CHARTBOOK FOR THE CONFERENCE ON THE DECLINE IN CORONARY HEART DISEASE MORTALITY

COMPARABILITY OF CAUSE-OF-DEATH STATISTICS, FIGURES AND TABLES, AND TECHNICAL NOTES DESCRIBING TRENDS IN ISCHEMIC HEART DISEASE MORTALITY.

Prepared by the NATIONAL CENTER FOR

HEALTH STATISTICS

Sponsored by the

NATIONAL HEART, LUNG, AND BLOOD INSTITUTE

> U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE Public Health Service National Center for Health Statistics Division of Vital Statistics

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PREFACE

To assess mortality statistics and information about factors associated with trends in Ischemic heart disease, the National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute is sponsoring a conference that has been entitled "Conference on the Decline in Coronary Heart Disease Mortality." This Conference will take place on October 24 and 25, 1978. Participants in the Conference, primarily cardiologists and epidemiologists from outside the Federal Government, will focus on possible factors associated with trends in this disease. The Institute is providing the impetus to the Conference and the National Center for Health Statistics has provided this background *Chartbook* in advance of the Conference. A report of the Conference is to be published which will summarize the consensus of the conferees and provide their assessment of the degree to which various factors may have contributed to recent trends in Ischemic heart disease. The report will serve to direct attention to those factors to which further attention should be conducted.

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SYMBOLS

Data not available	
Category not applicable	• • •
Quantity zero	-
Quantity more than 0 but less than 0.05	0.0

CHARTBOOK FOR THE CONFERENCE ON THE DECLINE IN CORONARY HEART DISEASE MORTALITY

INTRODUCTION

One-third of all deaths in the United States are caused by what is officially designated as "Ischemic heart disease" by the World Health Organization. This cause of death is more commonly referred to as "coronary heart disease."

Until the 1960's the long-term mortality trend for Ischemic heart disease was upward while mortality from other cardiovascular diseases, such as Cerebrovascular and Hypertensive diseases, was downward. In the 1970's mortality from almost all major causes of death, including Ischemic heart disease, declined markedly; the rate for all causes of death combined reached an all-time low of 8.9 deaths per 1,000 population for 1975 and 1976. What preventive, curative, environmental or other factors contributed to this recent decline, especially to the dramatic turnaround for Ischemic heart disease?

This background chartbook of mortality statistics, which was requested by the National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute was prepared in advance of the Conference by the National Center for Health Statistics. It focuses attention on pertinent mortality trends so that each conferee might assemble and present appropriate information needed to examine why mortality from Ischemic heart disease is now declining. Throughout the chartbook, the official term "Ischemic heart disease," instead of "coronary heart disease," is used. In the Sixth and Seventh Revisions of the International Classification of Diseases (in use during 1949-67) the World Health Organization adopted the rubric Arteriosclerotic heart disease, including coronary disease (ICD No. 420). This offical rubric was commonly referred to as "coronary heart disease." With the introduction of the Eighth Revision (in use beginning with data year 1968) this rubric was changed to "Ischemic heart disease" (ICD Nos. 410-413). Also in the Ninth Revision, which will be introduced in the United States beginning with data year 1979, this rubric is "Ischemic heart disease" (ICD Nos. 410-414).

The 5 figures and 12 detailed tables contained in this chartbook provide tabular data and graphic presentation of trends in Ischemic heart disease and other principal components of Major cardiovascular diseases. They are followed by Technical Notes that provide information on the nature and sources of data, the population bases for the rates, and the definition of items describing race. These notes also contain a discussion of the breaks in continuity of mortality statistics resulting from periodic revisions in the International Classification of Diseases. Finally, there are two appendices describing changes in classification and coding procedures. The material in these appendices is excerpted from an earlier study on comparability of mortality statistics.¹ The first of these appendices presents

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¹National Center for Health Statistics: Comparability of Mortality Statistics for the Seventh and Eighth Revisions of the International Classification of Diseases, United States, *Vital and Health Statistics*, Series 2, No. 66. DHEW Pub. No. (HRA) 76-1340. Health Resources Administration, Washington, U.S. Government Printing Office. 1975.

data on the comparability of mortality statistics for Major cardiovascular disease; and the second appendix, on the comparability of mortality statistics for Diseases of heart and for the principal components of this group of diseases.

The figures and tables in the chartbook constitute part of a publication in preparation by the National Center for Health Statistics on mortality trends from Ischemic heart disease in the United States during 1950-76.

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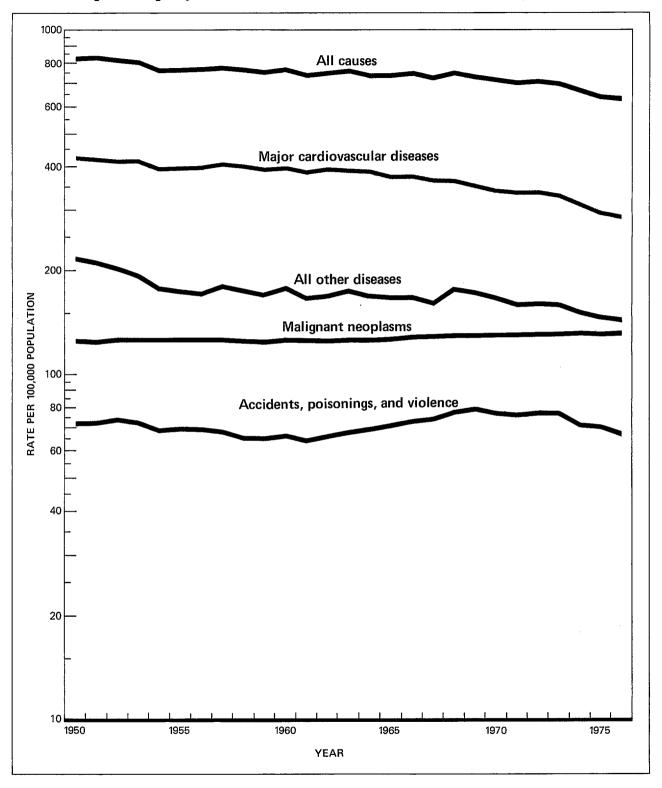


Figure 1. Age-adjusted Death Rates for Selected Causes: United States, 1950-76

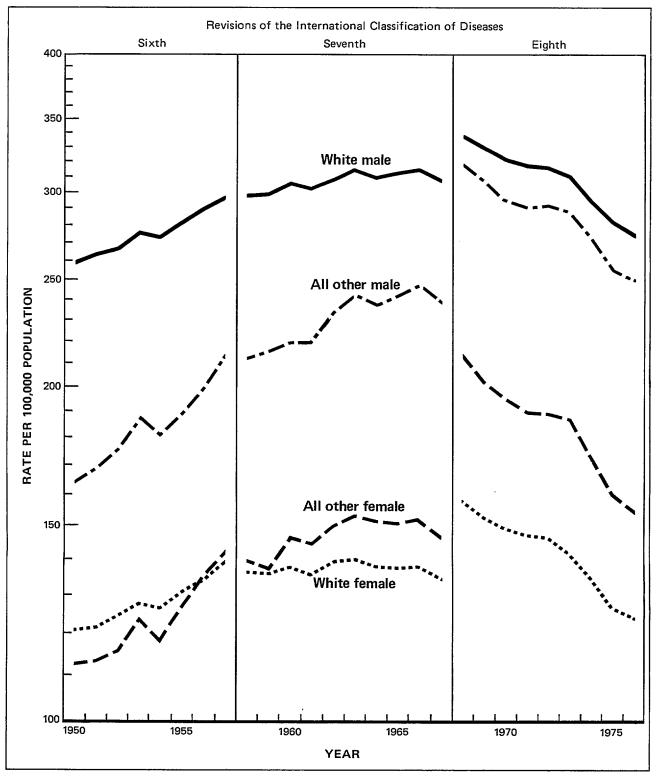


Figure 2. Age-adjusted Death Rates for Ischemic Heart Disease, by Color and Sex: United States, 1950-76

