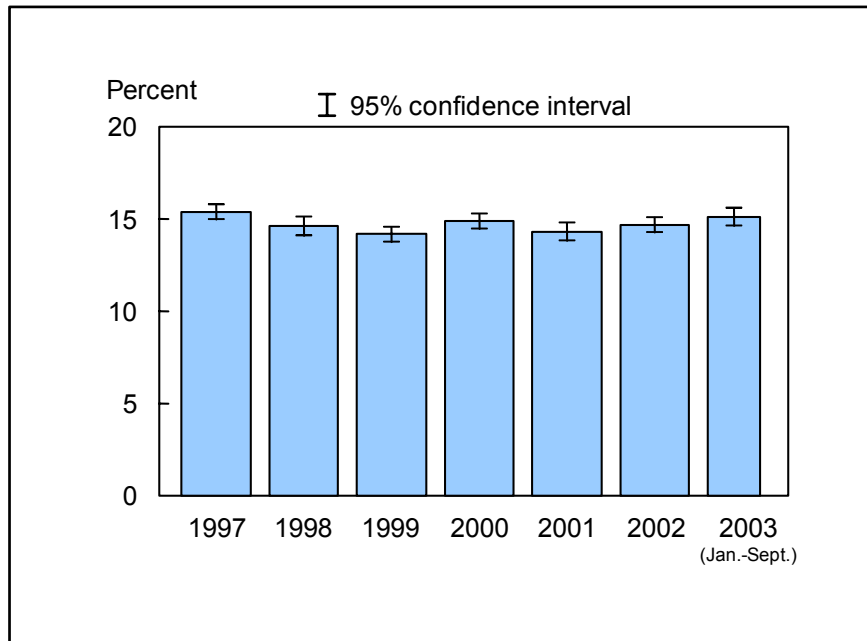


Figure 1.1. Percent of persons of all ages without health insurance coverage: United States, 1997-2003



NOTES: A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, State Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP), State-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan at the time of the interview. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service such as accidents or dental care. The analyses excluded persons with unknown health insurance status (about 1% of respondents each year). The data on health insurance status were edited using an automated system based on logic checks and keyword searches. For comparability, the estimates for all years were created using these same procedures. The resulting estimates of persons without health insurance coverage are generally 0.1-0.2 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. CI is confidence interval. Beginning with the 2003 data, the National Health Interview Survey transitioned to weights derived from the 2000 census. In this Early Release, estimates for 2000-02 were recalculated using weights derived from the 2000 census. See "About This Release" and appendix tables in this release for more details.

DATA SOURCE: Family Core component of the 1997-2003 National Health Interview Surveys. The estimate for 2003 was based on data collected from January through September.

■ From January through September 2003, the percent uninsured was 15.1% (95% CI = 14.6% -15.6%), which was slightly higher than but not statistically different from the 2002 estimate of 14.7%. The estimate was 14.4% in the first quarter, 15.3% in the second quarter, and 15.6% in the third quarter.

■ The annual percent uninsured was 15.4% in 1997, 14.6% in 1998, 14.2% in 1999, 14.9% in 2000, 14.3% in 2001, and 14.7% in 2002.

Table 1.1. Number and percent of persons without health insurance coverage, by age group: United States, 1997-2003

Year	Number of uninsured ¹ in millions				Percent uninsured ¹ (95% confidence interval)				
	All ages	Under 65 years	18-64 years	Under 18 years	All ages	Under 65 years		18-64 years	Under 18 years
						Crude	Age-adjusted		
1997	41.0	40.7	30.8	9.9	15.4 (15.0-15.8)	17.4 (16.9-17.9)	17.2 (16.8-17.7)	18.9 (18.4-19.4)	13.9 (13.2-14.6)
1998	39.3	39.0	30.0	9.1	14.6 (14.1-15.1)	16.5 (16.0-17.0)	16.4 (15.9-16.9)	18.2 (17.7-18.7)	12.7 (12.0-13.4)
1999	38.7	38.3	29.8	8.5	14.2 (13.8-14.6)	16.0 (15.5-16.5)	16.0 (15.5-16.5)	17.8 (17.3-18.3)	11.8 (11.2-12.4)
2000	41.3	40.8	32.0	8.9	14.9 (14.5-15.3)	16.8 (16.3-17.2)	16.8 (16.3-17.3)	18.7 (18.1-19.2)	12.3 (11.7-12.9)
2001	40.2	39.8	31.9	7.9	14.3 (13.8-14.8)	16.2 (15.7-16.7)	16.2 (15.7-16.7)	18.3 (17.8-18.8)	11.0 (10.3-11.7)
2002	41.5	41.1	33.5	7.6	14.7 (14.3-15.1)	16.5 (16.0-16.9)	16.6 (16.1-17.1)	19.1 (18.6-19.6)	10.5 (9.9-11.1)
2003 Jan.-Sept.	43.1	42.7	35.6	7.2	15.1 (14.6-15.6)	17.0 (16.4-17.6)	17.1 (16.5-17.7)	19.9 (19.3-20.6)	9.8 (9.1-10.6)

