
2. Were data collected from comparison gr	roups to est	imate risk?		□ Yes <i>(spec</i>	ify in table b	nelow)	□ No	□ l	Unknown
If <b>NO</b> or <b>UNKNOWN</b> , was water t shared by persons who were ill?	he common	source	[	□ Yes			□ No		Unknown
Exposure in epidemiologic investigation (e.g., pool, waterpark, hot spring, well water)	Total # exposed (A)	# ill exposed (B)	Total # not exposed	# ill not exposed	Attack rate (%) (B/A)	Odds ratio	Relative risk	p-Value (provide exact value)	95% confidence interval
Attack rate for residents of reporting state	e:	%		Attack rat	e for non-re	esidents of	f reporting sta	 	%
Geographic Location									
Percent of ill persons (primary cases) livin	g in reportir	ng state:		%					
Associated Events									
Was exposure associated with a specific e <sup>o</sup> □ Yes □ No □ L	vent or gath Jnknown	ering?							
If <b>YES</b> , what type of event or gathering was	s involved?								
If outbreak occurred during a defined even	t, dates of e	event:							
Start date: End date: _	(mm/dd								
Route of Entry									
☐ Ingestion ☐ Contact		□ Inh	nalation		□ Other (	specify in I	remarks)		□ Unknown

	V	<i>l</i> ater-Et	tiology & Lab						
Outbreak Etiolo	ogy (Report the confirme	d and/or s	suspected etiological age	ent(s) he	ere, even if no clinical s	pecimens were test	ed)		
Confirmed as etiology?	Genus/Chemical/Toxin	}	Species		Serotype/Serogroup/ Serovar	Genotype/ Subtype	Detected in* (list all that apply)	Total # tested primary cases	Total # positive primary cases
☐ Confirmed ☐ Suspected									
☐ Confirmed☐ Suspected									
☐ Confirmed ☐ Suspected									
☐ Confirmed ☐ Suspected									
☐ Confirmed ☐ Suspected									
☐ Confirmed ☐ Suspected									
☐ Confirmed ☐ Suspected									
☐ Confirmed☐ Suspected									
* 1-Clinical Specimens, 2-Water Samples, 3-Clinical Specimens & Water Samples, 4-Other (describe in the general remarks), 5-Unknown, 6-None									
Outbreak Isola designation)	<b>Outbreak Isolates</b> (Links data about molecular characterization across multiple systems. For each pathogen, provide a representative for each distinct molecular designation)								
	stem contains this ? (e.g., PulseNet, CaliciNet)	CDC la (e.g., Pu	b system outbreak # ulseNet tracking number)	State I (i.e., Lal	ab ID b tracking number)	Molecular designation 1		lolecular esignation 2	
Clinical Specir	nens								
	l diagnostic specimens to <b>3</b> , from how many perso		•	Yes	□ No	□ Unknown			
Specimen type	p†		Specimen subtype§			Tested for <sup>1</sup> (list all	that apply)		
				,					
Aspirate, 9-Saliva, 1 § Specimen Subtype:	Autopsy Specimen (specify subty 10-Serum, 11-Skin Swab, 12-Sput : 1-Bladder, 2-Brain, 3-Dura, 4-Hai ria, 2-Chemicals/Toxins, 3-Fungi,	tum, 13-Stoo r, 5-Intestine	ol, 14-Urine, 15-Vomitus, 16-Wou e, 6-Kidney, 7-Liver, 8-Lung, 9-N	und Swab, 1 ails, 10-Ski	17-Other (describe in the gene n, 11-Stomach, 12-Wound, 13	eral remarks), 18-Unknowr		ab, 7-Ear Swab, 8	-Endotracheal
Testing Informa	ation								
1. Test types (se	elect all test types used for cli	inical spec	imens)		2. Was Antimicrobial		ng (AST) per	rformed?	
☐ Chemical Tes	ting		gical/Immunological Tes	st	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ If yes, where was				
☐ Culture ☐ DNA or RNA	Amplication/Detection		FIA, ELISA) e culture infectivity assay	,	☐ Clinical Lab ☐	☐ Public Health Lab	□ CDC-N	ARMS	
(e.g. PCR, RT-	PCR)		(specify in the general rema		If yes, were any ar	□ Unknown ntimicrobial resistan □ No □ Unknov		sociated with	the