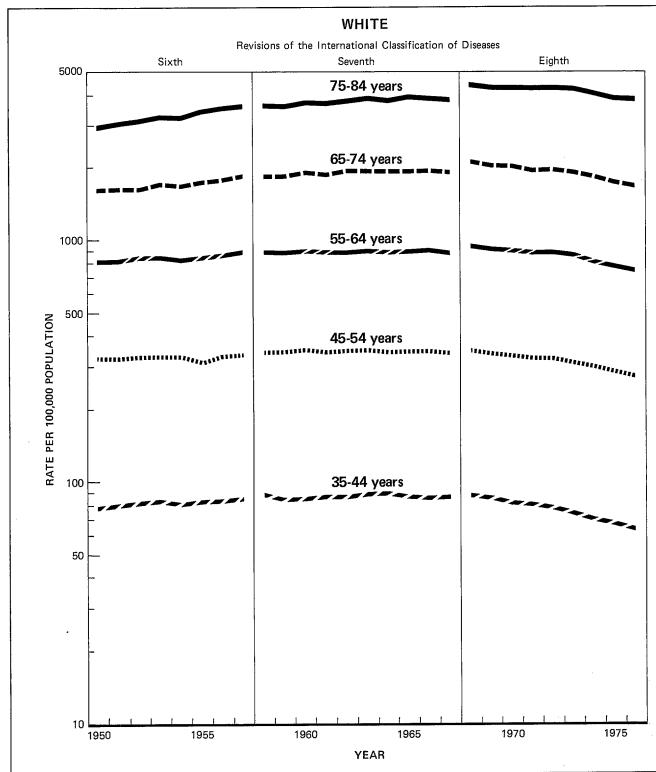
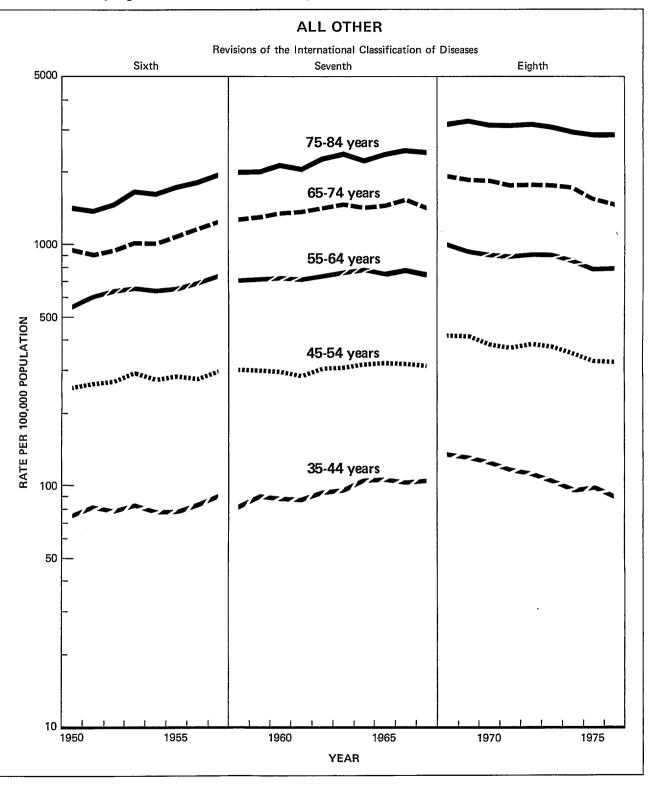




Figure 3A. Death Rates for Ischemic Heart Disease per 100,000 Population, by Age and Color for the Male Population: United States, 1950-76-Con.



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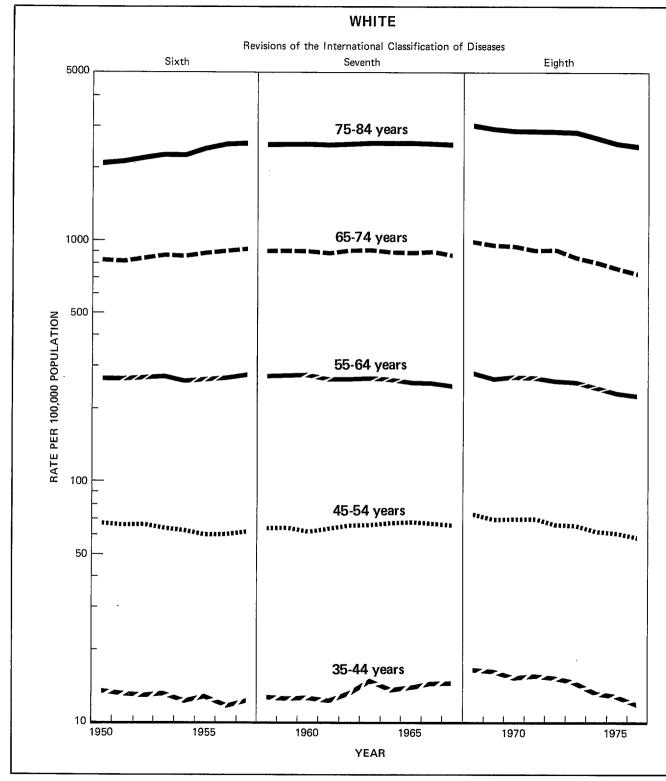


Figure 3B. Death Rates for Ischemic Heart Disease per 100,000 Population, by Age and Color for the Female Population: United States, 1950-76

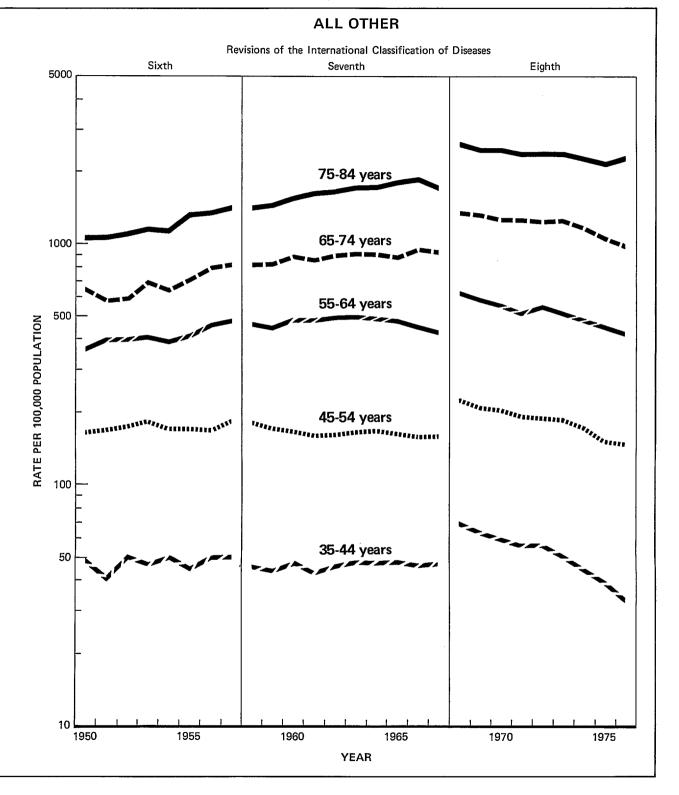


Figure 3B. Death Rates for Ischemic Heart Disease per 100,000 Population, by Age and Color for the Female Population: United States, 1950-76–Con.

