National Center for Emerging and Zoonotic Infectious Diseases



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Objectives

- Outline the requirements for participation in the AU Option
- Describe the data elements collected by the AU Option
- Illustrate how to submit data to the AU Option

NHSN Structure

National Healthcare Safety Network (NHSN)



AU Option Background

AU Option

- Released in 2011
- Purpose: Provide a mechanism for facilities to report and analyze antimicrobial usage as part of antimicrobial stewardship efforts at their facility
- Beginning in 2024, AUR Module data are required under the Public Health and Clinical Data Exchange Objective of the CMS Promoting Interoperability Program*

*NHSN Promoting Interoperability Program webpage: https://www.cdc.gov/nhsn/cdaportal/datainteroperability.html

Cumulative annual submission to the AU Option*



*As of February 1, 2023

Submission Metrics

- 2,685 facilities submitted at least one month of data
 - From all 50 states plus Washington DC, Puerto Rico, and select US military bases located internationally
 - Bed size
 - Average = 200
 - Median = 142
 - Min/Max = 1, 1533
 - Teaching status
 - Teaching hospitals: 71%
 - Major teaching: 41% of all teaching hospitals

*As of February 1, 2023

Cumulative percentage of facilities reporting at least one month of data to the AU Option*



AU Option Reporting

Who can participate in the AU Option?

- Hospitals* that have:
 - Electronic Medication Administration Record (eMAR) or Bar Coding Medication Administration (BCMA) system
 - Admission Discharge Transfer (ADT) system
 - Ability to collect and package data using Clinical Document Architecture (CDA)
 - Commercial software vendor or "homegrown" internal IT/informatics resources that passes AU Option Synthetic Data Set (SDS) validation (<u>https://www.cdc.gov/nhsn/cdaportal/sds/au-vendor-list.html</u>)

*General acute care hospitals, critical access hospitals, children's hospitals, long term acute care hospitals, pediatric long term acute care hospitals, military and veterans' hospitals, oncology hospitals, orthopedic hospitals, psychiatric hospitals, rehabilitation hospitals, surgical hospitals, women's hospitals, women's and children's hospitals, government and non-government hospitals for public health emergencies enrolled in NHSN and participating in the Patient Safety Component

AU Option Data Elements – Numerator

- Antimicrobial days (days of therapy): Sum of days for which <u>any</u> amount of specific agent was administered to a patient
 - 95 antimicrobials (including antibacterial, antifungal, and anti-influenza agents) sub-stratified by route of administration*
 - Intravenous (IV)

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- Intramuscular (IM)
- Digestive (oral \rightarrow rectal)
- Respiratory (inhaled)
- Only administration data (eMAR/BCMA)

*Please exclude any other routes of administration (for example, topical, antibiotic locks, intracavity, intrapleural, intraperitoneal, intraventricular, ophthalmic, otic, or irrigation) from AU Option reporting

- 1 antimicrobial day per: 1 patient, 1 drug, 1 location, 1 calendar day
 - Regardless of how many doses patient receives

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 - Regardless of how many doses patient receives
- Example: Patient admitted to 1 South (Medical Ward) Monday @ 22:00 & discharged Wednesday @ 12:00

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday
Meropenem 1 gram IV every 8 hours			
Amikacin 1000mg IV every 24 hours			
Total Antimicrobial Days			

- 1 antimicrobial day per: 1 patient, 1 drug, 1 location, 1 calendar day
 - Regardless of how many doses patient receives
- Example: Patient admitted to 1 South (Medical Ward) Monday @ 22:00 & discharged Wednesday @ 12:00

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday
Meropenem 1 gram IV every 8 hours	Given @23:00		
Amikacin 1000mg IV every 24 hours	Given @23:00		
Total Antimicrobial Days	Meropenem = 1 Amikacin = 1		

- 1 antimicrobial day per: 1 patient, 1 drug, 1 location, 1 calendar day
 - Regardless of how many doses patient receives
- Example: Patient admitted to 1 South (Medical Ward) Monday @ 22:00 & discharged Wednesday @ 12:00