		Water S	amples					
Water Sam or attached)	ples (Provide representative data )	a about water quality te	sting, chemical or patho	ogen testi	ing. Additional	sample	data can be des	scribed in the remarks
Was water	tested? $\square$ Yes (specify in ta	<i>ble below)</i> □ No	□ Unknown					
Results								
Sample nu	mber	1	2	3		4		5
Source of s	cample ing pool, lake)							
Additional (e.g., time of of sample col								
Date (mm/d	ld/yyyy)							
Volume tes	sted, (number, unit)							
Temperatu	re (number, unit)							
number, unit	ree disinfectant level - (if total and combined disinfectant total - combined = free)							
number, unit	disinfectant level - (if total and free disinfectant total - free = combined)							
pH								
Turbidity (N	NTU)							
	ples - Water Quality Indicators	Might not be applicate	ble for treated recreation	nal water	samples)			
Sample number	Type (e.g., fecal coliforms)				tration (numer	rical	Unit	
							,	
Water Sam	ples - Microbiology or Chemic	al/Toxin Analysis (Pro	ovide both positive and	negative	test results)			
Sample number	Genus/Chemical/Toxin	Species	Serotype/Serogro Serovar		Genotype/S	ubtype	PFGE patt	ern
Sample number	Test results positive?	Concentration (numerical value)	Unit		Test type*		Test meth Environmental M gov)	<b>Od</b> (reference: National lethods Index: http://www.nemi.
	☐ Yes ☐ No							
	☐ Yes ☐ No							
	☐ Yes ☐ No							
	☐ Yes ☐ No							
	☐ Yes ☐ No							
	☐ Yes ☐ No							

<sup>\*</sup> Test type: 1-Culture, 2-DNA or RNA Amplification/Detection (e.g., PCR, RT-PCR), 3-Microscopy (e.g., fluorescent, EM), 4-Serological/Immunological Test (e.g., EIA, ELISA), 5-Phage Typing, 6-Chemical Testing, 7-Tissue Culture Infectivity Assay, 8-Other (describe in the general remarks), 9-Unknown

Dographianal Water	nec wa	ter-Treated	
necreational water	- Treated Venue		
Implicated Water - Recre	ational Water Venue Description		
Venue number (use this number to link the venue with water treatment or fill water data below)	Water venue (e.g., spa/whirlpool/hot tub; pool-swimming pool; pool-waterpark)	Water venue subtype (select indoor, outdoor, or unknown)	Setting of exposure (e.g., club, requiring membership; hotel/motel/lodge/inn; waterpark)
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			
Implicated Water - Wate	r Treatment Description		
Venue number (reference the appropriate Venue number from above)	USUAL water treatment provided at venue (e.g., no treatment; coagulation; disinfection; flocculation; filtration [pool]; unknown)	Venue treatment subtype (disinfection or pool filtration: e.g., UV; chlorine dioxide; bag filter; cartridge filter; unknown)	Chlorination subtype (chlorine disinfection only: e.g., gaseous; sodium hypochlorite; cyanurates/ stabilized chlorine)
Implicated Water - Fill Ti	eatment Description		
Venue number (reference the appropriate Venue number from above)	Fill water type (e.g., public water supply; sea water; untreated ground or surface water; unknown)	If public water supply, USUAL water treatment provided before coming to the venue	If public water supply, fill water treatment subtype (disinfection or filtration: e.g., UV;
		(e.g., no treatment; disinfection; filtration [treatment plant]; unknown)	chlorine dioxide; bag filter; cartridge filter; unknown)
		(e.g., no treatment; disinfection; filtration	
		(e.g., no treatment; disinfection; filtration	
		(e.g., no treatment; disinfection; filtration	
		(e.g., no treatment; disinfection; filtration	
		(e.g., no treatment; disinfection; filtration	
		(e.g., no treatment; disinfection; filtration	
		(e.g., no treatment; disinfection; filtration	
		(e.g., no treatment; disinfection; filtration	
		(e.g., no treatment; disinfection; filtration	
		(e.g., no treatment; disinfection; filtration	
Recreational Water Qual	ity	(e.g., no treatment; disinfection; filtration	
Did the venue meet state  If <b>NO</b> , explain:		Yes \Box No	

