VITAL and HEALTH STATISTICS

DATA FROM THE NATIONAL HEALTH SURVEY

Acute Conditions

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incidence and associated disability

United States - July 1962 - June 1963

Statistics on the incidence of acute conditions and the associated days of restricted activity, bed disability, and time lost from work and school, by age, sex, calendar quarter, residence, and geographic region. Based on data collected in household interviews during the period July 1962–June 1963.

Washington, D.C.

June 1964

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE Anthony J. Celebrezze Secretary

Public Health Service Luther L. Terry Surgeon General



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Public Health Service Publication No. 1000-Series 10-No. 10

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ACUTE CONDITIONS INCIDENCE AND ASSOCIATED DISABILITY

Charles S. Wilder, Division of Health Interview Statistics

SELECTED FINDINGS

During July 1962-June 1963, the American people, exclusive of the Armed Forces and inmates of institutions, experienced an estimated 401 million acute illnesses or injuries which caused the person concerned to seek medical attention or restrict his usual activities for at least one day (table 1). On the average persons in the civilian noninstitutional population reported in the National Health Survey's household interview program about 2.2 acute conditions during the 12-month period. About 58 percent of all acute conditions were respiratory in nature, including 83 million cases reported as influenza. About 11 percent of all acute conditions were infective and parasitic diseases; 5 percent, digestive system conditions; 13 percent, injuries; and 13 percent, other types of acute conditions.

Figure 1 shows the incidence rates per quarter for each of the 24 calendar quarters between July 1957 and June 1963. The striking similarity in incidence of acute illnesses or injuries during each of the two most recent years is depicted in this figure. The pattern of incidence of respiratory illness, which was mainly responsible for the rise and fall in the rates of all acute conditions, is that of a high rate during the winter months of one year followed by a lower peak the next year. This pattern of alternate low peaks is repeated twice during the first 5 years of the National Health Survey program and, on investi-

gation of the data, is found to be due to the absence of an epidemic of influenza.

However, the expected decline in incidence was not present in the sixth year because an epidemic of illness reported as influenza occurred during January-March 1963. Laboratory findings indicated that Asian influenza was the major causative agent. In the quarter January-March of the previous year, influenza Type B was responsible for much of the epidemic.

During the year ending June 1963, acute illness or injury caused each person in the population an average of 9 days of restriction of activity, including about 4 days in bed (tables 2 and 3). Females reported, on the average, about 2 more days of reduced activity and 1 more day of bed disability than did males. Children between the ages of 6 through 16 experienced an average of 5 days lost from school as a result of acute illness or injury (table 8). Persons aged 17 years and over in the currently employed population reported an average of 4 days lost from work because of acute conditions (table 10). For purposes of the survey, a currently employed person is defined as a person who had a job or business, or worked at any time during the 2-week period prior to the week of interview.

The incidence rate of acute conditions was highest among persons residing in urban areas and lowest among those living on farms (table 11). The rate difference by sex was more pronounced in urban places of residence where the incidence

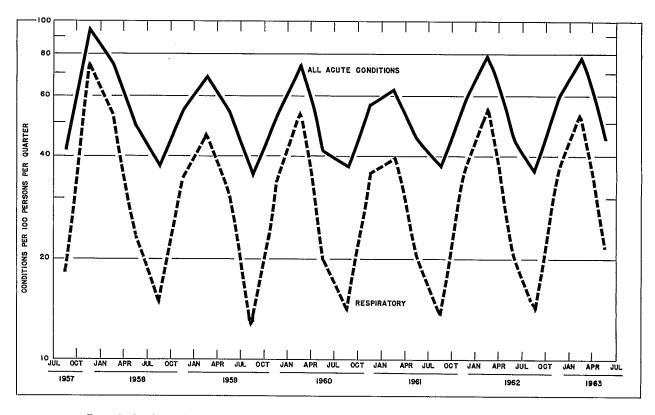


Figure 1. Incidence of all acute conditions and acute respiratory conditions, per 100 persons per quarter.

rate for females of 239 per 100 persons per year was 31 percentage points higher than the rate for males. The rates of disability days, both restricted-activity and bed-days, were approximately the same in urban and rural-nonfarm places of residence, and lowest in rural-farm areas (tables 12 and 13).

Residents of the West Region had a higher incidence rate of acute conditions, 249 cases per 100 persons per year, than did persons residing in the other three major regions (table 20). The excess in rates appeared to have occurred most often among females under 25 years of age and to some extent, among males in this age group. The restricted-activity and bed-disability rate was highest in the South Region (tables 21 and 22).

SOURCE OF DATA

The information contained in this publication is derived from household interviews conducted

by the National Health Survey in cooperation with the U.S. Bureau of the Census in a probability sample of the civilian, noninstitutional population of the United States. The sample is designed so that interviews are conducted during every week of the year. During the 52-week period from July 1962-June 1963, the sample was composed of approximately 42,000 households, containing about 134,000 persons living at the time of the interview.

A description of the design of the survey, methods used in estimation, and general qualifications of the data obtained from surveys is presented in Appendix I. Since estimates shown in this report are based on a sample of the population rather than on the entire population, they are subject to sampling error. Therefore, particular attention should be paid to the section entitled "Reliability of Estimates." Sampling errors for most of the estimates are of relatively low magnitude. However, an estimated number or numerator or denominator of a rate or percentage

that is small may produce a high sampling error. Charts of relative sampling errors and instructions for their use are shown in Appendix I.

Certain terms used in this report are defined in Appendix II. Some of the terms have specialized meanings for the purpose of the survey. For example, estimates of the incidence of acute conditions include, with certain exceptions, those conditions which have started within 2 weeks prior to the week of interview and which have involved either medical attention or restricted activity. The exceptions, listed in Appendix II, are certain conditions such as heart trouble and diabetes which are always considered to be chronic, regardless of duration or onset.

Annual estimates of the number of disability days associated with each acute condition are derived from the number of such days experienced during the 2-week period prior to the week of interview, and include all those reported, even if the illness causing the disability occurred prior to the 2-week period. Since any particular day of disability may be associated with more than one condition, the sum of days for all conditions adds to more than the total number of person-days of disability.

The definitions of areas of residence employed for the 1960 Census are used for this report. The changed definition of rural-farm areas reflecting land usage, to distinguish between rural farm and rural nonfarm (shown in questions 9 and 10 of Appendix III), is also used.

The questionnaire used by the Health Interview Survey during July 1962-June 1963 is illustrated in Appendix III. Each condition reported in response to the "illness-recall" questions (8-14) was entered on a line of table I. Further questions were asked to obtain a better description of the specific conditions and to obtain information about the actions taken by the person, such as seeking medical attention or restricting usual activities.

The incidence rates of acute conditions per quarter for the first 4 quarters from July 1960 through June 1961, shown in figure 1, are presented in an earlier report, *Health Statistics*, from the U.S. National Health Survey, Series B. No. 33. The rates for the period from July 1961-June 1962 are presented in *Vital and Health Statistics*, Series 10. No. 1. Other reports dealing with acute con-

ditions are *Health Statistics*, Series B, Nos. 5, 6, 18, 23, 24, and 34, and Series C. Nos. 1, 4, and 7.

The arrangement of this report is somewhat different from that of the previous one, Series 10, No. 1. Instead of being limited to a brief listing of highlights of the data, the text has been augmented by a discussion of two topics, respiratory illness and place of residence, to show how they affected the annual incidence and disability.

To assist the reader in the use of these tables, they are arranged as follows:

Information by age and sex for the United States (1-10)

Information by place of residence (11-19) Information by geographic region (20-25) Information by calendar quarter (26-33) Populations used in computing rates (34-36)

ACUTE RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS

During July 1962-June 1963, there was an interruption in the usual seasonal pattern of respiratory illness in that the peak incidence rate during January-March 1963 was not appreciably lower than the peak attained during the same months in 1962. It is of interest to examine the quarterly incidence rates to determine which type of respiratory illness contributed to the rate during January-March 1963. Also, study of the annual incidence rates of respiratory illness should be useful for the purpose of observing trends during the 6 years covered by the survey and of ascertaining their behavior pattern.

Figure 1 shows the seasonal patterns of all acute conditions and of the respiratory group. It can be seen that the first, third, fifth, and sixth years of data had high seasonal peaks, while the second and fourth years showed a decline. Similar peaks were present for respiratory conditions indicating that increases in incidence of respiratory illness are mainly responsible for the peaks. The figure also shows that in general the peak season for acute conditions other than respiratory occurs during the low season for respiratory illness.

Figure 2 shows the incidence rates per quarter for the most recent three years of data collection. It indicates there has been little change

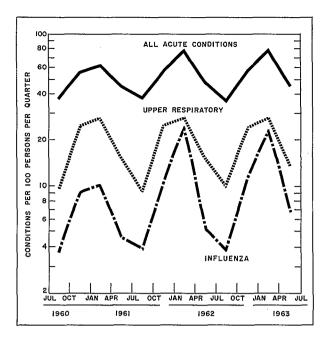


Figure 2. Incidence of all acute conditions, respiratory conditions, and influenza per 100 persons per quarter.

in the pattern of incidence of upper respiratory illness. However, the quarterly rates of illnesses reported as influenza have reached about the same level in the January-March high season in both 1962 and 1963. Other sources indicate that there were separate epidemics of influenza-like illness in these periods, Type B in January-March 1962 and Asian influenza in January-March 1963. 1

The annual incidence rates of various forms of respiratory illness are shown in figure 3, so that the trend during the 6 years of data collection may be observed. The pattern for the first 4 years for the combined total was a declining one followed by an increase. The decline during the earlier years occurred mainly in cases reported as influenza, pneumonia, and to some extent the common cold. The rise in rates for the past 2 years was due for the most part to an increased number of cases of influenza.

Since the cases reported as influenza make such an important contribution to the annual rate

¹Klebba, J. and Robinson, R. Q.: "The Influenza Epidemic of January-April 1963"; Health, Education, and Welfare *Indicators*, October 1963, pp. xxi-xxviii.

of acute conditions, a brief analysis of the data shown in the detailed tables is worthwhile. There were an estimated 83 million cases of illness reported as influenza during July 1962-June 1963, of which 56 percent were reported among females. The average case caused 4 days of reduced activity, including 2 days spent in bed (figures obtained by dividing the number of disability days by the number of cases).

The number of conditions shown in the diagnostic category, influenza, should not be interpreted as the number of clinically or microscopically diagnosed cases, but rather as an estimate based on conditions described as influenza by the household respondents. The respondents report either the information given to them by the doctor or their own categorization of

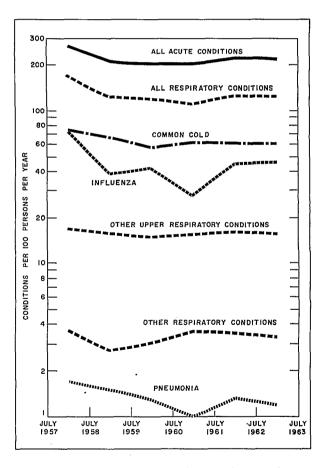


Figure 3. Incidence of all acute conditions and types of acute respiratory conditions per 100 persons per year.

Table A. Incidence of influenza and the "virus" per 100 persons per year, by sex and region: United States, July 1961-June 1962 and July 1962-June 1963

Region	Both	sexes	Ма	le	Female		
vegton	Influ- enza	The "virus"	Influ- enza	The "virus"	Influ- enza	The "virus"	
July 1961-June 1962	Number of acute conditions per 100 persons per y						
All regions	45.0	13.8	39.8	12.7	49.8	14.9	
Northeast	23.5 58.9 34.6 75.1	26.2 5.1 16.4 4.4	21.2 51.4 32.1 64.7	24.0 4.0 14.6 6.0	25.7 66.1 37.0 84.8	28.3 6.1 18.0 3.0	
July 1962-June 1963							
All regions	45 . 6	_12.7	41.2	11.7	49,6	13.5	
Northeast North Central South West	24.6 55.9 42.2 66.3	24.1 5.1 15.2 3.5	23.3 49.6 40.6 55.3	21.6 4.8 14.2 4.1	25.9 62.0 43.6 76.7	26.4 5.3 16.2 2.9	

the illness based on their previous experience and knowledge of the disease. It is quite possible that some of these cases may be reported incorrectly. Furthermore, some of the cases reported as the "virus" (classified under infective and parasitic diseases) and some of those described as upper respiratory and other respiratory conditions may in fact have been influenza.

The statistics presented in table 4 show that about 40 million of the cases of influenza were not medically attended. Thus, the diagnosis was based solely on the respondent's experience and knowledge. Some of these cases may not have been medically attended because other cases occurring at the same time in the family or neighborhood presented the same symptomatology and were treated in the same way without recourse to medical advice. During the epidemic period of January-March 1963 such a situation was not unlikely.

During the current year the influenza attack rate was highest among children under 6 years of age, but was quite high in each of the older age groups (table 5). However, during the preceding year, the incidence rate was highest for schoolage children 6-16 and lower in the other age groups than in the current data. This reflects the differing nature of the types of influenza. The average duration per case rose as age increased, e.g., there were 3 days of restricted activity per case at under 6 years and 6 days per case at 45 years and older.

The incidence rate of influenza was higher in rural areas then in urban areas during the current year. The rate was lowest in urbanized areas of one million or more population (table 15).

Table A shows the influenza annual incidence rates for each of the four major regions of the United States for the past 2 years. Two years of data have been presented because of the remarkable similarity in the rates for the regions. The rates for the "virus" are also shown, because it is suspected that the term "virus" is not uniformly used throughout the United States. One might suspect that the low incidence of influenza in the Northeast Region may have been due to the

²The cases of the "virus" exclude those conditions such as "viral flu," "viral cold," etc., which have been classified to the appropriate category in the respiratory group.

reporting of respiratory illnesses as the "virus" rather than as influenza.

PLACE OF RESIDENCE

During July 1962-June 1963, the 1960 Decennial Census was the population base used for the Health Interview Survey's estimating procedures. In each of the earlier years of the survey the 1950 Decennial Census served as the base. One effect of the change in the population base was an increase in the percentage of urban residents in the population—a gain of about 9 percentage points from the previous year's population tables (compare Series 10, No. 1, table 32 with table 34 in this report). The application of rules defining urban areas to the Census population figures resulted in the classification of places formerly rural as urban places. This increased the proportion of the population living in urban areas and reduced the population living in rural-nonfarm

In addition to the change in population base there was a change in the definition of the ruralfarm population. Prior to this change in definition the survey's estimate of the number of persons in rural-farm areas was based on the positive answer by the respondent to the question. "Is this house on a farm or ranch?" (with the exception of persons paying rent for house and yard only who were excluded, as were residents in institutions, summer camps, motels, and tourist camps located in farm areas). Beginning with the current year the division of the rural population into rural farm and rural nonfarm was based on whether the place had 10 or more acres and sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products of at least \$50 during the past 12 months (for places with fewer than 10 acres, the sales figure was \$250 or more). A negative answer to this question categorized the household as nonfarm, a positive answer as farm.

Numerically, the change in population distribution increased the size of the urban population, and reduced the size of the rural-nonfarm population. However, the change in the rural-farm definition added persons to the rural-nonfarm population, thus reducing the net change in size of the rural-nonfarm population. The definitional change reduced the size of the rural-farm population substantially.

These definitional changes in the population according to place of residence tended to improve the measurement of the health characteristics of the population according to place of residence. The intermixing of places with different characteristics was eliminated, leaving groups more homogeneous with respect to residence. The tables about the incidence of acute conditions and associated disability, presented in this report, have been increased in scope by classifying urban into three parts according to density: urbanized areas, 1 million and over; urbanized areas, less than 1 million; and other urban places.

Before discussing the current year's data by place of residence, it is of interest to compare the rates for the current year and the previous year. Table B shows that rates in urban areas were affected least by definitional changes. Using the rates for all areas as a measure of the consistency of the data for both years, the incidence rates of acute conditions declined in rural areas for all persons, for males and females, and for persons under 45 years. Except for injuries and respiratory illness there was little change in the incidence rates for the condition groups.

The incidence rate for all acute conditions during July 1962-June 1963 was highest in urban areas of residence and lowest in rural-farm areas. However, within urban areas the rate was lowest in the largest urbanized areas and highest in urbanized areas with less than one million inhabitants (table 11). Residence apparently had little effect on the difference, by sex, in incidence of acute conditions. In general, the rate of incidence declined with the increase in age.

Residents of urban areas experienced the same rate of restriction of activity associated with acute illness or injury as did persons residing in rural-nonfarm areas (table 12). Residents of rural-farm areas had a slightly lower rate. Persons residing in "other urban places" had the highest rate of reduced activity which was caused by a high disability day rate among persons 65 years and older. The number of bed-disability days per person per year displayed a somewhat different pattern. It was about the same size in the urban sectors as in rural-nonfarm areas (table 13). The rate was lower in rural-farm places, notably among children under 5 years of age and among persons 45 years and older.

Table B. Incidence of acute conditions and associated days of disability per 100 persons per year, by place of residence and characteristic: United States, July 1961-June 1962 and July 1962-June 1963

	Residence										
Characteristic	All a	reas	Urb	an	Rural n	onfarm	Rural farm				
	July 1961- June 1962	July 1962- June 1963									
Incidence		N	umber of acut	e condition	s per 100 per	sons per yea	ar				
All acute conditions-	222.3	218,8	217,8	223.9	240,6	217.0	201.5	176.5			
Age											
Under 5 years	366.7 293.7 211.7 194.1 151.5 127.9	368.7 267.8 210.9 193.9 159.0 136.1	366.5 301.0 211.5 193.6 146.9 127.7	384.2 286.9 223.8 196.9 153.5 125.3	386.4 305.1 226.4 199.4 159.1 122.1	343.6 243.6 196.4 193.3 178.1 159.7	312.3 238.4 181.8 181.4 161.9 138.8	296.9 189.5 135.2 160.1 157.6 161.9			
Sex											
MaleFemale	207.8 235.9	203.7 233.1	202.8 231.3	207.8 238.8	226.7 253.9	205.0 228.7	188.4 215.7	163.0 190.6			
Condition group											
Infective and parasitic diseases	27.2 127.7	24.4 127.2	25.6 126.9	24.8 130.6	34.4 133.8	24.9 124.0	17.8 117.3	18.7 105.1			
Digestive system conditions	12.4 28.9	11.2 27.7	12.2 27.0	10.8 28.7	12.9 32.3	12.1 27.4	12.2 29.7	11.7 18.9			
All other acute conditions	26.2	28.4	26.1	28.9	27.1	28.7	24.6	22.1			
Disability days											
Restricted-activity days Bed-disability days	880.7 381.2	877.6 379.6	880.8 377.8	880.7 384.7	874.9 403.8	881.1 383.6	893.8 344.7	837.3 319.6			

The lower rate of incidence among residents of rural-farm areas was primarily accounted for by lower rates for infective and parasitic diseases, upper respiratory illnesses, and injuries (table 15). It should be noted that the rate of reported cases of influenza was highest in both sectors of the rural population and declined as the population density increased until the lowest rate was attained in urbanized areas of one million or more inhabitants. Males living in the latter group of cities reported the lowest incidence of influenza.

The rate of disability days, both restricted activity and bed disability, followed much the same pattern as the incidence rates for the areas of residence. Although the injury incidence was lower in rural-farm areas, the rate of disability days was quite high indicating that the average duration of injury was longer among farm residents. The nature of the work and the ability to postpone performance of a job may have accounted for this fact, but consideration must also be given to differences in the severity of the type of injury.

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Table 1. Incidence of acute conditions, percent distribution, and number of acute conditions per 100 persons per year, by
sex and condition group: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Pata are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix II. Pefinitions of terms are given in Appendix II.

Condition group	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female		
	Incidence of acute conditions		onditions	Percent distribution			Number of	Number of acute conditions			
	ir 400,751 H	n thousands 180,915	219,836	100.0 m			per 100 persons per year 218.8 203.7 233.1				
All acute conditions	400,731	180,915	219,030	100.0	100.0	100.0	22010	20317			
Infective and parasitic diseases	44,680	20,455	24,225	11.1	11.3	11.0	24.4	23.0	25.7		
Common childhood diseases	14,726 23,170	6,993 10,416	7,732 12,754	3.7 5.8	3.9 5.8	3.5 5.8	8.0 12.7	7.9 11.7	8.2 13.5		
The "virus," n.o.sOther infective and parasitic diseases	6,784	3,045	3,738	1.7	1.7	1.7	3.7	3.4	4.0		
	,		·					1			
Respiratory conditions	232,889	102,870	130,019	58.1	56.9	59.1	127.2	115.8	137.9		
Upper respiratory conditions Common cold	141,271 112,700	62,470 50,053	78,800 62,647	35.3 28.1	34.5 27.7	35.8 28.5	77.1 61.5	70.3 56.3	83.6 66.4		
Other acute upper respiratory conditions	28,571	12,417	16,154	7.1	6.9	7.3	15.6	14.0	17.1		
Influenza	83,451	36,632	46,819	20.8	20.2	21.3	45.6	41.2	49.6		
Influenza with digestive manifestations Other influenza	6,006 77,445	2,311 34,321	3,695 43,123	1.5 19.3	1.3 19.0	1.7 19.6	3.3 42.3	2.6 38.6	3.9 45.7		
Other respiratory conditions	8,168	3,768	4,400	2.0	2.1	2.0	4.5	4.2	4.7		
Pneumonia Bronchitis	2,130 3,423	1,036 1,435	1,094 1,989	0.5 0.9	0.6 0.8	0.5	1.2	1.2 1.6	1.2 2.1		
Other acute respiratory conditions	2,614	1,297	1,317	0.7	0.7	0.6	1.4	1.5	1.4		
	00 (70	0.022	11 445	5 1	5.0	5.2	11.2	10.2	12.1		
Digestive system conditions	20,478 9,167	9,033	11,445 4,918	2.3	2.3	2.2	5.0	4.8	5.2		
Dental conditions Functional and symptomatic upper gastrointestinal disorders,	9,107	4,249	4,710	2.5	2.3						
n.e.c	4,472	1,987	2,485	1.1	1.1	1.1	2.4	2.2	2.6		
conditions	6,840	2,797	4,043	1.7	1.5	1.8	3.7	3.1	4.3		
Injuries	50,743	29,056	21,687	12.7	16.1	9.9	27.7	32.7	23.0		
Fractures, dislocations, sprains			6 004	2.6	4.5	2.9	7.9	9.1	6.7		
and strains Fractures and dislocations	14,390 5,911 8,480	8,097 3,636 4,461	6,294 2,275 4,019	3.6 1.5 2.1	2.0 2.5	1.0	3.2	4.1 5.0	2.4 4.3		
Sprains and strains Open wounds and lacerations	14,451	9,065	5,387	3.6	5.0	2.5	7.9	10.2	5.7		
Contusions and superficial	9,555	4,961	4,594	2.4	2.7	2.1	5.2	5.6	4.9 5.7		
Other current injuries	12,346	6,934	5,412	3.1	3.8	2.5	6.7	7.8	3.7		
All other acute conditions	51,961	19,501	32,461	13.0	10.8	14.8	28.4	22.0	34.4		
Diseases of the ear	9,146	4,458 1,310	4,687 2,801	2.3	2.5	2.1	5.0 2.2	5.0 1.5	5.0 3.0		
Headaches	4,111 6,866	1,310	5,739	1.7	0.6	2.6	3.7	1.3	6.1		
Deliveries and disorders of pregnancy and the puerperium Diseases of the skin	5,152 6,044	3,486	5,152 2,558	1.3 1.5	i.9	2.3 1.2	2.8 3.3	3.9	5.5 2.7		
Diseases of the skin	4,943	2,107	2,835 8,689	1.2	1.2	1.3	2.7	2.4 7.9	3.0 9.2		
All other acute conditions	15,700	7,011	3,009	1	3.9						

NOTES: Excluded from these statistics are all conditions involving neither restricted activity nor medical attention. Not.s.-not otherwise specified; n.e.c.- not elsewhere classified.

