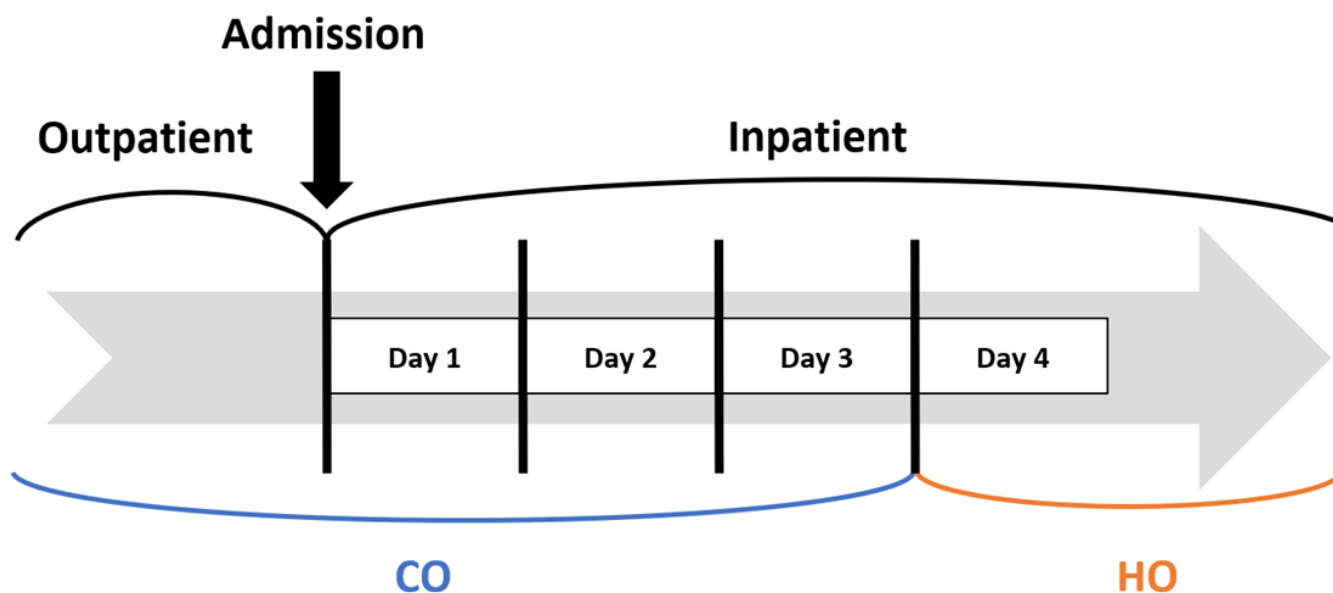


Community-onset Positive Culture Prevalence by Organism Rate Table

Description

The Community-onset Positive Culture Prevalence by Organism Rate Table is one of six incidence and prevalence reports for the Antimicrobial Resistance (AR) Option. This report includes a set of tables that display the calculated prevalence rates for community-onset AR Events reported from all inpatient and outpatient locations by organism or organism group (also called pathogen or pathogen group), regardless of susceptibility results. NHSN classifies AR Events as hospital-onset (HO) or community-onset (CO) based on the specimen collection date and date of admission (see screenshot below). Facility admission date is considered Day 1. If the specimen was collected in an outpatient location or in an inpatient location on Days 1, 2, or 3, the AR Event is classified as CO. If the specimen was collected in an inpatient location on Day 4 or after, the AR Event is classified as HO. The list of organisms that are eligible for reporting to the AR Option can be found in Appendix F of the [AUR Module Protocol](#).



NHSN calculates the prevalence rate per 10,000 admissions for each organism or organism group using the following formula:

$$\text{Community-onset Prevalence rate} = \frac{\text{\# Community-onset AR Events from inpatient and outpatient locations}}{\text{\# Admissions}} \times 10,000$$

The default settings for the Community-onset Positive Culture Prevalence by Organism Rate Table produce a report by quarter, but users can make modifications to display the data by half-year, year, or