¹A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, State Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP), State-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan at the time of the interview. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service such as accidents or dental care. The analyses excluded persons with unknown health insurance status (about 1% of respondents each year). The data on health insurance status were edited using an automated system based on logic checks and keyword searches. For comparability, the estimates for all years were created using these same procedures. The resulting estimates of persons without health insurance coverage are generally 0.1-0.2 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. The number of uninsured was calculated as the percent of uninsured multiplied by the total weighted population including persons with unknown coverage. The age-specific numbers of uninsured may not add to their respective totals due to rounding error. Age-adjusted estimates for persons under 65 years old for this Healthy People 2010 leading health indicator are adjusted to the year 2000 projected U.S. standard population using three age groups: under 18 years, 18-44 years, and 45-64 years.

NOTES: Beginning with the 2003 data, the National Health Interview Survey transitioned to weights derived from the 2000 census. In this Early Release, estimates for 2000-02 were also recalculated using weights derived from the 2000 census. See "About This Release" and appendix tables in this release for more details.

DATA SOURCE: Family Core component of the 1997-2003 National Health Interview Surveys. The estimate for 2003 was based on data collected from January through September.

- From January through September 2003, the percent uninsured was 17.0% (42.7 million) for persons under age 65 years, 19.9% (35.6 million) for persons aged 18-64 years, and 9.8% (7.2 million) for children under age 18 years.
- For adults aged 18-64 years, there was an increasing trend in the percent uninsured from 2001 through September 2003.
- For children under age 18 years, the percent uninsured continued to decrease from 10.5% in 2002 to 9.8% in 2003.

Table 1.2. Percent of persons under age 65 years with public health plan coverage and private health insurance coverage, by age group: United States, 1997-2003

Year	Public ¹			Private ¹		
	Under 65 years	18-64 years	Under 18 years	Under 65 years	18-64 years	Under 18 years
	Percent (95% confidence interval)					
1997	13.6 (13.1-14.1)	10.2 (9.8-10.6)	21.5 (20.5-22.4)	70.8 (70.1-71.5)	72.8 (72.2-73.4)	66.2 (65.1-67.3)
1998	12.7 (12.2-13.2)	9.5 (9.1-9.9)	20.0 (19.0-20.9)	72.0 (71.3-72.7)	73.5 (72.9-74.1)	68.5 (67.4-69.5)
1999	12.4 (12.0-12.9)	9.0 (8.6-9.3)	20.5 (19.5-21.4)	73.1 (72.3-73.8)	74.8 (74.1-75.4)	69.1 (68.0-70.2)
2000	12.9 (12.4-13.4)	9.1 (8.7-9.4)	22.0 (21.0-23.0)	71.8 (71.1-72.5)	73.8 (73.2-74.4)	67.1 (66.1-68.2)
2001	13.6 (13.1-14.1)	9.4 (9.0-9.8)	23.6 (22.6-24.5)	71.6 (70.9-72.3)	73.7 (73.1-74.4)	66.7 (66.4-68.6)
2002	15.2 (14.6-15.8)	10.3 (9.9-10.7)	27.1 (26.0-28.2)	69.8 (69.0-70.6)	72.3 (71.6-72.9)	63.9 (62.7-65.1)
2003 Jan.-Sept.	15.9 (15.2-16.6)	10.7 (10.2-11.3)	28.4 (27.1-29.7)	68.6 (67.7-69.5)	70.9 (70.1-71.7)	63.1 (61.7-64.4)

