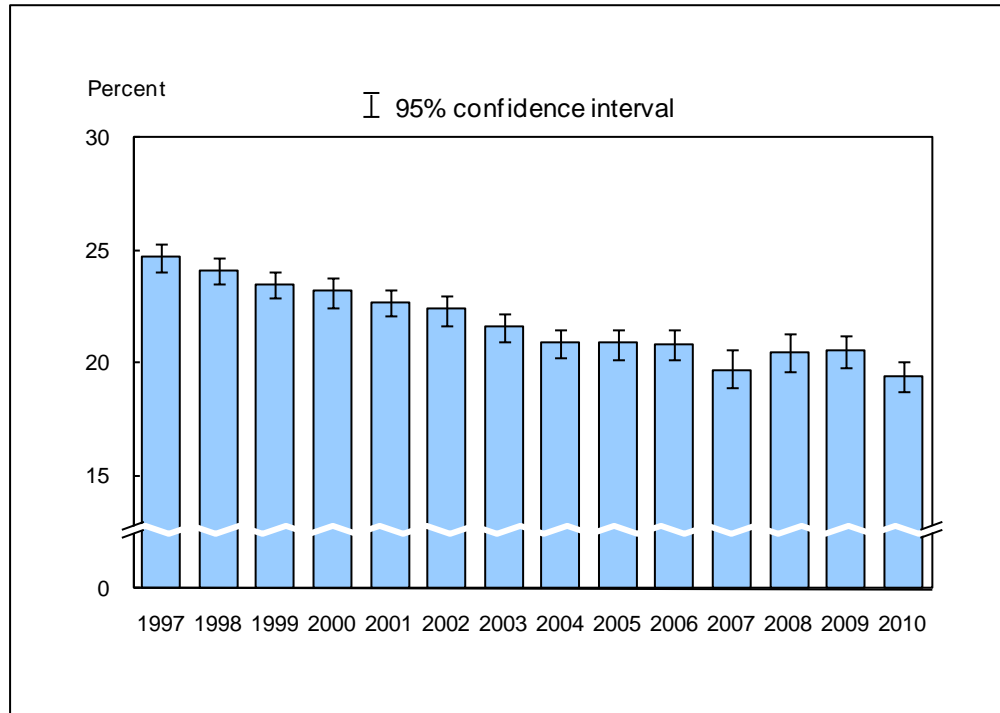


Figure 8.1. Prevalence of current smoking among adults aged 18 years and over: United States, 1997–2010

