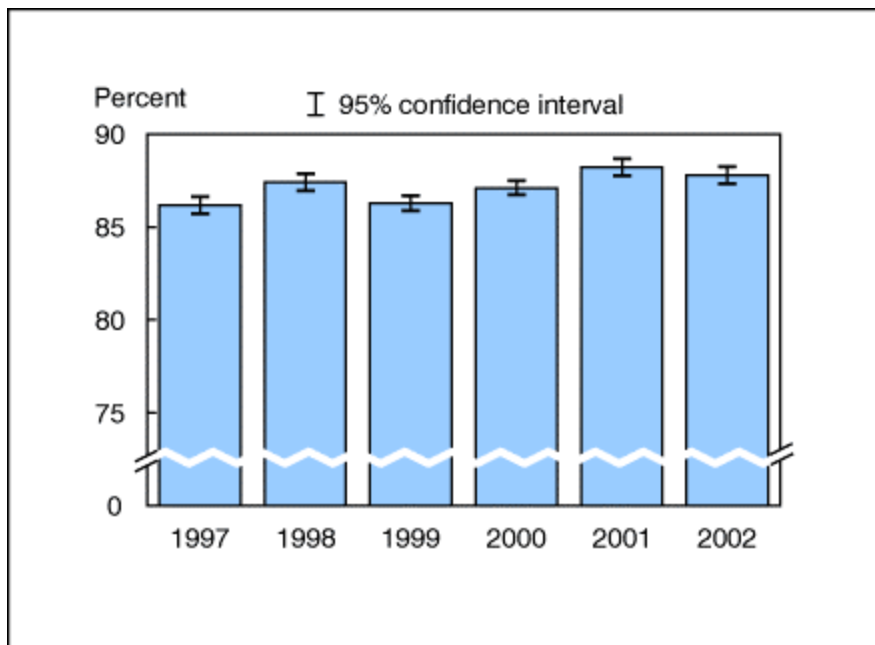




Figure 2.1. Percent of persons of all ages with a usual place to go for medical care: United States, 1997-2002



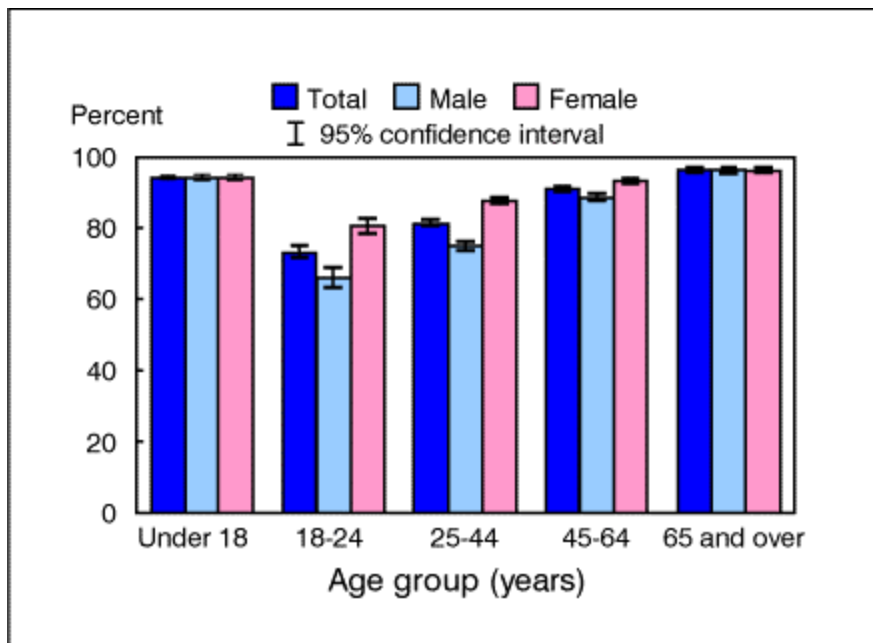
NOTES: The usual place to go for medical care does not include a hospital emergency room. The analysis excluded persons with unknown usual place to go for medical care (about 0.6% of respondents each year). CI is confidence interval.

DATA SOURCE: Combined Sample Adult and Sample Child Core components of the 1997-2002 National Health Interview Surveys.

- In 2002, 87.8% (95% CI = 87.3% - 88.2%) of persons had a usual place to go for medical care.
- The annual percent of persons of all ages who had a usual place to go for medical care was 86.2% in 1997, 87.4% in 1998, 86.3% in 1999, 87.1 in 2000, 88.2% in 2001, and 87.8% in 2002.



Figure 2.2. Percent of persons of all ages with a usual place to go for medical care, by age group and sex: United States, 2002