	kec water-ireated		
Factors	Contributing to Recreational Water Contamination and/or Increased Exposure in Treated Venues		
Contrib	uting factors (Check all that apply)*	Documented/ Observed†	Suspected <sup>†</sup>
	Exceeded maximum bather load		
	Primary intended use of water is by diaper/toddler-aged children (e.g., kiddie pool)		
<u>a</u>	Heavy use by child care center groups		
People	Fecal/vomitus accident		
Pe	Patrons continued to swim when ill with diarrhea		
	Operator error		
	Intentional contamination (explain in remarks)		
	Combined pool filtration/recirculation systems led to cross-contamination		
	Hygiene facilities (e.g., toilets, diaper changing facilities) inadequate or distant		
ig it	Some spray feature water bypasses filtration/treatment system and returns to feature unfiltered/untreated		
Facility Design	No supplemental disinfection installed that would have inactivated pathogen (e.g., Cryptosporidium)		
	Water temperature ≥30°C (≥86°F)		
	Cross-connection with wastewater or non-potable water		
	Disinfectant control system malfunctioning, inadequate, or lacking (e.g., hand feed chemicals)		
	Incorrect settings on disinfectant control system		
	pH control system malfunctioning, inadequate, or lacking (e.g., hand feed chemicals)		
	Incorrect settings on pH control system		
	Filtration system malfunctioning or inadequate (e.g., low flow rate)		
	Supplemental disinfection system malfunctioning or inadequate (e.g., ultraviolet light, ozone)		
	Insufficient system checks so breakdown detection delayed		
ce	No preventive equipment maintenance programs to reduce breakdowns		
Maintenance	Ventilation insufficient for indoor aquatic facilities		
nte	Chemical handling error (e.g., chemical hookup, improper mixing or application)		
/ai	Maintenance chemicals not flushed from system before opening to swimmers		
_	Recirculation pump off or restarted with swimmers in water		
	Low or zero water flow combined with continuous feed of chemicals resulted in excess chemicals in water		
	Extensive slime/biofilm formation		
	Recent construction		
	Cyanurate level excessive		
	Lack of draining/cleaning		
	Stagnant water in spa piping was aerosolized		
	No aquatics operators on payroll who have completed state/local training		
ent	Untrained/inadequately trained staff on duty		
	Remote monitoring system replaces on-site water quality testing		
age	Unclear communication chain for reporting problems		
lan lan	Inadequate water quality monitoring (e.g., inadequate test kit, inadequate testing frequency)		
≥ 5	Employee illness policies absent or not enforced		
an	No or inadequate policies on good chemical handling and storage practices		
Policy and Managem	No operator on duty at the time of incident		
Pol	Facility falls outside aquatic health code		
	No shock/hyperchlorination policy		
	Other, specify:		
	Unknown		
† "Docume	ck off what was found during investigation. ented/Observed" refers to information gathered through document reviews, direct observations, and/or interviews. "Suspected" refers to factors that proba ed previously) is available.	ably occurred but for whic	h no documentation
Remark			