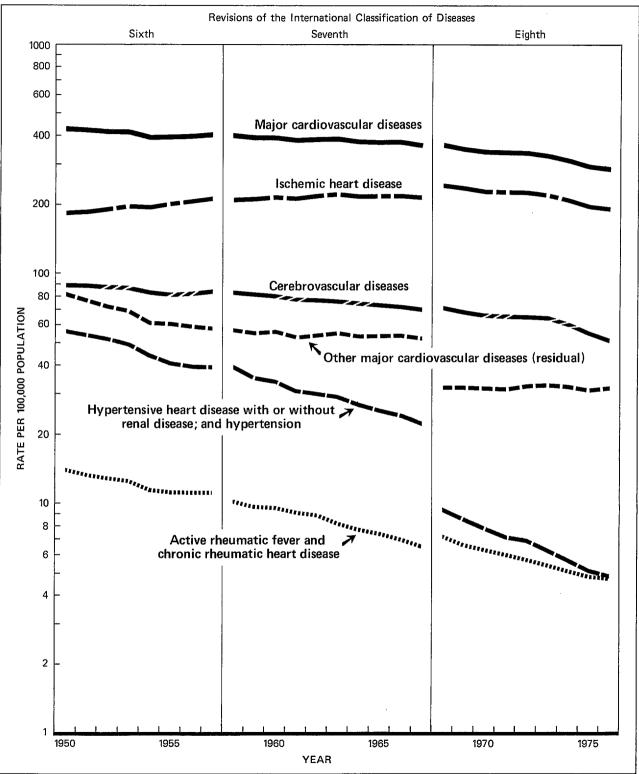


Figure 4. Age-adjusted Death Rates for Major Cardiovascular Diseases and Components: United States, 1950-76

Age-adjusted death rates for selected causes: United States, 1950-76 Table 1.

Year	All causes (1)	Malignant neoplasms, including neoplasms of lymphatic and hem- atopoietic tissues ¹ (2)	Major cardiovascular diseases ² (3)	All other diseases ³ (4)	Accidents, poisonings, and violence ⁴ (5)
$\begin{array}{c} 1976 \\ 5 \\ 1975 \\ 5 \\ 1973 \\ 5 \\ 1973 \\ 5 \\ 1973 \\ 5 \\ 1971 \\ 5 \\ 1970 \\ 5 \\ 1970 \\ 5 \\ 1969 \\ 1969 \\ 1969 \\ 1966 \\ 1965 \\ 1966 \\ 1965 \\ 1964 \\ 1963 \\ 1964 \\ 1963 \\ 1964 \\ 1963 \\ 1964 \\ 1963 \\ 1964 \\ 1963 \\ 1964 \\ 1964 \\ 1955 \\ 1958 \\ 1957 \\ 1956 \\ 1955 \\ 1055 $	627.5 638.3 666.2 692.9 701.8 699.9 714.3 728.5 743.8 725.6 742.2 739.0 739.4 756.9 745.5 735.6 760.9 750.9 750.9 750.9 750.9 750.9 750.9 750.9 756.3 763.3 763.3 763.6 763.2 804.7 815.8 829.1 841.5	$\begin{array}{c} 132.3\\ 130.9\\ 131.8\\ 130.7\\ 130.7\\ 129.7\\ 129.9\\ 128.9\\ 129.2\\ 128.1\\ 127.5\\ 127.0\\ 125.2\\ 125.2\\ 125.2\\ 125.2\\ 125.2\\ 125.8\\ 124.6\\ 126.4\\ 126.3\\ 125.8\\ 125.8\\ 125.8\\ 125.9\\ 125.7\\ 124.3\\ 125.4\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 284.4\\ 291.4\\ 310.8\\ 310.8\\ 326.9\\ 333.8\\ 334.8\\ 340.1\\ 350.4\\ 361.8\\ 362.6\\ 374.0\\ 374.2\\ 376.6\\ 388.6\\ 388.6\\ 388.6\\ 386.1\\ 381.6\\ 393.5\\ 391.2\\ 400.2\\ 400.2\\ 403.1\\ 396.5\\ 396.5\\ 396.1\\ 392.5\\ 412.7\\ 414.5\\ 420.1\\ 425.6\\ \end{array}$	$143.6 \\ 145.8 \\ 152.1 \\ 158.7 \\ 160.4 \\ 159.1 \\ 166.9 \\ 171.5 \\ 176.3 \\ 161.3 \\ 167.4 \\ 166.9 \\ 168.2 \\ 174.6 \\ 168.1 \\ 165.0 \\ 175.9 \\ 168.1 \\ 165.0 \\ 175.9 \\ 168.1 \\ 165.0 \\ 174.6 \\ 174.6 \\ 174.6 \\ 174.6 \\ 176.8 \\ 193.9 \\ 201.7 \\ 210.3 \\ 216.6 \\ 100000000000000000000000000000000000$	67.2 70.2 71.5 76.6 76.9 76.3 77.4 77.7 76.5 73.6 73.3 70.9 68.7 67.6 66.1 63.8 65.7 65.4 65.2 67.9 69.1 68.1 72.2 73.9 74.4 73.9

[Rates per 100,000 population. For method of age adjustment, see Technical Notes]

¹For 1968-76 rates are based on deaths assigned to category numbers 140-209 of the <u>Eighth Re-</u> <u>vision of the International Classification of Diseases, Adapted for Use in the United States</u>, adopted in 1965; for 1950-67 rates are based on deaths assigned to category numbers 140-205 of the Sixth and Seventh Revisions adopted, respectively, in 1948 and 1955. ²For 1968-76 rates are based on deaths assigned to category numbers 390-448 of the <u>Eighth Re-</u> <u>vision of the International Classification of Diseases, Adapted for Use in the United States</u>, adopted in 1965; for 1950-67 rates are based on deaths assigned to category numbers 330-334, 400-468 of the Sixth and Seventh Revisions adopted, respectively, in 1948 and 1955. ³Residual: Column (1) less columns (2), (3), and (5). ⁴For 1968-76 rates are based on deaths assigned to category numbers E800-E999 of the <u>Eighth Re-</u> <u>vision of the International Classification of Diseases, Adapted for Use in the United States</u>, adopted in 1965; for 1950-67 rates are based on deaths assigned to category numbers E800-E999 of the <u>Eighth Re-</u> <u>vision of the International Classification of Diseases, Adapted for Use in the United States</u>, adopted in 1965; for 1950-67 rates are based on deaths assigned to category numbers E800-E999 of the <u>Eighth Re-</u> <u>vision of the International Classification of Diseases, Adapted for Use in the United States</u>, adopted in 1965; for 1950-67 rates are based on deaths assigned to category numbers E800-E999. This does not 1950-67 exclude Injury resulting from operations of war (ICD Nos. E965, E990-E999). This does not appreciably destroy comparability; for the greatest frequency of deaths in the United States from such injuries was 74 for 1966. These deaths for operations of war are included in All other dissuch injuries was 74 for 1966. These deaths for operations of war are included in All other dis-eases for the years 1950-67.

⁵Excludes deaths of non-residents of the United States.

⁶Based on a 50-percent sample of deaths.

Based on enumerated population adjusted for age bias in the population of races other than white.