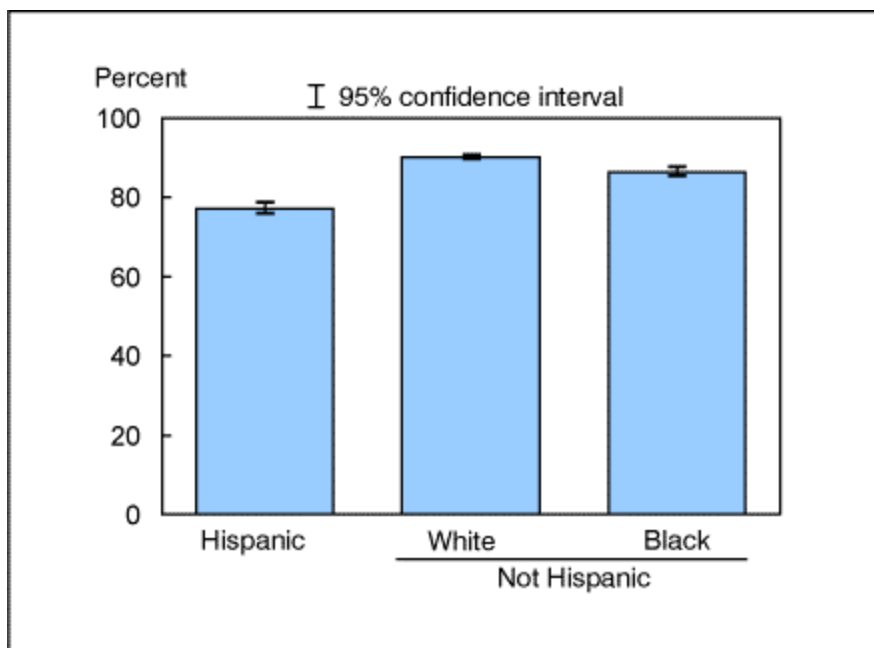
NOTES: The usual place to go for medical care does not include a hospital emergency room. The analysis excluded 256 (0.6%) persons with unknown usual place to go for medical care.

DATA SOURCE: Sample Adult and Sample Child Core components of the 2002 National Health Interview Survey.

- Of the five age groups, persons aged 18-24 years were least likely to have a usual place to go for medical care. Children under age 18 years were more likely than adults aged 18-64 years to have a usual place to go for medical care.
- For adults aged 18-64 years, men were less likely than women to have a usual place to go for medical care.
- Among those aged 18 years and over, the percent of persons having a usual place to go for medical care increased with age.



Figure 2.3. Age-sex-adjusted percent of persons of all ages who had a usual place to go for medical care, by race/ethnicity: United States, 2002



NOTES: The usual place to go for medical care does not include a hospital emergency room. The analysis excluded 256 (0.6%) persons with unknown usual place to go for medical care. Estimates are age-sex-adjusted to the year 2000 projected U.S. standard population using five age groups: under 18 years, 18-24 years, 25-44 years, 45-64 years, and 65 years and over.

DATA SOURCE: Sample Adult and Sample Child Core components of the 2002 National Health Interview Survey.

- After adjusting for age and sex, the percent of persons with a usual place to go for medical care was 77.2% for Hispanic persons, 90.2% for non-Hispanic white persons, and 86.5% for non-Hispanic black persons.
- Of the three race/ethnic groups, Hispanic persons were least likely to have a usual place to go for medical care.



Data tables for figures 2.1-2.3:

Data table for figure 2.1. Percent of persons of all ages with a usual place to go for medical care: United States, 1997-2002

Year	Percent (95% confidence interval)	
	Crude ¹	Age-adjusted ²
1997	86.2 (85.8-86.7)	86.3 (85.9-86.7)
1998	87.4 (86.9-87.8)	87.4 (87.0-87.9)
1999	86.3 (85.9-86.7)	86.4 (86.0-86.8)
2000	87.1 (86.7-87.5)	87.1 (86.7-87.6)
2001	88.2 (87.7-88.6)	88.2 (87.8-88.6)
2002	87.8 (87.3-88.2)	87.8 (87.3-88.2)

¹Crude estimates are presented in the graph.

²Estimates for this Healthy People 2010 leading health indicator are age adjusted to the year 2000 projected U.S. standard population using five age groups: under 18 years, 18-24 years, 25-44 years, 45-64 years, and 65 years and over.

Data table for figure 2.2. Percent of persons of all ages with a usual place to go for medical care, by age group and sex: United States, 2002

Age and sex	Percent	95% confidence interval
Under 18 years		
Total	93.9	93.4-94.5
Men	93.9	93.2-94.6
Women	94.0	93.2-94.7
18-24 years		
Total	73.2	71.4-75.1
Men	65.9	63.1-68.8
Women	80.5	78.4-82.6
25-44 years		
Total	81.3	80.5-82.2
Men	75.0	73.6-76.3
Women	87.5	86.6-88.4
45-64 years		
Total	90.8	90.1-91.4
Men	88.4	87.4-89.4
Women	93.0	92.2-93.7
65 years and over		
Total	96.0	95.4-96.6
Men	96.0	95.1-97.0
Women	95.9	95.2-96.7
Age-adjusted¹		
Total	87.8	87.3-88.2
Men	84.6	84.0-85.3
Women	90.8	90.3-91.2

¹Estimates for this Healthy People 2010 leading health indicator are age adjusted to the year 2000 projected U.S. standard population using five age groups: under 18 years, 18-24 years, 25-44 years, 45-64 years, and 65 years and over.



Data table for figure 2.3. Age-sex-adjusted percent of persons of all ages who had a usual place to go for medical care, by race/ethnicity: United States, 2002

Race/ethnicity	Percent (95% confidence interval)	
	Age-sex-adjusted¹	Age-adjusted²
Hispanic or Latino	77.2 (75.8-78.6)	77.2 (75.8-78.6)
White not Hispanic	90.2 (89.7-90.7)	90.2 (89.7-90.7)
Black or African American not Hispanic	86.5 (85.4-87.7)	86.8 (85.7-87.9)

¹Age-sex-adjusted estimates are presented in the graph. Estimates are age-sex-adjusted to the year 2000 projected U.S. standard population using five age groups: under 18 years, 18-24 years, 25-44 years, 45-64 years, and 65 years and over.

²Estimates for this Healthy People 2010 leading health indicator are age adjusted to the year 2000 projected U.S. standard population using five age groups: under 18 years, 18-24 years, 25-44 years, 45-64 years, and 65 years and over.