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday
Meropenem 1 gram IV every 8 hours	Given@ 23:00	Given @ 07:00 Given @ 15:00 Given @ 23:00	
Amikacin 1000mg IV every 24 hours	Given @23:00	Given @23:00	
Total Antimicrobial Days	Meropenem = 1 Amikacin = 1	Meropenem = 1 Amikacin = 1	

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- 1 antimicrobial day per: 1 patient, 1 drug, 1 location, 1 calendar day
 - Regardless of how many doses patient receives
- Example: Patient admitted to 1 South (Medical Ward) Monday @ 22:00 & discharged Wednesday @ 12:00

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday
Meropenem 1 gram IV every 8 hours	Given@ 23:00	Given @ 07:00 Given @ 15:00 Given @ 23:00	Given @ 07:00
Amikacin 1000mg IV every 24 hours	Given @23:00	Given @23:00	
Total Antimicrobial Days	Meropenem = 1 Amikacin = 1	Meropenem = 1 Amikacin = 1	Meropenem = 1 Amikacin = 0

- 1 antimicrobial day per: 1 patient, 1 drug, <u>1 route</u>, 1 location, 1 calendar day
 - 1 total antimicrobial day per drug & 1 antimicrobial day for <u>each</u> route per drug
 - Antimicrobial day counted on the day of administration only

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	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday
Ciprofloxacin twice daily	<i>Admitted</i> @12:00 Given IV@23:00		
Antimicrobial Day Counts	Cipro Total : 1 Cipro IV: 1 Cipro Digestive: 0		

- 1 antimicrobial day per: 1 patient, 1 drug, <u>1 route</u>, 1 location, 1 calendar day
 - 1 total antimicrobial day per drug & 1 antimicrobial day for <u>each</u> route per drug
 - Antimicrobial day counted on the day of administration only

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday
Ciprofloxacin twice daily	<i>Admitted</i> @12:00 Given IV@23:00	Given IV@11:00 Given PO @23:00	
Antimicrobial Day Counts	Cipro Total : 1 Cipro IV: 1 Cipro Digestive: 0	Cipro Total : 1 Cipro IV: 1 Cipro Digestive: 1	

- 1 antimicrobial day per: 1 patient, 1 drug, <u>1 route</u>, 1 location, 1 calendar day
 - 1 total antimicrobial day per drug & 1 antimicrobial day for <u>each</u> route per drug
 - Antimicrobial day counted on the day of administration only

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday
Ciprofloxacin twice daily	<i>Admitted</i> @12:00 Given IV@23:00	Given IV@11:00 Given PO @23:00	Given PO @11:00 <i>Discharged</i> @5:00
Antimicrobial Day Counts	Cipro Total : 1 Cipro IV: 1 Cipro Digestive: 0	Cipro Total : 1 Cipro IV: 1 Cipro Digestive: 1	Cipro Total : 1 Cipro IV: 0 Cipro Digestive: 1

Antimicrobial Days – Sum of the Routes

- 1 patient can contribute 1 antimicrobial day to <u>multiple</u> routes in the same calendar day
- Routes <u>cannot</u> be summed to calculate the total antimicrobial days because drugs can be given more than once daily via multiple routes
- Total antimicrobial days ≤ Sum of the routes

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday
Ciprofloxacin twice daily	<i>Admitted</i> @12:00 Given IV@23:00	Given IV@11:00 Given PO @23:00	Given PO @11:00 <i>Discharged</i> @5:00
Antimicrobial Day Counts	Cipro Total : 1 Cipro IV: 1 Cipro Digestive: 0	Cipro Total : 1 Cipro IV: 1 Cipro Digestive: 1	Cipro Total : 1 Cipro IV: 0 Cipro Digestive: 1

AU Option Data Elements – Denominators

- Days present: Number of days during which a patient spent <u>any</u> time in a specific location or facility
 - Reported for all individual locations and facility-wide inpatient (FacWideIN)
 - Days present ≠ Patient days
 - Days present used for AU Option only
 - Patient days used throughout rest of NHSN (including HAI and AR Option)
- Admissions: Number of patients admitted to an inpatient location in the facility (reported for FacWideIN only)