Table 2. Age-adjusted death rates for Ischemic heart disease, by color and sex: United States, 1950-76

|Rates per 100,000 population. For method of age adjustment, see Technical Notes. For 1968-76 rates are based on deaths assigned to category numbers 410-413 of the Fighth Revision of the International Classification of Diseases, Adapted for Use in the United States, adopted in 1965; for 1950-67 rates are based on deaths assigned to category number 420 of the Sixth and Seventh Revisions adopted, respectively, in 1948 and 19551

	Total				White		All other		
Year	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
$\begin{array}{c} 1976_1 \\ 1975_1 \\ 1974_1 \\ 1974_1 \\ 1974_1 \\ 1972_$	191.6 196.1 207.7 218.9 223.9 225.1 228.1 234.7 241.6 211.8 215.4 211.8 215.4 220.3 211.4 211.4 210.5 210.4	271.9 278.2 292.9 308.2 313.7 315.0 318.2 327.4 335.4 307.5 305.3 307.5 305.3 309.1 303.0 295.3 291.8 291.0 290.0 281.6 274.5 265.7 268.5 259.7 252.5	$\begin{array}{c} 127.0\\ 130.0\\ 138.9\\ 146.5\\ 150.5\\ 151.5\\ 153.6\\ 157.7\\ 163.5\\ 139.5\\ 139.5\\ 139.5\\ 142.9\\ 141.1\\ 136.8\\ 139.3\\ 136.9\\ 137.3\\ 139.2\\ 134.7\\ 131.0\\ 125.9\\ 128.1\\ 124.6\\ 120.8\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 190.6\\ 195.1\\ 206.1\\ 216.9\\ 222.1\\ 223.4\\ 226.1\\ 232.4\\ 239.0\\ 213.5\\ 218.0\\ 217.3\\ 217.0\\ 220.6\\ 217.4\\ 213.6\\ 217.4\\ 213.6\\ 213.0\\ 213.0\\ 213.0\\ 213.0\\ 213.0\\ 213.0\\ 213.0\\ 213.0\\ 213.6\\ 198.9\\ 193.4\\ 190.4\\ 188.4\\ 190.4\\ 188.4\\ \end{array}$	274.2 280.6 294.6 315.6 317.2 320.3 329.1 336.6 307.6 313.2 307.6 313.2 307.6 313.7 307.8 302.1 305.3 302.1 305.3 298.4 297.8 296.4 281.6 281.6 272.7 275.1 266.7 263.1 259.5	123.6 126.3 134.6 145.9 146.8 148.5 152.4 157.6 134.3 137.4 137.1 137.5 139.7 138.1 135.2 137.8 136.0 133.8 136.0 133.8 130.6 125.8 127.7 124.4 121.5 120.6	196.9 201.9 218.0 232.9 234.8 235.0 240.4 249.7 260.6 188.3 195.7 192.6 191.5 194.1 188.7 180.4 181.3 174.4 176.1 165.5 157.1 148.5 154.7 148.5 154.7 148.5 154.7 148.2	249.4 254.0 272.6 287.8 291.5 290.0 294.4 306.7 316.6 237.6 246.5 240.9 236.5 240.9 240.8 232.5 219.6 219.5 215.0 212.0 213.2 198.2 188.8 181.0 186.6 175.2 168.3 164.0	$\begin{array}{c} 153.8\\ 159.1\\ 172.9\\ 187.0\\ 188.0\\ 199.5\\ 194.8\\ 201.4\\ 213.4\\ 213.4\\ 152.0\\ 150.4\\ 155.9\\ 149.7\\ 145.8\\ 137.1\\ 139.5\\ 141.7\\ 134.6\\ 126.8\\ 117.6\\ 126.8\\ 117.6\\ 123.9\\ 116.2\\ 113.0\\ 0\\ 112.6\end{array}$

¹Excludes deaths of non-residents of the United States. ³Based on a 50-percent sample of deaths. ³Figures by color exclude data for residents of New Jersey because this State did not require reporting of the item for these years. ⁴Based on enumerated population adjusted for age bias in the population of races other than

white.

Table 3A. Death rates for males for Ischemic heart disease, for specified age groups, by color: United States, 1950-76

[Rates per 100,000 population. For 1968-76 rates are based on deaths assigned to category numbers 410.413 of the *Highth Revision of the International Classification of Diseases, Adapted for Use in the United States,* adopted in 1965; for 1950-67 rates are based on deaths assigned to category number 420 of the Sixth and Seventh Revisions adopted, respectively, in 1948 and 1955]

Color and year	A11 ages	25-34 years	35-44 years	45-54 years	55-64 years	65-74 years	75-84 years	85 years and over
MALE								
19761	345.1	7.1	67.4	281.3	756.1	1,677.2	3,774.1	7,545.9
1975 ¹	348.8	7.1	70.5	292.3	779.1	1,724.1	3,812.9	7,466.4
1974	363.1 378.5	7.4	72.5 78.6	307.1	817.2	1,823.8	3,970.9	8,162.2
1973 ¹ 1972 ^{1,2} 1971 ¹	382.4	8.0	81.4	329.4	884.6	1,956.7	4,208.2	8,481.8
1971	382.9	9.4	85.3	330.7	889.0	1,957.6	4.175.8	8,654.9
1970 ¹	387.2	9.4	87.0	338.0	904.6	2,010.0	4,222.7	7,781.5
1968	394.7	9.7	90.7 92.7	348.1	920.6	2,050.9	4,263.8	9,042.0 9,259.5
1967	358.4	9.4	88.4	339.6	878.4	1,881.7	3,732.1	7,720.2
1966	362.7	10.3	87.6	347.1	900.0	1,919.4	3,791.2	7,862.6
1965	358.6	11.3	88.8 91.1	346.5	888.5	1,887.9	3,794.9	7,828.1
1963	361.9	11.1	89.7	350.9	888.5	1,888.4	3,705.0	7,562.5
1962	355.1	11.3	87.3	347.1	883.8	1,890.8	3,707.0	7,693.3
1961	345.6	10.6	87.0	341.5	870.4	1,845.5	3,587.0	7,114.2
1959	348.0	10.9	86.2 85.6	347.1	885.2 875.5	1,863.2	3,636.6	6,930.6
1958	337.9	11.6	85.9	339.5	876.0	1,810.1	3,513.7	6,570.6
1957	336.4	11.0	86.0	335.0	881.6	1,804.5	3.490.2	6,473.6
1956	325.4	11.0	84.2	327.1	856.0	1,745.2	3,414.2	6,118.3
1955	316.2	11.1	82.5 80.6	324.6	834.3	1,700.6	3,311.6	5,777.0
1953	305.9	11.0	83.3	327.2	835.5	1,642.8	3,130.6	5,292.8 5,296.2
1952	293.6	11.0	81.2	324.6	825.1	1,574.0	3,001.4	4,946.9
1951	286.7	10.3	80.0	318.6	804.7	1,564.0	2,957.7	4,981.6
1920	277.8	9.7	77.2	316.6	792.9	1,560.7	2,873.5	4,907.8
MALE, WHITE	[[1						
1976								
1975 ¹	362.5	6.3 6.3	64.3 66.9	275.9	752.2	1,697.8	3,869.3	7,954.4
1974 ¹	380.3	6.5	69.5	287.8	778.9	1,743.1	3,904.6 4,069.3	7,841.9 8,527.3
1973 ¹ 1972 ^{1,2}	396.1	6.9	75.4	312.9	867.0	1,918.9	4.281.8	8,920.7
1972 ^{1,2}	400.1	7.1	77.5	322.8	882.7	1,975.2	4,302.3	8,851.6
1971	400.6	8.2	81.3 82.3	326.1	888.4	1,976.3	4,270.9	9,028.4 8,164.2
1969	411.9	7.9	85.8	341.2	919.7	2,069.9	4,348.8	9,443.1
1968	419,3	8.2	87.6	349.9	945.2	2,119.3	4,426.3	9,598.7
1967 1966	378.7	8.2	86.6	342.0	892.0	1,928.1	3,841.2	8,075.2
1965	382.4 378.4	9.3 10.0	85.7 86.8	350.2 349.1	912.4 902.1	1,960.3 1,931.8	3,899.4 3,913.6	8,175.6 8,141.0
1964	374.4	10.0	89.5	346.9	899.3	1,934.8	3,827.7	7,845.4
19634	379.9	9.9	88.6	352.8	905.2	1,965.3	3,907.2	8,159.5
1962 ⁴	372.9	10.4	86.5	349.6	894.2	1,924.6	3,802,7	7,922.5
1960	365.4	9.8 10.3	87.0 86.0	347.4 352.5	886.7 901.3	1,888.6 1,909.2	3,711.3 3,758.4	7,390.4 7,248.7
1959	358.8	10.9	85.2	348.3	890.8	1,865.7	3,617.2	6,883.1
1958	356.8	10.8	86.5	343.6	892.3	1,855.3	3,633.3	6,862.0
1957	354.7	10.2	85.6	339.0	894.9	1,853.5	3,610.6	6,712.2
1955	344.0	10.5	84.3 83.0	332.2 328.9	871.1 850.4	1,795.5	3,538.4 3,433.8	6,364.9 6,024.8
1954	322.0	10.2	81.1	331.0	833.7	1,696.7	3,244.3	5,495.0
1953	322.9	10.2	83.3	330.9	850.7	1,704.1	3,268.6	5,486.6
1952	310.4	10.3	81.6	330.2	840.9	1,628.0	3,113.8	5,136.4
1951 1950 ³		9.8	79.8	324.2	821.2 812.9	1,619.9	3,074.0	5,189.0
	. 274.01	9.01	77.5	323.1	012.9	1,608.2	2,978.7	5,139.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3A. Death rates for males for Ischemic heart disease, for specified age groups, by color: United States, 1950-76-Con.