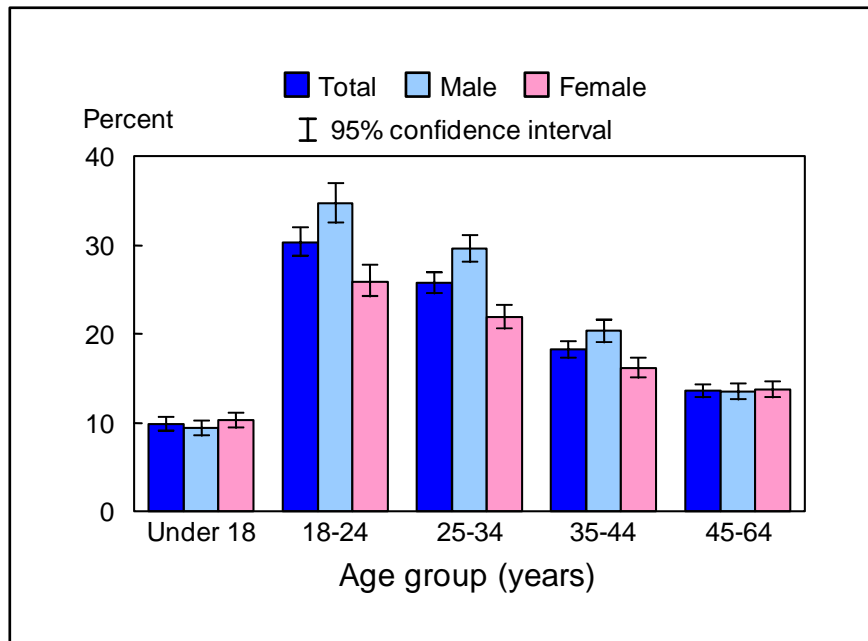
¹The category "public health plan coverage" includes Medicare (disability), Medicaid, State Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), State-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, and military plans. The category "private health insurance" excludes plans that paid for only one type of service such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories. The analyses excluded persons with unknown health insurance status (about 1% of respondents each year). The data on type of coverage were edited using an automated system based on logic checks and keyword searches. For comparability, the estimates for all years were created using these same procedures. The resulting estimates of persons having public or private coverage are within 0.1-0.3 percentage points of those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files.

NOTES: Beginning with the 2003 data, the National Health Interview Survey transitioned to weights derived from the 2000 census. In this Early Release, estimates for 2000-02 were also recalculated using weights derived from the 2000 census. See "About This Release" and appendix tables in this release for more details.

DATA SOURCE: Family Core component of the 1997-2003 National Health Interview Surveys. The estimate for 2003 was based on data collected from January through September.

- From January through September 2003, 15.9% of persons under age 65 years were covered by public plans, and 68.6% were covered by private health insurance plans.
- For children under age 18 years, from 1999 through September 2003, there was also an increasing trend in public coverage and a decreasing trend in private coverage.
- For persons aged 18-64 years, from 1999 through September 2003, there was an increasing trend in public coverage and a decreasing trend in private coverage.

Figure 1.2. Percent of persons under age 65 years without health insurance coverage, by age group and sex: United States, January-September 2003



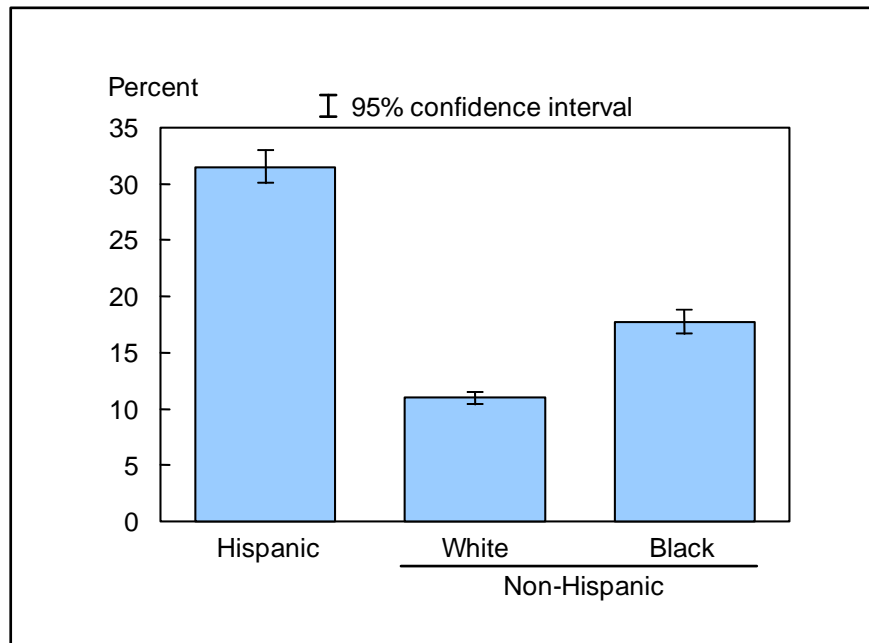
NOTES: A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, State Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP), State-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan at the time of the interview. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service such as accidents or dental care. The analyses excluded 793 persons (1.3%) with unknown health insurance status. The data on health insurance status were edited using an automated system based on logic checks and keyword searches. The resulting estimates of persons not having health insurance coverage are generally 0.1-0.2 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files.