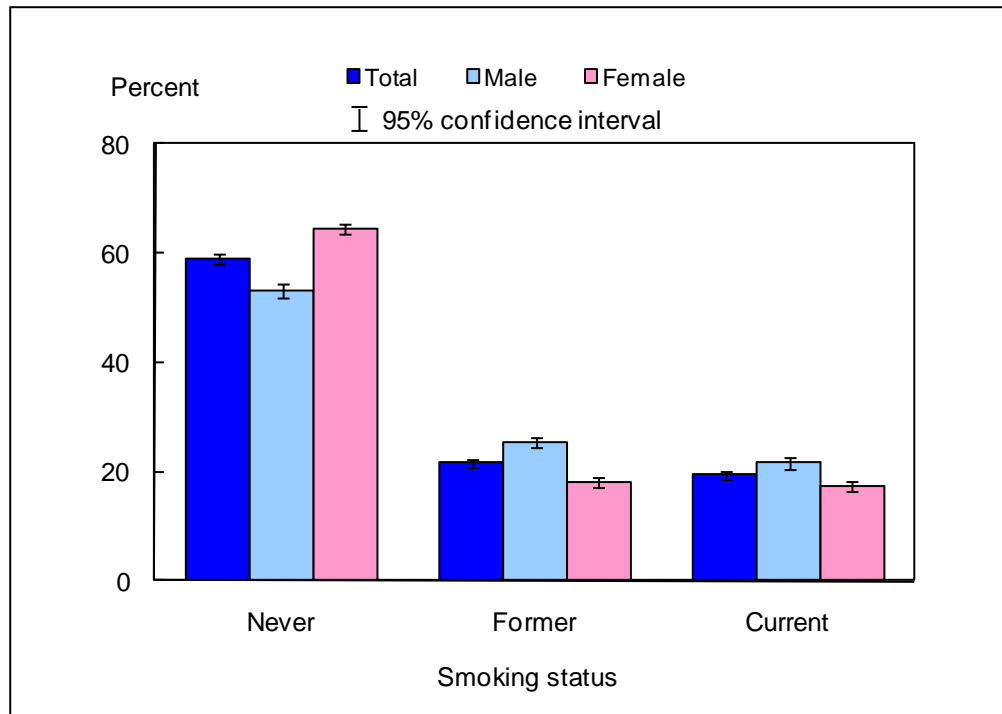


NOTES: Current smokers were defined as those who had smoked more than 100 cigarettes in their lifetime and now smoke every day or some days. The analyses excluded persons with unknown smoking status (about 2% of respondents each year). Beginning with the 2003 data, the National Health Interview Survey transitioned to weights derived from the 2000 census. In this Early Release, estimates for 2000–2002 were recalculated using weights derived from the 2000 census. See "About This Early Release" for more details.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 1997–2010, Sample Adult Core component. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

- In 2010, the percentage of adults aged 18 and over who were current smokers was 19.4% (95% confidence interval = 18.76%–20.10%), which was lower than the 2009 estimate of 20.6%.
- The prevalence of current smoking among U.S. adults generally declined from 24.7% in 1997 to 19.4% for 2010.

Figure 8.2. Percent distribution of smoking status among adults aged 18 years and over, by sex: United States, 2010

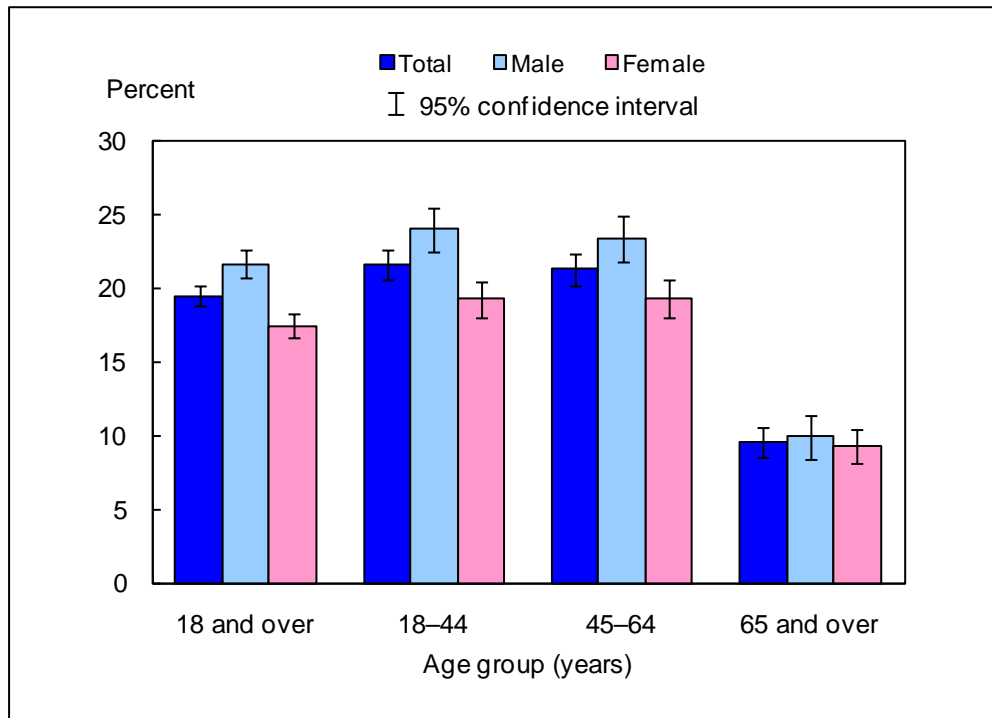


NOTES: Current smokers were defined as those who had smoked more than 100 cigarettes in their lifetime and now smoke every day or some days. The analyses excluded 193 persons (0.7%) with unknown smoking status.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010, Sample Adult Core component. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

- The percentage of current smokers was higher for men (21.6%) than for women (17.4%).
- The percentage of former smokers was higher for men than for women; the percentage of those who had never smoked was higher for women than for men.