Table 2. Days of restricted activity associated with acute conditions and days of restricted activity per 100 persons per year, by sex and condition group: United States, July 1962-June 1963

Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II.

Condition group	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female		
	Days of i	restricted ac n thousands	tivity	Days of restricted activity per 100 persons per year				
All acute conditions	1,607,304	683,398	923,905	877.6	769.3	979.6		
Infective and parasitic diseases	201,263	88,929	112,334	109.9	100.1	119.1		
Common childhood diseases The "virus," n.o.s Other infective and parasitic	93,505 71,017	43,695 29,893	49,810 41,124	51.1 38.8	49.2 33.7	52.8 43.6		
diseases	36,740	15,340	21,400	20.1	17.3	22.7		
Respiratory conditions	764,128	323,187	440,941	417.2	363.8	467.5		
Upper respiratory conditions Common cold Other acute upper respiratory	342,953 255,933	147,212 110,696	195,742 145,237	187.3 139.7	165.7 124.6	207.5 154.0		
conditionsInfluenzaInfluenza with digestive	87,021 348,655	36,516 150,469	50,504 198,186	47.5 190.4	41.1 169.4	53.5 210.1		
manifestations	15,062 333,593 72,520 34,373 22,060	6,106 144,364 25,506 12,809 7,915	8,957 189,229 47,014 21,564 14,146	8.2 182.1 39.6 18.8 12.0	6.9 162.5 28.7 14.4 8.9	9.5 200.6 49.8 22.9 15.0		
conditions	16,087	4,782	11,305	8.8	5.4	12.0		
Digestive system conditions	73,840	31,480	42,360	40.3	35.4	44.9		
Dental conditionsFunctional and symptomatic upper gastrointestinal disorders,	21,528	10,368	11,160	11.8	11.7	11.8		
n.e.c Other digestive system conditions	8,534 43,779	3,167	5,367	4.7	3.6	5.7		
Injuries	300,820	17,945 161,948	25,833 138,872	23.9	20.2	27.4		
Fractures, dislocations, sprains,				164.3	182.3	147.2		
and strains	158,780 100,876 57,904 45,170	83,956 54,325 29,630 29,083	74,824 46,551 28,273 16,088	86.7 55.1 31.6 24.7	94.5 61.2 33.4 32.7	79.3 49.4 30.0 17.1		
injuries Other current injuries	49,213 47,657	24,039 24,871	25,174 22,786	26.9 26.0	27.1 28.0	26.7 24.2		
All other acute conditions	267,252	77,854	189,398	145.9	87.6	200.8		
Diseases of the ear	28,954 5,591 43,668	13,602 1,860 7,523	15,352 3,731 36,145	15.8 3.1 23.8	15.3 2.1 8.5	16.3 4.0 38.3		
pregnancy and the puerperium Diseases of the skin Diseases of the musculoskeletal	52,229 25,118	12,813	52,229 12,305	28.5 13.7	 14.4	55.4 13.0		
All other acute conditions	28,394 83,298	10,900 31,157	17,494 52,141	15.5 45.5	12.3 35.1	18.5 55.3		

NCTF: N.o.s.-not otherwise specified; n.e.c.-not elsewhere classified.

Table 3. Days of bed disability associated with acute conditions and days of bed disability per 100 persons per year, by sex and condition group: United States, July 1962-June 1963

Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II.

Condition group	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female		
	Days o	of bed disabi In thousands	lity	Days of bed disability per 100 persons per year				
All acute conditions	695,234	283,797	411,437	379.				
Infective and parasitic diseases	98,399	43,392	55,007	53.				
Common childhood diseases	40,621	19,316	21,306	22.				
The "virus," n.o.sOther infective and parasitic	38,189	16,582	21,608	20.				
Respiratory conditions	19,588 377,571	7,495 153,730	12,093 223,842	206.				
Upper respiratory conditions	137,369	55,182	82,187	75.0				
Common coldOther acute upper respiratory	97,267	38,474	58,793	53.				
conditionsInfluenza	40,102 198,940	16,708 83,999	23,394 114,941	21. 108.				
Influenza with digestive manifestations Other influenza Other respiratory conditions Pneumonia Bronchitis	7,855 191,085 41,262 23,705 11,019	2,968 81,031 14,548 8,710 4,079	4,887 110,054 26,714 14,995 6,940	4. 104. 22. 12. 6.				
Other acute respiratory conditions	6,539	1,759	4,780	3.				
Digestive system conditions	36,085	16,156	19,929	19.				
Dental conditionsFunctional and symptomatic upper gastrointestinal disorders,	7,131	3,605	3,526	3.				
n.e.cOther digestive system	4,543	1,736	2,807	2. 13.				
Injuries	24,410 79,028	10,814	13,596 37,947	43.				
Fractures, dislocations, sprains, and strains Fractures and dislocations Sprains and strains Open wounds and lacerations	42,449 29,449 13,000 10,136	22,927 15,819 7,108 5,885	19,522 13,630 5,892 4,251	23. 16. 7. 5.				
Contusions and superficial injuriesOther current injuries	10,893 15,550	3,696 8,572	7,197 6,978	5. 8.				
All other acute conditions	104,151	29,439	74,712	56.				
Diseases of the ear	11,198 1,915 21,198	4,310 * 4,321	6,888 * 16,877	6. 1. 11.				
Deliveries and disorders of pregnancy and the puerperium Diseases of the skin Diseases of the musculoskeletal	26,694 4,340	2,790	26,694 1,550	14. 2.				
systemAll other acute conditions	7,636 31,171	3,699 13,688	3,937 17,483	17.				

NOTE: N.o.s.-not otherwise specified; n.e.c.-not elsewhere classified.

Table 4. Incidence of acute conditions and number of acute conditions per 100 persons per year, by measures of the impact of illness, sex, and condition group: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Pata are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

Sex and condition group Total Medically attended only attended only restricting only restricting and activity restricting medically attended only restricting only restricting medically attended only only restricting medically attended only restricting only (not medically attended only restricting only (not medically attended only restricting only (not medically attended only only (not medically attended only restricting only (not medically attended only only only (not medically attended only only only (not medically attended only only only only only (not medically attended) and only only (not medically attended only only only only only only only only													
Sex and condition group	Total	attended	attended and activity	restricting only (not medically	Total	attended	attended and activity						
	Inciden	ce of acute	conditions in	thousands	Number	of acute cor	nditions per l er year	LOO persons					
	400,751	111,131	157,879	131,741	218.8	60.7	86.2	71.9					
	44,680	6,310	23,515	14,854	24.4	3.4	12.8	8.1					
	232,889	51,382	84,056	97,451	127.2	28.1	45.9	53.2					
	141,271 83,451	42,552 6,647	42,340 36,323	56,379 40,480	77.1 45.6	23.2 3.6	23.1 19.8	30.8 22.1					
	8,168	2,183	5,393	*	4.5	1.2	2.9	*					
	20,478	7,903	7,429	5,146	11.2	4.3	4.1	2.8					
	50,743	23,415	20,611	6,716	27.7	12.8	11.3	3.7					
	51,961	22,120	22,267	7,574	28.4	12.1	12.2	4.1					
	180,915	52,349	69,863	58,703	203.7	58.9	78.6	66.1					
	20,455	2,965	11,007	6,483	23.0	3.3	12.4	7.3					
	102,870	23,431	35,904	43,535	115.8	26.4	40.4	49.0					
	62,470 36,632	19,172 3,161	18,164 15,309	25,134 18,162	70.3 41.2	21.6 3.6	20.4 17.2	28.3 20.4					
	3,768	1,098	2,431	*	4.2	1,2	2.7	*					
	9,033	3,554	3,147	2,333	10.2	4.0	3.5	2.6					
	29,056	13,723	11,995	3,338	32.7	15.4	13.5	3.8					
	19,501	8,677	7,809	3,014	22.0	9.8	8.8	3.4					
								L E					
	219,836	58,782	88,016	73,039	233.1	62.3	93.3	77.4					
	24,225	3,346	12,508	8,371	25.7	3.5	13.3	8.9					
	130,019	27,951	48,152	53,917	137.9	29.6	51.1	57.2					
	78,800 46,819	23,380 3,487	24,177 21,013	31,244 22,319	83.6 49.6	24.8 3.7	25.6 22.3	33.1 23.7					
	4,400	1,084	2,962	*	4.7	1.1	3.1	1:					
	11,445	4,350	4,282	2,813	12.1	4.6	4.5	3.0					
	21,687	9,692	8,616	3,378	23.0	10.3	9.1	3.6					
	32,461	13,443	14,458	4,559	34.4	14.3	15.3	4.8					

[&]quot;Co": "xeluded from these statistics are all conditions involving neither restricted activity nor medical attention.

Table 5. Incidence of acute conditions and number of acute conditions per 100 persons per year, by age, sex, and condition group: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Nata are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix II. Pefinitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

	The state of the s									
Sex and condition group	All ages	Under 6 years	6-16 years	17-44 years	45+ years	All ages	Under 6 years	6-16 years	17-44 years	45+ years
Both sexes	Incidence of acute conditions in thousands						Number of acute conditions per 100 persons per year			
All acute conditions	400,751	90,639	101,127	127,245	81,741	218.8	365.8	251.3	197.9	151.8
Infective and parasitic diseases	44,680	14,398	15,061	10,196	5,025	24.4	58.1	37.4	15.9	9.3
Respiratory conditions	232,889 141,271 83,451 8,168	55,753 39,161 13,874 2,718	57,715 38,987 17,766 963	71,254 37,022 31,664 2,568	48,167 26,101 20,147 1,919	127.2 77.1 45.6 4.5	225.0 158.1 56.0 11.0	143.4 96.9 44.2 2.4	110.8 57.6 49.3 4.0	89.4 48.5 37.4 3.6
Digestive system conditions	20,478	3,180	4,879	7,752	4,668	11.2	12.8	12.1	12.1	8.7
Injuries	50,743	7,460	13,464	17,517	12,302	27.7	30.1	33.5	27.2	22.8
All other scute conditions	51,961	9,847	10,008	20,527	11,579	28.4	39.7	24.9	31.9	21.5
<u>Male</u>]]]	
All acute conditions	180,915	46,501	50,833	50,728	32,852	203.7	369.1	248.7	166.9	129.4
Infective and parasitic diseases	20,455	7,538	7,477	3,688	1,752	23.0	59.8	36.6	12.1	6.9
Respiratory conditions	102,870 62,470 36,632 3,768	28,285 20,035 6,899 1,351	27,102 17,970 8,527	28,538 14,391 13,101 1,046	18,945 10,074 8,105 765	115.8 70.3 41.2 4.2	224.5 159.0 54.8 10.7	132.6 87.9 41.7	93.9 47.3 43.1 3.4	74.6 39.7 31.9 3.0
Digestive system conditions	9,033	1,549	2,742	2,811	1,931	10.2	12.3	13.4	9.2	7.6
Injuries	29,056	4,015	8,427	10,694	5,920	32.7	31.9	41.2	35.2	23.3
All other acute conditions	19,501	5,114	5,085	4,997	4,305	22.0	40.6	24.9	16.4	17.0
<u>Female</u>										
All acute conditions	219,836	44,137	50,294	76,517	48,889	233.1	362.5	254.1	225.8	171.8
Infective and parasitic diseases	24,225	6,860	7,584	6,507	3,273	25.7	56.3	38.3	19.2	11.5
Respiratory conditions	130,019 78,800 46,819 4,400	27,468 19,126 6,975 1,367	30,613 21,017 9,239 *	42,716 22,631 18,563 1,522	29,222 16,027 12,042 1,154	137.9 83.6 49.6 4.7	225.6 157.1 57.3 11.2	154.7 106.2 46.7	126.1 66.8 54.8 4.5	102.7 56.3 42.3 4.1
Digestive system conditions	11,445	1,631	2,137	4,941	2,737	12.1	13.4	10.8	14.6	9.6
Injuries	21,687	3,445	5,037	6,823	6,382	23.0	28.3	25,4	20.1	22.4
All other acute conditions	32,461	4,734	4,923	15,530	7,274	34.4	38.9	24.9	45.8	25.6

MOPF: Excluded from these statistics are all conditions involving neither restricted activity nor medical attention.

Table 6. Days of restricted activity associated with acute conditions and days of restricted activity per 100 persons per year, by age, sex, and condition group: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Eata are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix II]

given in Appendix I. Pefinitions of terms are given in Appendix IIJ										
Sex and condition group	All ages	Under 6 years	6-16 years	17-44 years	45+ years	All ages	Under 6 years	6-16 years	17-44 years	
Both sexes	Days of restricted activity in thousands						Days of restricted activity per 100 persons per year			
All acute conditions	1,607,304	240,131	355,764	495,847	515,561	877.6	969.2	884.2	771.4	957.4
Infective and parasitic diseases	201,263	55,209	82,527	36,669	26,858	109.9	222.8	205.1	57.0	49.9
Respiratory conditions	764,128 342,953 348,655 72,520	140,594 82,759 44,524 13,311	174,791 103,967 63,066 7,759	215,329 80,723 112,590 22,016	233,414 75,505 128,476 29,433	417.2 187.3 190.4 39.6	567.5 334.0 179.7 53.7	434.4 258.4 156.7 19.3	335.0 125.6 175.1 34.2	433.4 140.2 238.6 54.7
Digestive system conditions	73,840	8,133	12,097	23,743	29,867	40.3	32.8	30.1	36.9	55.5
Injuries	300,820	11,527	50,840	96,538	141,916	164.3	46.5	126.4	150.2	263.5
All other acute conditions	267,252	24,669	35,509	123,568	83,507	145.9	99.6	88.3	192.2	155.1
<u>Male</u>										
All acute conditions	683,398	128,064	182,795	174,335	198,204	769.3	1,016.5	894.3	573.5	780.5
Infective and parasitic diseases	88,929	27,977	40,145	12,069	8,737	100.1	222.1	196.4	39.7	34.4
Respiratory conditions	323,187 147,212 150,469 25,506	75,115 44,163 24,424 6,528	83,538 47,070 31,513 4,954	76,168 28,636 41,963 5,569	88,366 27,343 52,569 8,454	363.8 165.7 169.4 28.7	596.2 350.5 193.9 51.8	408.7 230.3 154.2 24.2	250.6 94.2 138.0 18.3	348.0 107.7 207.0 33.3
Digestive system conditions	31,480	5,011	7,006	7,689	11,774	35.4	39.8	34.3	25.3	46.4
Injuries	161,948	6,554	34,096	61,287	60,011	182.3	52.0	166.8	201.6	236.3
All other acute conditions	77,854	13,407	18,010	17,122	29,315	87.6	106.4	88.1	56.3	115.4
Female										
All acute conditions	923,905	112,067	172,969	321,511	317,358	979.6	920.3	873.8	948.8	1,115.3
Infective and parasitic diseases	112,334	27,232	42,382	24,601	18,120	119.1	223.6	214.1	72.6	63.7
Respiratory conditions Upper respiratory conditions Influenza Other respiratory conditions	440,941 195,742 198,186 47,014	65,479 38,596 20,100 6,783	91,253 56,896 31,552 2,805	139,161 52,087 70,627 16,447	145,048 48,162 75,907 20,979	467.5 207.5 210.1 49.8	537.7 317.0 165.1 55.7	461.0 287.4 159.4 14.2		509.7 169.3 266.8 73.7
Digestive system conditions	42,360	3,122	5,091	16,054	18,093	44.9	25.6	25.7	47.4	63.6
Injuries	138,872	4,973	16,744	35,251	81,904	147.2	40.8	84.6	104.0	287.8
All other acute conditions	189,398	11,261	17,499	106,445	54,192	200.8	92.5	88.4	314.1	190.4

Table 7. Days of bed disability associated with acute conditions and days of bed disability per 100 persons per year, by age, sex, and condition group: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II.

given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix iii										
Sex and condition group	All ages	Under 6 years	6-16 years	17-44 years	45+ years	All ages	Under 6 years	6-16 years	17-44 years	45+ years
Both sexes	Davs o	of bed dis	Day	s of bed 100 pers	disabi	lity pe	r			
All acute conditions						379.6				378.4
All acute conditions	093,234	102,233	100,527	222,032		377.0		7-5-10		
Infective and parasitic diseases	98,399	24,571	40,598	21,246	11,984	53.7	99.2	100.9	33.1	22.3
Respiratory conditions Upper respiratory conditions Influenza- Other respiratory conditions	377,571 137,369 198,940 41,262	60,509 29,111 24,235 7,163	94,020 48,340 41,423 4,257	112,654 33,892 65,975 12,787	110,388 26,026 67,306 17,056	206.2 75.0 108.6 22.5	244.2 117.5 97.8 28.9	233.7 120.1 103.0 10.6	175.2 52.7 102.6 19.9	205.0 48.3 125.0 31.7
Digestive system conditions	36,085	4,131	6,943	11,198	13,813	19.7	16.7	17.3	17.4	25.6
Injuries	79,028	2,646	11,801	23,806	40,774	43.2	10.7	29.3	37.0	75.7
All other acute conditions	104,151	10,398	13,165	53,748	26,841	56.9	42.0	32.7	83.6	49.8
<u>Male</u>										
All acute conditions	283,797	56,126	80,481	73,947	73,244	319.5	445.5	393.7	243.3	288.4
Infective and parasitic diseases	43,392	12,490	19,434	7,775	3,693	48.8	99.1	95.1	25.6	14.5
Respiratory conditions	153,730 55,182 83,999 14,548	33,605 16,428 13,262 3,914	43,682 20,743 20,431 2,509	40,590 11,880 25,357 3,353	35,852 6,131 24,950 4,772	173.1 62.1 94.6 16.4	266.7 130.4 105.3 31.1	213.7 101.5 100.0 12.3	133.5 39.1 83.4 11.0	141.2 24.1 98.2 18.8
Digestive system conditions	16,156	2,308	4,405	3,336	6,107	18.2	18.3	21.5	11.0	24.0
Injuries	41,080	1,563	6,928	16,496	16,094	46.2	12.4	33.9	54.3	63.4
All other acute conditions	29,439	6,161	6,031	5,749	11,498	33.1	48.9	29.5	18.9	45.3
<u>Female</u>										
All acute conditions	411,437	46,129	86,046	148,704	130,557	436.2	378.8	434.7	438.8	458.8
Infective and parasitic diseases	55,007	12,081	21,164	13,470	8,292	58.3	99.2	106.9	39.8	29.1
Respiratory conditions	223,842 82,187 114,941 26,714	26,905 12,683 10,973 3,248	50,338 27,597 20,993 1,748	72,063 22,012 40,618 9,433	74,536 19,895 42,357 12,284	237.3 87.1 121.9 28.3	220.9 104.2 90.1 26.7	254.3 139.4 106.1 8.8	212.7 65.0 119.9 27.8	261.9 69.9 148.9 43.2
Digestive system conditions	19,929	1,823	2,538	7,862	7,706	21.1	15.0	12.8	23.2	27.1
Injuries	37,947	*	4,872	7,311	24,680	40.2	*	24.6	21.6	86.7
All other acute conditions	74,712	4,237	7,134	47,998	15,343	79.2	34.8	36.0	141.6	53.9

Table 8. Days lost from school associated with acute conditions and days lost from school per 100 children (6-16) per year, by sex and condition group: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population: The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

Condition group	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
	Days lo	ost from so thousands	chool in		t from sch mildren per	
All acute conditions	196,396	93,938	102,458	488.1	459.6	517.6
Infective and parasitic diseases Respiratory conditions Upper respiratory conditions Influenza Other respiratory conditions	51,491 108,843 63,314 41,187 4,342	51,209 28,902 19,452	26,948 57,634 34,412 21,735	128.0 270.5 157.4 102.4 10.8		136.1 291.2 173.9 109.8
Digestive system conditions	7,083	3,794	3,289	17.6	18.6	16.6
Injuries	11,790	6,383	5,408	29.3	31.2	27.3
All other acute conditions	17,189	8,010	9,180	42.7	39.2	46.4

Table 9. Incidence of acute conditions among currently employed persons and number of acute conditions per 100 currently employed persons per year, by age, sex, and condition group: United States, July 1962-June 1963

Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II

7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7.	on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II										
Sex and condition group	All ages-17+ years	17-44 years	45+ years	All ages-17+ years	17-44 years	45+ years					
	Incidence	of acute c	onditions		of acute con currently e						
<u>Both sexes</u>		in thousands			sons per ye						
All acute conditions	115,436	73,940	41,496	169.9	183.2	150.4					
Infective and parasitic diseases	8,345	5,758	2,587	12.3	14.3	9.4					
Respiratory conditions Upper respiratory conditions Influenza Other respiratory conditions	66,033 34,747 28,975 2,311	41,297 21,329 18,420 1,548	24,735 13,418 10,555 762	97.2 51.1 42.6 3.4	102.3 52.8 45.6 3.8	89.6 48.6 38.2 2.8					
Digestive system conditions	6,601	4,471	2,130	9.7	11.1	7.7					
Injuries	18,871	12,500	6,371	27.8	31.0	23.1					
All other acute conditions	15,586	9,914	5,672	22.9	24.6	20.6					
<u>Male</u>											
All acute conditions	68,784	44,988	23,796	154.2	169.4	131.8					
Infective and parasitic diseases	4,704	3,212	1,493	10.5	12.1	8.3					
Respiratory conditions Upper respiratory conditions Influenza Other respiratory conditions	38,675 19,320 17,856 1,499	24,811 12,015 11,813 983	13,863 7,305 6,043	86.7 43.3 40.0 3.4	93.4 45.2 44.5 3.7	76.8 40.5 33.5 *					
Digestive system conditions	3,854	2,641	1,213	8.6	9.9	6.7					
Injuries	13,965	9,649	4,315	31.3	36.3	23.9					
All other acute conditions	7,587	4,676	2,912	17.0	17.6	16.1					
<u>Female</u>											
All acute conditions	46,652	28,952	17,700	199.9	209.8	185.6					
Infective and parasitic diseases	3,641	2,546	1,095	15.6	18.4	11.5					
Respiratory conditions Upper respiratory conditions Influenza Other respiratory conditions	27,358 15,427 11,119 812	16,486 9,315 6,607	10,872 6,113 4,512 *	117.2 66.1 47.6 3.5	119.4 67.5 47.9 *	114.0 64.1 47.3 *					
Digestive system conditions	2,748	1,830	918	11.8	13.3	9.6					
Injuries	4,906	2,851	2,055	21.0	20.7	21.5					
All other acute conditions	7,999	5,238	2,761	34.3	38.0	29.0					

NOTE: Excluded from these statistics are all conditions involving neither restricted activity nor medical attention.