Rates per 100,000 population. For 1968-76 rates are based on deaths assigned to category numbers 410-413 of the Eighth Revision of the International Classification of Diseases. Adapted for Use in the United States, adopted in 1965; for 1950-67 rates are based on deaths assigned to category number 420 of the Sixth and Seventh Revisions adopted, respectively, in 1948 and 1955

Color and year	All	25-34	35-44	45-54	55 - 64	65-74	75-84	85 years
	ages	years	years	years	years	years	years	and over
Color and year MALE, ALL OTHER 1976 ¹	ages 228.3 229.9 244.0 255.8 257.8 256.6 261.1 269.5 278.8 208.3 215.2 209.6 205.6 209.1 202.6 191.1							85 years and over 4,176.5 4,245.3 4,831.6 5,090.6 5,023.5 5,110.2 4,418.8 5,259.1 5,958.5 4,197.4 4,619.4 4,619.4 4,425.0 4,969.0 4,596.6 4,203.3 3,574.5 3,496.6 3,403.7 3,619.2 3,140.0 2,741.7
1954	155.7	15.0	76.6	272.9	638.5	1,002.8	1,616.8	2,700.0
1953	160.6	18.2	82.5	291.4	652.4	1,006.1	1,628.1	2,866.7
1952	149.6	17.5	78.0	270.5	635.0	940.6	1,473.6	2,550.0
1951	143.1	15.2	81.7	264.7	602.4	904.0	1,387.7	2,394.7
1950 ³	136.6	15.2	74.3	254.2	554.1	943.1	1,407.3	2,196.3

¹Excludes deaths of non-residents of the United States. ²Based on a 50-percent sample of deaths. ³Based on enumerated population adjusted for age bias in the population of races other than

white. ⁴Figures by color exclude data for residents of New Jersey because this State did not require reporting of the item for these years.

Table 3B. Death rates for females for Ischemic heart disease, for specified age groups, by color: United States, 1950-76

[Rates per 100,000 population. For 1968-76 rates are based on deaths assigned to category numbers 410-413 of the Eighth Revision of the International Classification of Diseases, Adapted for Use in the United States, adopted in 1965; for 1950-67 rates are based on deaths assigned to category number 420 of the Sixth and Seventh Revisions adopted, respectively, in 1948 and 1955]