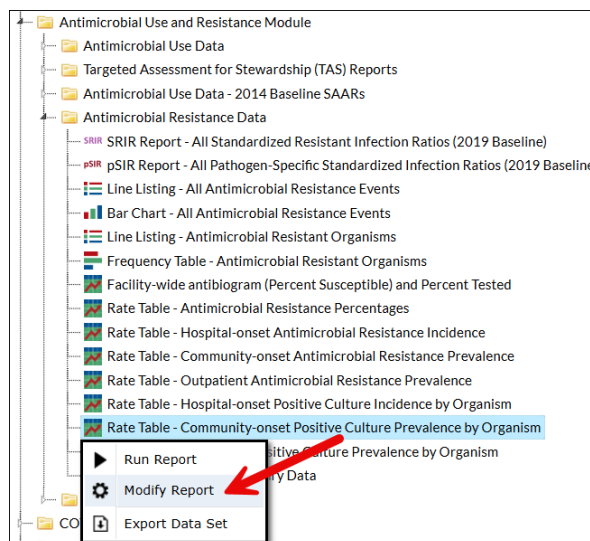
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cumulative time periods. Users do not have the option to run the report by month. Additionally, NHSN includes rates by individual specimen source (blood, cerebrospinal fluid [CSF], lower respiratory specimen [LRS], urine, and skin, soft tissue, wound and musculoskeletal [SSTWM]) and a combined rate for all specimen sources in the report by default, for a total of six rates per table. The default option will include several rate tables, one for each organism or organism group.

Example

Suppose you want to review the prevalence rates for community-onset Enterobacteriales (*E. coli*, *Klebsiella*, or *Enterobacter*) for 2021-2024 by year for your facility.

After generating data sets, to run the report, click Analysis > Reports > Antimicrobial Use and Resistance Module > Antimicrobial Resistance Data. After selecting the report, “Rate Table – Community-onset Positive Culture Prevalence by Organism” in this case, a pop-up box will appear that will allow you to **Run Report**, **Modify Report**, or **Export Data Set**. Select **Modify Report** to customize your report.



Modifying the Report

For a general, step-by-step explanation of the NHSN modification screen, please refer to this [How to Modify a Report document](#).

When you choose to modify the report, the modification screen appears, showing multiple tabs containing available modifications for the given report. The “Title/Format” tab allows you to update the report title and select the format in which you want the report displayed, such as HTML or PDF. To filter the data by time period, choose the “Time Period” tab at the top of the page. To display data for 2021-2024, select Summary~Yr with a beginning date of 2021 and an ending date of 2024.

Tip: For more descriptive variable labels on your report, check the box “Show descriptive variable names” that appears near the top of the modification window (recommended).

Modify "Rate Table - Community-onset Positive Culture Prevalence by Organism"

Show descriptive variable names ([Print List](#)) Analysis Data Set: AntibiogramRates_CO_ORG Type: Rate Table Last Generated (UTC): October 28, 2025 2:29 PM

← Title/Format Time Period Filters Display Options

Time Period:

Date Variable	Beginning	Ending	
Summary~Yr	2021	2024	Clear Time Period

Enter Date variable/Time period at the time you click the Run button

Run Save... Export... Close



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The “Display Options” tab allows you to pick how you’d like the tables displayed in your final report. For this example, we’d like the tables to display by year, so select Summary~Yr as the Group by value.

The screenshot shows a web interface titled "Modify 'Rate Table - Community-onset Positive Culture Prevalence by Organism'". It includes a "Display Options" tab where the "Group by" dropdown is set to "Summary~Yr". Other options like "Run", "Save...", "Export...", and "Close" are visible at the bottom.

Final Report

The example rate table shown below is the result of the modifications shown in this document. The report will display several rate tables; scroll down to the Enterobacteriales_all table.

Note: This example uses fictitious data for illustrative purposes only.

National Healthcare Safety Network
Rate Table for Prevalence of Community-onset Organism-specific Events (per 10,000 admissions)
As of: October 28, 2025 at 8:28 PM UTC
 Date Range: ANTIBIOGRAMRATES_CO_ORG summaryYr 2021 to 2024