Table 10. Days lost from work associated with acute conditions and days lost from work per 100 currently employed persons per year, by age, sex, and condition group: United States, July 1962-June 1963

Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II

on the remainity of the estimates are given in Appendix 1. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II										
Sex and condition group	All ages-17+ years	17-44 years	45+ years	A11 ages-17+ years	17-44 years	45+ years				
Both sexes		lost from n thousands			from work y employed per year					
All acute conditions	260,440	145,802	114,638	383.3	361.3	415.4				
Infective and parasitic diseases	19,533	12,153	7,380	28.7	30.1	26.7				
Respiratory conditions Upper respiratory conditions Influenza Other respiratory conditions	121,931 36,671 71,192 14,068	67,088 20,498 38,937 7,653	54,843 16,173 32,255 6,414	179.4 54.0 104.8 20.7	166.2 50.8 96.5 19.0	198.7 58.6 116.9 23.2				
Digestive system conditions	10,523	5,660	4,863	15.5	14.0.	17.6				
Injuries	69,588	38,660	30,928	102.4	95.8	112.1				
All other acute conditions	38,866	22,241	16,625	57.2	55.1	60.2				
<u>Male</u>										
All acute conditions	158,680	86,766	71,914	355.7	326.7	398.2				
Infective and parasitic diseases	10,725	6,804	3,921	24.0	25.6	21.7				
Respiratory conditions Upper respiratory conditions Influenza Other respiratory conditions	69,607 19,145 43,163 7,299	36,324 10,943 22,518 2,863	33,283 8,202 20,646 4,436	156.0 42.9 96.7 16.4	136.8 41.2 84.8 10.8	184.3 45.4 114.3 24.6				
Digestive system conditions	6,796	3,539	3,257	15.2	13.3	18.0				
Injuries	54,143	32,370	21,773	121.4	121.9	120.6				
All other acute conditions	17,409	7,730	9,679	39.0	29.1	53.6				
<u>Female</u>										
All acute conditions	101,760	59,036	42,724	436.0	427.7	448.0				
Infective and parasitic diseases	8,807	5,349	3,458	37.7	38.8	36.3				
Respiratory conditions Upper respiratory conditions Influenza Other respiratory conditions	52,323 17,526 28,029 6,768	30,764 9,555 16,419 4,790	21,560 7,971 11,610 1,979	224.2 75.1 120.1 29.0	222.9 69.2 119.0 34.7	226.1 83.6 121.7 20.8				
Digestive system conditions	3,727	2,121	1,606	16.0	15.4	16.8				
Injuries	15,445	6,290	9,155	66.2	45.6	96.0				
All other acute conditions	21,457	14,511	6,945	91.9	105.1	72.8				

Table 11. Incidence of acute conditions and number of acute conditions per 100 persons per year, by residence, sex, and age:

United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Pata are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

Sex

	given in Appe	marx 1. Deminations	or terms are given i	n whhenery II]			
			Urba	n			
t and age	All areas		Urbanized	areas		Rural nonfarm	Rural farm
		Total	1 million+	Less than 1 million	Other urban places		
		Inc	idence of acut	e conditions	in thousands		
	400,751	284,559	116,001	103,680	64,878	92,264	23,928
	76,432 100,454 54,199 87,926 58,790 22,951	55,145 71,230 39,983 63,503 40,081 14,618	22,340 31,006 14,508 26,737 16,688 4,723	21,002 24,289 14,294 24,154 14,648 5,292	11,802 15,935 11,182 12,612 8,745 4,603	17,285 23,366 11,635 20,026 13,683 6,269	4,002 5,857 2,581 4,397 5,027 2,064
	180,915	126,633	50,060	46,768	29,804	42,981	11,301
	39,205 51,208 22,300 35,350 24,048 8,804	28,586 36,325 15,938 25,209 15,618 4,956	11,443 15,041 5,190 10,507 6,610 1,270	10,657 12,480 5,859 9,870 5,705 2,199	6,487 8,804 4,890 4,833 3,304 1,487	8,779 11,850 5,214 8,339 5,982 2,817	1,840 3,033 1,148 1,802 2,448 1,030
	219,836	157,926	65,941	56,911	35,074	49,283	12,627
	37,226 49,245 31,899 52,576 34,742 14,147	26,558 34,905 24,045 38,294 24,462 9,661	10,897 15,965 9,318 16,230 10,078 3,453	10,346 11,809 8,435 14,284 8,944 3,093	5,315 7,131 6,292 7,780 5,441 3,116	8,506 11,516 6,422 11,687 7,701 3,451	2,162 2,824 1,433 2,595 2,579 1,034
		Number	of acute condi	tions per 100	persons per	year	
	218.8	223.9	217.9	230.0	225.7	217.0	176.5
	368.7 267.8 210.9 193.9 159.0 136.1	384.2 286.9 223.8 196.9 153.5 125.3	385.6 302.7 202.9 190.5 147.1 100.8	397.4 269.9 225.8 210.2 162.1 134.1	360.4 285.2 254.8 187.6 152.5 151.7	343.6 243.6 196.4 193.3 178.1 159.7	296.9 189.5 135.2 160.1 157.6 161.9
	203.7	207.8	195.0	217.3	216.9	205.0	163.0
	371.4 268.8 182.9 163.4 134.5 117.2	387.4 288.9 192.3 164.3 125.8 100.2	377.5 292.2 157.0 156.7 120.5 63.4	398.1 273.0 202.7 181.6 134.0	388.4 308.8 233.6 151.0 123.7 118.3	349.1 241.0 180.2 167.8 157.4 151.1	277.5 194.0 113.4 136.0 146.6 147.1
	233.1	238.8	239.2	241.5	233.8	228.7	190.6
	365.8 266.8 236.2 221.7 181.9 151.2	380.8 284.8 251.0 226.5 178.6 143.8	394.7 313.4 242.4 221.4 172.0 128.7	396.7 266.7 245.1 235.9 187.3 136.9	331.2 260.6 274.2 220.8 177.6 175.4	338.1 246.5 212.0 216.9 198.4 167.4	315.6 184.8 159.8 182.6 169.7 180.1

conditions involving neither restricted activity nor medical attention

Table 12. Days of restricted activity associated with acute conditions and days of restricted activity per 100 persons per year, by residence, sex, and age: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates from given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II.

Rural farm

	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	pendix ir reciniti	ons of terms are given	m sphenory II]		
			Urb	an		
Sex and age	All areas		Urbanize	d areas		Rural
		Total	1 million+	Less than 1 million	Other urban places	nonfarm
Both sexes		Γ	ays of restric	ted activity	in the	
All ages	1,607,304	1,119,228	448,962	406,752	1 7	
Under 5 years	192,252 352,352 192,001 355,136 312,986 202,575	137,523 246,827 140,350 256,025 211,136 127,366	55,802 108,189 52,127 110,054 89,473 33,317	50,984 86,926 55,940 94,427 73,771 44,704		
<u>Male</u>						
All ages	683,398	455,739	175,898	167,078	1	
Under 5 years	104,306 180,520 76,435 123,934 126,300 71,904	75,959 125,142 51,560 86,059 76,513 40,506	29,931	28,510 46,328 20,539 35,257 23,547 12,896		
<u>Female</u>						
All ages	923,905	663,488	273,063	239,674	<u> </u>	
Under 5 years	87,947 171,832 115,567 231,202 186,686 130,671	61,565 121,685 88,789 169,966 134,623 86,860	59,542	22,474 40,598 35,400 59,170 50,224 31,807		
Both sexes		Days of	restricted ac	tivity per 10	0 per:	
All ages	877.6	880.7	843.2	902.2		
Under 5 years	927.4 939.4 747.1 783.0 846.2 1,201.1	958.1 994.1 785.5 793.9 808.5 1,091.8	963.3 1,056.2 729.2 784.2 788.8 710.8	964.7 965.8 883.6 821.9 816.5 1,133.2		
<u>Male</u>	; ;					
All ages	769.3	747.9	685.0	776.5		
Under 5 years	988.1 947.5 626.8 572.8 706.1 957.4	1,029.5 995.4 622.1 561.0 616.2 819.0	1,038.0 980.5 543.2 537.5 545.7 501.4	1,065.0 1,013.3 710.7 648.7 552.9 765.3		
<u>Female</u>						
All ages	979.6	1,003.2	990.4	1,017.0		
Under 5 years	864.3 930.9 855.7 974.8 977.4 1,396.7	882.7 992.7 926.8 1,005.2 982.8 1,292.6	881.6 1,133.0 889.0 1,009.7 1,016.4 867.3	861.7 917.1 1,028.8 977.4 1,051.6 1,407.4		

Table I3. Days of bed disability associated with acute conditions and days of bed disability per 100 persons per year, by residence, sex, and age: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Nata are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix II. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

	given in Ap	pendix i. Demnido	ns of terms are given	in Appendix ii			
			Urb	an			
Sex and age	All areas		Urbanize	d areas	Other urban	Rural nonfarm	Rural farm
		Total	1 million+	Less than 1 million	places		
Both sexes			Days of bed	disability in	thousands		
All ages	695,234	488,844	205,768	173,905	109,171	163,060	43,330
Under 5 years	82,442 160,892 90,296 157,803 122,055 81,746	58,038 115,815 65,271 112,533 84,364 52,822	22,665 52,519 25,648 49,943 38,622 16,371	21,388 40,025 26,450 38,487 29,236 18,319	13,986 23,271 13,174 24,104 16,505 18,131	20,157 34,355 19,911 35,047 28,168 25,421	4,247 10,722 5,113 10,223 9,523 3,503
<u>Male</u>							
All ages	283,797	190,857	78,536	70,045	42,276	71,366	21,574
Under 5 years	45,787 77,958 32,281 54,526 47,897 25,348	33,189 56,918 21,115 36,378 28,825 14,432	13,061 23,959 8,131 16,093 12,669 4,622	12,757 20,888 8,924 13,601 9,680 4,195	7,370 12,070 4,060 6,684 6,476 5,615	10,528 15,166 9,072 13,053 14,151 9,396	2,071 5,874 2,094 5,095 4,920 1,520
<u>Female</u>							
All ages	411,437	297,987	127,232	103,860	66,895	91,694	21,756
Under 5 years	36,655 82,934 58,014 103,277 74,159 56,399	24,850 58,898 44,156 76,155 55,539 38,390	9,603 28,559 17,517 33,850 25,953 11,749	8,631 19,137 17,526 24,885 19,556 14,124	6,616 11,201 9,113 17,420 10,029 12,516	9,629 19,189 10,839 21,993 14,017 16,026	2,176 4,847 3,019 5,128 4,603 1,983
Both sexes		Days	of bed disabi	lity pėr 100	persons per ye	ar	
All ages	379.6	384.7	386.4	<u>385.7</u>	379.8	383.6	319.6
Under 5 years	397.7 428.9 351.3 347.9 330.0 484.7	404.4 466.4 365.3 349.0 323.1 452.8	391.2 512.7 358.8 355.9 340.5 349.3	404.7 444.7 417.8 335.0 323.6 464.4	427.1 416.5 300.2 358.5 287.7 597.6	400.7 358.2 336.2 338.3 366.7 647.7	315.1 347.0 267.8 372.3 298.5 274.7
<u>Male</u>							
All ages	319.5	313.2	305.9	325.5	307.6	340.5	311.2
Under 5 years	433.8 409.2 264.7 252.0 267.8 337.5	449.8 452.7 254.8 237.2 232.2 291.8	430.9 465.4 246.0 240.1 231.0 230.6	476.5 456.9 308.8 250.2 227.3 249.0	441.3 423.4 194.0 203.8 242.4 446.7	418.6 308.4 313.5 262.6 372.3 504.1	312.4 375.8 206.9 384.5 294.6 217.1
<u>Female</u>				:			
All agos	436.2	450.6	461.5	440.7	446.0	425.5	328.4
Under 5 years	360.2 449.3 429.5 435.4 388.3 602.8	356.3 480.5 460.9 450.4 405.5 571.3	347.8 560.6 455.7 461.7 443.0 437.9	330.9 432.3 509.3 411.1 409.5 625.0	412.2 409.4 397.1 494.5 327.3 704.3	382.7 410.7 357.8 408.1 361.2 777.2	317.7 317.2 336.6 360.9 302.8 345.5

Table 14. Incidence of acute conditions, by residence, sex, and condition group: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Plata are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix II. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II.

		1					
			Urb	oan	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Sex and condition group	All areas	Total	Urbanize	ed areas	Other urban	Rural nonfarm	Rural farm
		Iotai	1 million+	Less than l million	places		
Both sexes		In	cidence of acu	te conditions	in thousands		<u> </u>
All acute conditions	400,751	284,559	116,001	103,680	64,878	92,264	23,928
Infective and parasitic diseases-	44,680	31,566	13,669	11,127	6,771	10,580	2,533
Respiratory conditions Upper respiratory conditions Influenza Other respiratory conditions	232,889 141,271 83,451 8,168	165,920 105,008 55,000 5,912	68,779 47,323 18,836 2,620	59,269 35,213 22,104 1,952	37,872 22,472 14,060 1,340	52,716 29,487 21,456 1,773	14,253 6,776 6,994 483
Digestive system conditions	20,478	13,763	5,188	5,327	3,249	5,134	1,581
InjuriesFractures, dislocations,	50,743	36,533	14,179	14,512	7,843	11,652	2,558
sprains, and strains Open wounds and lacerations Contusions and superficial	14,390 14,451	10,550 10,608	4,075 4,097	4,246 4,234	2,229 2,277	3,251 3,000	589 843
injuriesOther current injuries	9,555 12,346	6,945 8,430	2,919 3,088	2,659 3,373	1,367 1,969	2,133 3,268	* 648
All other acute conditions	51,961	36,776	14,187	13,446	9,143	12,182	3,003
Male							
All acute conditions	180,915	126,633	50,060	46,768	29,804	42,981	11,301
Infective and parasitic diseases-	20,455	14,697	6,508	5,144	3,045	4,758	999
Respiratory conditions Upper respiratory conditions Influenza Other respiratory conditions	102,870 62,470 36,632 3,768	71,824 45,780 23,435 2,608	28,980 20,230 7,552 1,198	25,342 15,456 9,054 832	17,501 10,094 6,830 *	24,324 13,658 9,724 942	6,723 3,032 3,473 *
Digestive system conditions	9,033	6,099	2,221	2,396	1,483	2,135	799
InjuriesFractures, dislocations,	29,056	20,580	7,292	8,684	4,604	6,921	1,555
sprains, and strains Open wounds and lacerations Contusions and superficial	8,097 9,065	6,074 6,544	2,034 2,472	2,494 2,522	1,546 1,551	1,724 2,049	* *
injuries Other current injuries	4,961 6,934	3,367 4,594	1,140 1,646	1,561 2,106	* 842	1,274 1,874	% *k
All other acute conditions	19,501	13,433	5,059	5,202	3,171	4,843	1,225
Female				ĺ			
All acute conditions	219,836	157,926	65,941	56,911	35,074	49,283	12,627
Infective and parasitic diseases-	24,225	16,869	7,160	5,983	3,726	5,822	1,534
Respiratory conditions Upper respiratory conditions Influenza Other respiratory conditions	130,019 78,800 46,819 4,400	94,097 59,228 31,565 3,304	39,799 27,093 11,284 1,422	33,927 19,756 13,050 1,120	20,371 12,379 7,230 762	28,392 15,829 11,732 831	7,530 3,744 3,522 265
Digestive system conditions	11,445	7,664	2,967	2,931	1,766	2,999	783
Injuries	21,687	15,953	6,887	5,828	3,238	4,731	1,003
Fractures, dislocations, sprains, and strains Open wounds and lacerations Contusions and superficial	6,294 5,387	4,476 4,064	2,041 1,626	1,752 1,712	* 726	1,527 951	290 372
Contusions, and superficial injuries Other current injuries	4,594 5,412	3,577 3,836	1,778 1,443	1,098 1,266	702 1,127	859 1,394	158 182
All other acute conditions	32,461	23,344	9,128	8,243	5,972	7,339	1,778

NCTT: "xeluded from these statistics are all conditions involving neither restricted activity nor medical attention

Table 15. Number of acute conditions per 100 persons

per year, by residence, sex, and condition group: United States, July
1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional repulation. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix II.

	given in Ap	pendix I. Definitio	ns of terms are given	in Appendix II			
			Urb	an		•	
Sex and condition group	All areas		Urbanize	d areas	Other urban	Rural nonfarm	Rural farm
		Total	1 million+	Less than l million	places		
Both sexes		Number	of acute cond	itions per 10	0 persons per	year	
All acute conditions	218.8	223.9	217.9	230.0	225.7	217.0	176.5
Infective and parasitic diseases-	24.4	24.8	25.7	24.7	23.6	24.9	18.7
Respiratory conditions Upper respiratory conditions Influenza Other respiratory conditions	127.2 77.1 45.6 4.5	130.6 82.6 43.3 4.7	129.2 88.9 35.4 4.9	131.5 78.1 49.0 4.3	131.8 78.2 48.9 4.7	124.0 69.4 50.5 4.2	105.1 50.0 51.6 3.6
Digestive system conditions	11.2	10.8	9.7	11.8	11.3	12.1	11.7
InjuriesFractures, dislocations,	27.7	28.7	26.6	32.2	27.3	27.4	18.9
sprains, and strains Open wounds and lacerations Contusions and superficial	7.9 7.9	8.3 8.3	7.7 7.7	9.4 9.4	7.8 7.9	7.6 7.1	4.3 6.2
injuriesOther current injuries	5.2 6.7	5.5 6.6	5.5 5.8	5.9 7.5	4.8 6.9	5.0 7.7	* 4.8
All other acute conditions	28.4	28.9	26.6	29.8	31.8	28.7	22.1
<u>Male</u>							
All acute conditions	203.7	207.8	195.0	217.3	216.9	205.0	163.0
Infective and parasitic diseases-	23.0	24.1	25.3	23.9	22.2	22.7	14.4
Respiratory conditions Upper respiratory conditions Influenza Other respiratory conditions	115.8 70.3 41.2 4.2	117.9 75.1 38.5 4.3	112.9 78.8 29.4 4.7	117.8 71.8 42.1 3.9	127.3 73.4 49.7 *	116.0 65.2 46.4 4.5	97.0 43.7 50.1 *
Digestive system conditions	10.2	10.0	8.6	11.1	10.8	10.2	11.5
InjuriesFractures, dislocations,	32.7	33.8	28.4	40.4	33.5	33.0	22.4
sprains, and strains Open wounds and lacerations Contusions and superficial	9.1 10.2	10.0	7.9 9.6	11.6 11.7	11.2 11.3	8.2 9.8	क्ष क
Other current injuries	5.6 7.8	5.5 7.5	4.4 6.4	7.3 9.8	6.1	6.1 8.9	# #
All other acute conditions	22.0	22.0	19.7	24.2	23.1	23.1	17.7
<u>Female</u>							
All acute conditions	233.1	238.8	239.2	241.5	233.8	228.7	190.6
Infective and parasitic diseases-	25.7	25.5	26.0	25.4	24.8	27.0	23.2
Respiratory conditions Upper respiratory conditions Influenza Other respiratory conditions	137.9 83.6 49.6 4.7	142.3 89.6 47.7 5.0	144.4 98.3 40.9 5.2	144.0 83.8 55.4 4.8	135.8 82.5 48.2 5.1	131.8 73.5 54.4 3.9	113.7 56.5 53.2 4.0
Digestive system conditions	12.1	11.6	10.8	12.4	11.8	13.9	11.8
Injuries	23.0	24.1	25.0	24.7	21.6	22.0	15.1
Fractures, dislocations, sprains, and strains Open wounds and lacerations	6.7 5.7	6.8 6.1	7.4 5.9	7.4 7.3	4.8	7.1 4.4	4.4 5.6
Contusions, and superficial injuriesOther current injuries	4.9 5.7	5.4 5.8	6.4 5.2	4.7 5.4	4.7 7.5	4.0 6.5	2.4 2.7
All other acute conditions	34.4	35.3	33.1	35.0	39.8	34.1	26.8

MOTE: Excluded from these statistics are all conditions involving neither restricted activity nor medical attention.

Table 16. Days of restricted activity associated with acute conditions, by residence, sex, and condition group: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Pata are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix II. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

	given in A	ppendix L. Definitio	ns of terms are give	n in Appendix IIJ			·
			Url	oan	<u> </u>	!	
Sex and condition group	All areas		Urbanize	ed areas	Other urban	Rural nonfarm	Rural farm
		Total	1 million+	Less than 1 million	places		
Both sexes		D	ays of restric	cted activity	in thousands		
All acute conditions	1,607,304	1,119,228	448,962	406,752	263,514	374,561	113,515
Infective and parasitic diseases-	201,263	142,437	58,662	50,903	32,872	46,481	12,344
Respiratory conditions Upper respiratory conditions Influenza Other respiratory conditions	764,128 342,953 348,655 72,520	530,331 252,769 226,796 50,766	212,166 115,173 75,890 21,103	191,024 84,371 90,622	127,141 53,226 60,283	178,332 71,985 87,840	55,465 18,199 34,020
Digestive system conditions	73,840	50,426	22,922	16,031	13,632	18,508	3,246 5,033
Injuries	300,820	205,176	82,458	-			-
Fractures, dislocations, sprains, and strains	158,780	107,970	43,914	73,050	49,669	72,357	23,287
Open wounds and lacerations Contusions and superficial	45,170	31,120	11,162	11,547	8,411	10,042	11,904 4,008
injuries Other current injuries	49,213 47,657	35,680 30,406	17,579 9,803	11,760 12,515	6,341 8,088	8,525 14,884	5,008 2,367
All other acute conditions	267,252	190,857	72,754	77,352	40,751	59,010	17,385
Male			i				
All acute conditions	683,398	455,739	175,898	167,078	112,763	170,211	57,448
Infective and parasitic diseases-	88,929	63,934	27,605	23,383	12,945	21,090	3,905
Respiratory conditions Upper respiratory conditions Influenza Other respiratory conditions	323,187 147,212 150,469 25,506	214,976 108,038 91,616 15,322	81,450 46,722 27,182 7,545	78,930 38,668 35,645 4,617	54,596 22,647 28,789 3,160	78,586 30,675 39,310 8,601	29,624 8,498 19,543 1,583
Digestive system conditions	31,480	20,569	7,819	7,568	5,182	8,303	2,608
InjuriesFractures, dislocations,	161,948	106,665	39,996	37,920	28,749	40,834	14,449
sprains, and strains Open wounds and lacerations Contusions and superficial	83,956 29,083	55,733 19,848	22,688 6,725	18,463 6,971	14,582 6,153	21,271 6,895	6,952 2,339
injuriesOther current injuries	24,039 24,871	15,412 15,671	6,689 3,895	5,657 6,830	3,067 4,947	4,684 7,983	3,942
All other acute conditions	77,854	49,596	19,028	19,277	11,291	21,397	6,861
Female							
All acute conditions	923,905	663,488	273,063	239,674	150,751	204,350	56,067
Infective and parasitic diseases-	112,334	78,503	31,056	27,520	19,927	25,392	8,439
Respiratory conditions Upper respiratory conditions Influenza Other respiratory conditions	440,941 195,742 198,186 47,014	315,355 144,731 135,180 35,444	130,716 68,451 48,708 13,557	112,095 45,703 54,978 11,414	72,544 30,578 31,494 10,472	99,746 41,309 48,529 9,907	25,841 9,701 14,477 1,663
Digestive system conditions	42,360	29,858	15,103	6,854	7,900	10,077	2,425
Injuries	138,872	98,511	42,462	35,129	20,920	31,522	8,838
Fractures, dislocations, sprains, and strains Open wounds and lacerations	74,824 16,088	52,238 11,271	21,227 4,437	18,765 4,576	12,246 2,258	17,634 3,147	4,952 1,669
Contusions and superficial injuries Other current injuries	25,174 22,786	20,267 14,735	10,890 5,909	6,103 5,685	3,274 3,141	3,840 6,901	te te
All other acute conditions	189,398	141,261	53,726	58,075	29,460	37,613	10,524
	·	<u>'- i</u>					

Table 17. Days of restricted activity associated with acute conditions per 100 persons per year, by residence, sex, and condition group: United States, July 1962-June 1963

Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

	given in Ap	pendix I. Definition	ns of terms are given	in Appendix II		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
			Urt	oan			
Sex and condition group	All areas		Urbanize	ed areas	Other urban	Rural nonfarm	Rural farm
		Total	l million+	Less than 1 million	places		
Both sexes		Days o	f restricted a	activity per l	.00 persons pe	r year	
All acute conditions	877.6	880.7	843.2	902.2	916.8	881.1	837.3
Infective and parasitic diseases-	109.9	112.1	110.2	112.9	114.4	109.3	91.0
Respiratory conditions Upper respiratory conditions Influenza Other respiratory conditions	417.2 187.3 190.4 39.6	417.3 198.9 178.5 39.9	398.4 216.3 142.5 39.6	423.7 187.1 201.0 35.6	442.3 185.2 209.7 47.4	419.5 169.3 206.6 43.5	409.1 134.2 250.9 23.9
Digestive system conditions	40.3	39.7	43.0	32.0	45.5	43.2	37.1
InjuriesFractures, dislocations,	164.3	161.5	154.9	162.0	172.8	170.2	171.8
sprains, and strains Open wounds and lacerations Contusions and superficial	86.7 24.7	85.0 24.5	82.5 21.0	82.6 25.6	93.3 29.3	91.5 23.6	87.8 29.6
injuriesOther current injuries	26.9 26.0	28.1 23.9	33.0 18.4	26.1 27.8	22.1 28.1	20.1 35.0	36.9 17.5
All other acute conditions	145, 9	150.2	136.6	171.6	141.8	138.8	128.2
Male							
All acute conditions	769.3	747.9	685.0	776.5	820.5	812.0	828.7
Infective and parasitic diseases-	100.1	104.9	107.5	108.7	94.2	100.6	56.3
Respiratory conditions Upper respiratory conditions Influenza Other respiratory conditions	363.8 165.7 169.4 28.7	352.8 177.3 150.3 25.1	317.2 182.0 105.9 29.4	366.8 179.7 165.7 21.5	397.2 164.8 209.5 23.0	374.9 146.3 187.5 41.0	427.4 122.6 281.9 22.8
Digestive system conditions	35.4	33.8	30.5	35.2	37.7	39.6	37.6
InjuriesFractures, dislocations,	182.3	175.0	155.8	176.2	209.2	194.8	208.4
sprains, and strains Open wounds and lacerations	94.5 32.7	91.5 32.6	88.4 26.2	85.8 32.4	106.1 44.8	101.5 32.9	100.3 33.7
Contusions and superficial injuriesOther current injuries	27.1 28.0	25.3 25.7	26.1 15.2	26.3 31.7	22.3 36.0	22.3 38.1	56.9 *
All other acute conditions	87.6	81.4	74.1	89.6	82.2	102.1	99.0
<u>Female</u>							
All acute conditions	979.6	1,003.2	990.4	1,017.0	1,005.0	948.3	846.3
Infective and parasitic diseases-	119.1	118.7	112.6	116.8	132.8	117.8	127.4
Respiratory conditions Upper respiratory conditions Influenza Other respiratory conditions	467.5 207.5 210.1 49.8	476.8 218.8 204.4 53.6	474.1 248.3 176.7 49.2	475.6 193.9 233.3 48.4	483.6 203.9 210.0 69.8	462.9 191.7 225.2 46.0	390.1 146.4 218.5 25.1
Digestive system conditions	44.9	45.1	54.8	29.1	52.7	46.8	36.6
Injuries	147.2	148.9	154.0	149.1	.139.5	146.3	133.4
Fractures, dislocations, sprains, and strains	79.3 17.1	79.0 17.0	77.0 16.1	79.6 19.4	81.6 15.1	81.8 14.6	74.7 25.2
Contusions, and superficial injuriesOther current injuries	26.7 24.2	30.6 22.3	39.5 21.4	25.9 24.1	21.8 20.9	17.8 32.0	*
All other acute conditions	200.8	213.6	194.9	246.4	196.4	174.5	158.9

Table 18. Days of bed disability associated with acute conditions, by residence, sex, and condition group: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix II. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II.

			Urb	an		!	
Sex and condition group	All areas		Urbanize	d areas	Other urban	Rural nonfarm	Rural farm
		Total	l million+	Less than 1 million	places		
Both sexes			Days of bed	disability in	thousands		
All acute conditions	695,234	488,844	205,768	173,905	109,171	163,060	43,330
Infective and parasitic diseases-	98,399	71,035	31,044	25,028	14,962	22,000	5,364
Respiratory conditions	377,571 137,369 198,940 41,262	265,765 104,666 131,594 29,505	111,606 50,690 47,975 12,942	93,403 33,265 50,572 9,566	60,756 20,711 33,047 6,997	88,115 27,459 50,041 10,615	23,692 5,245 17,304 *
Digestive system conditions	36,085	25,439	11,897	6,657	6,885	8,944	1,702
Injuries	79,028	50,599	23,298	16,502	10,799	22,139	6,290
Fractures, dislocations, sprains, and strains	42,449 10,136	26,981 5,871	13,078 2,514	9,907 *	3,995 2,482	11,762 2,730	3,707 1,535
injuries Other current injuries	10,893 15,550	8,557 9,190	5,198 2,508	2,159 3,562	3,120	1,844 5,803	*
All other acute conditions	104,151	76,007	27,922	32,315	15,769	21,863	6,282
<u>Male</u>							
All acute conditions	283,797	190,857	78,536	70,045	42,276	71,366	21,574
Infective and parasitic diseases-	43,392	31,474	14,105	12,128	5,241	9,775	2,144
Respiratory conditions Upper respiratory conditions Influenza Other respiratory conditions	153,730 55,182 83,999 14,548	105,427 43,544 52,526 9,357	42,359 20,117 17,502 4,740	38,250 15,574 19,887 2,789	24,818 7,853 15,137 1,828	36,619 9,728 22,268 4,623	11,683 1,910 9,205 *
Digestive system conditions	16,156	11,354	5,162	3,282	2,910	4,002	*
Injuries	41,080	23,771	10,886	7,673	5,212	12,838	4,472
Fractures, dislocations, sprains, and strains Open wounds and lacerations Contusions and superficial	22,927 5,885	12,830 3,592	6,318 *	4,936 *	1,576	7,284 *	2,813 1,121
injuries0ther current injuries	3,696 8,572	2,364 4,984	1,689 *	* 1,714	1,882	* 3,346	*
All other acute conditions	29,439	18,831	6,024	8,713	4,094	8,133	2,475
<u>Female</u>							
All acute conditions	411,437	297,987	127,232	103,860	66,895	91,694	21,756
Infective and parasitic diseases-	55,007	39,561	16,940	12,900	9,721	12,225	3,220
Respiratory conditions Upper respiratory conditions Influenza Other respiratory conditions	223,842 82,187 114,941 26,714	160,337 61,122 79,068 20,147	69,247 30,573 30,473 8,202	55,153 17,691 30,685 6,776	35,937 12,858 17,910 5,169	51,496 17,731 27,773 5,992	12,009 3,334 8,099 *
Digestive system conditions	19,929	14,085	6,735	3,375	3,975	4,942	 *
Injuries	37,947	26,828	12,412	8,830	5,586	9,301	1,818
Fractures, dislocations, sprains, and strains Open wounds and lacerations	19,522 4,251	14,151 2,278	6,760 *	4,971 *	2,419	4,478 1,559	*
Contusions, and superficial injuriesOther current injuries	7,197 6,978	6,193 4,206	3,509 *	1,758 1,848	*	2,457	*
All other acute conditions	74,712	57,175	21,898	23,602	11,675	13,729	3,807

Table 19. Days of bed disability associated with acute conditions per 100 persons per year, by residence, sex, and condition group: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix II. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

	given in A	ippendix I. Definit	ions of terms are give	n in Appendix II]			T	
		Urban						
Sex and condition group	All areas	Total	Urbanized areas		Other urban	Rural nonfarm	Rural farm	
			1 million+	Less than 1 million	places	!		
Both sexes	Days of bed disability per 100 persons per year							
All acute conditions	379.6	384.7	386.4	385.7	379.8	383.6	319.6	
Infective and parasitic diseases-	53.7	55.9	58.3	55.5	52.1	51.8	39.6	
Respiratory conditions	206.2 75.0 108.6 22.5	209.1 82.4 103.6 23.2	209.6 95.2 90.1 24.3	207.2 73.8 112.2 21.2	211.4 72.1 115.0 24.3	207.3 64.6 117.7 25.0	174.7 38.7 127.6 *	
Digestive system conditions	19.7	20.0	22.3	14.8	24.0	21.0	12.6	
Injuries	43.2	39.8	43.8	36.6	37.6	5 2. 1	46.4	
Fractures, dislocations, sprains, and strains Open wounds and lacerations	23.2 5.5	21.2 4.6	24.6 4.7	22.0	13.9 8.6	27.7 6.4	27.3 11.3	
Contusions and superficial injuriesOther current injuries	5.9 8.5	6.7 7.2	9.8 4.7	2.7 7.9	10.9	4.3 13.7	*	
All other acute conditions	56.9	59.8	52.4	71.7	54.9	51.4	46.3	
<u>Male</u>								
All acute conditions	319.5	313.2	305.9	325.5	307.6	340.5	311.2	
Infective and parasitic diseases-	48.8	51.6	54.9	56.4	38.1	46.6	30.9	
Respiratory conditions Upper respiratory conditions Influenza Other respiratory conditions	173.1 62.1 94.6 16.4	173.0 71.5 86.2 15.4	165.0 78.3 68.2 18.5	177.8 72.4 92.4 13.0	180.6 57.1 110.1 13.3	174.7 46.4 106.2 22.1	168.5 27.6 132.8 *	
Digestive system conditions	18.2	18.6	20.1	15.3	21.2	19.1	*	
Injuries	46.2	39.0	42.4	35.7	37.9	61.2	64.5	
Fractures, dislocations, sprains, and strains Open wounds and lacerations Contusions and superficial	25.8 6.6	21.1 5.9	24.6 *	22.9	11.5	34.7 *	40.6 16.2	
injuriesOther current injuries	4.2 9.6	3.9 8.2	6.6 *	8.0	* 13.7	16.0	*	
All other acute conditions	33.1	30.9	23.5	40.5	29.8	38.8	35.7	
<u>Female</u>					ĺ			
All acute conditions	436.2	450.6	461.5	440.7	446.0	425.5	328.4	
Infective and parasitic diseases-	58.3	59.8	61.4	54.7	64.8	56.7	48.6	
Respiratory conditions Upper respiratory conditions Influenza Other respiratory conditions	237.3 87.1 121.9 28.3	242.4 92.4 119.6 30.5	251.2 110.9 110.5 29.7	234.0 75.1 130.2 28.8	239.6 85.7 119.4 34.5	239.0 82.3 128.9 27.8	181.3 50.3 122.2 *	
Digestive system conditions	21.1	21.3	24.4	14.3	26.5	22.9	*	
Injuries	40.2	40.6	45.0	37.5	37.2	43.2	27.4	
Fractures, dislocations, sprains, and strains Open wounds and lacerations Contusions, and superficial	20.7 4.5	21.4 3.4	24.5 *	21.1	16.1	20.8 7.2	*	
injuriesOther current injuries	7.6 7.4	. 9.4 6.4	12.7	7.5 7.8	*	11.4	* *	
All other acute conditions	79.2	86.4	79.4	100.1	77.8	63.7	57.5	

Table 20. Incidence of acute conditions and number of acute conditions per 100 persons per year, by region, sex, and age: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix II. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

	Region					
Sex and age	All regions	North- east	North Central	South	West	
Both sexes	Incidence of acute conditions in thousands			ds		
All ages	400,751	96,826	111,328	120,194	72,404	
Under 5 years	76,432 100,454 54,199 87,926 58,790 22,951	18,233 25,279 12,234 21,232 14,587 5,260	21,821 27,587 14,101 25,063 15,796 6,960	22,048 27,878 17,318 26,299 18,834 7,818	14,329 19,710 10,546 15,333 9,573 2,913	
<u>Male</u> All ages	180 015	42 584	50 3/15	53 // 38	32 5/8	
	180,915	42,584	52,345	53,438	32,548	
Under 5 years	39,205 51,208 22,300 35,350 24,048 8,804	9,472 13,051 4,632 7,934 5,630 1,866	11,553 14,288 6,435 10,857 6,658 2,555	11,165 14,005 7,163 10,136 7,744 3,225	7,015 9,865 4,071 6,423 4,017 1,158	
All ages	219,836	54,242	58,983	66,756	39,856	
Under 5 years	37,226 49,245 31,899 52,576 34,742 14,147	8,761 12,228 7,603 13,298 8,957 3,395	10,268 13,299 7,666 14,206 9,138 4,404	10,882 13,874 10,155 16,162 11,090 4,592	7,314 9,845 6,475 8,910 5,557 1,755	
Both sexes Number of acute			ions per 10	0 persons p	er year	
All ages	218.8	211.8	211.2	215.8	249.3	
Under 5 years	368.7 267.8 210.9 193.9 159.0 136.1	384.7 289.6 201.8 177.8 147.8 120.3	357.3 255.7 192.5 199.3 148.0 133.1	343.9 238.0 207.7 195.3 172.0 162.5	412.6 313.8 265.4 208.0 174.3 118.7	
All ages	203.7	192.2	202.6	199.9	230.8	
Under 5 years	371.4 268.8 182.9 163.4 134.5 117.2	386.3 293.3 160.9 138.1 118.3 99.8	367.5 260.4 180.3 179.1 127.2 109.0	347.9 237.6 181.7 159.8 149.2 149.5	400.6 306.3 225.8 184.4 148.4 101.7	
<u>Female</u>						
All ages	233.1	230.2	219.6	230.6	266.8	
Under 5 years	365.8 266.8 236.2 221.7 181.9 151.2	383.1 285.6 238.7 214.7 175.1 135.6	346.4 251.0 204.0 218.0 167.9 152.7	339.9 238.5 231.2 226.9 192.5 173.1	424.7 321.6 298.2 229.3 199.5 133.5	

NOTF: Excluded from these statistics are all conditions involving neither restricted activity nor medical attention.

Table 21. Days of restricted activity associated with acute conditions and days of restricted activity per 100 persons per year, by region, sex, and age: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Date are based on bounded interviews of the civilian population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability

[Pata are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

of the estimates are given in Appendix I. De	rinitions of terms	s are given in App				
	Region					
Sex and age	All regions	North- east	North Central	South	West	
Both sexes	Day	Days of restricted activity in thousands			nds	
All ages	1,607,304	380,771	434,561	522,306	269,666	
Under 5 years	192,252 352,352 192,001 355,136 312,986 202,575	48,584 89,567 45,874 80,717 75,607 40,421	50,250 96,979 45,659 97,516 82,323 61,833	55,578 95,970 66,114 118,795 110,112 75,737	37,840 69,836 34,354 58,108 44,945 24,584	
<u>Male</u>						
All ages	683,398	164,856	184,563	220,479	113,500	
Under 5 years	104,306 180,520 76,435 123,934 126,300 71,904	28,036 46,792 17,296 28,228 31,056 13,448	27,138 51,460 18,155 31,823 30,872 25,116	29,996 45,964 29,372 42,715 47,659 24,772	19,136 36,304 11,611 21,168 16,713 8,568	
<u>Female</u>			240.000			
All ages	923,905	215,915	249,998	301,827	156,166	
Under 5 years	87,947 171,832 115,567 231,202 186,686 130,671	20,548 42,775 28,578 52,489 44,551 26,973	23,113 45,519 27,504 65,693 51,452 36,717	25,581 50,006 36,742 76,081 62,452 50,965	18,704 33,532 22,743 36,939 28,232 16,017	
Both sexes Days of restricted activity per 100 p				100 persons	per year	
All ages	877.6	832.9	824.5	938.0	928.5	
Under 5 years	927.4 939.4 747.1 783.0 846.2 1,201.1	1,025.2 1,026.0 756.6 676.0 766.0 924.3	822.7 899.0 623.2 775.4 771.2 1,182.3	866.9 819.4 793.1 882.2 1,005.6 1,574.6	1,089.5 1,111.7 864.5 788.4 818.5 1,001.8	
All ages	769.3	744.2	714.3	824.6	804.7	
Under 5 years	988.1 947.5 626.8 572.8 706.1 957.4	1,143.4 1,051.7 601.0 491.3 652.7 719.5	863.2 937.9 508.5 525.0 589.9 1,071.0	934.7 779.7 744.9 673.3 918.5 1,148.4	1,092.9 1,127.1 644.0 607.6 617.6 752.2	
<u>Female</u>						
All ages	979.6	916.3	930.6	1,042.7	1,045.4	
Under 5 years	864.3 930.9 855.7 974.8 977.4 1,396.7	898.5 999.2 897.3 847.4 871.2 1,077.6	779.8 859.0 732.1 1,008.2 945.6 1,272.7	798.9 859.7 836.4 1,068.3 1,084.2 1,921.0	1,086.2 1,095.5 1,047.6 950.6 1,013.7 1,218.0	

Table 22. Days of bed disability associated with acute conditions and days of bed disability per 100 persons per year, by region, sex, and age: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of

Cata are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II

the estimates are given in Appendix I. De	onnicions of term	s are given in App	eugix m		
			Region		
Sex and age	All regions	North- east	North Central	South	West
Both sexes	Ľ	ays of bed d	isability i	n thousands	
All ages	695,234	159,627	195,625	226,632	113,299
Under 5 years	82,442 160,892 90,296 157,803 122,055 81,746	18,754 38,338 21,511 34,719 29,508 16,797	25,842 46,275 20,259 43,838 34,300 25,111	23,319 43,516 33,645 53,121 42,029 31,053	14,527 32,762 14,881 26,125 16,218 8,786
<u>Male</u>					
All ages	283,797	65,203	79,658	91,023	47,913
Under 5 years	45,787 77,958 32,281 54,526 47,897 25,348	10,674 20,423 5,776 11,953 10,520 5,857	14,993 22,182 7,566 13,408 12,940 8,569	14,007 18,269 14,146 19,417 17,351 7,833	6,114 17,083 4,794 9,748 7,085 3,088
All ages	411,437	94,424	115,967	135,659	65,386
Under 5 years	36,655 82,934 58,014 103,277 74,159 56,399	8,080 17,915 15,735 22,767 18,989 10,939	10,850 24,093 12,693 30,430 21,359 16,542	9,312 25,247 19,499 33,703 24,678 23,220	8,413 15,679 10,088 16,377 9,133 5,697
Both sexes	Days of	bed disabil	ity per 100	persons pe	r year
All ages	379.6	349.2	371.2	407.1	390.1
Under 5 years	397.7 428.9 351.3 347.9 330.0 484.7	395.7 439.2 354.8 290.8 298.9 384.1	423.1 429.0 276.5 348.6 321.3 480.1	363.7 371.6 403.6 394.5 383.8 645.6	418.3 521.5 374.5 354.5 295.4 358.0
All ages	319.5	294.3	308.3	340.4	339.7
Under 5 years	433.8 409.2 264.7 252.0 267.8 337.5	221.1	476.9 404.3 211.9 221.2 247.3 365.4	436.5 309.9 358.8 306.1 334.4 363.1	349.2 530.4 265.9 279.8 261.8 271.1
<u>Female</u>	1				
All ages	436.2	400.7	431.7	468.6	437.7
Under 5 years	360.2 449.3 429.5 435.4 388.3 602.8	494.0 367.6 371.3	366.1 454.7 337.8 467.0 392.6 573.4	290.8 434.0 443.9 473.2 428.4 875.2	488.6 512.2 464.7 421.4 327.9 433.2

Table 23. Incidence of acute conditions and number of acute conditions per 100 persons per year, by region, sex, and conditions group: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II.

					Region				=	
Sex and condition group	All regions	North- east	North Central	South	West	All regions	North- east	North Central	South	West
Both sexes	Incidence	e of acute	condition	ns in tho	usands	Number		conditions per year		100
All acute conditions	400,751	96,826	111,328	120,194	72,404	218.8	211.8		215.8	249.3
Infective and parasitic diseases	44,680	16,311	8,648	15,172	4,548	24.4	35.7	16.4	27.2	15.7
Respiratory conditions Upper respiratory conditions Influenza Other respiratory conditions	232,889 141,271 83,451 8,168	53,487 40,226 11,249 2,011	68,752 36,962 29,457 2,333	66,046 40,089 23,477 2,479	44,605 23,993 19,266 1,345	127.2 77.1 45.6 4.5	117.0 88.0 24.6 4.4	130.5 70.1 55.9 4.4	118.6 72.0 42.2 4.5	153.6 82.6 66.3 4.6
Digestive system conditions	20,478	4,280	5,804	7,274	3,120	11.2	9.4	11.0	13.1	10.7
InjuriesFractures, dislocations,	50,743	11,826	14,906	13,917	10,093	27.7	25.9	28.3	25.0	34.8
sprains, and strains Open wounds and lacerations Contusions and superficial	14,390 14,451	3,339 3,497	3,963 4,306	3,840 4,100	3,248 2,548	7.9 7.9	7.3 7.6	7.5 8.2	6.9 7.4	11.2
injuriesOther current injuries	9,555 12,346	2,124 2,866	2,700 3,937	2,589 3,389	2,142 2,154	5.2 6.7	4.6 6.3	5.1 7.5	4.6 6.1	7.4
All other acute conditions	51,961	10,922	13,218	17,784	10,038	28.4	23.9	25.1	31.9	34.6
<u>Male</u>										
All acute conditions	180,915	42,584	52,345	53,438	32,548	203.7	192.2	202.6	199.9	230.8
Infective and parasitic diseases	20,455	7,341	4,019	6,694	2,401	23.0	33.1	15.6	25.0	17.0
Respiratory conditions Upper respiratory conditions Influenza Other respiratory conditions	102,870 62,470 36,632 3,768	22,923 16,804 5,158 962	31,043 17,152 12,815 1,076	29,338 17,391 10,856 1,091	19,565 11,123 7,804 *	115.8 70.3 41.2 4.2	103.5 75.9 23.3 4.3	120.1 66.4 49.6 4.2	109.7 65.0 40.6 4.1	138.7 78.9 55.3
Digestive system conditions	9,033	1,684	2,707	3,117	1,525	10.2	7.6	10.5	11.7	10.8
Injuries	29,056 8,097 9,065	6,826 1,775 2,264	9,288 2,473 2,861	7,807 2,084 2,473	5,135 1,765 1,467	32.7 9.1 10.2	30.8 8.0 10.2	35.9 9.6 11.1	29.2 7.8 9.2	36.4 12.5 10.4
Contusions and superficial injuriesOther current injuries	4,961 6,934	1,007 1,780	1,529 2,426	1,618 1,632	807 1,095	5.6 7.8	4.5 8.0	5.9 9.4	6.1 6.1	5.7 7.8
All other acute conditions	19,501	3,811	5,287	6,482	3,921	22.0	17.2	20.5	24.2	27.8
<u>Female</u>										
All acute conditions	219,836	54,242	58,983	66,756	39,856	233.1	230.2	219.6	230.6	266.8
Infective and parasitic diseases	24,225	8,970	4,629	8,478	2,148	25.7	38.1	17.2	29.3	14.4
Respiratory conditions Upper respiratory conditions Influenza Other respiratory conditions	130,019 78,800 46,819 4,400	30,563 23,422 6,092 1,049	37,709 19,810 16,642 1,257	36,708 22,698 12,622 1,388	25,039 12,871 11,463 706	137.9 83.6 49.6 4.7	129.7 99.4 25.9 4.5	140.4 73.7 62.0 4.7	126.8 78.4 43.6 4.8	167.6 86.2 76.7 4.7
Digestive system conditions	11,445	2,596	3,097	4,158	1,594	12.1	11.0	11.5	14.4	10.7
Injuries Fractures, dislocations, sprains, and strains Open wounds and lacerations	21,687 6,294 5,387	5,001 1,565 1,233	5,618 1,491 1,445	6,110 1,756 1,627	4,958 1,483 1,082	23.0 6.7 5.7	21.2 6.6 5.2	20.9 5.6 5.4	21.1 6.1 5.6	33.2 9.9 7.2
Contusions and superficial injuriesOther current injuries	4,594 5,412	1,117 1,086	1,171 1,511	971 1,756	1,335 1,059	4.9 5.7	4.7 4.6	4.4 5.6	3.4 6.1	8.9 7.1
All other acute conditions	32,461	7,111	7,930	11,303	6,117	34.4	30.2	29.5	39.0	40.9

NOTF: Fxcluded from these statistics are all conditions involving neither restricted activity nor medical attention.