Color and year	All ages	25 - 34 years	35-44 years	45-54 years	55 - 64 years	65-74 years	75 - 84 years	85 years and over
FEMALE								
$\begin{array}{c} 1976^{1} - \dots \\ 975^{1} - \dots \\ 974^{1} - \dots \\ 973^{1} - \dots \\ 1973^{1} - \dots \\ 1972^{1,2} - \dots \\ 1971^{1} - \dots \\ 1969 - \dots \\ 1968 - \dots \\ 1968 - \dots \\ 1966 - \dots \\ 1966 - \dots \\ 1965 - \dots \\ 1965 - \dots \\ 1964 - \dots \\ 1964 - \dots \\ 1963 - \dots \\ 1964 - \dots \\ 1954 - \dots \\ 10000000000000000000000000000000000$	259.2 257.0 268.4 276.0 277.9 272.0 273.8 277.5 225.4 2222.1 2220.8 215.3 205.4 199.5 196.5 196.5 187.6 187.6 168.8	99353929319904068942010 1.2222333322333222333222333333333333333	14.6 16.4 17.3 19.4 20.57 20.6 21.8 22.7 18.20 17.4 18.5 16.9 16.4 15.9 16.4 15.0 16.2	68.8 70.9 74.1 78.6 82.7 84.1 88.2 75.4 77.6 77.6 77.0 75.9 72.4 74.2 75.5 73.7 70.6 71.7 73.2	245.9 252.9 266.1 281.4 287.6 299.5 315.6 265.9 273.4 284.7 290.1 285.6 286.5 290.2 286.5 293.6 286.5 293.6 286.5 293.6 286.5 293.6 293.6 286.5 293.6 286.5 293.6 286.5 293.6 286.5 293.6 286.5 293.6 286.5 293.6 286.5 293.6 286.5 293.6 286.5 293.6 286.5 293.6 286.5 293.6 286.5 293.6 287.6 287.6 287.6 287.6 297.5 278.7 297.5 278.7 297.5 278.7 297.5 278.7 297.5 278.7 297.5 278.7 297.5 278.7 297.5 278.7 297.5 278.7 297.5 287.6 297.5 278.7 297.5 278.7 297.5 278.7 297.5 278.7 297.5 278.7 297.5 278.7 297.5 278.7 297.5 278.7 297.5 278.7 297.5 278.7 297.5 278.7 297.5 278.7 297.5 278.7 297.5 278.7 297.5 278.7 297.5 278.7 297.5 287.7 297.5 287.7 297.5 287.7 297.5 287.7 297.5 287.7 297.5 287.6 297.5 287.6 297.5 297.5 297.5 297.5 297.5 297.5 297.5 297.7 297.5 277.5	754.4 789.1 845.5 892.2 939.7 942.5 978.0 994.6 1,030.6 879.7 903.0 897.3 919.9 916.9 895.3 914.8 905.4 905.4 905.4 905.4 897.1 897.4 873.6 846.3	2,469.4 2,496.2 2,651.7 2,782.9 2,835.7 2,824.0 2,866.3 2,910.1 2,987.6 2,458.7 2,519.3 2,509.0 2,492.8 2,556.4 2,556.4 2,558.5 2,457.3 2,502.5 2,455.1 2,455.	6,324.1 6,239.2 6,902.8 7,254.6 7,317.7 7,324.1 6,951.5 7,874.4 8,066.5 6,380.4 6,503.6 6,503.6 6,503.6 6,448.5 6,628.7 6,424.3 6,009.4 5,801.3 5,700.2 5,768.4 5,464.7 5,248.6 4,796.5
1953 1952 1951 1950 ³ FEMALE, WHITE	168.3 160.5 153.9 149.1	3.4 3.4 3.3 3.4	16.7 16.8 17.0 16.9	75.6 77.1 75.7 76.0	283.5 280.0 277.3 275.0	864.9 836.5 815.5 826.8	2,225.6 2,143.0 2,078.2 2,041.4	4,684.8 4,435.7 4,265.0 4,087.1
$\begin{array}{c} 1976 \\ 1 \\ 975 \\ 1 \\ 1975 \\ 1 \\ 1973 \\ 1 \\ 1973 \\ 1 \\ 1973 \\ 1 \\ 1971 \\ 1 \\ 1971 \\ 1 \\ 1970 \\ 1 \\ 1969 \\ 1968 \\ 1969 \\ 1968 \\ 1966 \\ 1966 \\ 1966 \\ 1966 \\ 1966 \\ 1966 \\ 1966 \\ 1966 \\ 1966 \\ 1966 \\ 1966 \\ 1966 \\ 1965 \\ 1964 \\ 1961 \\ 1960 \\ 1959 \\ 1958 \\ 1959 \\ 1958 \\ 1959 \\ 1958 \\ 1959 \\ 1958 \\ 1959 \\ 1958 \\ 1959 \\ 1958 \\ 1959 \\ 1959 \\ 1958 \\ 1951 \\ 100 \\ 1$	272.0 269.2 280.5 287.3 289.4 285.5 283.7 286.6 236.8 237.3 2228.8 237.3 232.7 228.8 237.3 232.7 228.8 237.3 232.7 228.1 209.2 205.6 205.6 205.6 198.1 177.0 175.8 168.0 161.0	1.44 1.79 1.7129 2.09 2.19 2.19 2.19 2.19 2.21 2.21 2.21 2.2	11.7 12.8 13.1 14.62 15.51 16.3 14.34 13.7 14.8 13.14 12.7 12.48 12.7 12.48 12.7 12.48 12.7 12.48 12.7 12.49 12.7 12.49 12.7 12.49 12.7 12.49 12.7 12.49 12.7 12.49 12.7 12.49 12.7 12.49 12.7 12.49 12.7 12.9 13.0	58.579855508888454323972821907 655.50888454323972821907 66641.2.907666641.2.907	226.7 231.1 243.3 256.4 269.5 271.6 267.7 283.7 249.5 258.2 264.5 258.2 264.5 271.6 275.6 274.4 269.5 264.7 277.6 271.6 271.6 271.6 271.6 271.6 271.6 271.6 271.6 271.6 271.6 271.6 275.2 264.7 269.3 264.0 277.3 269.3 264.0 277.0 270.0	730.7 762.2 813.9 910.5 948.9 963.7 998.3 875.4 899.3 889.1 896.9 910.5 910.5 910.6 898.2 910.5 912.3 911.3 911.3 911.3 912.3 886.3 886.3 862.3 862.3 862.5 856.0	2,485.3 2,684.3 2,814.2 2,872.9 2,857.1 2,894.7 2,942.2 3,016.1 2,512.5 2,566.0 2,566.0 2,566.2 2,5548.1 2,557.1 2,557.1 2,557.1 2,559.2 2,559.2 2,500.8 2,203.9 2,208.9	6,596.1 6,484.7 7,143.4 7,486.0 7,553.2 7,192.3 8,118.8 8,311.6 6,602.7 6,719.5 6,719.5 6,719.5 6,761.4 6,651.6 6,789.9 6,218.9 9 6,218.9 9 6,233.7 6,038.9 5,935.8 6,021.9 5,722.6 5,495.7 5,023.4 4,911.1 4,641.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3B. Death rates for females for Ischemic heart disease, for specified age groups, by color: United States, 1950-76-Con.

[Rates per 100,000 population. For 1968-76 rates are based on deaths assigned to category numbers 410-413 of the *Eighth Revision of the* International Classification of Diseases, Adapted for Use in the United States, adopted in 1965; for 1950-67 rates are based on deaths assigned to category number 420 of the Sixth and Seventh Revisions adopted, respectively, in 1948 and 1955]

Color and year	All ages	25-34 years	35 - 44 years	45-54 years	55-64 years	65 - 74 years	75 - 84 years	85 years and over
FEMALE, ALL OTHER								
$\begin{array}{c} 1976 \\ 1 \\ 975 \\ 1 \\ 1974 \\ 1 \\ 1973 \\ 1 \\ 1973 \\ 1 \\ 1972 \\ 1.2 \\ 1971 \\ 1 \\ 1970 \\ 1 \\ 1970 \\ 1 \\ 1966 \\ 1968 \\ 1967 \\ 1966 \\ 1966 \\ 1965 \\ 1965 \\ 1964 \\ 1964 \\ 1964 \\ 1963 \\ 1962 \\ 1963 \\ 1961 \\ 1962 \\ 1961 \\ 1958 \\ 1958 \\ 1958 \\ 1958 \\ 1958 \\ 1958 \\ 1958 \\ 1955 \\ 1951 \\ 1950 \\ 1951 \\ 1950 \\ 10$	$\begin{array}{c} 177.7\\ 188.9\\ 200.7\\ 197.7\\ 197.5\\ 200.4\\ 204.2\\ 213.4\\ 144.3\\ 148.7\\ 144.9\\ 143.4\\ 143.6\\ 139.1\\ 133.2\\ 131.7\\ 123.8\\ 125.2\\ 131.7\\ 123.8\\ 125.2\\ 126.2\\ 118.8\\ 110.9\\ 101.9\\ 106.1\\ 98.5 \end{array}$	4.91 6.19 8.56 9.52 9.35 9.51 10.0 8.59 8.53 9.55 10.0 8.59 8.53 9.55 10.0 8.59 8.53 9.55 10.0 8.56 8.56 9.55 10.0 8.56	33.4 394.37 556.97 686.97 426.5764 451.2424 445.5764 451.5554 446.5764 451.555122421 445.549440.5549 445.549440.5549 445.549440.5549 445.549440 445.5549440 545.54940 545.54940 545.54940 545.54940 545.54940 545.54940 545.54000 545.54000 545.54000 545.54000 545.54000000000000000000000000000000000	$148.2 \\ 150.5 \\ 171.7 \\ 185.8 \\ 187.0 \\ 193.3 \\ 203.0 \\ 208.1 \\ 222.9 \\ 160.1 \\ 160.4 \\ 163.9 \\ 166.6 \\ 162.3 \\ 166.6 \\ 162.3 \\ 166.6 \\ 162.3 \\ 165.8 \\ 167.8 \\ 171.6 \\ 181.5 \\ 185.8 \\ 167.8 \\ 175.8 \\ 165.7 \\ 165.7 \\ 165.7 \\ 165.7 \\ 100.10 \\ 100$	$\begin{array}{c} 421.8\\ 453.1\\ 478.6\\ 516.1\\ 543.6\\ 512.7\\ 1\\ 582.0\\ 623.6\\ 425.6\\ 425.6\\ 425.6\\ 425.6\\ 454.1\\ 489.0\\ 502.4\\ 496.7\\ 480.1\\ 489.0\\ 502.4\\ 496.7\\ 480.1\\ 489.0\\ 502.4\\ 496.7\\ 480.1\\ 391.9\\ 445.0\\ 462.0\\ 479.6\\ 455.1\\ 391.9\\ 414.3\\ 404.3\\ 404.6\\ 366.7\end{array}$	983.0 1,053.2 1,160.5 1,267.0 1,277.0 1,277.0 1,277.0 1,310.4 1,362.1 953.2 856.9 902.0 916.7 901.4 859.4 859.4 828.5 826.7 798.3 650.4 700.0 600.8 580.9 656.8	2,277.8 2,167.6 2,244.8 2,379.1 2,376.6 2,398.1 2,482.5 2,459.1 2,607.9 1,727.3 1,868.3 1,805.2 1,719.0 1,710.9 1,658.2 1,719.0 1,710.9 1,658.3 1,563.4 1,464.6 1,419.6 1,423.4 1,339.4 1,143.7 1,158.7 1,108.6 1,070.3 1,061.1	3,590.9 3,662.7 4,251.5 4,633.0 4,461.0 4,582.9 4,227.9 4,930.8 5,096.7 3,522.8 3,667.9 3,673.5 3,704.4 3,759.5 3,704.4 3,759.5 3,704.4 3,759.5 3,704.5 3,736.8 2,736.8 2,736.8 2,355.6 2,255.6 2,555.
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¹ Excludes deaths of non-residents of the United States.