	Patient Movement	Days Present	Patient Days (midnight census)
Patient A	Medical Ward: 00:01-24:00	Medical Ward = 1	Medical Ward = 1
Patient B			
Patient C			
Patient D			
Totals:			

	Patient Movement	Days Present	Patient Days (midnight census)
Patient A	Medical Ward: 00:01-24:00	Medical Ward = 1	Medical Ward = 1
Patient B	Medical ICU: 00:01-24:00	Medical ICU = 1	Medical ICU = 1
Patient C			
Patient D			
Totals:			

	Patient Movement	Days Present	Patient Days (midnight census)
Patient A	Medical Ward: 00:01-24:00	Medical Ward = 1	Medical Ward = 1
Patient B	Medical ICU: 00:01-24:00	Medical ICU = 1	Medical ICU = 1
Patient C	Medical ICU: 00:01-08:30 Medical Ward: 08:31-24:00	Medical ICU = 1 Medical Ward = 1	Medical ICU = 0 Medical Ward = 1
Patient D			
Totals:			

	Patient Movement	Days Present	Patient Days (midnight census)
Patient A	Medical Ward: 00:01-24:00	Medical Ward = 1	Medical Ward = 1
Patient B	Medical ICU: 00:01-24:00	Medical ICU = 1	Medical ICU = 1
Patient C	Medical ICU: 00:01-08:30 Medical Ward: 08:31-24:00	Medical ICU = 1 Medical Ward = 1	Medical ICU = 0 Medical Ward = 1
Patient D	Medical ICU: 00:01-10:00 Step Down: 10:01-15:00 Medical Ward: 15:01-24:00	Medical ICU = 1 Step Down = 1 Medical Ward = 1	Medical ICU = 0 Step Down = 0 Medical Ward = 1
Totals:			

	Patient Movement	Days Present	Patient Days (midnight census)
Patient A	Medical Ward: 00:01-24:00	Medical Ward = 1	Medical Ward = 1
Patient B	Medical ICU: 00:01-24:00	Medical ICU = 1	Medical ICU = 1
Patient C	Medical ICU: 00:01-08:30 Medical Ward: 08:31-24:00	Medical ICU = 1 Medical Ward = 1	Medical ICU = 0 Medical Ward = 1
Patient D	Medical ICU: 00:01-10:00 Step Down: 10:01-15:00 Medical Ward: 15:01-24:00	Medical ICU = 1 Step Down = 1 Medical Ward = 1	Medical ICU = 0 Step Down = 0 Medical Ward = 1
Totals:		Medical Ward = 3 Medical ICU = 3 Step Down = 1	Medical Ward = 3 Medical ICU = 1 Step Down = 0

Days Present – FacWidelN

- If a patient transfers between inpatient locations in one calendar day, how many days present does that patient contribute to FacWideIN?
 - Patient contributes 1 day present to FacWidelN
 - FacWideIN = aggregate data for all inpatient locations
 - AU Option only counts a patient once per calendar day for FacWideIN
- Location days present <u>cannot</u> be summed to calculate the FacWideIN days present

Counting FacWideIN Days Present

	Patient Movement	Days Present
Patient A	Medical Ward: 00:01-24:00	FacWideIN = 1
Patient B	Medical ICU: 00:01-24:00	FacWideIN = 1
Patient C	Medical ICU: 00:01-08:30 Medical Ward: 08:31-24:00	FacWideIN = 1
Patient D	Medical ICU: 00:01-10:00 Step Down: 10:01-15:00 Medical Ward: 15:01-24:00	FacWideIN = 1
Total:		FacWideIN = 4

AU Option Summary Data

- Monthly aggregate, summary-level data by location
 - All inpatient locations individually
 - All inpatient locations combined (FacWideIN)
 - 3 outpatient locations (ED, pediatric ED, 24-hour observation)
 - Use <u>same</u> mapped locations throughout all of NHSN
- Data are aggregated prior to sending to NHSN
- No patient-level data shared with NHSN for AU Option
- Requires accurate/complete electronic capture of both the numerator <u>and</u> denominator for the given location