Table 24. Days of restricted activity associated with acute conditions and days of restricted activity per 100 persons per year, by region, sex, and condition group: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II.

	Region											
Sex and condition group	All regions	North- east	North Central	South	West	All regions	North- east	North Central	South	West		
Both sexes	Days of	restricte	d activit	y in thou	ısands	Days		icted act: ns per yea		er 100		
All acute conditions	1,607,304	380,771	434,561	522,306	269,666	877.6			938.0	928.5		
Infective and parasitic diseases	201,263	68,583	44,115	61,739	26,825	109.9	150.0	83.7	110.9	92.4		
Respiratory conditions Upper respiratory conditions Influenza Other respiratory conditions	764,128 342,953 348,655 72,520	168,333 98,284 54,333 15,716	212,051 89,091 104,462 18,497	250,281 97,581 125,129 27,571	133,463 57,997 64,731 10,736	417.2 187.3 190.4 39.6	368.2 215.0 118.8 34.4	402.4 169.0 198.2 35.1	449.5 175.2 224.7 49.5	222.9		
Digestive system conditions	73,840	16,001	21,282	26,381	10,176	40.3	35.0	40.4	47.4	35.0		
Injuries fractures, dislocations,	300,820	70,516	82,761	92,211	55,332	164.3	154.2	157.0	165.6	190.5		
sprains, and strains Open wounds and lacerations Contusions and superficial injuries	158,780 45,170 49,213	37,851 8,374	43,769 12,989	47,762 15,298	29,398 8,510	86.7 24.7	82.8 18.3	83.0 24.6	85.8 27.5	101.2 29.3		
Other current injuries	47,657	13,824 10,468	12,040 13,963	15,638 13,513	7,711 9,714	26.9 26.0	30.2 22.9	22.8 26.5	28.1 24.3			
All other acute conditions	267,252	57,337	74,352	91,694	43,869	145.9	125.4	141.1	164.7	151.0		
<u>Male</u>												
All acute conditions	683,398	164,856	184,563	220,479	113,500	769.3	744.2	714.3	824.6	804.7		
Infective and parasitic diseases	88,929	32,038	20,101	24,180	12,609	100.1	144.6	77.8	90.4	89.4		
Respiratory conditions Upper respiratory conditions Influenza Other respiratory conditions	323,187 147,212 150,469 25,506	71,618 40,443 25,216 5,958	89,146 38,809 43,408 6,929	106,764 41,520 56,340 8,904	55,659 26,440 25,505 3,714	363.8 165.7 169.4 28.7	323.3 182.6 113.8 26.9	345.0 150.2 168.0 26.8	399.3 155.3 210.7 33.3	394.6 187.5 180.8 26.3		
Digestive system conditions	31,480	5,176	8,811	12,850	4,644	35.4	23.4	34.1	48.1	32.9		
InjuriesFractures, dislocations,	161,948	38,995	45,450	48,558	28,945	182.3	176.0	175.9	181.6	205.2		
sprains, and strains Open wounds and lacerations Contusions and superficial	83,956 29,083	20,170 5,808	23,982 7,855	23,647 9,352	16,157 6,068	94.5 32.7	91.1 26.2	92.8 30.4	88.4 35.0	114.6 43.0		
injuriesOther current injuries	24,039 24,871	6,327 6,690	6,073 7,540	8,632 6,928	3,007 3,713	27.1 28.0	28.6 30.2	23.5 29.2	32.3 25.9	21.3 26.3		
All other acute conditions	77,854	17,030	21,055	28,126	11,643	87.6	76.9	81.5	105.2	82.6		
<u>Female</u>												
All acute conditions	923,905	215,915	249,998	301,827	156,166	979. <u>6</u>	916.3	930.6	1,042.7	1045.4		
Infective and parasitic diseases	112,334	36,546	24,014	37,558	14,216	119.1	155,1	89.4	129.7	95.2		
Respiratory conditions Upper respiratory conditions Influenza Other respiratory conditions	440,941 195,742 198,186 47,014	96,715 57,841 29,117 9,757	122,905 50,283 61,054 11,568	143,517 56,061 68,789 18,667	77,805 31,557 39,226 7,022	467.5 207.5 210.1 49.8	410.5 245.5 123.6 41.4	457.5 187.2 227.3 43.1	495.8 193.7 237.6 64.5	520.8 211.2 262.6 47.0		
Digestive system conditions	42,360	10,825	12,471	13,532	5,532	44.9	45.9	46.4	46.7	37.0		
InjuriesFractures, dislocations, sprains, and strains Open wounds and lacerations	138,872 74,824 16,088	31,522 17,681 2,566	37,310 19,787 5,133	43,652 24,115 5,946	26,387 13,241 2,442	147.2 79.3 17.1	133.8 75.0 10.9	138.9 73.7 19.1	150.8 83.3 20.5	176.6 88.6 16.3		
Contusions and superficial injuries Other current injuries	25,174 22,786	7,497 3,777	5,968 6,423	7,006 6,585	4,704 6,000	26.7 24.2	31.8 16.0	22.2	24.2	31.5 40.2		
All other acute conditions	189,398	40,306	53,297	63,568	32,227	200.8	171.1	198.4	219.6	215.7		
										<u> </u>		

Table 25. Days of bed disability associated with acute conditions and days of bed disability per 100 persons per year, by region, sex, and condition group: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Pata are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Pefinitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

	Region									
Sex and condition group	All regions	North- east	North Central	South	West	All regions	North- east	North Central	South	West
Both sexes	Days	of bed dis	sability i	in thousar	nds	Days		lisability s per yea		0
All acute conditions	695,234	159,627	195,625	226,682	113,299	379.6	349.2	371.2	407.1	390.1
Infective and parasitic diseases	98,399	32,986	22,202	29,142	14,069	53.7	72.2	42.1	52.3	48.4
Respiratory conditions Upper respiratory conditions Influenza Other respiratory conditions	377,571 137,369 198,940 41,262	79,279 40,480 28,966 9,833	107,930 37,381 60,594 9,954	122,508 34,517 71,851 16,140	67,855 24,991 37,528 5,336	206.2 75.0 108.6 22.5	173.4 88.5 63.4 21.5	204.8 70.9 115.0 18.9	220.0 62.0 129.0 29.0	233.6 86.0 129.2 18.4
Digestive system conditions	36,085	8,061	12,109	10,977	4,938	19.7	17.6	23.0	19.7	17.0
Injuries Fractures, dislocations,	79,028	16,228	24,585	26,534	11,681	43.2	35.5	46.6	47.7	40.2
sprains, and strains Open wounds and lacerations Contusions and superficial	42,449 10,136	9,373	14,025 3,551	13,395 4,354	5,65 <u>6</u>	23.2 5.5	20.5	26.6 6.7	24.1 7.8	19.5
injuriesOther current injuries	10,893 15,550	2,839 3,140	2,912 4,096	3,336 5,448	1,805 2,866	5.9 8.5	6.2 6.9	5.5 7.8	6.0 9.8	6.2 9.9
All other acute conditions	104,151	23,074	28,801	37,521	14,756	56.9	50.5	54.6	67.4	50.8
<u>Male</u>				,						
All acute conditions	283,797	65,203	79,658	91,023	47,913	319.5	294.3	308.3	340.4	339.7
Infective and parasitic diseases	43,392	15,499	9,422	11,301	7,171	48.8	70.0	36.5	42.3	50.8
Respiratory conditions Upper respiratory conditions Influenza Other respiratory conditions	153,730 55,182 83,999 14,548	33,193 16,513 12,426 4,255	44,368 15,194 25,525 3,649	48,260 12,403 30,706 5,151	27,909 11,072 15,343	173.1 62.1 94.6 16.4	149.8 74.5 56.1 19.2	171.7 58.8 98.8 14.1	180.5 46.4 114.8 19.3	197.9 78.5 108.8
Digestive system conditions	16,156	2,727	5,936	5,253	2,240	18.2	12.3	23.0	19.6	15.9
InjuriesFractures, dislocations,	41,080	8,121	11,617	14,407	6,935	46.2	36.7	45.0	53.9	49.2
sprains, and strains Open wounds and lacerations Contusions and superficial	22,927 5,885	3,970	7,389	7,589 2,711	3,979	25.8 6.6	17.9	28.6	28.4 10.1	28.2
injuriesOther current injuries	3,696 8,572	2,846	2,240	1,737 2,370	**	4.2 9.6	12.8	8.7	6.5 8.9	**
All other acute conditions	29,439	5,662	8,315	11,803	3,659	33.1	25.6	32.2	44.1	25,9
Female			!							
All acute conditions	411,437	94,424	115,967	135,659	65,386	436.2	400.7	431.7	468.6	437.7
Infective and parasitic diseases	55,007	17,486	12,780	17,841	6,899	58.3	74.2	47.6	61.6	46.2
Respiratory conditions Upper respiratory conditions Influenza Other respiratory conditions	223,842 82,187 114,941 26,714	46,086 23,967 16,540 5,578	63,561 22,187 35,069 6,305	74,249 22,114 41,146 10,988	39,946 13,919 22,185 3,843	237.3 87.1 121.9 28.3	195.6 101.7 70.2 23.7	236.6 82.6 130.5 23.5	256.5 76.4 142.1 38.0	267.4 93.2 148.5 25.7
Digestive system conditions	19,929	5,334	6,173	5,725	2,698	21.1	22.6	23.0	19.8	18.1
InjuriesFractures, dislocations,	37,947	8,107	12,967	12,127	4,747	40.2	34.4	48.3	41.9	31.8
sprains, and strains Open wounds and lacerations Contusions and superficial	19,522 4,251	5,403	6,637 2,153	5,806 1,643	1,677 *	20.7 4.5	22.9	24.7 8.0	20.1	11.2
injuriesOther current injuries	7,197 6,978	2,179	2,323 1,855	1,599 3,078	1,749	7.6 7.4	9.2	8.6 6.9	5.5 10.6	* 11.7
All other acute conditions	74,712	17,412	20,486	25,718	11,097	79.2	73.9	76.3	88.8	74.3

Table 26. Incidence of acute conditions per quarter and number of acute conditions per 100 persons per quarter, by sex and age: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

	1962 1963			3	196	2	1963			
Sex and age		-	170	, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	150		190			
	July- September	October- December	January- March	April- June	July- September	October- December	January- March	April- June		
Both sexes	Incide	nce of acu in thous	ite conditi ands	ons.	Number of acute conditions per 100 persons per quarter					
All ages	65,031	108,020	144,106	83,594	35.7	59.1	78.5	45.4		
Under 5 years	13,024	20,341	26,304	16,763	62.9	98.0	126.9	80.9		
5-14 years	15,161	26,203	36,950	22,139	40.7	70.0	98.3	58.7		
15-24 years	8,285	15,736	19,053	11,126	32.9	61.6	73.6	42.5		
25-44 years	14,951	24,514	30,122	18,340	33.0	54.1	66.4	40.4		
45-64 years	9,721	15,177	22,655	11,238	26.4	41.1	61.1	30.2		
65+ years	3,890	6,049	9,022	3,989	23.2	35.9	53.4	23.5		
<u>Male</u>										
All ages	30,814	47,130	64,170	38,802	34.9	53.1	72.1	43.5		
Under 5 years	6,749	10,661	12,966	8,829	64.1	100.9	122.8	83.6		
5-14 years	8,560	12,603	18,810	11,236	45.2	66.3	98.5	58.7		
15-24 years	3,387	6,206	7,851	4,856	28.4	51.2	63.9	39.0		
25-44 years	6,520	9,384	11,893	7,553	30.2	43.4	54.9	34.9		
45-64 years	4,080	6,022	9,206	4,740	22.9	33.7	51.4	26 -4		
65+ years	*	*	3,444	*	*	*	45.8	*		
<u>Female</u>										
All ages	34,217	60,890	79,936	44,792	36.5	64.7	84.6	47.2		
Under 5 years	6,275	9,680	13,337	7,935	61.8	95.0	131.1	78.0		
5-14 years	6,602	13,601	18,140	10,903	36.0	73.8	98.0	58.8		
15-24 years	4,898	9,530	11,202	6,270	36.9	71.0	82.5	45.6		
25-44 years	8,431	15,Ī30	18,229	10,786	35.5	63.8	76.9	45.5		
45-64 years	5,641	9,154	13,449	6,497	29.7	48.0	70.3	33.8		
65+ years	*	3,796	5,578	*	*	40.6	59.4	*		

NOTE: Fxcluded from these statistics are all conditions involving neither restricted activity nor medical attention.

Table 27. Incidence of acute conditions per quarter and number of acute conditions per 100 persons per quarter, by sex and condition group: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II

	196	2	196	3	196	2	1963		
Sex and condition group	July- September	October- December	January- March	April- June	July- September	October- December	January- March	April- June	
Both sexes	Incide	nce of acu in thous		ons.		acute con ersons per	ditions pe quarter	r 100	
All acute conditions	65,031	108,020	144,106	83,594	35.7	59.1	78.5	45.4	
Infective and parasitic diseases	5,921	9,910	16,233	12,616	3.3	5.4	8.8	6.9	
Respiratory conditions Upper respiratory conditions- Influenza Other respiratory conditions-	26,335 18,068 6,964 *	68,373 45,343 20,540 *	98,355 52,260 43,326 2,768	39,826 25,600 12,621 *	14.5 9.9 3.8 *	37.4 24.8 11.2 *	53.6 28.5 23.6 1.5	21.6 13.9 6.9	
Digestive system conditions	5,429	5,426	4,720	4,903	3.0	3.0	2.6	2.7	
Injuries	14,776	11,375	11,809	12,782	8.1	6.2	6.4	6.9	
All other acute conditions	12,570	12,935	12,989	13,467	6.9	7.1	7.1	7.3	
<u>Male</u>									
All acute conditions	30,814	47,130	64,170	38,802	34.9	53.1	72.1	43.5	
Infective and parasitic diseases	2,757	4,549	7,353	5,795	3.1	5.1	8.3	6.5	
Respiratory conditions Upper respiratory conditions- Influenza Other respiratory conditions-	12,326 8,474 3,111 *	29,409 19,338 8,829 *	43,690 23,380 19,261 *	17,446 11,278 5,431	14.0 9.6 3.5 *	33.2 21.8 10.0	49.1 26.3 21.6	19.5 12.6 6.1 *	
Digestive system conditions	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Injuries	8,635	6,747	6,166	7,507	9.8	7.6	6.9	8.4	
All other acute conditions	4,742	3,982	5,115	5,662	5.4	4.5	5.7	6.3	
Female									
All acute conditions	34,217	60,890	79,936	44,792	36.5	64.7	84.6	47.2	
Infective and parasitic diseases	3,164	5,361	8,879	6,820	. 3.4	5.7	9.4	7.2	
Respiratory conditions Upper respiratory conditions- Influenza Other respiratory conditions-	14,010 9,594 3,853	38,964 26,006 11,711 *	54,665 28,881 24,065	22,380 14,321 7,189	14.9 10.2 4.1 *	41.3 27.6 12.4 *	57.8 30.6 25.5	23.6 15.1 7.6 *	
Digestive system conditions	3,075	2,984	2,874	2,512	3.3	3.2	3.0	2.6	
Injuries	6,140	4,628	5,643	5,275	6.5	4.9	6.0	5.6	
All other acute conditions	7,828	8,953	7,875	7,805	8.3	9.5	8.3	8.2	

NOTE: Excluded from these statistics are all conditions involving neither restricted activity nor medical attention.

Table 28. Days of restricted activity associated with acute conditions per quarter and days of restricted activity per 100 persons per quarter, by sex and age: United States, July 1962-June 1963 Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information

on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II

on the remaining of the estimates are given in Appendix i. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix if										
	196	2	196	53	196	2	196	3		
Sex and age	July- September	October- December	January- March	April- June	July- September	October- December	January- March	April- June		
Both sexes	Days	of restric	ted activi ands	lty	Days of restricted activity per 100 persons per quarter					
A11 ages	268,118	388,749	585,780	364,656	147.3	212.6	319.2	198.1		
Under 5 years	24,601	49,864	77,864	39,923	118.9	240.2	375.6	192.6		
5-14 years	47,159	82,569	138,111	84,513	126.5	220.5	367.4	224.1		
15-24 years	37,938	48,644	59,515	45,904	150.7	190.5	230.0	175.2		
25-44 years	64,476	84,322	122,704	83,634	142.3	185.9	270.4	184.4		
45-64 years	57,530	71,736	119,278	64,443	156.5	194.3	321.9	173.3		
65+ years	36,414	51,614	68,308	46,240	217.2	306.3	404.1	273.0		
<u>Male</u>										
All ages	120,787	155,557	252,724	154,330	136.9	175.4	283.8	172.8		
Under 5 years	15,906	26,883	40,626	20,891	151.0	254.3	384.8	197.9		
5-14 years	26,873	41,738	69,941	41,968	141.9	219.5	366.3	219.1		
15-24 years	13,930	16,525	27,783	18,197	117.0	136.4	226.0	146.2		
25-44 years	24,827	28,792	43,930	26,384	115.0	133.1	202.8	121.9		
45-64 years	24,714	25,565	47,911	28,110	138.9	143.1	267.5	156.4		
65+ years	14,537	16,054	22,533	18,780	194.2	213.7	299.6	249.7		
<u>Female</u>										
A11 ages	147,331	233,191	333,056	210,326	157.1	247.7	352.5	221.9		
Under 5 years	8,695	22,981	37,238	19,032	85.6	225.5	366.0	187.1		
5-14 years	20,286	40,831	68,170	42,545	110.6	221.6	368.5	229.3		
15-24 years	24,008	32,119	31,732	27,708	181.0	239.3	233.6	201.5		
25-44 years	39,649	55,530	78,774	57,249	167.1	234.1	332.1	241.6		
45-64 years	32,817	46,170	71,367	36,333	172.9	242.2	372.9	189.1		
65+ years	21,877	35,560	45,775	27,459	235.8	380.8	487.8	291.6		

Table 29. Days of restricted activity associated with acute conditions per quarter and days of restricted activity per 100 persons per quarter, by sex and condition group: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Pata are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II

	196		196		196		196	3
Sex and condition group	July- September	October- December	January- March	April- June	July- September	October- December	January- March	April- June
Both sexes	Days	of restric	ted activi ands	lty	Days of 100	restricte persons p	d activity per er quarter	
All acute conditions	268,118	388,749	585,780	364,656	147.3	212.6	319.2	198.1
Infective and parasitic diseases	28,469	34,300	72,789	65,705	15.6	18.8	39.7	35.7
Respiratory conditions Upper respiratory conditions- Influenza Other respiratory conditions-	69,402 40,930 18,599 9,873	197,011 103,076 72,509 21,427	362,476 139,171 199,184 24,121	135,239 59,777 58,364 17,099	38.1 22.5 10.2 5.4	107.7 56.4 39.6 11.7	197.5 75.8 108.5 13.1	73.5 32.5 31.7 9.3
Digestive system conditions	16,417	18,650	16,743	22,030	9.0	10.2	9.1	12.0
Injuries	81,918	71,524	71,504	75,874	45.0	39.1	39.0	41.2
All other acute conditions	71,913	67,263	62,269	65,808	39.5	36.8	33.9	35.7
<u>Male</u>								
All acute conditions	120,787	155,557	252,724	154,330	136.9	175.4	283.8	172.8
Infective and parasitic diseases	11,566	15,093	32,460	29,810	13.1	17.0	36.5	33.4
Respiratory conditions Upper respiratory conditions- Influenza Other respiratory conditions-	33,521 20,656 7,956 *	83,340 43,111 32,482 7,747	153,632 60,309 85,352 7,971	23.135	38.0 23.4 9.0 *	94.0 48.6 36.6 8.7	172.5 67.7 95.9 9.0	59.0 25.9 27.6
Digestive system conditions	6,434	7,460	6,435	11,151	7.3	8.4	7.2	12.5
Injuries	47,645	33,347	38,633	42,324	54.0	37.6	43.4	47.4
All other acute conditions	21,620	16,317	21,564	18,353	24.5	18.4	24.2	20.6
Female								
All acute conditions	147,331	233,191	333,056	210,326	157.1	247.7	352.5	221.9
Infective and parasitic diseases	16,902	19,207	40,329	35,895	18.0	20.4	42.7	37.9
Respiratory conditions Upper respiratory conditions- Influenza Other respiratory conditions-	20,274	113,671 59,964 40,027 13,680	113,831	36,642	38.3 21.6 11.4 5.3	120.7 63.7 42.5 14.5	221.0 83.5 120.5 17.1	35.5
Digestive system conditions	9,983	11,190	10,308	10,879	10.6	11.9	10.9	11.5
Injuries	34,273	38,178	32,871	33,551	36.6	40.5	34.8	35.4
All other acute conditions	50,293	50,946	40,705	47,454	53.6	54.1	43.1	50.1

Table 30. Days of bed disability associated with acute conditions per quarter and days of bed disability per 100 persons per quarter, by sex and age: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix I.