Figure 8.3. Prevalence of current smoking among adults aged 18 years and over, by age group and sex: United States, 2010

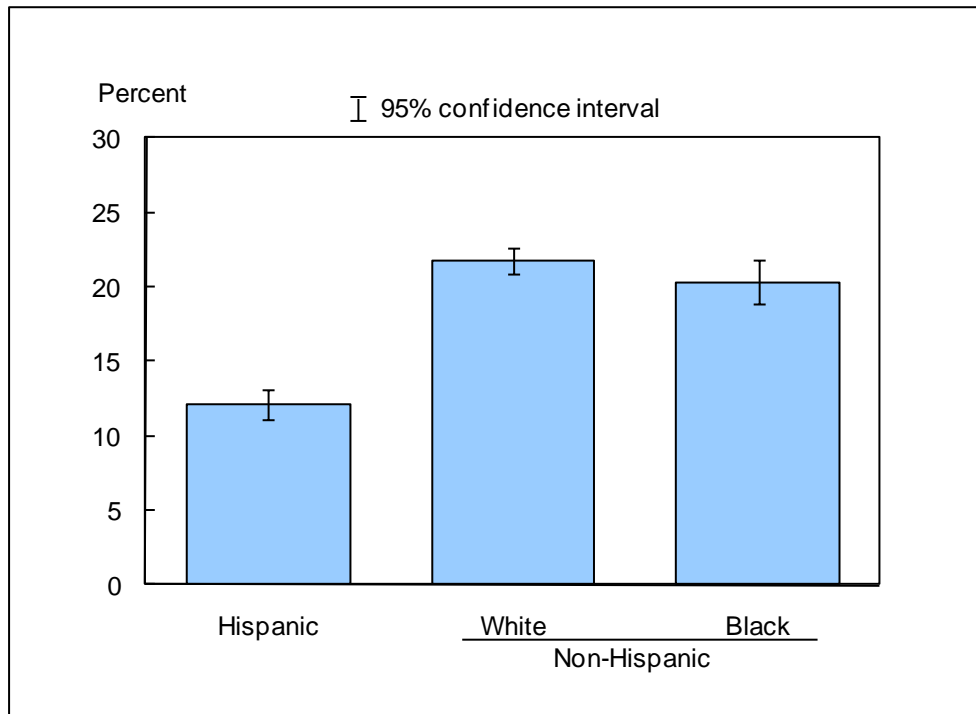


NOTES: Current smokers were defined as those who had smoked more than 100 cigarettes in their lifetime and now smoke every day or some days. The analyses excluded 193 persons (0.7%) with unknown smoking status.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010, Sample Adult Core component. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

- For both sexes combined, the percentage of adults who were current smokers was lower among adults aged 65 and over (9.5%) than among adults aged 18–44 (21.6%) and 45–64 (21.2%). This pattern in current smoking by age group was seen in both men and women.
- For the age groups 18–44 and 45–64, men were more likely than women to be current smokers.

Figure 8.4. Age-sex-adjusted prevalence of current smoking among adults aged 18 years and over, by race/ethnicity: United States, 2010



NOTES: Current smokers were defined as those who had smoked more than 100 cigarettes in their lifetime and now smoke every day or some days. The analyses excluded 193 persons (0.7%) with unknown smoking status. Estimates are age-sex-adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using five age groups: 18–24, 25–34, 35–44, 45–64, and 65 and over.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010, Sample Adult Core component. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

- The age-sex-adjusted prevalence of current smoking was 12.1% for Hispanic persons, 21.8% for non-Hispanic white persons, and 20.3% for non-Hispanic black persons.
- Non-Hispanic white adults and non-Hispanic black adults were more likely than Hispanic adults to be current smokers.