Submitting AU Data into NHSN

Clinical Document Architecture (CDA)

- AU Option Data must be uploaded via CDA
 - Too much data to enter by hand!
- Health Level 7 (HL7) standard
- Provides facilities with standardized way to package and upload data
 - AU, AR, and some HAI
- CDA ≠ CSV (Excel format)
 - CDA uses Extensible Markup Language (XML)

```
X/Darticipant>'
< !-- Number of Patient-present Days -->
<entryRelationship typeCode="COMP">
  <observation classCode="OBS" moodCode="EVN">
    <templateId root="2.16.840.1.113883.10.20.5.6.69"/>
    <code codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.277"
          codeSystemName="cdcNHSN"
          code="2525-4"
          displayName="Number of Patient-present Days"/>
    <statusCode code="completed"/>
    <value xsi:type="PQ" unit="d" value="700"/>
  </observation>
</entryRelationship>
<!-- the Drug, aggregate data, no specified route of administration -->
<entryRelationship typeCode="COMP">
  <observation classCode="OBS" moodCode="EVN">
    <templateId root="2.16.840.1.113883.10.20.5.6.69"/>
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          code="2524-7"
          displayName="Number of Therapy Days"/>
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    <value xsi:tvpe="PO" unit="d" value="3"/>
    <participant typeCode="CSM">
                                            <!-- antimicrobial Drug -->
      <participantRole classCode="MANU">
        <code codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.88"
              codeSystemName="RxNorm"
              code="620"
              displayName="Amantadine"/>
      </participantRole>
    </participant>
  </observation>
</entryRelationship>
    _stratified_data:_Drug_t_route____
```

From eMAR/BCMA to CDA

- 1. eMAR/BCMA captures drug administration
- 2. Vendor or "homegrown" system extracts and aggregates data elements
 - a) Numerator from eMAR/BCMA
 - b) Denominator from ADT system
- 3. Vendor or "homegrown" system packages AU data into CDA file(s)
 - a) 1 file per month per patient care location (unit)

Monthly AU Data Submission

- Recommend uploading within 30 days following the completion of the month
- Zip file containing 1 CDA file per location and 1 CDA file for FacWideIN
 - Each CDA file contains numerator and denominator(s) for given location
 - All CDA files can be uploaded in 1 zip file
 - Maximum: 1000 CDAs or file size of 2 MB per zip file
- Encourage reporting data from <u>all</u> applicable inpatient and select outpatient locations

Example Monthly AU Data Submission

- Example for a facility with 4 patient care locations
 - 1 CDA for 1 North Adult Medical/Surgical ICU
 - 1 CDA for 1 South Adult Medical/Surgical Ward
 - 1 CDA for 2 North Pediatric Medical/Surgical Ward
 - 1 CDA for Emergency Department
 - 1 CDA for FacWideIN (combination of all 3 NHSN-defined inpatient locations above)
- **Remember:** 1 CDA file per location and 1 CDA file for FacWideIN

Monthly Reporting Plans

- Add locations to monthly reporting plan prior to uploading data
 - Along with FacWideIN, each inpatient and outpatient location is listed separately
- AUR section in same monthly reporting plan used for HAI reporting

	Locations	Antimicrobial Use	Antimicrobial Resistance
Ì	FACWIDEIN - Facility-wide Inpatient (FacWIDEIn)		
Ì	MEDWARD - MEDICAL WARD - AU		
Ì	MICU - MEDICAL ICU - AU		
Ì	PEDMED - PED MED WARD-AU	\checkmark	
Ì	SURGWARD - SURGICAL WARD - AU		
Ŵ	ER - EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT - AU		

Importing CDA Files into NHSN

- Manual upload
- Automatic upload from vendor/IT solution using DIRECT CDA Automation