			Rec Water-Untrea	ted		
Recre	ational Water - Untreated \	Venue				
	ted Water - Recreational Water Vo					
Water v		IF SPRING OR HOT SPRING, W	ator vonuo cuhtuno	Setting of exp	100UF0	
	nal; lake; river/stream; ocean)	(select indoor, outdoor or unknown)	ater venue suntype	(e.g., beach-pub	olic; camp/cabin/recre	ational area)
(0.9., 00	an, rano, 777 on our 7, 000 ar 7,	(concernace), caracer or animownly		(o.g., zodon paz		unonar aroa)
	tional Water Quality		T			
Did the	venue meet state or local recreation	nal water quality regulations?	Did the venue meet Enviro	nmental Protec	tion Agency (EPA)	recreational
☐ Yes	□ No □ Unknown	□ Not applicable	water quality standards?		□ Nata.	a Para la La
			☐ Yes ☐ No			рисаріе
It <b>NO</b> , e	xplain:		If <b>NO</b> , explain:			
Factors	<b>Contributing to Recreational Wat</b>	er Contamination and/or Increas	ed Exposure in Untreated Vo	enues		
Contrib	uting factors (Check all that apply)*				Documented/	Suspected <sup>†</sup>
001111111	ating ractors (check all that apply)				Observed <sup>†</sup>	Сиоростои
	Exceeded maximum bather load					
	Primary intended use of water is by	diaper/toddler-aged children (e.g.,	kiddie pool)	-		
<u>e</u>	Heavy use by child care center grou					
People	Fecal/vomitus accident					
_	Patrons continued to swim when ill	with diarrhea				
	Staff error Intentional contamination (explain in	romarke)				
- G	Hygiene facilities (e.g., toilets, diaper		tant			
Areign	Malfunctioning or inadequate on-sit		tunt			
Swim Area Design	Poor siting/design of on-site waster					
NS I	Stagnant or poorly circulating water	r in swim area				
	Heavy rainfall and runoff	.0				
	Sanitary sewer overflow (SSO) imp					
	Combined sewer overflow (CSO) im Domestic animal contamination (e.g.					
	Wildlife contamination - Birds	g., IIVestock, pets)				
	Wildlife contamination - Mammals					
	Wildlife contamination - Fish kill					
ality	Wastewater treatment plant effluent	t flows past swim area				
Jua	Wastewater treatment plant malfun	ctions				
Water Qu	Sewer line break§ Nearby biosolid/land application sit	A (a a human or animal wasta annlica	tion)			
Nat	Contamination from agricultural che					
	Contamination from chemical pollu					
	Water temperature ≥30°C (≥86°F)					
	Seasonal variation in water quality					
	Inappropriate dumping of sewage in	nto water body (e.g., from boat, RV)				
	Algal bloom  Dumping of ballast water					
	Tidal wash (i.e., tide exchange or influence	ence by inland water)				
_ =	No or inadequate monitoring of wat					
Policy and Management	No managers have completed state,					
icy	Untrained/inadequately trained staff					
Poli	Unclear communication chain for re					
_ =	Employee illness policies absent or	not enforced				
	Other, specify: Unknown					
* Only che	ck off what was found during investigation.					
	ented/Observed" refers to information gathered t	hrough document reviews, direct observations	s, and/or interviews. "Suspected" refers	to factors that probal	bly occurred but for whic	h no documentation
	ed previously) is available.	party/vanue/actting where the people were ev	accord. The courage may have eccurred a	t a diatant aita hut at	ill offeeted the property/y	onuo/oottina in
question.	ase of sewage does not have to occur at the prop	orry, venue/serung where the people were ex	oosea. The sewaye may have occurred a	ı a uısıdılı sile Dül SI	m aneoted the property/V	enac/setuny III
	wastewater treatment system" refers to a system					
,	or other advanced on-site systems). However, co nants from malfunctioning systems or poor siting	,	ns can sun occur on the property where	и еаннепт апа аіѕроя	sai takes piace due to mi	gration of
Remark						

e

<b>Drinking Water</b>						
Implicated Water - Drink	ing Water Syste	m Description				
Water system* (e.g., commercially-bottled water, community water system, individual water system)	Public water system EPA ID number <sup>†</sup>	Water source (select ground water, surface water or unknown)	Water source description (e.g. spring; well; lake)	Setting of exposure (e.g., airport, mobile home park)	USUAL water treatment provided (e.g.,no treatment, disinfection, home filtration)	Water treatment subtype (disinfection or filtration: e.g., boiling; chlorine; rapid sand filter; reserve osmosis)
* Water system definitions: Commu- water system serves year-round be nontransient or transient. Non to places in which persons do no' < 15 connections or serve < 25 p † Number used for EPA reporting th (SDWIS) online at https://ofmpub.	residents of a communi transient systems serve t remain for long period persons. nat uniquely identifies th	ity, subdivision, or mobile home   e ≥ 25 of the same persons for > ls (e.g., restaurants, highway res ne public water system within a	park. A noncommunity water 6 months of the year but not t stations, and parks). Individ	system serves an institutior i year-round (e.g., factories a ual water systems are smal	i, industry, camp, park, hotel, or and schools), whereas transient I systems not owned or operate	r business and can t systems provide water ed by a water utility that have
Did the drinking water sy		onitoring violations in t □ Not applicable	he 1 month prior to t	the outbreak?		
	□ Unknown	aximum contaminant le	, ,	in the 1 month prio	r to the outbreak?	
	□ Unknown	olations in the 12 mont □ Not applicable	·	eak?§		
§ Sources of information about pas	et violations can be obta	ined from utility records, consur	ner confidence reports (wate	r quality reports), or violation	n records from state or local he	alth departments