DATA SOURCE: Based on data collected from January through September in the Family Core component of the 2003 National Health Interview Survey.

■ For both sexes combined, the percent of uninsured persons was highest among persons aged 18-24 years (30.3%) and lowest among persons under age 18 years (9.8%) and at ages 45-64 years (13.6%). Starting at age 18 years, younger adults were more likely than older adults to lack health insurance coverage.

■ Among adults in age groups 18-24 years, 25-34 years, and 35-44 years, men were more likely than women to lack health insurance coverage.

Figure 1.3. Age-sex-adjusted percent of persons of all ages without health insurance coverage, by race/ethnicity: United States, January-September 2003



NOTES: A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, State Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP), State-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan at the time of the interview. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service such as accidents or dental care. The analyses excluded 843 persons (1.2%) with unknown health insurance status. The data on health insurance status were edited using an automated system based on logic checks and keyword searches. The resulting estimates of persons not having health insurance coverage are generally 0.1-0.2 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Estimates are age-sex-adjusted to the year 2000 projected U.S. standard population using three age groups: under 18 years, 18-64 years, and 65 years and over.

DATA SOURCE: Based on data collected from January through September in the Family Core component of the 2003 National Health Interview Survey.

- After adjusting for age and sex, the percent uninsured was 31.5% for Hispanic persons, 11.0% for non-Hispanic white persons, and 17.7% for non-Hispanic black persons.
- Hispanic persons were most likely to be uninsured, followed by non-Hispanic black persons and non-Hispanic white persons.

Data tables for figures 1.1-1.3:

Data table for figure 1.1. Percent of persons of all ages without health insurance coverage: United States, 1997-2003

Year	Percent	95% confidence interval
1997	15.4	15.0-15.8
1998	14.6	14.1-15.1
1999	14.2	13.8-14.6
2000	14.9	14.5-15.3
2001	14.3	13.8-14.8
2002	14.7	14.3-15.1
2003 (Jan.-Sept.)	15.1	14.6-15.6

Data table for figure 1.2. Percent of persons under age 65 years without health insurance coverage, by age group and sex: United States, January-September 2003

Age and sex	Percent	95% confidence interval
Under 18 years		
Total	9.8	9.1-10.6
Men	9.4	8.5-10.2
Women	10.3	9.4-11.2
18-24 years		
Total	30.3	28.7-31.9
Men	34.7	32.5-36.9
Women	25.9	24.2-27.7
25-34 years		
Total	25.7	24.5-26.9
Men	29.6	28.1-31.1
Women	21.9	20.5-23.2
35-44 years		
Total	18.2	17.2-19.1
Men	20.3	19.0-21.6
Women	16.1	15.0-17.2
45-64 years		
Total	13.6	12.8-14.3
Men	13.5	12.6-14.4
Women	13.7	12.8-14.6
Age-adjusted¹		
Total	17.1	16.5-17.7
Men	18.5	17.8-19.2
Women	15.8	15.2-16.4

¹Estimates for this Healthy People 2010 leading health indicator are for persons under 65 years and are age-adjusted to the year 2000 projected U.S. standard population using three age groups: under 18 years, 18-44 years, and 45-64 years.

Data table for figure 1.3. Age-sex-adjusted percent of persons of all ages without health insurance coverage, by race/ethnicity: United States, January-September 2003

Race/ethnicity	Percent (95% confidence interval)	
	Age-sex-adjusted ¹	Age-adjusted ²
Hispanic or Latino	31.5 (30.1-33.0)	34.2 (32.7-35.8)
Not Hispanic or Latino		
White, single race	11.0 (10.4-11.5)	12.7 (12.1-13.4)
Black, single race	17.7 (16.7-18.8)	19.7 (18.6-20.9)

¹Estimates are for persons of all ages and are age-sex-adjusted to the year 2000 projected U.S. standard population using three age groups: under 18 years, 18-64 years, and 65 years and over.

²Estimates for this Healthy People 2010 leading health indicator are for persons under 65 years and are age-adjusted to the year 2000 projected U.S. standard population using three age groups: under 18 years, 18-44 years, and 45-64 years.