² Based on a 50-percent sample of deaths.

³Based on enumerated population adjusted for age bias in the population of races other than white.

⁴ Figures by color exclude data for residents of New Jersey because this State did not require reporting of the item for these years.

Table 4. Percent change between 1968 and 1976 in death rates for All causes and for Ischemic heart disease, for specified age groups, by color and sex: United States

[Rates per 100,000 population. For 1968-76 rates for Ischemic heart disease are based on deaths assigned to category numbers 410-413 of the Eighth Revision of the International Classification of Diseases, Adapted for Use in the United States, adopted in 1965; for 1950-67 rates are based on deaths assigned to category number 410 of the Sixth and Seventh Revisions adopted, respectively, in 1948 and 1955]

		Total			White		All other		
Age	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
				A11	. causes	3			
All ages	-8.1	-10.0	-5.6	-6.8	-9.2	-3.7	-16.7	-15.9	-17.6
25-34 years 35-44 years 45-54 years 55-64 years 65-74 years 75-84 years 85 years and over		-18.3 -15.6 -14.7		-19.2 -15.2 -12.8 -15.7 -11.9	-18.1 -16.0 -14.8	-21.4 -13.7 -8.4 -17.5 -14.5	-21.2 -18.3 -19.6 -7.3	-23.0	-36.0 -25.8 -23.1 -22.7 -8.0
				Ischemic	heart	disease			
All ages	-11.1	-14.3	-6.6	-10.0	-13.5	-5.1	-17.7	-18.1	-17.1
25-34 years 35-44 years 45-54 years 55-64 years 65-74 years 75-84 years 85 years and over	-31.3 -28.9 -21.3 -21.0 -23.1 -16.1 -20.8	-27.3	-42.4 -35.7 -22.0 -22.1 -26.8 -17.3 -21.6	-25.0 -26.6 -20.8 -20.4 -22.9 -16.2 -19.8	-26.6 -21.1 -20.4 -19.9	-20.1 -26.8 -17.6	-25.2	-22.5	-53.3 -51.7 -33.5 -32.4 -27.8 -12.7 -29.5

Table 5. Deaths and age-adjusted death rates for selected causes, 1968 and 1976, together with percent change in ageadjusted death rates between 1968 and 1976 and between 1959 and 1967: United States

[Rates per 100,000 population. For method of age adjustment, see Technical Notes. Numbers after cause of death are category numbers of the Eighth Revision of the International Classification of Diseases, Adapted for Use in the United States, adopted in 1965. For 1968 and 1976 rates are based on deaths assigned to these Eighth Revision category numbers; for 1959 and 1967 rates are based on deaths assigned to the category numbers after cause of the States, adopted in 1965. For 1968 and 1976 rates are based on deaths assigned to the eating of the latter set based on deaths assigned to the category numbers of the States, adopted in 1965. For 1968 and 1976 rates are based on deaths assigned to the category numbers of the set columnof the table]

Cause of death and	Num	ber	Ra	ite	Percent in r	change	Category numbers
category numbers of Eighth Revision	1976	1968	1976	1968	1968 to 1976	1959 to 1967	according to Seventh Revision
All causes	1,909,440	1,930,082	627.5	743.8	-15.6	-3.4	•••
Malignant neoplasms, including neoplasms of lymphatic and hematopoietic tissues140-209 Major cardiovascular diseases390-448 Diseases of heart390-398,402,404,410-429 Active rheumatic fever and chronic rheumatic heart disease390-398 Hypertensive heart disease with or	377,312 974,429 723,878 13,110	318,547 1,023,399 744,658 16,358	132.3 284.4 216.7 4.7	129.2 361.8 268.5 7.2	2.4 -21.4 -19.3 -34.7	2.9 -7.3 -6.1 -33.0	140-205 330-334,400-468 400-402,410-416
without renal disease402,404 Ischemic heart disease410-413 Chronic disease of endocardium and other myocardial	10,690 646,073	17,698 674,747	3.0 191.6	6.1 241.6	-50.8 -20.7	0.7	440,441,442,443 420
insufficiency424,428 All other forms of heart disease420-423,425-427,429 Hypertension400,401,403 Cerebrovascular diseases430-438 Arteriosclerosis440	4,195 49,810 6,130 188,623 29,366	7,836 28,019 9,063 211,390 33,568	1.3 16.1 1.8 51.4 6.4	2.8 10.9 3.3 71.3 9.6	-53.6 47.7 -45.5 -27.9 -33.3	7.3 -31.0 -13.6	421,422 430-434 444-447 330-334 450
Other diseases of arteries, arterioles, and capillaries441-448 Certain specified diseases250,470-474,480-486,490-493, *519.3,571	26,432	24,720 174,105	8.0	9.0 68.2	-11.1		451-468 260,480-493,501,
Diabetes mellitus250 Influenza and pneumonia470-474,480-486 Specified respiratory	34,508 61,866	38,352 73,492	11.1 17.4	14.6 26.9	-24.0 -35.3	4.6 -10.7	502,527.1,241,581 260 480-493
diseases490-493,*519.3 Bronchitis, emphysema and asthma490-493 Chronic obstructive lung disease	45,882 24,410	33,078 33,078	14.7 7.9	12.8 12.8	14.8 -38.3		501,502,527.1,241 501,502,527.1,241
without mention of asthma, bron- chitis, or emphysema*519.3 Cirrhosis of liver	21,472 31,453 232,077	29,183 258,794	6.8 13.6 86.8	13.9 108.1	-2.2 -19.7	32.7 -12.6	581 Residual
Accidents, poisonings, and violence	151,913 100,761 26,832 19,554 4,766	155,237 114,864 21,372 14,686 4,315	67.2 43.2 12.3 9.5 2.2	76.5 55.0 10.9 8.3 2.3	-12.2 -21.5 12.8 14.5 -4.3	10.0 5.7	E800-E964,E970-E985 E800-E962 E963,E970-E979 E964,E980-E985

¹Chronic obstructive lung disease is, by international rules, assigned to the category "Other diseases of lung" (ICDA No. 519.2). Beginning with data year 1969, the United States, however, established a separate category (denoted by *519.3) to identify deaths assigned to Chronic obstructive lung disease. Effective with data for 1972 the title was changed to Chronic obstructive lung disease without mention of asthma, bronchitis, or emphysema.