🗼 Import/Export Data	W Direct CDA Automation Sign-up		
AU and AR Summary Data	CDA Automation will allow your facility to send CDA's to NHSN via your Health Information Service Provider. Please work with your CDA IT staff or vendor to obtain the information to complete the enrollment fields and enrollment process.		
Import/Export Data	Facility ID: Object Identifier:		
Events, Summary Data, Procedure Denominators	Direct address from which your facility will be sending data. *:		
Choose File No file chosen	(HISP) Health Information Service Provider name ★:		
	HISP-Technical Point of Contact email *:		
	Facility-Technical Point of Contact email *:		
Submit Back	Status:		
	Remove Direct CDA Automation:		
	Add additional DIRECT addresses		
Quick Learn Video - Uploading CDA Files into NHSN:	Back Submit		
37 <u>https://youtu.be/T4DLtimpB5M</u>			

Flow of AU Data: From Bedside to AU Option



eMAR: Electronic Medication Administration Record BCMA: Bar Coding Medication Administration system

CDA: Clinical Document Architecture

Steps for AU Option Participation

- Meet prerequisites
- Identify facility lead(s)/champion(s) and gain support
- Gather information on CDA submission capabilities
 - Activate, obtain, or develop SDS validated system for aggregating and packaging data into CDA files (https://www.cdc.gov/nhsn/cdaportal/sds/au-vendor-list.html)
- Implementation validation (<u>https://www.cdc.gov/nhsn/pdfs/ps-analysis-</u> resources/aur/AU-Option-Implementation-Data-Validation-P.pdf)
- Monthly submission
- Annual validation (<u>https://www.cdc.gov/nhsn/pdfs/ps-analysis-resources/aur/annual-au-data-validation-508.pdf</u>)

AUR Module Reporting Resources

AUR Module Resources

- AUR Module webpage: <u>https://www.cdc.gov/nhsn/</u> <u>psc/aur/index.html</u>
 - Protocol
 - FAQs
 - Quick Reference Guides
 - Training resources
 - Validation resources

CDC Centers for Disease CC CDC 24/7: Saving Lives, Protectin		Search NHSN • Q				
National Healthcare Safety Network (NHSN)						
CDC > NHSN Home > Patient Safety Co	mponent	t				
Antimicrobial Use and Resistance (ALIR) Ontions						
NHSN Login Print) options		
About NHSN	+		ſ	ALIP Training		
Enroll Facility Here	+	Protocols		Aon fraining		
CMS Requirements	+	Chapter 14: Antimicrobial Use and Resistance (AUR) Module – January 2023.		Educational Roadmap		
Change NHSN Facility Admin		[PDF - 3 MB]				
Resources by Facility	+	2023 Summary of Updates E [PDF - 199 KB]		AU Case Examples		
Patient Safety Component	-	Supporting Chapters		AUR Synthetic Data Set		
Annual Surveys, Locations & Monthly Reporting Plans		Chapter 1: NHSN Overview – January 2023 Ma (PDF – 350 KB)	L			
Analysis Resources	+	Chapter 3: Patient Safety Monthly Reporting Plan – January 2023 [PDF – 300 KB]		CDA Toolkits		
Antimicrobial Use & Resistance		Chapter 15: CDC Location Labels and Location Descriptions – January 2023		Ouick Reference Guides		
AU Option Case Examples		Top of	f Page	How to run, modify and interpret all		
BSI (CLABSI)		100 01 13		Aon module reports.		
CLIP		Data Collection Forms & Instructions		FAQs		
MDRO & CDI		Annual Facility Survey Forms		Antimicrobial Use (AU) Option		
PNEU		Top of	<u>f Page</u>	<u>Antimicrobial Resistance (AR)</u> Option		

CDA Resources

- NHSN CDA Submission
 Support Portal: <u>https://www.cdc.gov/nhsn/</u> <u>cdaportal/index.html</u>
 - Toolkits
 - FAQs
 - Trainings
 - Promoting
 Interoperability
 Program
 - SDS



Thank you!

NHSN Helpdesk (protocol & submission questions) NHSN@cdc.gov

NHSN CDA Helpdesk (technical CDA related questions) <u>NHSNCDA@cdc.gov</u>

For more information, contact CDC 1-800-CDC-INFO (232-4636) TTY: 1-888-232-6348 www.cdc.gov

The findings and conclusions in this report are those of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official position of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

