

Maternal deaths and mortality rates: Each state, the District of Columbia, United States, 2018-2021  
 [Rates are per 100,000 live births. Data are tabulated by place of residence]

Area	Deaths <sup>1</sup>	Maternal mortality rate	95% lower confidence limit	95% upper confidence limit
Alabama	96	41.4	33.5	50.5
Alaska	10	*	*	*
Arizona	99	31.4	25.5	38.3
Arkansas	63	43.5	33.4	55.7
California	176	10.1	8.6	11.6
Colorado	38	15.2	10.7	20.8
Connecticut	23	16.7	10.6	25.0
Delaware	8	*	*	*
District of Columbia	11	*	*	*
Florida	228	26.3	22.9	29.7
Georgia	169	33.9	28.8	39.0
Hawaii	12	*	*	*
Idaho	16	*	*	*
Illinois	95	17.3	14.0	21.1
Indiana	100	31.1	25.0	37.3
Iowa	30	20.2	13.6	28.9
Kansas	31	22.0	15.0	31.3
Kentucky	81	38.4	30.5	47.7
Louisiana	91	39.0	31.4	47.9
Maine	5	*	*	*
Maryland	59	21.2	16.2	27.4
Massachusetts	42	15.3	11.1	20.7
Michigan	83	19.4	15.5	24.1
Minnesota	33	12.6	8.7	17.7
Mississippi	62	43.0	32.9	55.1
Missouri	73	25.7	20.4	32.3
Montana	13	*	*	*
Nebraska	26	26.2	17.1	38.4
Nevada	30	21.7	14.7	31.0
New Hampshire	7	*	*	*
New Jersey	103	25.7	20.8	30.7
New Mexico	27	30.2	19.9	44.0
New York	188	21.7	18.6	24.8
North Carolina	126	26.5	21.9	31.2
North Dakota	10	*	*	*
Ohio	126	23.8	19.7	28.0
Oklahoma	59	30.3	23.0	39.0
Oregon	27	16.4	10.8	23.8
Pennsylvania	89	16.7	13.4	20.5
Rhode Island	7	*	*	*
South Carolina	74	32.7	25.6	41.0

South Dakota	13	*	*	*
Tennessee	134	41.7	34.6	48.7
Texas	421	28.1	25.4	30.8
Utah	30	16.1	10.9	23.0
Vermont	1	*	*	*
Virginia	113	29.1	23.8	34.5
Washington	69	20.4	15.9	25.8
West Virginia	18	*	*	*
Wisconsin	29	11.6	7.8	16.7
Wyoming	4	*	*	*
United States	3,478	23.5	22.7	24.3

\* Data suppressed due to reliability and confidentiality restrictions.

<sup>1</sup> Maternal deaths include deaths of women while pregnant or within 42 days of termination of pregnancy, irrespective of the duration and the site of the pregnancy, from any cause related to or aggravated by the pregnancy or its management, but not from accidental or incidental causes.

NOTES: Caution should be taken in interpreting these data and comparing states for the following reasons. - For many states, the data are based on small numbers and are, therefore, statistically unreliable. Statistical variability in the maternal mortality rate is determined largely by the number of maternal deaths (i.e., as the number of deaths decreases, the variance, or measure of uncertainty, increases). Rates based on fewer than 20 deaths are suppressed because of reliability and confidentiality. - It is likely that some of the variation in state rates is due to the marked differences in the quality of state maternal mortality data. Variation in the quality of reporting maternal deaths may be due to differences in electronic registration systems and differences in policies and programs designed to verify the pregnancy status of female decedents of reproductive age. These differences may result in underestimates of maternal deaths in some cases, and overestimates in others.

SOURCE: NCHS, National Vital Statistics System