2024 NHSN Urinary Tract Infection (UTI) Checklist

Urinary Tract Infection (UTI) Summary				
Criterion	Criterion Met	Date of Event (DOE)		
SUTI 1a				
SUTI 1b				
SUTI 2 Catheter Associated				
SUTI 2 Non-Catheter Associated				
ABUTI Catheter Associated				
ABUTI Non-Catheter Associated				
Please refer to <u>Chapter 7 Urinary Tract Infection (UTI) Event</u> of the Patient Safety Manual for additional information.				

Documentation Review Checklist						
Urinary Tract Infection						
Symptomatic UTI (SUTI)						
SUTI 1a Catheter-associated Urinary Tract Infection (CAUTI)Any Age Patient						
Element	Element	Date				
Patient must meet 1, 2, <u>and</u> 3 below:	Met					
1. Patient had an indwelling urinary catheter (IUC) that had been in place for more than 2 c	onsecutive	days in an				
inpatient location on the date of event AND was either:						
 Present for any portion of the calendar day on the date of event[†] 						
OR .						
Removed the day before the date of event [‡]						
2. Patient has at least <u>one</u> of the following signs or symptoms:						
Fever (>38°C)						
Suprapubic tenderness*						
 Costovertebral angle pain or tenderness* 						
 Urinary urgency^ 						
 Urinary frequency^ 						
• Dysuria^						
3. Patient has a urine culture with no more than two species of organisms identified, at						
least one of which is a bacterium of $\geq 10^5$ CFU/ml (see Comments). All elements of the						
SUTI criterion must occur during the IWP. (See IWP Definition Chapter 2 Identifying						
HAIs for NHSN Surveillance.)						
Comments/Notes:						



Documentation Review Checklist Urinary Tract Infection Symptomatic UTI (SUTI) SUTI 1b Non-Catheter-associated Urinary Tract Infection (Non-CAUTI)---Any Age Patient Element Element Date Patient must meet 1, 2, and 3 below: Met One of the following is true: Patient has/had an indwelling urinary catheter (IUC), but it has/had not been in place for more than 2 consecutive days in an inpatient location on the date of event§ OR • Patient did not have an indwelling urinary catheter (IUC) in place on the date of event nor the day before the date of event§ Patient has at least **one** of the following signs or symptoms: Fever (>38°C) Suprapubic tenderness* Costovertebral angle pain or tenderness* Urinary urgency ^ Urinary frequency^ Dysuria ^ 3. Patient has a urine culture with no more than two species of organisms identified, at П least one of which is a bacterium of ≥10⁵ CFU/ml (see Comments). All elements of the SUTI criterion must occur during the IWP. (See IWP Definition Chapter 2 Identifying HAIs for NHSN Surveillance.) Apply this Reporting Guidance for SUTI 1a and SUTI 1b: † When entering event into NHSN choose "INPLACE" for Risk Factor for IUC ‡ When entering event into NHSN choose "REMOVE" for Risk Factor for IUC § When entering event into NHSN choose "NEITHER" for Risk Factor for IUC * With no other recognized cause (see Comments) ^ These symptoms cannot be used when IUC is in place. An IUC in place could cause patient complaints of "frequency" "urgency" or "dysuria". Note: Fever is a non-specific symptom of infection and cannot be excluded from UTI determination because it is clinically deemed due to another recognized cause. **Comments/Notes:**



Documentation Review Checklist Urinary Tract Infection Symptomatic UTI (SUTI) SUTI 2 CAUTI or Non-CAUTI in patients 1 year of age or less **Element** Element Date Met Patient must meet 1, 2, and 3 below: 1. Patient is ≤1 year of age (with[‡] or without an indwelling urinary catheter) 2. Patient has at least **one** of the following signs or symptoms: Fever (>38°C) Hypothermia (<36.0°C) Apnea* • Bradycardia* Lethargy* Vomiting* Suprapubic tenderness* 3. Patient has a urine culture with no more than two species of organisms identified, at least one of which is a bacterium of ≥10⁵ CFU/ml (see Comments). All elements of the UTI criterion must occur during the IWP. (See IWP Definition Chapter 2 Identifying HAIs for NHSN Surveillance.) ‡ If patient had an indwelling urinary catheter (IUC) in place for more than 2 consecutive days in an inpatient location and the IUC was in place on the date of event or the previous day, the CAUTI criterion is met. If no such IUC was in place, UTI (non-catheter associated) criterion is met. * With no other recognized cause (see Comments) Note: Fever and hypothermia are non-specific symptoms of infection and cannot be excluded from UTI determination because they are clinically deemed due to another recognized cause. **Comments/Notes:**



Documentation Review Checklist

Asymptomatic Bacteremic Urinary Tract Infection (ABUTI)

Catheter associated ABUTI or Non-catheter associated ABUTI---Any Age Patient

Element	Element	Date
Patient must meet 1, 2, and 3 below:	Met	
 Patient with* or without an indwelling urinary catheter (IUC) has no signs or symptoms of SUTI 1 or 2 regardless of age 		
 Patient has a urine culture with no more than two species of organisms identified, at least one of which is a bacterium of ≥10⁵ CFU/mI 		
 Patient has organism identified** from blood specimen with at least <u>one</u> matching bacterium to the bacterium at ≥10⁵ CFU/ml identified in the urine specimen, OR is eligible for LCBI criterion 2 (without fever) and matching common commensal(s) in the urine (see <u>Comments</u>). All elements of the ABUTI criterion must occur during the IWP. (See IWP Definition <u>Chapter 2 Identifying HAIs for NHSN Surveillance.</u>) 		

^{*} Patient had an IUC in place for more than 2 consecutive days in an inpatient location on the date of event, and the IUC was in place on the date of event or the day before. Catheter-associated ABUTI is reportable if CAUTI is in the facility's reporting plan for the location.

Comments:

"Mixed flora" is not available in the NSHN Organism List and cannot be reported as a pathogen to meet the NHSN UTI criteria. Additionally, "mixed flora" represents at least two species of organisms and cannot be used to meet the NHSN UTI criteria. Any additional organisms recovered from the same culture would be in addition to the mixed flora, meaning there are at least three organism present, making the culture ineligible for use to meet NHSN UTI criteria.

The following excluded organisms cannot be used to meet the UTI definition:

- Any Candida species as well as a report of "yeast" that is not otherwise specified
- mold
- · dimorphic fungi or
- parasites

An acceptable urine specimen may include the above organisms if one bacterium with $\geq 10^5$ CFU/ml is also present. Additionally, these non-bacterial organisms identified from a blood culture cannot be deemed secondary to a UTI since the above non-bacterial organisms are excluded as organisms in the UTI definition.

- > Suprapubic tenderness documentation whether elicited by palpation (tenderness-sign) or provided as a subjective complaint of suprapubic pain (pain-symptom) found in the medical record is acceptable to meet SUTI criterion if documented in the medical record during the Infection Window Period.
- Lower abdominal pain or bladder or pelvic discomfort are examples of symptoms that can be used as suprapubic tenderness. Generalized "abdominal pain" in the medical record is too general and not to be interpreted as suprapubic tenderness as there are many causes of abdominal pain.
- Left, right, or bilateral lower back or flank pain are examples of symptoms that can be used as costovertebral angle pain or tenderness. Generalized "low back pain" is not to be interpreted as costovertebral angle pain or tenderness.



^{**} Organisms identified by a culture or non-culture based microbiologic testing method which is performed for purposes of clinical diagnosis or treatment (for example, not Active Surveillance Culture/Testing (ASC/AST)).