	196	2	196	3	196	2	196	3
Sex and age	July- September	October- December	January- March	April- June	July- September	October- December	January- March	April- June
Both sexes	Days of b	ed disabil	ity in tho	usands		bed disab ersons per		100
A11 ages	97,116	160,214	278,231	159,673	53.4	87.6	151.6	86.7
Under 5 years	9,070	21,258	34,655	17,460	43.8	102.4	167.2	84.2
5-14 years	19,102	35,970	66,988	38,832	51.2	96.1	178.2	103.0
15-24 years	14,072	23,371	32,221	20,632	55.9	91.5	124.5	78.8
25-44 years	24,050	34,861	59,284	39,609	53.1	76.9	130.6	87.4
45-64 years	16,826	27,667	52,703	24,859	45.8	74.9	142.2	66.9
65+ years	13,998	17,087	32,379	18,282	83.5	101.4	191.5	107.9
<u>Male</u>								
All ages	40,507	64,569	112,312	66,409	45.9	72.8	126.1	74.4
Under 5 years	*	11,780	18,757	9,280	*	111.4	177.7	87.9
5-14 years	9,575	18,227	30,992	19,164	50.6	95.9	162.3	100.0
15-24 years	*	8,429	13,634	6,712	*	69.6	110.9	53.9
25-44 years	7,196	13,257	21,705	12,368	33.3	61.3	100.2	57.1
45-64 years	8,313	10,660	16,880	12,043	46.7	59.7	94.2	67.0
65+ years	*	*	10,345	6,841	*	*	137.6	91.0
<u>Female</u>			:]
All ages	56,609	95,645	165,919	93,265	60.4	101.6	175.6	98.4
Under 5 years	*	9,478	15,898	8,180	*	93.0	156.2	80.4
5-14 years	9,527	17,743	35,997	19,668	51.9	96.3	194.6	106.0
15-24 years	10,564	14,942	18,588	13,920	79.6	111.3	136.9	101.3
25-44 years	16,854	21,604	37,579	27,241	71.0	91.1	158.4	115.0
45-64 years	8,513	17,007	35,823	12,816	44.9	89.2	187.2	66.7
65+ years	8,053	14,871	22,034	11,441	86.8	159.2	234.8	121.5

Table 31. Days of bed disability associated with acute conditions per quarter and days of bed disability per 100 persons per quarter, by sex and condition group: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

									
	196	2	196	53	196	52	1963		
Sex and condition group	July- September	October- December	January- March	April- June	July- September	October- December	January- March	April- June	
Both sexes	Day	rs of bed d in thous	isability ands			bed disab persons per		100	
All acute conditions	97,116	160,214	278,231	159,673	53.4	87.6	151.6	86.7	
Infective and parasitic diseases	14,974	18,207	34,889	30,330	8.2	10.0	19.0	16.5	
Respiratory conditions Upper respiratory conditions- Influenza Other respiratory conditions-	29,599 15,835 9,474 *	89,666 39,303 38,216 12,148	187,695 57,914 116,087 13,693	70,611 24,317 35,163 11,132	16.3 8.7 5.2	49.0 21.5 20.9 6.6	102.3 31.6 63.2 7.5	38.4 13.2 19.1 6.0	
Digestive system conditions	7,280	7,920	9,014	11,871	4.0	4.3	4.9	6.4	
Injuries	21,445	19,705	20,461	17,417	11.8	10.8	11.1	9.5	
All other acute conditions	23,819	24,716	26,173	29,444	13.1	13.5	14.3	16.0	
<u>Male</u>									
All acute conditions	40,507	64,569	112,312	66,409	45.9	72.8	126.1	74.4	
Infective and parasitic diseases	*	8,113	14,919	14,383	*	9.1	16.8	16.1	
Respiratory conditions Upper respiratory conditions- Influenza Other respiratory conditions-	14,459 7,689 *	36,631 15,405 16,879	76,625 22,777 49,257	9.311	16.4 8.7 *	41.3 17.4 19.0	86.1 25.6 55.3	29.1 10.4 15.1	
Digestive system conditions	*	*	*	6,025	*	*	*	6.7	
Injuries	11,190	9,303	9,876	10,711	12.7	10.5	11.1	12.0	
All other acute conditions	*	6,792	7,525	9,274	*	7.7	8.5	10.4	
<u>Female</u>		1				-			
All acute conditions	56,609	95,645	165,919	93,265	60.4	101.6	175.6	98.4	
Infective and parasitic diseases	8,996	10,093	19,970	15,947	9.6	10.7	21.1	16.8	
Respiratory conditions Upper respiratory conditions- Influenza Other respiratory conditions-	15,140 8,146 *	53,036 23,898 21,337 7,801	111,070 35,137 66,831 9,102	15,005 21,664	16.1 8.7 *	56.3 25.4 22.7 8.3	117.5 37.2 70.7 9.6	47.0 15.8 22.9 8.4	
Digestive system conditions	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Injuries	10,254	10,402	10,585	6,706	10.9	11.0	11.2	7.1	
All other acute conditions	17,970	17,924	18,648	20,170	19.2	19.0	19.7	21.3	

Table 32. Incidence of acute respiratory conditions and associated disability days per quarter and number of acute respiratory conditions per 100 persons per quarter, by age: United States, July 1962-June 1963

Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II.

on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II										
	196	2	196	3	196	2	196	3		
Age	July- September	October- December	January- March	April- June	July- September	October- December	January- March	April- June		
	Inciden con	ce of acut ditions in	e respirat thousands	ory	Number of acute respiratory conditions per 100 persons per quarter					
All ages	26,335	68,373	98,355	39,826	14.5	37.4.	53.6	21.6		
Under 5 years	6,903	14,169	18,166	8,141	33.4	68.3	87.6	39.3		
5-14 years	6,474	16,337	25,039	9,559	17.4	43.6	66.6	25.3		
15-24 years	2,994	9,791	12,610	4,935	11.9	38.3	48.7	18.8		
25-44 years	5,703	14,783	20,144	8,973	12.6	32.6	44.4	19.8		
45-64 years	3,197	9,652	16,434	6,090	8.7	26.1	44.4	16.4		
65+ years	*	3,641	5,962	*	*	21.6	35.3	*		
	Days	of restric	ted activi ands	.ty	Days of r	estricted a	activity p quarter	er 100		
All ages	69,402	197,011	362,476	135,239	38,1	107.7	197.5	73.5		
Under 5 years	12,476	35,160	50,911	17,421	60.3	169.4	245.6	84.0		
5-14 years	16,588	45,049	84,172	27,982	44.5	120.3	223.9	74.2		
15-24 years	6,167	24,796	35,484	12,533	24.5	97.1	137.1	47.8		
25-44 years	16,138	39,119	73,889	32,831	35.6	86.3	162.8	72.4		
45-64 years	11,364	34,040	76,709	26,048	30.9	92.2	207.0	70.0		
65+ years	6,669	18,848	41,311	18,425	39.8	111.9	244.4	108.8		
	Days of b	ed disabil	lity in the	usands		bed disab ersons per		100		
A11 ages	29,599	89,666	187,695	70,611	16.3	49.0	102.3	38.4		
Under 5 years	*	14,930	22,786	7,410	*	71.9	109.9	35.7		
5-14 years	8,916	21,366	44,298	15,111	23.9	57.1	117.8	40.1		
15-24 years	*	13,656	22,121	6,973	*	53.5	85.5	26.6		
25-44 years	6,562	17,350	38,882	19,246	14.5	38.3	85.7	42.4		
45-64 years	*	16,142	39,447	13,125	*	43.7	106.5	35.3		
65+ years	*	6,221	20,160	8,746	*	36.9	119.3	51.6		

NOTE: Excluded from these statistics are all conditions involving neither restricted activity nor medical attention.

Table 33. Incidence of injuries and associated disability days per quarter and number of injuries per 100 persons per quarter, by age: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

on the remaining of the estimates are given in Appendix 1. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix in										
	196	2	196	3	196	2	196	3		
Age	July- September	October- December	January- March	April- June	July- September	October- December	January- March	April- June		
	Incidence	of injuri	es in thou	sands	Number of injuries per 100 persons per quarter					
All ages	14,776	11,375	11,809	12,782	8.1	6.2	6.4	6.9		
Under 15 years	5,611	3,971	3,320	5,371	9.7	6.8	5.7	9.2		
15-44 years	5,065	4,798	5,119	5,185	7.2	6.8	7.2	7.2		
45+ years	4,099	2,606	3,370	*	7.7	4.8	6.2	*		
	Days	of restric in thous		ty		estricted ersons per	activity p quarter	er 100		
All ages	81,918	71,524	71,504	75,874	45.0	39.1	39.0	41.2		
Under 15 years	14,354	12,555	8,316	14,725	24.8	21.6	14.3	25.2		
15-44 years	30,927	22,788	26,100	29,139	43.9	32.1	36.6	40.7		
45+ years	36,636	36,181	37,088	32,011	68.4	67.3	68.7	59.1		
	Days of b	ed disabil	ity in tho	usands .		bed disab ersons per	ility per quarter	100		
All ages	21,445	19,705	20,461	17,417	11.8	10.8	11.1	9.5		
Under 15 years	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		
15-44 years	6,191	6,251	6,421	7,672	8,8	8.8	9.0	10.7		
45+ years	11,737	10,409	11,600	7,027	21.9	19.4	21.5	13.0		

NOTE: Excluded from these statistics are all conditions involving neither restricted activity nor medical attention.

Table 34. Population used in obtaining rates shown in this publication, by residence, region, sex, and age: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II.

		,,,,,-		sidence				·	Regio		
	 -	1							- Kegic	···	
Sex and age			Urb Urbaniz							!	
	Total	Total			Other urban	Rural nonfarm	Rural farm	North- east	North Central	South	West
		20002	million+	Less than 1 million	places						
Both sexes	Population in thousands										
All ages	183,146	127,077	53,248	45,085	28,744	42,511	13,558	45,716	52,703	55,685	29,043
Under 5 years	20,731	14,353	5,793	5,285	3,275	5,030	1,348	4,739	6,108	6,411	3,473
5-14 years	37,510	24,830	10,243	9,000	5,587	9,590	3,090	8,730	10,787	11,712	6,282
15-24 years	25,700	17,868	7,149	6,331	4,388	5,923	1,909	6,063	7,327	8,336	3,974
25-44 years	45,353	32,247	14,034	11,489	6,723	10,360	2,746	11,940	12,577	13,466	7,370
45+ years	53,852 36,986	37,780 26,114	16,029	12,980	8,770 5,736	11,607	4,464	14,244 9,871	15,904	15,759 10,950	7,945
45-64 years65+ years	16,866	11,666	16,029 11,343 4,687	12,980 9,035 3,945	3,034	7,682 3,925	3,190 1,275	4,373	10,674 5,230	4,810	7,945 5,491 2,454
Under 6 years	24,776	17,061	6,901	6,305	3,855	6,073	1,643	5,682	7,262	7,678	4,155
6-16 years	40,235	26,607	10,923	9,578	6,106	10,203	3,426	9,444	11,532	12,571	6,688
17-44 years	64,283	45,630	19,395	16,222	10,013	14,628	4,024	16,346	18,005	19,677	10,256
<u>Male</u>											
Mare											
All ages	88,833	60,939	25,677	21,518	13,744	20,962	6,932	22,152	25,839	26,737	14,104
Under 5 years	10,556	7,378	3,031	2,677	1,670	2,515	663	2,452	3,144	3,209	1,751
5-14 years	19,052	12,572	5,148	4,572	2,851	4,918	1,563	4,449	5,487	5,895	3,221
15-24 years	12,195	8,288	3,305	2,890	2,093	2,894	1,012	2,878	3,570	3,943	1,803
25-44 years	21,635	15,339	6,704	5,435	3,201	4,971	1,325	5,746	6,061	6,344	3,484
45+ years	25,396 17,886	17,362 12,416	7,489 5,485	5,944 4,259	3,929 2,672	5,664 3,801	2,370 1,670	6,627 4,758	7,577 5,233	7,346 5,189	3,845 2,706
65+ years	7,510	4,946	2,004	1,685	1,257	1,864	700	1,869	2,345	2,157	1,139
Under 6 years	12,599	8,755	3,590	3,197	1,968	3,039	805	2,923	3,728	3,838	2,110
6-16 years	20,441	13,466	5,500	4,856	3,110	5,225	1,750	4,812	5,903	6,342	3,384
17-44 years	30,397	21,356	9,099	7,520	4,737	7,033	2,007	7,789	8,631	9,211	4,765
Female					į						
All ages	94,313	66,138	27,571	23,567	15,000	21,549	6,625	23,563	26,863	28,947	14,939
Under 5 years	10,176	6,975	2,761	2,608	1,605	2,516	685	2,287	2,964	3,202	1,722
5-14 years	18,458	12,258	5,094	4,427	2,736	4,672	1,528	4,281	5,299	5,817	3,061
15-24 years	13,506	9,580	3,844	3,441	2,295	3,029	897	3,185	3,757	4,393	2,171
25-44 years	23,718	16,908	7,331	6,054	3,523	5,389	1,421	6,194	6,516	7,122	3,886
45+ years 45-64 years 65+ years	28,456 19,100 9,356	20,418 13,698 6,720	8,541 5,858 2,683	7,036 4,776 2,260	4,841 3,064 1,777	5,943 3,881 2,062	2,094 1,520 574	7,617 5,114 2,503	8,326 5,441 2,885	8,413 5,760 2,653	4,100 2,785 1,315
Under 6 years	12,177	8,305	3,311	3,107	1,887	3,034	838	2,758	3,534	3,840	2,045
6-16 years	19,794	13,141	5,423	4,722	2,996	4,977	1,676	4,632	5,629	6,229	3,304
17-44 years	33,886	24,274	10,296	8,702	5,276	7,595	2,017	8,556	9,374	10,466	5,491
	L	L	L				لـــــــا				

NCTF: For official population estimates for nore general use see Sureau of the Census reports on the civilian population of the United States in Current Depulation Penerts Series D-20 U-25 and D-60

Table 35. Population of currently employed persons, by sex and age: United States, July 1962-June 1963

Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II

Age	Both sexes	Male	Female
	Popul.	ation in thou	sands
All ages-17+ years	67,954	44,614	23,339
17-44 years	40,358	26,555	13,802
45+ years	27,596	18,059	9,537

NOTE: For official population estimates for more general use, see Bureau of the Census reports on the civilian population of the United States, in Current Population Reports, Series P-20, P-25, and P-60; and Bureau of Labor Statistics monthly report, Employment and Earnings.

	19	62	1963			
Sex and age	July- September	October- December	January- March	April- June		
Both sexes		Population i	n thousands			
All ages	182,005	182,859	183,540	184,104		
Under 5 years	20,693	20,760	20,732	20,729		
5-14 years	37,281	37,439	37,596	37,710		
15-24 years	25,175	25,541	25,877	26,197		
25-44 years	45,322	45,350	45,378	45,343		
45-64 years	36,771	36,919	37,053	37,186		
65+ years	16,763	16,850	16,904	16,939		
Under 15 years	57,975 70,496 53,534	58,199 70,891 53,769	58,328 71,255 53,957	58,439 71,540 54,125		
<u>Male</u>						
All ages	88,253	88,700	89,042	89,302		
Under 5 years	10,534	10,570	10,557	10,556		
5-14 years	18,935	19,015	19,094	19,156		
15-24 years	11,910	12,117	12,296	12,450		
25-44 years	21,594	21,627	21,661	21,649		
45-64 years	17,794	17,859	17,914	17,971		
65+ years	7,486	7,512	7,520	7,521		
Under 15 years	29,469 33,504 25,280	29,585 33,745 25,370	29,651 33,956 25,434	29,712 34,099 25,492		
<u>Female</u>	· •					
All ages	93,752	94,159	94,497	94,802		
Under 5 years	10,159	10,190	10,175	10,174		
5-14 years	18,346	18,424	18,501	18,554		
15-24 years	13,264	13,424	13,581	13,748		
25-44 years	23,728	23,723	23,717	23,694		
45-64 years	18,977	19,060	19,138	19,215		
65+ years	9,278	9,339	9,384	9,418		
Under 15 years	28,505 36,992 28,255	28,614 37,147 28,398	28,676 37,298 28,523	28,728 37,441 28,633		

NOTE: For official population estimates for more general use, see Bureau of the Census reports on the civilian population of the United States, in Current Population Reports: Series P-20, P-25, and P-60.

APPENDIX I

TECHNICAL NOTES ON METHODS

Background of This Report

This report is one of a series of statistical reports prepared by the National Health Survey. It is based on information collected in a continuing nationwide sample of households in the Health Interview Survey, a major part of the program.

The Health Interview Survey utilizes a questionnaire which, in addition to personal and demographic characteristics, obtains information on illnesses, injuries, chronic conditions and impairments, and other health topics. As data relating to each of these various broad topics are tabulated and analyzed, separate reports are issued which cover one or more of the specific topics. The present report is based on the consolidated sample for 52 weeks of interviewing ending June 1963.

The population covered by the sample for the Health Interview Survey is the civilian, noninstitutional population of the United States living at the time of the interview. The sample does not include members of the Armed Forces, U.S. nationals living in foreign countries, or crews of vessels. It should also be noted that the estimates shown do not represent a complete inventory of injuries for the specified calendar period since no adjustment has been made for persons who incurred injuries during the 2-week-recall period but who died prior to the interview.

Statistical Design of the Health Interview Survey

General plan.—The sampling plan of the survey follows a multistage probability design which permits a continuous sampling of the civilian population of the United States. The first stage of this design consists of drawing a sample of 357 from the 1,900 geographically defined primary sampling units (PSU's) into which the United States has been divided. A PSU is a county, a group of contiguous counties, or a standard metropolitan statistical area.

With no loss in general understanding, the remaining stages can be combined and treated in this discussion as an ultimate stage. Within PSU's then, ultimate stage units called segments are defined in such a man-

ner that each segment contains an expected nine households. A segment consists of a cluster of neighboring households or addresses. Two general types of segments are used: (1) area segments which are defined geographically, and (2) B segments which are defined from a list of addresses from the Decennial Census and Survey of Construction. Each week a random sample of about 90 segments is drawn. In the approximate 800 households in those segments, household members are interviewed concerning factors related to health.

Since the household members interviewed each week are a representative sample of the population, samples for successive weeks can be combined into larger samples. Thus the design permits both continuous measurement of characteristics of high incidence or prevalence in the population and, through the larger consolidated samples, more detailed analysis of less common characteristics and smaller categories. The continuous collection has administrative and operational advantages as well as technical assets, since it permits field work to be handled with an experienced, stable staff.

<u>Sample size and geographic detail</u>.—The national sample plan for the 12-month period ending June 1963 included about 134,000 persons from 42,000 households in about 4,700 segments.

The overall sample was designed in such a fashion that tabulations can be provided for each of the major geographic regions and for urban and rural sectors of the United States.



Estimating methods.—Each statistic produced by the survey—for example, the number of work-loss days occurring in a specified period—is the result of two stages of ratio estimation. In the first of these, the control factor is the ratio of the 1960 decennial population count to the 1960 estimated population in the Na-

tional Health Survey's first-stage sample of PSU's. These factors are applied for some 25 color-residence classes.

Later, ratios of sample-produced estimates of the population to official Bureau of the Census figures for current population in about 60 age-sex-color classes are computed, and serve as second-stage factors for ratio estimating.

The effect of the ratio-estimating process is to make the sample more closely representative of the population by age, sex, color, and residence, thus reducing sampling variance.

As noted, each week's sample represents the population living during that week and characteristics of that population. Consolidation of samples over a time period, say a calendar quarter, produces estimates of average characteristics of the U.S. population for that calendar quarter. Similarly, population data for a year are averages of the four quarterly figures.

For statistics measuring the number of occurrences during a specified time period, such as the number of cases of influenza, or number of bed-disability days, a similar computational procedure is used, but the statistics are interpreted differently. For these items, the questionnaire asks for the respondent's experience during the 2 calendar weeks prior to the week of interview. In such instances the estimated quarterly total for the statistic is simply 6.5 times the average 2-week estimate produced by the 13 successive samples taken during the period. The annual total is the sum of the four quarters. Thus, the experience of persons interviewed during a year-experience which actually occurred for each person in a 2-calendar-week interval prior to week of interview-is treated as though it measured the total of such experience during the year. Such interpretation leads to no significant bias.

General Qualifications

Nonresponse.—Data were adjusted for nonresponse by a procedure which imputes to persons in a house-

merview, was interviewed individually. Proxy respondents within the household were employed for children and for adults not available at the time of the interview, provided the respondent was closely related to the person about whom information was being obtained.

There are limitations to the accuracy of diagnostic and other information collected in household interviews. For diagnostic information, the household respondent can, at best, pass on to the interviewer only the information the physician has given the family. For conditions not medically attended, diagnostic information is often no more than a description of symptoms. However, other facts, such as the number of disability days caused by the condition, can be obtained more accurately from household members than from any other source since only the persons concerned are in a position to report this information.

Rounding of numbers.—The original tabulations on which the data in this report are based show all estimates to the nearest whole unit. All consolidations were made from the original tabulations using the estimates to the nearest unit. In the final published tables the figures are rounded to the nearest thousand, although these are not necessarily accurate to that detail. Devised statistics, such as rates and percent distributions, are computed after the estimates on which these are based have been rounded to the nearest thousand.

Population figures.—Some of the published tables include population figures for specified categories. Except for certain overall totals by age and sex, which are adjusted to independent estimates, these figures are based on the sample of households in the National Health Survey. These are given primarily to provide denominators for rate computation, and for this purpose are more appropriate for use with the accompanying measures of health characteristics than other population data that may be available. In some instances these will permit users to recombine published data into classes more suitable to their specific needs. With the exception of the overall totals by age and sex, mentioned above, the population figures differ from corresponding figures (which are derived from different sources) published in reports of the Bureau of the Census. For population data for general use, see the official estimates presented in Bureau of the Census reports in the P-20, P-25, and P-60 series.

Reliability of Estimates

Since the estimates are based on a sample, they will differ somewhat from the figures that would have been obtained if a complete census had been taken using the same schedules, instructions, and interviewing personnel and procedures. As in any survey, the results are also subject to measurement error.

The standard error is primarily a measure of sampling variability, that is, the variations that might occur by chance because only a sample of the population is surveyed. As calculated for this report, the standard error also reflects part of the variation which arises in the measurement process. It does not include estimates of any biases which might lie in the data.

The chances are about 68 out of 100 that an estimate from the sample would differ from a complete census by less than the standard error. The chances are about 95 out of 100 that the difference would be less than twice the standard error and about 99 out of 100 that it would be less than 2½ times as large.

The relative standard error of an estimate is obtained by dividing the standard error of the estimate by the estimate itself, and is expressed as a percentage of the estimate. Included in this Appendix are charts from which the relative standard errors can be determined for estimates shown in the report. In order to derive relative errors which would be applicable to a wide variety of health statistics and which could be prepared at a moderate cost, a number of approximations were required. As a result, the charts provide an estimate of the approximate relative standard error rather than the precise error for any specific aggregate or percentage.

Three classes of statistics for the health survey are identified for purposes of estimating variances.

Narrow range.—This class consists of (1) statistics which estimate a population attribute, e.g., the number of persons in a particular income group, and (2) statistics for which the measure for a single individual for the period of reference is usually either 0 or 1, on occasion may take on the value 2, and very rarely 3.

Medium range.—This class consists of other statistics for which the measure for a single individual for the period of reference will rarely lie outside the range 0 to 5.

<u>Wide range</u>.—This class consists of statistics for which the measure for a single individual for the period of reference frequently will range from 0 to a number in excess of 5, e.g., the number of days of bed disability experienced during the year.

In addition to classifying variables according to whether they are narrow-, medium-, or wide-range, statistics in the survey are further defined as:

- Type A. Statistics on prevalence, and incidence data for which the period of reference in the questionnaire is 12 months.
- Type B. Incidence-type statistics for which the period of reference in the questionnaire is 2 weeks.

Only the charts on sampling error applicable to data contained in this report are presented.

General rules for determining relative sampling errors.—The "guide" on page 50, together with the following rules, will enable the reader to determine approximate relative standard errors from the charts for estimates presented in this report.

- Rule 1. Estimates of aggregates: Approximate relative standard errors for estimates of aggregates, such as incidence of acute conditions, are obtained from appropriate curves on pages 51-53. The number of persons in the total U.S. population or in an age-sex class of the total population is adjusted to official Bureau of the Census figures and is not subject to sampling error.
- Rule 2. Estimates of percentages in a percent distribution: Relative standard errors for percentages in a percent distribution of a total are obtained from appropriate curves on pages 54-56. For values which do not fall on one of the curves presented in the chart, visual interpolation will provide a satisfactory approximation.
- Rule 3. Estimates of rates where the numerator is a subclass of the denominator: Not required for statistics presented in this report.
- Rule 4. Estimates of rates where the numerator is not a subclass of the denominator: This rule applies where a unit of the numerator often occurs more than once for any one unit in the denominator. For example, in the computation of the number of persons injured per 100 currently employed persons per year, it is possible that a person in the denominator could have sustained more than one of the injuries included in the numerator. Approximate relative standard errors for rates of this kind may be computed as follows:
 - (a) Where the denominator is the total U.S. population, or includes all persons in one or more of the age-sex groups of the total population, the relative error of the rate is equivalent to the relative error of the numerator which can be obtained directly from the appropriate chart.
 - (b) In other cases, obtain the relative standard error of the numerator and of the denominator from the appropriate curve. Square each of these relative errors, add the resulting values, and extract the square root of the sum. This procedure will result in an upper bound, and often will overstate the error.