Drinkin	g Water	
Factors Contributing to Drinking Water Contamination and/or Increased Exposure to Contamination Drinking		
1. Did a problem with the source water (i.e., ground water or surface water) contribute to the disease or outbody Ses (specify in the table below) □ No □ Unknown		
Source water contributing factors (Check all that apply)*	Documented/ Observed†	Suspected <sup>†</sup>
Sanitary sewer overflow (SSO) <sup>§</sup>		
Combined sewer overflow (CSO)§		
Malfunctioning on-site wastewater treatment system <sup>§¶</sup>		
Sewage treatment plant malfunction <sup>§</sup> Sewer line break <sup>§</sup>		
Poor siting/design of on-site wastewater treatment system <sup>§¶</sup>		
Nearby biosolid/land application site (e.g., human or animal waste application)		
Contamination from agricultural chemical application (e.g., fertilizer, pesticides)		
Contamination from chemical pollution not related to agricultural application		
Contamination by a chemical that the current treatment methods were not designed to remove		
Domestic animal contamination (e.g., livestock, concentrated feeding operations, pets)  Wildlife contamination - Birds		
Wildlife contamination - Mammals		
Wildlife contamination - Fish kill		
Flooding/heavy rains		
Algal bloom		
Seasonal variation in water quality (e.g., lake/reservoir turnover events, resort community with seasonal loading)  Low water table (e.g., drought, over-pumping)		
Ground water under direct influence of surface water (e.g., shallow well)**		
Contamination through limestone or fissured rock (e.g., shahow well)		
Contaminated recharge water		
Use of an alternate source of water by a water utility		
Mixing of raw water from different sources		
Improper construction or location of a well or spring Water system intake failure (e.g., cracked well casing, cracked intake pipe)		
Intentional contamination (explain in remarks)		
Other, specify:		
Unknown		
2. Did a problem with the water treatment prior to entry into a house or building contribute to the disease or C Yes (specify in the table below)    No Unknown		
Treatment contributing factors (Check all that apply)*	Documented/ Observed†	Suspected <sup>†</sup>
Change in treatment process (specify in remarks)		
No disinfection Temporary interruption of disinfection		
Chronically inadequate disinfection		
No filtration		
Inadequate filtration		
Deficiencies in other treatment processes		
Corrosion in or leaching from pipes or storage tanks		
Pipe/component failure or break (e.g., pipes, tanks, valves) Contamination during construction or repair of pipes/components		
Construction or repair of pipes/components without evidence of contamination		
Operator error		
Other, specify:		
Unknown		
* Only check off what was found during investigation.  † "Documented/Observed" refers to information gathered through document reviews, direct observations, and/or interviews. "Suspected" refers to fact (as defined previously) is available.  § The release of sewage does not have to occur on the property in which persons have become ill. The sewage release may have occurred at a distant in "On-site wastewater treatment system" refers to a system designed to treat and dispose of wastewater at the point of generation, generally on the property systems or other advanced on-site systems). However, contamination that originates from these systems can still occur off the property where treatment contaminants from malfunctioning systems or poor siting and design.  ** Any water beneath the surface of the ground with substantial occurrence of insects or other macroorganisms, algae, or large-diameter pathogens (e.g. and relatively rapid shifts in water characteristics (e.g., turbidity, temperature, conductivity, or pH) that closely correlate with climatologic or surface we	site but still affected the property operty where the wastewater is g ent and disposal takes place due g., Giardia intestinalis or Cryptosp	in question. generated (e.g., septic to migration of oridium), or substantial