Data tables for Figures 8.1–8.4:

Data table for Figure 8.1. Prevalence of current smoking among adults aged 18 years and over: United States, 1997–2010

Year	Crude ¹ percent (95% confidence interval)	Age-adjusted ² percent (95% confidence interval)
1997	24.7 (24.1-25.3)	24.6 (24.0-25.1)
1998	24.1 (23.5-24.7)	24.0 (23.4-24.6)
1999	23.5 (22.9-24.1)	23.3 (22.7-24.0)
2000	23.2 (22.5-23.8)	23.1 (22.5-23.7)
2001	22.7 (22.1-23.3)	22.6 (22.0-23.2)
2002	22.4 (21.7-23.0)	22.3 (21.7-22.9)
2003	21.6 (21.0-22.2)	21.5 (20.9-22.1)
2004	20.9 (20.3-21.5)	20.8 (20.2-21.4)
2005	20.9 (20.28-21.52)	20.8 (20.20-21.44)
2006	20.8 (20.14-21.51)	20.8 (20.09-21.43)
2007	19.7 (18.91-20.59)	19.7 (18.83-20.48)
2008	20.5 (19.65-21.30)	20.4 (19.59-21.21)
2009	20.6 (19.83-21.27)	20.6 (19.86-21.28)
2010	19.4 (18.76-20.10)	19.4 (18.71-20.07)

¹Crude estimates are presented in the figure.

²Estimates for this Healthy People 2010 Leading Health Indicator are age adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using five age groups: 18–24, 25–34, 35–44, 45–64, and 65 and over.

NOTES: Beginning with the 2003 data, the National Health Interview Survey transitioned to weights derived from the 2000 census. In this Early Release, estimates for 2000–2002 were recalculated using weights derived from the 2000 census. See "About This Early Release" for more details.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 1997–2010, Sample Adult Core component. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

Data table for Figure 8.2. Percent distribution of smoking status among adults aged 18 years and over, by sex: United States, 2010

Smoking status and sex	Percent	95% confidence interval
Never, total	59.0	58.10-59.80
Never, male	53.1	51.86-54.25
Never, female	64.5	63.46-65.49
Former, total	21.6	20.92-22.32
Former, male	25.4	24.38-26.33
Former, female	18.1	17.31-18.92
Current, total	19.4	18.76-20.10
Current, male	21.6	20.63-22.55
Current, female	17.4	16.61-18.21

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010, Sample Adult Core component. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

Data table for Figure 8.3. Prevalence of current smoking among adults aged 18 years and over, by age group and sex: United States, 2010

Age (years) and sex	Percent	95% confidence interval
18-44, total	21.6	20.53-22.62
18-44, male	23.9	22.46-25.40
18-44, female	19.2	18.00-20.45
45-64, total	21.2	20.18-22.31
45-64, male	23.3	21.81-24.83
45-64, female	19.3	18.03-20.53
65 and over, total	9.5	8.56-10.49
65 and over, male	9.9	8.39-11.35
65 and over, female	9.3	8.09-10.43
18 and over (crude ¹), total	19.4	18.76-20.10
18 and over (crude ¹), male	21.6	20.63-22.55
18 and over (crude ¹), female	17.4	16.61-18.21
18 and over (age-adjusted ²), total	19.4	18.71-20.07
18 and over (age-adjusted ²), male	21.3	20.34-22.24
18 and over (age-adjusted ²), female	17.5	16.72-18.36

¹Crude estimates are presented in the figure.

²Estimates for this Healthy People 2010 Leading Health Indicator are age adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using five age groups: 18–24, 25–34, 35–44, 45–64, and 65 and over.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010, Sample Adult Core component. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

Data table for Figure 8.4. Age-sex-adjusted prevalence of current smoking among adults aged 18 years and over, by race/ethnicity: United States, 2010

Race/ethnicity	Age-sex-adjusted ¹ percent (95% confidence interval)	Age-adjusted ² percent (95% confidence interval)
Hispanic or Latino	12.1 (11.12-13.07)	12.3 (11.28-13.25)
Not Hispanic or Latino, single race, white	21.8 (20.91-22.67)	21.8 (20.91-22.67)
Not Hispanic or Latino, single race, black	20.3 (18.89-21.81)	20.1 (18.63-21.52)

¹Age-sex-adjusted estimates are presented in the figure. Estimates are age-sex-adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using five age groups: 18–24, 25–34, 35–44, 45–64, and 65 and over.

²Estimates for this Healthy People 2010 Leading Health Indicator are age adjusted using the projected 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and using five age groups: 18–24, 25–34, 35–44, 45–64, and 65 and over.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010, Sample Adult Core component. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.