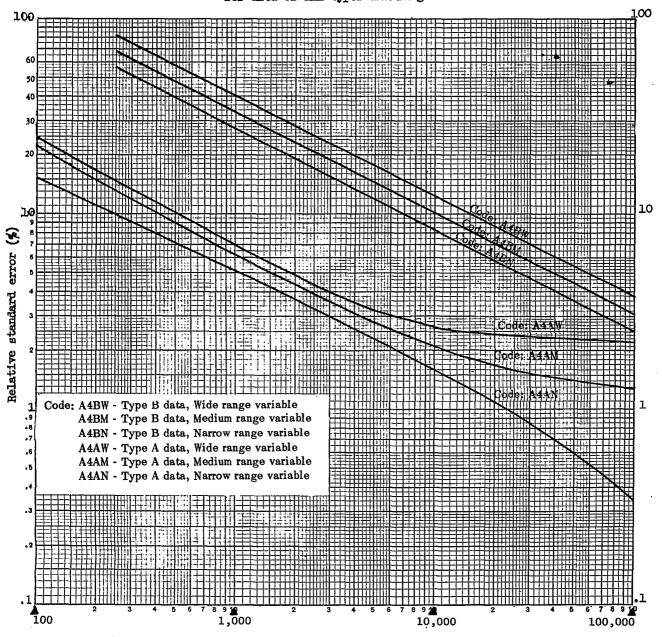
Guide to Use of Relative Standard Error Charts

The code shown below identifies the appropriate curve to be used in estimating the relative standard error of the statistic described. The four components of each code describe the statistic as follows: (1)

A = aggregate, P = percentage; (2) the number of calendar quarters of data collection; (3) the type of the statistic as described on page 49, and (4) the range of the statistic as described on page 49.

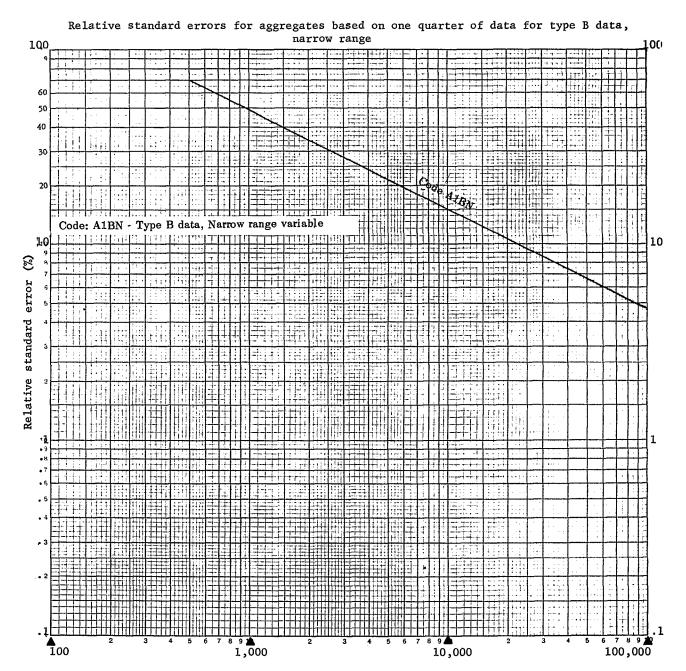
		Use:	
Statistic	Rule	Code on	page
Number of:	-1	4/437	
Persons by residence or regionAcute conditions:	1	A4AN	51
Per quarter	1	A1BN	52
Per yearDisability days:	1	A4BN	51
Per duarter	1	A1BW	53
Per year	1	A4BW	51
in any age-sex category thereof	Not subje	ct to sampling error	
Percentage distribution of:			
Persons by residence or region	2 2	P4AN-M	54
Persons by residence or region Disability days in a yearAcute conditions in a year	2	P48W P48N-M	55 56
Incidence rates for acute conditions: Per 100 total U.S. population or per 100 persons in any age-sex group of			
the total U.S. population:	4(a)	Albn	
Per year	4(a) 4(a)	A4BN	52 51
Per 100 persons in any other population group per year	4/1	Numer.: A4BN	51
group per year	4(b)	Denom.: A4AN	51
Number of disability days: Per 100 total U.S. population or per 100 persons in any age-sex group of the total U.S. population:			
Per diarter	4(a) 4(a)	A1BW	53
Per year	4(a)	A4BW	51
Per 100 persons in any other population group per year	4(b)	Numer.: A4BW Denom.: A4AN	51 51
Per case for acute conditions: Per quarter	4(b)	Numer.: A1BW Denom.: A1BN	53
		Numer: A4BW	52 51
Per year	4(b)	Denom.: A4AN	51

Relative standard errors for aggregates based on four quarters of data collection for data of all types and ranges



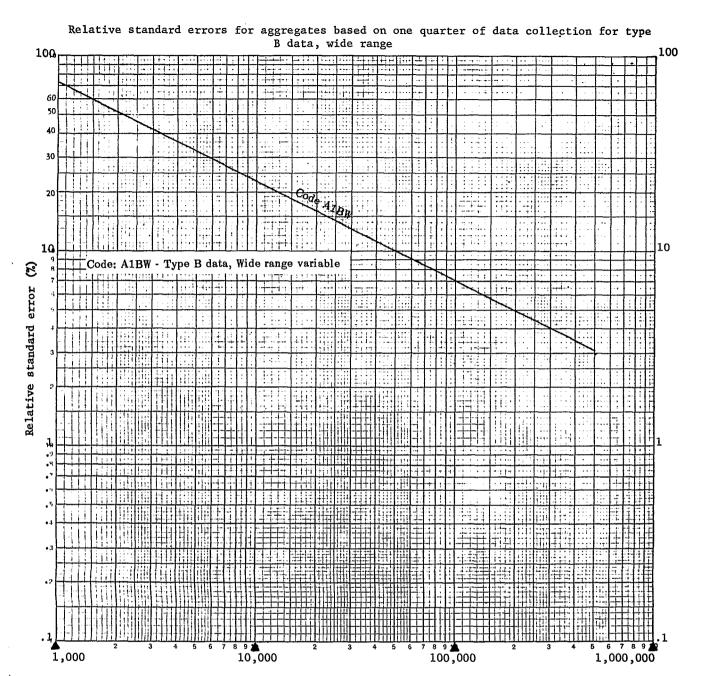
Size of estimate (in thousands)

Example of use of chart: An aggregate of 2,000,000 (on scale at bottom of chart) for a Narrow range Type A statistic (code: A4AN) has a relative standard error of 3.6 percent, (read from scale at left side of chart), or a standard error of 72,000 (3.6 percent of 2,000,000). For a Wide range Type B statistic (code: A4BW), an aggregate of 6,000,000 has a relative error of 16.0 percent or a standard error of 960,000 (16 percent of 6,000,000).



Size of estimate (in thousands)

Example of use of chart: An aggregate of 6,000,000 (on scale at bottom of chart) for a Narrow range Type B statistic has a relative standard error of 19.3 percent, read from scale at left side of chart, or a standard error of 1,158,000 (19.3 percent of 6,000,000).

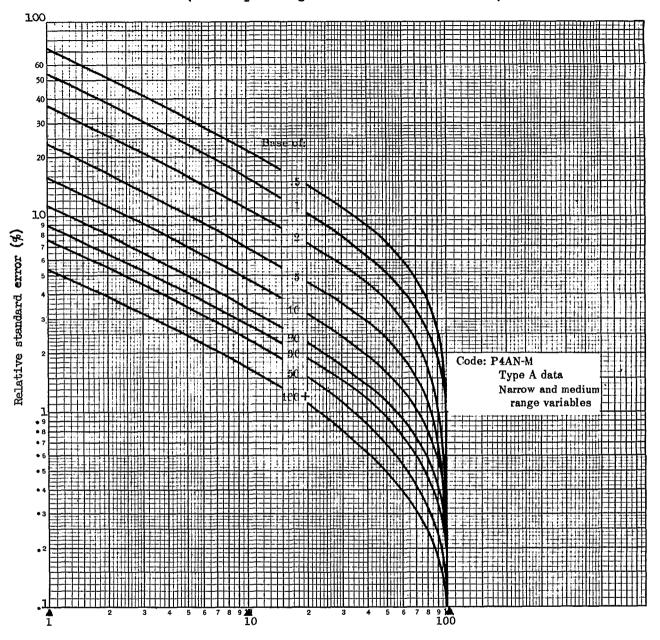


Size of estimate (in thousands)

Example of use of chart: An aggregate of 20,000,000 (on scale at bottom of chart) for a wide range type B statistic has a relative standard error of 16.0 percent, read from scale at left side of chart, or a standard error of 3,200,000 (16.0 percent of 20,000,000).

Relative standard errors for percentages based on four quarters of data collection for type A data, Narrow and Medium range

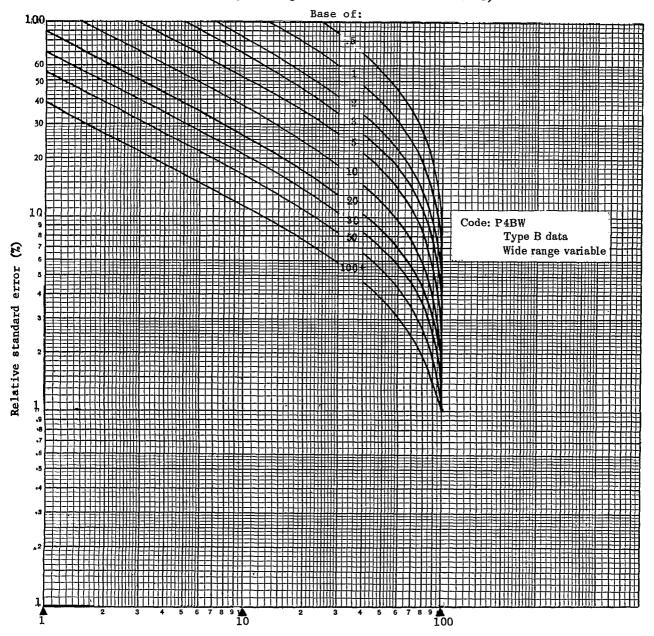
(Base of percentage shown on curves in millions)



Estimated percentage

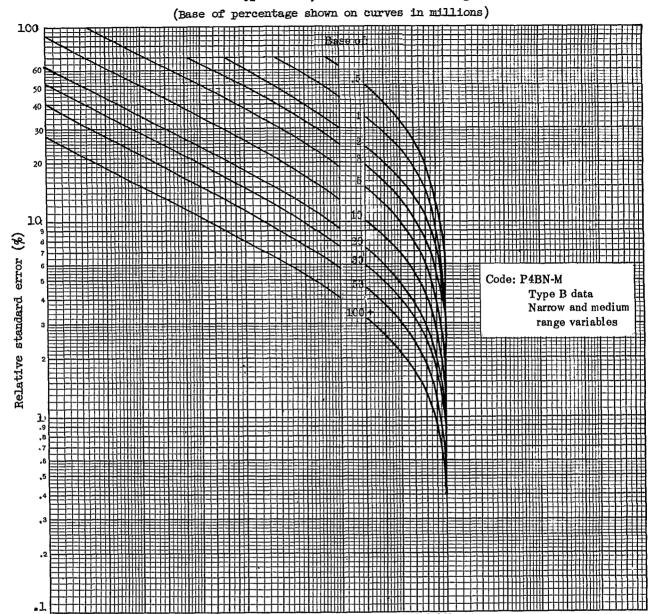
Example of use of chart: An estimate of 20 percent (on scale at bottom of chart) based on an estimate of 10,000,000 has a relative standard error of 3.2 percent (read from the scale at the left side of the chart), the point at which the curve for a base of 10,000,000 intersects the vertical line for 20 percent. The standard error in percentage points is equal to 20 percent X 3.2 percent or 0.64 percentage points.

Relative standard errors for percentages based on four quarters of data collection for type B data, Wide range
(Base of percentage shown on curves in millions)



Estimated percentage

Example of use of chart: An estimate of 20 percent (on scale at bottom of chart) based on an estimate of 10,000,000 has a relative standard error of 24.5 percent (read from scale at the left side of the chart), the point at which the curve for a base of 10,000,000 intersects the vertical line for 20 percent. The standard error in percentage points is equal to 20 percent X 24.5 percent or 4.9 percentage points.



Estimated percentage

Example of use of chart: An estimate of 20 percent (on scale at bottom of chart) based on an estimate of 10,000,000 has a relative standard error of 17.0 percent (read from scale at the left side of the chart), the point at which the curve for a base of 10,000,000 intersects the vertical line for 20 percent. The standard error in percentage points is equal to 20 percent X 17.0 percent or 3.4 percentage points.

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APPENDIX II

DEFINITIONS OF CERTAIN TERMS USED IN THIS REPORT

Terms Relating, to Conditions

Condition.—A morbidity condition, or simply a condition, is any entry on the questionnaire which describes a departure from a state of physical or mental wellbeing. It results from a positive response to one of a series of "illness-recall" questions. In the coding and tabulating process, conditions are selected or classified according to a number of different criteria, such as, whether they were medically attended; whether they resulted in disability; whether they were acute or chronic; or according to the type of disease, injury, impairment, or symptoms reported. For the purposes of each published report or set of tables, only those conditions recorded on the questionnaire which satisfy certain stated criteria are included.

Acute conditions are classified by type according to the International Classification of Diseases, 1955 Revision, with certain modifications adopted to make the code more suitable for a household-interview-type survey.

Acute condition.—An acute condition is defined as a condition which has lasted less than 3 months and which has involved either medical attention or restricted activity. Because of the procedures used to estimate incidence, the acute conditions included in this report are the conditions which had their onset during the 2 weeks prior to the interview week and which involved either medical attention or restricted activity during that 2-week period. However, it excludes certain conditions which are always classified as chronic (listed below) even though the onset occurred within 3 months.

Conditions always classified as chronic:

Stomach ulcer Any other chronic stomach trouble
Kidney stones or chronic kidney trouble
Arthritis or rheumatism Mental illness
Diabetes Thyroid trouble or goiter
Any allergy
Epilepsy Chronic nervous trouble Cancer

Hemorrhoids or piles
Tumor, cyst, or growth
Chronic gallbladder or
liver trouble
Deafness or serious
trouble with hearing
Serious trouble with seeing, even when wearing
glasses
Cleft palate
Any speech defect
Missing fingers, hand, or
arm—toes, foot, or leg
Palsy

Chronic skin trouble
Hernia or rupture
Prostate trouble
Paralysis of any kind
Repeated trouble with
back or spine
Club foot
Permanent stiffness or
any deformity of the foot,
leg, fingers, arm, or
back
Condition present since
birth

Condition groups.—Conditions are classified according to the International Classification of Diseases, 1955 Revision, with certain modifications adopted to make the code more suitable for a household-interview survey. In this report, all tables which have data classified by type of condition employ a five-category regrouping plus several selected subgroups. The International Classification code numbers included in each category are shown below:

International

Condition Groups	Classification Code Numbers
I Infective and parasitic diseases	020-138
II Respiratory conditions Upper respiratory Influenza Other respiratory	470-501, 511, 517-525, 527, 783 470-475, 511, 517 480-483 490-501, 518-525, 527, 783
III Digestive system conditions	530-539, 543-553, 570, 571, 573-587, 784, 785
IV Injuries	N800-N885, N890-N895, N900-N994, N996-N999
V Other conditions	All other acute code numbers

Onset of condition.—A condition is considered to have had its onset when it was first noticed. This could be the time the person first felt sick or became injured, or it could be the time when the person or his family was first told by a physician that he had a condition of which he was previously unaware.

Incidence of conditions.—The incidence of conditions is the estimated number of conditions having their onset in a specified time period. As previously mentioned, minor acute conditions, involving neither restricted activity nor medical attention are excluded from the statistics. The incidence data shown in some reports are further limited to various subclasses of conditions, such as "incidence of conditions involving bed disability."

Activity-restricting condition.—An activity restricting condition is a condition which has caused at least 1 day of restricted activity during the 2 calendar weeks before the interview week. (See definition of "Restricted-activity day.") The incidence of acute activity-restricting conditions is estimated from the number of such conditions reported as having started in the 2-week period, but a condition which did not result in restricted activity until after the end of the 2-week period in which it had its onset is not included.

Bed-disabling condition.—A condition involving at least 1 day of bed disability is called a bed-disabling condition. (See definition of "Bed-disability day.") The incidence of acute bed-disabling conditions is defined in a manner analogous to the incidence of acute activity-restricting conditions.

Medically attended condition.—A condition is considered to be medically attended if a physician has been consulted about it either at its onset or at any time thereafter. Medical attention includes consultation either in person or by telephone for treatment or advice. Advice from the physician transmitted to the patient through the nurse is counted as well as visits to physicians in clinics or hospitals. If during the course of a single visit the physician is consulted about more than one condition for each of several patients, each condition of each patient is counted as medically attended.

Discussions of a child's condition by the physician and a responsible member of the household are considered as medical attention even if the child was not seen at that time.

For the purpose of this definition, the term "physician" includes doctors of medicine and osteopathic physicians.

Terms Relating to Disability

<u>Disability</u>.—Disability is the general term used to describe any temporary or long-term reduction of a person's activity as a result of an acute or chronic condition.

Disability days are classified according to whether they are days of restricted activity, bed-days, workloss days, or school-loss days. All days of bed disability are, by definition, days of restricted activity. The converse form of this statement is, of course, not true. Days lost from work and days lost from school are also days of restricted activity for the working and schoolage populations. Hence, restricted activity is the most inclusive term used in describing disability days.

Condition-days of restricted activity, bed disability, etc.—Condition-days of restricted activity, bed disability, and so forth are days of the various forms of disability associated with any one condition. Since any particular day of disability may be associated with more than one condition, the sum of days for all conditions adds to more than the total number of person-days of disability.

Restricted-activity day.—A day of restricted activity is one on which a person substantially reduces the amount of activity normal for that day because of a specific illness or injury. The type of reduction varies with the age and occupation of the individual as well as with the day of the week or season of the year. Restricted activity covers the range from substantial reduction to complete inactivity for the entire day.

Bed-disability day.—A day of bed disability is one on which a person stays in bed for all or most of the day because of a specific illness or injury. It is considered to be a day only if the period of bed disability includes more than half of the daylight hours. All hospital days for inpatients are considered to be days of bed disability even if the patient was not actually in bed at the hospital.

Work-loss day.—A day lost from work is a normal working day on which a person did not work at his job or business because of a specific illness or injury. If the person's regular work day is less than a whole day and the entire work day was lost, it would be counted as a whole work day lost. The number of days lost from work is determined only for persons 17 years of age or over who reported that at any time during the 2-week period covered by the interview they either worked at, or had a job or business. (See definition of "Currently employed persons.")

School-loss day.—A day lost from school is a normal school day on which a child did not attend school because of a specific illness or injury. The number of days lost from school is determined only for children 6-16 years of age.

Demographic Terms

Age.—The age recorded for each person is the age at last birthday. Age is recorded in single years and grouped in a variety of distributions depending upon the purpose of the table.

Quarter.—The quarters used by the U.S. National Health Survey are actually 13-week periods rather than 3 calendar months. Since each 13-week period begins on a Monday and ends on a Sunday, the actual dates of the beginning and end of each 13-week period may overlap into another calendar quarter. Therefore, the time periods in the table headings are the approximate rather than the precise periods during which the interviewing was conducted.

Currently employed persons.—Currently employed persons are all persons 17 years of age or over who reported that at any time during the 2-week period covered by the interview they either worked at, or had a job or business. Current employment includes paid work as an employee of someone else, self-employment in business, farming, or professional practice, and unpaid work in a family business or farm. Persons who were temporarily absent from their job or business because of a temporary illness, vacation, strike, or bad weather are considered as currently employed if they expected to work as soon as the particular event causing their absence no longer existed.

Free-lance workers are considered as having a job if they had a definite arrangement with one or more employees to work for pay according to a weekly or monthly schedule, either full-time or part-time. Excluded from the currently employed population are such persons who have no definite employment schedule but who work only when their services are needed.

Also excluded from the currently employed population are (1) persons who were not working, even though having a job or business, but were on layoff or looking for work, (2) persons receiving revenue from an enterprise in whose operation they did not participate, (3) persons doing housework or charity work for which they received no pay, and (4) seasonal workers during the unemployment season.

The number of currently employed persons estimated by the U.S. National Health Survey (NHS) will differ from the estimates prepared by the Current Population Survey (CPS), Bureau of the Census, for several reasons. In addition to sampling variability they include three primary conceptual differences, namely: (1) NHS estimates are for persons 17 years of age or over; CPS estimates are for persons 14 years of age or over. (2) NHS uses a 2-week-reference period while CPS uses a 1-week-reference period. (3) NHS is a continuing survey with separate samples taken weekly, while CPS is a monthly sample taken for the survey week which includes the 12th of the month.

Residence.—The definition of urban-rural areas used in the U.S. National Health Survey is the same as that used in the 1960 census. The urban population comprises all persons living in (a) places of 2,500 inhabitants or more incorporated as cities, boroughs, villages, and towns (except towns in New England, New York, and Wisconsin); (b) the densely settled urban fringe, whether incorporated or unincorporated, of urbanized areas (see below); (c) towns in New England and townships in New Jersey and Pennsylvania which contain no incorporated municipalities as subdivisions and have either 25,000 inhabitants or more or a population of 2,500 to 25,000 and a density of 1,500 persons or more per square mile; (d) counties in States other than the New England States, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania that have no incorporated municipalities within their boundaries and have a density of 1,500 persons or more per square mile; and (e) unincorporated places of 2,500 inhabitants or more not included in any urban fringe. The remaining population is classified as rural.

Size of place.—All persons residing in an urbanized area are included in the urban population. An urbanized area, according to the 1960 census definition, contains at least one city which had 50,000 inhabitants or more in 1960, as well as the surrounding closely settled incorporated places and unincorporated areas.

The remaining urban population is classified as living in urban places outside urbanized areas. These urban places are grouped according to size.

Farm and nonfarm residence.—The rural population is subdivided into the rural-farm population which comprises all rural residents living on farms, and the rural-nonfarm population which comprises the remaining rural population. The farm population includes persons living in rural territory on places of 10 or more acres from which sales of farm products amounted to \$50 or more during the previous 12 months or on places of less than 10 acres from which sales of farm products amounted to \$250 or more during the preceding 12 months. Other persons living in rural territory were classified as nonfarm. Persons were also classified as nonfarm if their household paid rent for the house but their rent did not include any land used for farming.

Sales of farm products refer to the gross receipts from the sale of field crops, vegetables, fruits, nuts, livestock and livestock products (milk, wool, etc.), poultry and poultry products, and nursery and forest products produced on the place and sold at any time during the preceding 12 months.

Region.—For the purpose of classifying the population by geographic area, the States are grouped into four regions. These regions, which correspond to those used by the Bureau of the Census, are as follows:

Region

States Included

Northeast----- Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont,
Massachusetts, Rhode Island,
Connecticut, New York,
New Jersey, Pennsylvania

North Central --- Michigan, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois,
Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa,
Missouri, North Dakota,
South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas

South-----
Delaware, Maryland, District of
Columbia, Virginia, West Virginia,
North Carolina, South Carolina,
Georgia, Florida, Kentucky,
Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi,
Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma,
Texas
West----
Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Colorado,
New Mexico, Arizona, Utah, Nevada,
Alaska, Washington, Oregon,
California, Hawaii

_____000____

APPENDIX III

QUESTIONNAIRE

The items below show the exact content and wording of the basic questionnaire used in the nationwide household survey of the U.S. National Health Survey. The actual questionnaire is designed for a household as a unit and includes additional spaces for reports on more than one person, condition, accident, or hospitalization. Such repetitive spaces are omitted in this illustration.