Drinkin	g Water	
3. Did a problem with the distribution system contribute to the disease or outbreak? (NOTE: For a community wat pipes and storage infrastructure under the jurisdiction of the water utility prior to the water meter (or property line if the system is water systems, the distribution system refers to the pipes and storage infrastructure prior to entry into a building or house)  Yes (specify in the table below)  No  Unknown		
Distribution and storage contributing factors (Check all that apply)*	Documented/ Observed†	Suspected <sup>†</sup>
Cross-connection of potable and nonpotable water pipes resulting in backflow		
Low pressure or change in water pressure in the distribution system		
Change in water flow direction in the distribution system  Mixing of treated water from different sources		
Mixing of treated water from different sources  Pipe/component failure or break (e.g., pipes, tanks, valves)		
Corrosion in or leaching from pipes or storage tanks		
Contamination of mains during construction or repair		
Construction or repair of mains without evidence of contamination		
Scheduled flushing of the distribution system		
Contamination of storage facility		
Aging water distribution components (e.g., pipes, tanks, valves)  Water temperature ≥30°C (≥86°F)		
Intentional contamination (specify in remarks)		
Other, specify:		
Unknown		
4. Did a problem occur after the water meter or outside the jurisdiction of a water utility that contributed to th (e.g., in a service line leading to a house/building, in the plumbing inside a house/building, during shipping/hauling, during storag of use, involving commercially-bottled water)  ☐ Yes (specify in the table below) ☐ No ☐ Unknown	e other than in the distributio	
Factors not under the jurisdiction of a water utility or contributing factors at the point of use (Check all that apply)*	Documented/ Observed†	Suspected <sup>†</sup>
Legionella species in water system		
Cross-connection of potable and nonpotable water pipes resulting in backflow  Lack of backflow prevention in plumbing		
Low pressure or change in water pressure in the plumbing		
Change in water flow direction in the plumbing		
Corrosion in or leaching from pipes or storage tanks		
Pipe/component failure or break (e.g., pipes, tanks, valves)		
Aging plumbing components (e.g., pipes, tanks, valves)		
Contamination of plumbing during construction or repair Construction or repair of plumbing without evidence of contamination		
Deficiency in building/home-specific water treatment after the water meter or property line		
Deficiency or contamination of equipment/devices using or distributing water		
Contamination during commercial bottling		
Contamination during shipping, hauling, or storage		
Contamination at point of use – Tap  Contamination at point of use – Hose		
Contamination at point of use – Commercially-bottled water		
Contamination at point of use – Container, bottle, or pitcher		
Contamination at point of use – Unknown		
Water temperature ≥30°C (≥86°F)		
Intentional contamination (specify in remarks)  Other, specify:		
Unknown		
* Only check off what was found during investigation.  † "Documented/Observed" refers to information gathered through document reviews, direct observations, and/or interviews. "Suspected" refers to factor (as defined previously) is available.	_	
Remarks		
Tigilians		

Other or Unknown Water

Other or Unknown Water						
Intent for Use						
What was the intended use for the implicated water? (check all that apply)  Cooling/Air Conditioning (e.g., cooling tower, swamp cooler)  Mister (e.g., produce in grocery store, public cooling system)  Ornamental (e.g., a decorative non-interactive fountain intended for public display and not designed for swimming or recreational use)  Industrial/Occupational (e.g., steam cleaner)						
Implicated Water - Water Description						
Water type (e.g., cooling tower; drainage ditch; fountain - ornamental)		Setting of exposure (e.g, airport; hospital/health care facility; nursing home; park-state park)	Usual water treatment provided (e.g., no treatment; disinfection; settling/ sedimentation)	Water treatment subtype (disinfection or filtration: e.g., boiling; chlorine; rapid sand filter; reverse osmosis)		
Footowo C	antributing to Contomina	tion and/or Ingressed Evacoure to Cor	staminated Water			
Factors Contributing to Contamination and/or Increased Exposure to Contaminated Water						
Contributing factors (Check all that apply)*					Documented/ Observed†	Suspected <sup>†</sup>
		without draining to waste				
	Lack of a maintenance program  Lack of a qualified water quality specialist  Presence of scale or corrosion					
Sei						
er/ den	Presence of dirt, organic matter, or other debris in the cold water basin					
)W6	Absence of drift eliminators					
Cooling tower/ Evaporative condenser	Presence of damaged drift eliminators					
	History of recent repairs to the device					
	Siting of device near building air intakes					
	Siting of device near windows that can be opened					
	Siting of device in immediate area of kitchen exhaust fans, live plants, truck bays, or other sources of organic matter					
	Construction on the premises of the device within 6 months before the index case					
	Construction within 100 meters of the premises of the device within 6 months before the index case					
_	Intended as an ornamental fountain but utilized as an interactive fountain					
nental tain	Inadequate disinfection for recreational use					
me	Inadequate filtration for recreational use					
Ornam fount	Presence of submerged lighting					
ō	Lack of a written cleaning and maintenance program  Processes of distributions matter or other debris in the water basis.					
Presence of dirt, organic matter, or other debris in the water basin						
Broken/damaged sewer pipe Recycling of water						
Water temperature ≥30°C (≥86°F)						
Other, specify:						
Unknown						
* Only check off what was found during investigation.  † "Documented/Observed" refers to information gathered through document reviews, direct observations, and/or interviews. "Suspected" refers to factors that probably occurred but for which no documentation						
	previously) is available.					
Remarks						