Facility Org ID=33617 pathogenGroup=Enterobacteriales_all

Pathogen	Summary Yr	Admissions	Blood Count	Blood Prevalence Rate	CSF Count	CSF Prevalence Rate	LRS Count	LRS Prevalence Rate	Urine Count	Urine Prevalence Rate	SSTWM Count	SSTWM Prevalence Rate	All Specimen Type Count	All Specimen Type Prevalence Rate
Enterobacteriales_all	2021	2643	3	11.35	0	0.00	0	0.00	1	3.78	0	0	4	15.13
Enterobacteriales_all	2022	4102	4	9.75	0	0.00	0	0.00	31	75.57	0	0	35	85.32
Enterobacteriales_all	2023	2378	1	4.21	1	4.21	0	0.00	4	16.82	0	0	6	25.23
Enterobacteriales_all	2024	7342	5	6.81	0	0.00	0	0.00	2	2.72	0	0	7	9.53

1. Prevalence: number of community-onset AR Events (including events from inpatient and outpatient locations) / admissions * 10,000.
 2. Includes Escherichia coli, Klebsiella aerogenes, Klebsiella oxytoca, Klebsiella pneumoniae, and Enterobacter spp.
 Data contained in this report were last generated on October 28, 2025 at 2:24 PM UTC to include all data.

1. The title of the report specifies which rates are being displayed. Here, we are looking at the prevalence of community-onset organism-specific events (per 10,000 admissions).
2. NHSN prints out the Facility Organization ID and the organism or organism group being displayed in each table. In this example, we are looking at the rates for community-onset Enterobacteriales (all) which only includes *E. coli*, *Klebsiella*, or *Enterobacter* spp. The first column in the table (Pathogen) also displays the organism or organism group.
3. The second column in the table specifies the time period. In the modifications screen, we filtered the time period to only include data from 2021 through 2024, and we specified the report to group the data by year. Each row in the table represents one year starting with 2021 and ending with 2024.
4. The third column in the table specifies the denominator of the rates. For the AR community-onset prevalence rates, the denominator is admissions. In this example as shown in the green box, there were 7,342 admissions to the facility’s inpatient locations in 2024.
5. Each table will include the number of community-onset AR Events isolated from each of the five specimen sources (blood, CSF, LRS, urine, and SSTWM) as well as a combined count for all specimen sources. In 2024, there were five Enterobacteriales (*E. coli*, *Klebsiella*, or *Enterobacter*) isolated from blood, two from urine, and none from CSF, LRS, or SSTWM for a total of seven Enterobacteriales (*E. coli*, *Klebsiella*, or *Enterobacter*) reported to the AR Option.
6. Each table will include rates for each of the five specimen sources (blood, CSF, LRS, urine, and SSTWM) as well as a combined rate for all specimen sources. In 2024, the rate of community-onset Enterobacteriales (*E. coli*, *Klebsiella*, or *Enterobacter*) isolated from blood was 6.81 events



per 10,000 admissions. The rate for urine was 2.72 events per 10,000 admissions. The rates for CSF, LRS, and SSTWM were 0.00 since no events were isolated from CSF, LRS, or SSTWM. The overall prevalence rate of community-onset Enterobacterales (*E. coli*, *Klebsiella*, or *Enterobacter*) from all specimen sources in 2024 was 9.53 events per 10,000 admissions.

7. In the footnotes, you will find the formula for calculating prevalence as well as which organisms are included in the group if there are more than one species. This example includes all *Escherichia coli*, *Klebsiella aerogenes*, *Klebsiella oxytoca*, *Klebsiella pneumoniae*, and *Enterobacter* spp. reported to the NHSN AR Option. Prevalence = number of community-onset AR Events from inpatient and outpatient locations / admissions x 10,000.

Note: If denominator data (*i.e.*, patient days, admissions, encounters) are not reported for a month, but AR Events were reported for that month, then the AR Events for that month will be excluded from the counts and rates for the rollup (*e.g.*, quarter, half-year, year, cumulative). If denominator data (*i.e.*, patient days, admissions, encounters) are not reported for all three months in a quarter, all six months in a half-year, all 12 months in a year, or at all (cumulative), but AR Events were reported for that time period, then the AR Events will be included in the counts, but both the denominator and rates will be suppressed/appear missing ('.').

Additional Resources

- AR Option Incidence and Prevalence Reports Session from the 2023 NHSN Annual Training: [Slides](#) | [Recording](#)
- [How to Export Data from NHSN](#)
- [AUR Module Protocol](#)
- [AUR Training](#)
- [NHSN Analysis Quick Reference Guides](#)



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