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	(b) M	ailing ad	dress if r	ot sho	wn in (a):	Incl	ude ci	ity, ≥one	and Sta	ite		-[7. (a) S	Segment type			
	(e) Type of Housing unit (d) Name of Special Dwelling Place Code																tra'' unit in		B Segment enter:				
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a per	naire Item	Yes (Fill one	No	(5 x	ramplea:	do	arters d eat	iliye with ony	from the	ne cut- r	cookin	g ent for	unit (Add	ques	tion-	crea	ted? 59 or 1960,	name of the household of these	head	Remarks	l		
Line:	No.	line (or each group.)		2nd	ement, i iloor)	Pe	her gr	oup of	through	mmon hall? use? to this quee- "Le at the transfer or also specify "F" quee- "L" If test half.)			April 1, 19	960?									
(1)	(2)	Yes No Yes No Yes No nairs) HU Unit Unit (3a) (3b) (4) (5a) (5b) (6a) (6b) (7a) (7b) (8) (9a) (9b) (10)							(12)														
1	\-,	()41	(10)	 	(1)	+)=)	(30)	(02)	(00)	(/#)	(/8)	(6)	(94)	(30)	†	(10)	(11)		(12)			
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	(a) What is the name of the head of this household? (Enter name in first column) (b) What are the names of all other persons who live here? (List all persons who live here) (c) I have listed (Read names). Is there anyone else stoying here now such as friends, relatives, or roomers? Yes (List) No	Last name	(1)
	(d) Have I missed anyone who usually lives here but is now — Temporarily in a hospital?	First name and i	nitial
	(e) Do day of the people in this nousehold have a nome sistewater. 'Yes (Apply household membership rules; if not a household member, delete) No (Leave on questionnaire)		
	If any adult males listed, ask: (f) Are ony of the persons in this household now on full-time active duty with the Armed Forces of the United States? Yes (Delete) No		
2.	How are you related to the head of the household? (Enter relationship to head, for example: head, wife, daughter, grandson, mother-in-law, partner, roomer, roomer's wife, etc.)	Relationship He	ed.
	How old were you on your last birthday?	Age	Under 1 year
4. 3	Race (Check one box for each person)	White	Negro 🖂 Other
5.	Sex (Check one box for each person)	☐ Male	☐ Female
	If 17 years old or over, ask:	Und 17 yrs.	☐ Never married
6.	Are you now married, widowed, divorced, separated of never married? (Check one box for each person)	☐ Married ☐ Widowed	☐ Divocced ☐ Separated
	lf 17 years old or over, ask:		☐ Und. 17 yrs.
7. ((a) What were you doing most of the past 12 months — (For males): working, or doing something else?	Working Keeping hor	
,	(For females): keeping house, working or doing anything else? If "Something else" checked, and person is 45 years old or over, ask:	Something e	lse
	(b) Are you refired?	Yes Yes	□ No
H	Determine which adults are at home and record this information. Beginning with Question 8 you are to interview for himself or herself, each adult person who is at home.	At home	Und. 19 yrs.
	Were you sick at any time LAST WEEK OR THE WEEK BEFORE? (That is, the 2-week period which ended this past Sunday night?) (a) What was the matter? (b) Anything else?	Yes Yes	□ №
	Last week or the week before did you take any medicine or treatment for any condition (besides which you told me about)? (a) For what conditions? (b) Anything else?	Yes Yes	□ №
	Last week or the week before did you have any accidents or injuries? (a) What were they? (b) Anything else?	Yes	□ No
	Did you ever have on (ony other) accident or injury that still bothers you or affects you in ony way? (a) In what way does it bother you? (Record present effects) (b) Anything else?	Yes	□ No
12.	Has anyone in the family - you, your, etc had any of these conditions DURING THE PAST 12 MONTHS?	☐ Yes	□ No
	(Read Card A, condition by condition; record any conditions mentioned in the column for the person)		
13.	Does anyone in the family have any of these conditions?	☐ Yes	□ No
```	(Read Card B, condition by condition; record any conditions mentioned in the column for the person)		-
<del>                                     </del>		Yes	. No
	At the present time do you have any other allments, conditions, or problems with your health? (a) What is the condition? (Record condition itself if still present; otherwise record present effects.) (b) Any other problems with your health?		<u> </u>
_		☐ Yes	C No.
15.	(a) Have you been in a hospital at any time since, a year age? If "Yes," ask:		No
	(b) How many times were you in the hospital during that period?		No. of times
1	(a) Has anyone in the family been a patient in a nursing home, rest home, or any similar place since, a year age?  If "Yes," ask:  (b) Who was this?	□ Yes	□ No
	c) How many times were you in a nursing home or rest home during that period?		No. of times (1)
	RVIEWER: Examine ages and relationships in Questions 2 and 3 for children one year old or under, then check the appropriate box in Qu		
17. (	2) Baby (babies) one year or under listed. (Go to Q. 17(b)) (b) Are birth(s) for baby (babies) and under listed. (Go to Q. 17(b)) delivery for mother shown in Table II?		
	No baby (babies) one year or under listed. (Go to Q. 18)   Yes (Go to Q. 17(d))   Yes (Go to Q. 17(d))   No (Go to Q. 18)   No (Go to Q. 18)   Io, fill one line for child.	Day since date show the of Table II for	n in Qs. 15 and mother and one

18.	ae of	tave some questions obout health insurance. We don't want to includi- ictionis, but we are interested in all other kinds. Do you, your, of the bills when you go to the hospital?		Yes Name of plan(s)	□ No
		es," ask: no is covered by hospital insurance? (Check the ''Yes'' box in 18(a)	) for each person covered)		
		nat is the name of the plan (or plans)? Any other plans?	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
<u> </u>				<del></del>	
19.	the	ccluding insurance that pays ONLY for accidents, do you, your, etc e surgeon's bill for on operation?	c _v have insurance that pays all or part of	Yes Name of plan(s)	No
		es, 11 ask:		l	
		ne is covered by insurance for surgeons' bills? (Check the "Yes" bo	ox in 19(a) for each person covered;		
L	(c) mi	net is the name of the plan (or plans)? Any other plans?			
		yeu, yeur, etc., have insurance that pays any part of doctors' bills	i for home calls and office visits?	Yes Name of plan(s)	□ No
	If "Yo	es," ask:			
	(b) Wh	no is covered by insurance for doctors' bills? (Check the "Yes" box	in 20(a) for each person covered)	ĺ	
	(c) Wh	net is the name of the plan (or plans)? Any other plans?	. 1		
	(d) De	ses it (each plan) pay for home calls and office visits for most kinds o	of sickness?	☐ Yes	□ No
				(1)	
21.		le and 17 years old or over, ask: Id you ever serve in the Armed Forces of the United States?		Fem. (	or und. 17 yrs.
	If "Ye	es,'' ask: as ony of your service during a war or was it peace-time only?		□ War	Peace-time
	If "W	ar,'' ask:		WW II	☐ Korean
	if "Pe	uring which war did you serve? eace-time'' only, ask:		Other	
	(9) Ma	us any of your service between June 27, 1950 and January 31, 1955?		Yes	□ No
	If 17 )	years old or over, ask:		☐ Und. 1 Elem: 123	7 yrs. 4 5 6 7 8
22.		net is the highest grade you attended in school? Circle highest grade attended or check "None")		High: 123	4
	, υ	HELE HIGHEST STREET WITCHEST AND A		College: 1 2 3	4 5+
	(b) Di	d you finish the ——grade (year)?		Yes	□ No
		or all persons 17 years old or over:		Und. 1	7 yrs.
23.	If "No	d you work at ony time last week or the week before? o," ask BOTH 23(b) and 23(c):		Yes	□ No
		ven though you did not work last week or the week before do you have	a job or business?		
	(c) We	ere you looking for work or on layoff from a job?		Yes	□ No
		es," in Question 23(a), (b), or (c), ask:	NOTE:	Name of employer	;
24.	(a) Fc	er whom did you work?	1. If "Yes" in Q. 23(a) or 23(b), Q. 24(a) - (d)		
			and Q. 25 apply to the job or business that the person worked at or had last week or the	L	
	(P) At	hat kind of business or industry was this?	week before.  2. If "Yes" in Q. 23(c) and "No" in 23(a) and	Industry	
			23(b), Q. 24(a)-(d) and Q. 25 apply to the person's last full-time civilian job.		
	/-\ W	to the diet work were ven deten?		Occupation	
	(E) no	hat kind of work were you doing?		·	
			·		
	Ask c	only for persons 20 years old or over:		L <u></u>	
	(d) H	ave you been a or doing this kind of work fi	for the past three years?	☐ Und. 2	20 yrs.
25.	Class	of worker (Fill from information in Q. 24 (a) - (c); or, if not clear, as	sk additional questions)	Private-paid	☐ Gov't ☐ Non-paid
26.	Which (Show benef	n of these income groups represents your total family income for the p v Card H). Include income from all sources, such as wages, salaries, lits, help from relatives, etc.	post 12 months, that is, your's, your —-'s, etc.? , rents from preperty, social security or retirement	Group	
(1	R For 8-16)	For persons 19 years old or over, show who responded for (or was p for self, show whether entirely or partly. For persons under 19 sho		Responded for Responded for Col. was res	self-partly
	т	INTERVIEWER: Enter the total number of bospitalizations for each Fill one line of Table II for each separate stay in		Total No. of hospi	

						Tab	is I - ILLNE	SSES, IMF	Toble 1 - ILLNESSES, IMPAIRMENTS, AND INJURIES  Col. Ques- Did												
	Col.	Ques-	Did you	Ask for all illn present effects	sesses and	Ask if	the entry in	Col. (d-1)	Ask only if: 6 years old	Ask f	for any entry in (d-1) or Col. (d-2) includes the	Ask only for:		LAST	HE						
	No. of	No.	EVER	(a) If doctor ta	lked to:	1	An Impairmen	mt.	or over and blindness,	that in	ncludes the			OR THE	(						
	per-	1	at any time	What did the do was? — did h	he give it a	-	or		poor vision, or eye	Allers	ev* Tumor	Aches N	Inflammation Neuralgia Neuritia	did	. CQUSO						
	son	1	talk to a	(b) If doctor no	? ot talked to:		a Symptom, or		trouble of	Asthm	ma "Condition" "Disease"	Blood Clot   F	Neuritis Pains Sores		on the						
]	( '	1	doctor	Record orig	ginal entry and	came fr	rom Question	. 11 or 13.	Con you	Growt Stroke	th "Trouble"	Cancer S	Sores Soreness Tumor	nengji sunda	y do?						
	1 '	1 '	about	required.		ļ			see well enough		kind of is it?	Growth U	Tumor Ulcers Weakness		i						
ğ	( '	1 '		Ask for all inju past 2 weeks:		What we	as the couse	, of?	to read ordinary	*For s	an allergy or ke ask:	What part of the bo		Che	ck one:						
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jë.	i = 1	( '	1 1	What kind of in	ijury was it?	(it "Čt	ause" is an i	injury,	glasses?	(strok	(e) affect you?	Head - (Skull, scal Back - (Upper, mid	alp, face) iddle, lower)	No	Yes						
-	i = 1	(-)	'	Anything else? (Also, fill Tabl	?	also fil	Il Table A)		'			Arm - (Shoulder, u er, wrist, ha Leg - (Hip, upper,	upper, elbow, low-	to	<b> </b>						
	1.	1!		injuries)		1		1	l '			ankle, foot;	; one or both)	(k))							
	(a)	(ь)	(c)	(d-	1)	+	(d-2)	x	(d-3)		(d-4)	(d-5)	)	(e)	(f)						
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$\sqcap$	Col.	Ques-	F			JR CALEND	DAR	7.	e filiane i f			ition did you enter the	1								
	No.	tion No.	hospital	id that you were of (once, twice, e	etc.) during [r	How many nights were		l); or, if not	es in Columns ot clear ask th	he l	do you know th	isson did you enter the he medical name?	a hospiroi		ŀ						
	per-	No.	the past	at year —		you in the hospital?	How many		ny Was this		(If medical nar	me not known, enter re	respondent's		ļ						
اق	son	( )	(the las	ild you enter the i st time)?	hospital (	(If exact number	of these nights	of these	person	i	description.)	10 400	zaponev		,						
Line number	i = l	1 1	(Enter r	month, day and y late not known, o	year; if	not known	were in the past	were lost	t hospital		(Entry must sh	now "Cause," "Kind,	." and "Part of		!						
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L			<del>-,</del>			7	Cable A - AC	CIDENTS	S AND INJUR	IES											
	Line i	m	1. Whe	en did the accide	ent happen?	2. At the ti	ime of the ac	scident, wi	hat part of th	e body	was hurt? What I	kind of injury was it?	Anything else?		_						
l	Table	e l	Year					Part(s) of	body			Kind of ir	njury (injuries)								
	<u></u>												<u> </u>								
1	cident	$\overline{}$	(If 196	61, 1962, or 1963	a elso																
hag	cident ppened st week	با	enter	month):	#150																
or	st week week fore		Month		·								<u> </u>								
	fore o to Q.	3)	_								1										
3.	(a) Was	a car,	truck, bu	us ar other motor	vehicle invol-	ved in the	accident in c	any way?				] Yes	□ No (Ge te	- 0. 4)							
				motor vehicle inv				-				Yes (More than one)		, e							
	(c) Was	it (eith	ier one) r	moving at the tim	ne?	_						Yes	, □ No								
4.	(a) Whe	re did f	he accid	lent happen — at	t home or somr	e other plar	e=?					***									
				ide house)				me (adjaçı	ent premises)	1		Some other place									
1			r place,"								_	Some other princip									
1 1	(b) Who	st kind c	of place w	was It?																	
l	3. ┌	Stree	et and his	ghway (includes:	roadway)		6. C Schoo	ol (include	s school prem	mises)					I						
ł	4. [	Farm	Д						tion and sport		ent at school										
ĺ	5. C	Indu	strial pla	ace (includes pre	:mises)						dent happened)			-							
5	w.L. v.		t+ 40i	· I Lusiner	***																
· ·		ou at wo □ Yes		ur job or busines. 2. 📺 No				*- A	C												
					,		3. While i	in vimea	Services		4. 🗀	Under 17 at time of a	accident								

								NESSES, IMPAIL	MENTS, A	ND INJURIES						╌		
Did yo	u have dawn	How	During that two	If 6-16 years old	If 17 years old or over	Did y	ou first pen) du	notice (did uring the past	To inter- viewer:	About how many days	If 1 or more more days	Were you	Ask after of for each pe	ompleting las	t condition	П		
for as	much	days	week	ask:	zsk:	3 mon	the OR	before that	114	during the	in Col. (n) and Col.	EVER hospi-	Please		If "Yes"	1		
asad	ay?	during	period, how many days	Haw mony days did	LAST WEEK or	L			ļ	months has	(e) is checked,	talized for this	look at each state-	If "1", "2" or "3" in	in Col.	1		
İ		two-	did	keep	the WEEK	Chec	1	Did start during the past	CON- TINUE	kept you in bed	ask: How many	condi- tion?	ment on this cord.	Col. (q):	Which?			
		week period?	keep you in bed all	you from	how many days did	Before 3	Dur- ing	2 weeks or before that	if Col. (k) is	all or most of the day?	of these		Then tell me which	because of any of the	(Enter X			
			or most of the day?	last week	keep' you from	months	mos.	time?	checked, or the		during last		statement fits you	conditions you have	on line for	П		
Char	k one		ine dayr	or the week	work?	to		(If during past 2 weeks, ask):	condition is on		week or the week		best, in terms of	told me about?	dition named)			
	0			before?	(For females	Col.	ĺ	Which week, last week or	Card A or is an		before?	l	health. (Show	45001.		Line number		
No (Go	Yes				add) not count-			the week before?	impair- ment;				Cards D- G, as			Į į		
ta Col.	-				ing work around the				other-				appro- priste)			卢		
(k))			1		house?				wise, STOP			1				П		
(f-1)	(f+2)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)	(1)	(m)	(aa)	(n)	(0)	(p)	(g)	(r)	(s)	Н		
			Days	Days	Days			Last week Week before		Days	Days	☐ Yes	i	☐ Yes		1		
		Days	☐ None	□ None	☐ None			Before 2 wks.	3.7	☐ None	☐ None	□ No	·	□ No		Ľ		
			Days	Days	Days			Last week		Days	Days	☐ Yes		☐ Yes				
		Days	or None	or None	or None			☐ Week before ☐ Before 2 wks.		or None	or None	□ N₀		□ No		2		
			Days	Days	Days			Last week	- 4	Days	Days	☐ Yes		☐ Yes		П		
		Days	or None	or None	or None					or None	or None	□ No	]	□ No		3		
								Last week	-			☐ Yes		☐ Yeş		Н		
			Days	Days	Days			Week before		Days	Days	□ No		□ No		[4]		
		Days	☐ None	☐ None	☐ None			Before 2 wks.	2.00	☐ None	☐ None		ļ			Н		
			Days	Days	Days			Last week Week before		Days	Days	Yes		Yes		5		
		Days	□ None	□ None	☐ None			Before 2 wks.		☐ None	☐ None	□ No	<u> </u>	□ No				
						Table II	- HOSI	PITALIZATION D	URING PA	ST 12 MONT	HS		-			$\neg$		
Ware	any op	Toble 11 - HOSPITALIZATION DURING PAST 12 MONTHS  any operations performed on you What is the name and address of the hospital you were in?  To Interviewer																
	g this stey of the hospital?  Carry this condition																	
If "	Yes," a	'es,'' ask:  (Enter full name of hospital, street or highway on which it is located, does not appear there city and State; if city not known, enter county.)																
(a) 1	What wa	s the nar	ne of the ope	ration?	city a	nd State	e; 1f C1	ity not known, ent	er county.)				1	"1" or more r	iohee in	ا ۃِ اِ		
(ь)	Any othe	er operat	ions?										ŀ	Col. (f)	-6	numpe		
İ														an Impairmen	:	Line		
į														or a Condition o	n Card A	3		
		(	i)						(j)					(x)		$\vdash$		
ПΑ	e s			□ No	Name of ho	spital										1		
					Street				ity and Sta	te					•			
					N (1			<u>_</u> <u>L</u>								Н		
□ Y	e z			□ №	Name of ho	Spitai									1	2		
j					Street				ity and Sta	te								
					Name of ho	!1										Н		
🗆 ¥	es			□ No	Name of he	Spical						. <b></b>				3		
ľ					Street				ity and Sta	te			- 1					
<u> </u>					1			L				_		<u> </u>	<del></del>	Н		
□ ,	e.			□ и•	Name of he	spitai							1					
					Street			7	ity and Sta	te				,				
					<u> </u>											ш		
$\overline{}$						т	able A	- ACCIDENTS A	ID INJURIE	S								
	ine No.	1.	When did the	accident ha	ppen? 2.	At the #I	me of t	he accident, what	part of the	body was hu	rt? What kin	d of injur	y was it? A	nything elsei	ı	ļ		
	from able I		CAT		-			Part(s) of boo			Τ		Cind of injur					
		] [ ]					•	,-, 51 500							.,,,,,	$\neg$		
├-		<u> </u>	f 1961, 1962,	1062 -1	<u> </u>											$\dashv$		
Accid	ent [		1961, 1962, iter month):	OC 1703 B180														
happe last w	eek	М	onth								- <del> </del>							
before	Q. 3)				İ						ļ					j		
		ap. desat	, hus as aska	r motor val-t	ie involved	in the -	colder	in any way?			Y	s		□ No (Go t	Q. 4)	$\neg$		
								/ 17471					han ope)	□ No	• •			
ŀ	Was more than one motor vehicle involved? Yes (More than one) No Was it (either one) moving at the time? Yes No																	
$\overline{}$							- 2											
4. (a)			caldent happ		or some of			h hann (- 3)	t\		د. - است	me oska-	nlace			1		
			(inside house	=1		•	^ ر ۰۰	t home (adjacent	bremises)		30	me other	Prace			ļ		
		-	ce," ask:															
(F)		-	ace was it?				<i>-</i>									1		
			d highway (ir	ectudes road	vay)		_	ichool (includes s	-		abaal							
	4		1.1					Place of recreation								_		
	<u>ا لـا ، ر</u>	ingustfts	l place (incl	ucs premise	• •		۰۰ سا د	other (Specily the	PIECE MUSI	- accident he	penea)					_		
5. We	re you o	ıt work a	t your job or	business who	n the accid	ent happ	ened?											
1.	Yes			2. 🔲 No		:	3. 🗆 V	Thile in Armed Se	rvices		4. 🔲 U:	der 17 at	time of acc	ident				

Card A		Card B	Card D			
NATIONAL HI	EALTH SURVEY	NATIONAL HEALTH SURVEY	NATIONAL HEALTH SURVEY			
Check List of C	threnic Conditions	Check List of Selected Impairments	For:			
1. Asthma 2. Tuberculosis 3. Chronic bronchitis 4. Repeated attacks of sinus trouble 5. Rheumatic fever 6. Hardening of the arteries 7. High blood pressure 8. Heart trouble. 9. Stroke 10. Trouble with varicose veins 11. Hemorrhoids or piles 12. Hay fever 13. Tumor, cyst or growth 14. Chronic gallbladder or liver trouble 15. Stomach ulcer	16. Any other chronic stomach trouble 17. Kidney stones or chronic kidney trouble 18. Mental Illness 19. Arthritis or rheumatism 20. Diabetes 21. Thyroid trouble or goiter 22. Any allergy 23. Epilepsy 24. Chronic ner vous trouble 25. Cancer 26. Chronic skin trouble 27. Hernia or rupture 28. Prostate trouble	Ones anyone in the family have any of these conditions?  1. Deafness or serious trouble hearing with one or both ears  2. Serious trouble seeing with one or both eyes even when wearing glasses  3. Cleft palate  4. Any speech defect  5. Missing fingers, hand, or arm—toes, foot, or leg  6. Palsy  7. Paralysis of any kind  8. Repeated trouble with back or spine  9. Club foot  10. Permanent stiffness or any deformity of the foot, leg, fingers, arm or back  11. Any condition present since birth	Workers and other persons except Housewives and Children  1. Not able to work at all.  2. Able to work but limited in amount of work or kind of work.  3. Able to work but limited in kind or amount of other activities.  4. Not limited in any of these ways.			
Cord E	Card F	Card G	Card H			
NATIONAL HEALTH SURVEY	NATIONAL HEALTH SURVEY	NATIONAL HEALTH SURVEY	NATIONAL HEALTH SURVEY			
For: Housewife	For: Children from 6 through 16 years old	For: Children under 6 years old	Family income during past 12 months			
<ol> <li>Not able to keep house at all.</li> <li>Able to keep house but limited in amount or kind of housework.</li> <li>Able to keep house but limited in kind or amount of other activities.</li> <li>Not limited in any of these ways.</li> </ol>	1. Not able to go to school at all.  2. Able to go to school but limited to certain types of schools or in school attendance.  3. Able to go to school but limited in other activities.  4. Not limited in any of these ways.	<ol> <li>Not able to take part at all in ordinary play with other children.</li> <li>Able to play with other children but limited in amount or kind of play.</li> <li>Not limited in any of these ways.</li> </ol>	Group A. Under \$500 (Including loss)  Group B. \$500 - \$999  Group C. \$1,000 - \$1,999  Group D. \$2,000 - \$2,999  Group E. \$3,000 - \$3,999  Group F. \$4,000 - \$4,999  Group G. \$5,000 - \$6,999  Group H. \$7,000 - \$9,999  Group I. \$10,000 and over			

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66 p. diagrs., tables. 27cm. (Its Vital and health statistics, Series 10, no. 10) U.S. Public Health Service. Publication no. 1000, Series 10, no. 10.

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