Table 6. Percent change between 1968 and 1976 in age-adjusted death rates, for selected causes, by color and sex: United States

		Total			White			All other		
Cause of death and category numbers of Eighth Revision	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	
All causes	-15.6	-14.0	-16.9	-15.1	-13.6	-15.9	-20.2	-17.2	-23.6	
Malignant neoplasms, including neoplasms of lymphatic and hematopoietic tissues140-209 Ischemic heart disease410-413	2.4 -20.7	5.1 -18.9	0.6 -22.3	2.0 -20.3	4.3 -18.5	1.0 -21.6	4.1 -24.4	10.2 -21.2	-2.5 -27.8	
All other diseasesResidual	-22.8 -18.5		-24.7 -19.4	-21.7 -18.0	-19.3 -16.6	-23.4 -18.7	-30.0 -22.8	-27.3 -20.3	-32.4 -25.2	
Accidents, poisonings, and violenceE800-E999	-12.2	-12.4	-13.0	-11.2	-11.1	-12.0	-18.9	-19.0	-17.3	

Source: Division of Vital Statistics, National Center for Health Statistics

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Table 7. Deaths and death rates for All causes and for Ischemic heart disease, together with per-cent due to Ischemic heart disease: United States, 1968-76

Ischemic heart All causes disease (410-413) Percent Ischemic Year heart disease of All causes Number Rate Number Rate 1976¹ ------646,073 642,719 664,854 684,066 684,424 674,292 666,665 669,665 669,747 1,909,440 1,892,879 889.6 301.0 33.8 888.5 301.7 34.0 1974¹-----1,092,079 1,934,388 1,973,003 1,963,944 1,927,542 1,921,031 1,921,990 34.4 34.7 34.8 915.1 940.2 943.2 314.5 326.0 1973^{.1} 328.7 327.0 934.7 945.3 954.4 35.0

967.9

328.1

332.6

338.4

674,747

34.7

34.9

35.0

٠.,

[Rates per 100,000 population. Numbers after Ischemic heart disease are category numbers of the Eighth Revision of the International Classification of Diseases, Adapted for Use in the United States, adopted in 1965]

Excludes deaths of non-residents of the United States. ²Based on a 50-percent sample of deaths.

1970¹-----

1969-----

1968-----

Source: Division of Vital Statistics, National Center for Health Statistics

1,930,082

Table 8. Deaths and age-adjusted death rates for Ischemic heart disease and components, together with percent change: United States 1968 and 1976

Cause of death and category numbers of	Nun	nber	Ra	ite	Percent change	
Eighth Revision	1976	1968	1976	1968	in rates 1968 to 1976	
Ischemic heart disease410-413 Acute myocardial infarction410-410 With hypertensive disease410.0	319,477	369,610	191.6 102.9 10.2		-20.7 -26.5 -17.7	
Without mention of hypertensive disease410.9	288,548	336,822	92.6	127.6	-27.4	
Other acute and subacute forms of ischemic heart disease411 With hypertensive disease411.0 Without mention of hypertensive	4,028 252	4,691 333	1.3 0.1	1.8 0.1	-27.8	
disease411.9 Chronic ischemic heart disease412 Chronic ischemic heart disease with or	3,776 322,382		1.3 87.3	1.7 99.7	-23.5 -12.4	
without cardiovascular disease with hypertensive disease*412.1 Cardiovascular disease without mention of	20,915	20,334	5.9	6.9	-14.5	
chronic ischemic heart disease with hypertensive disease*412.2 Chronic ischemic heart disease with or	21,437	24,703	6.6	9.1	-27.5	
without cardiovascular disease without mention of hypertensive disease*412.3 Cardiovascular disease without mention of	222,309	212,787	59.4	70.0	-15.1	
chronic ischemic heart disease without mention of hypertensive disease*412.4 Angina pectoris413 With hypertensive disease413.0	57,721 186 36	230	15.4 0.1 0.0	13.7 0.1 0.0	12.4	
Without mention of hypertensive disease413.9	150	184	0.1	0.1	-	

[Rates per 100,000 population. For method of age adjustment, see Technical Notes]

*Special four-digit subcategories created by NCHS to be used instead of the fourth digits listed under category 412 of ICDA.

Source: Division of Vital Statistics, National Center for Health Statistics

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Table 9. Age-adjusted death rates for Ischemic heart disease and its components for 1976, together with percent change between 1968 and 1976, by color and sex: United States

		Total			White	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		All othe	er
Cause of death and category numbers of Eighth Revision	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
			Ra	te per le	00,000 p	oopulatio	on		
Ischemic heart disease410-413 Acute myocardial infarction410 With hypertensive disease410.0	191.6 102.9 10.2	271.9 154.9 12.8	127.0 60.7 7.9	190.6 104.6 9.8	274.2 159.5 12.5	123.6 60.2 7.4	196.9 85.2 14.1	249.4 112.1 15.7	153.8 63.1 12.6
Without mention of hypertensive disease410.9 Other acute and subacute forms of ischemic	92.6	142.1	52.8	94.8	147.0	52.8	71.2	96.4	50.5
heart disease411 With hypertensive disease411.0 Without mention of hypertensive	1.3 0.1	2.1 0.1	0.7 0.1	1.3 0.1	2.0 0.1	0.6 0.0	2.1 0.2	2.9 0.2	1.4 0.2
disease411.9 Chronic ischemic heart disease412 Chronic ischemic heart disease with or	1.3 87.3	2.0 114.8	0.7 65.6	1.2 84.7	1.9 112.6	0.6 62.8	1.9 109.6	2.8 134.4	1.2 89.2
without cardiovascular disease with hypertensive disease*412.1 Cardiovascular disease without mention of	5.9	6.6	5.2	5.5	6.3	4.8	9.3	9.9	8.7
chronic ischemic heart disease with hypertensive disease*412.2 Chronic ischemic heart disease with or	6.6	7.1	6.1	5,2	5.6	4.7	19.9	21.0	18.9
without cardiovascular disease without mention of hypertensive disease*412.3 Cardiovascular disease without mention of	59.4	80.9	42.6	59.7	81.9	42.5	55.7	71.6	42.8
chronic ischemic heart disease without mention of hypertensive disease*412.4 Angina pectoris413 With hypertensive disease413.0	15.4 0.1 0.0	20.1 0.1 0.0	11.6 0.0 0.0	14.4 0.1 0.0	18.8 0.1 0.0	10.9 0.0 0.0	24.7 0.1 0.0	31.9 0.0 0.0	18.9 0.1 0.0
Without mention of hypertensive disease413.9	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
			Pe	rcent ch	ange, 19	68 to 19	976		
Ischemic heart disease410-413 Acute myocardial infarction410 With hypertensive disease410.0	-20.7 -26.5 -17.7	-18.9 -25.7 -11.7	-22.3 -26.6 -24.8	-20.3 -26.2 -17.6	-18.5 -25.4 -11.3	-26.1	-24.4 -28.3 -16.6	-21.2 -26.8 -13.3	-27.8 -29.7 -21.3
Without mention of hypertensive disease410.9 Other acute and subacute forms of ischemic	-27.4	-26.7	-26.9	-27.0	-26.4	-26.4	-30.1	-28.6	-31.5
heart disease411. With hypertensive disease411.0 Without mention of hypertensive	-27.8	-19.2 -50.0	-36.4	-18.8	-16.7	-40.0 -100.0	-38.2	-35.6 -33.3	-41.7 100.0
disease411.9 Chronic ischemic heart disease412 Chronic ischemic heart disease with or	-23.5 -12.4	-20.0 -7.5	-30.0 -17.6	-20.0 -11.3	-17.4 -6.4	-33.3 -16.4	-40.6 -20.7	-33.3 -15.3	-45.5 -26.2
without cardiovascular disease with hypertensive disease*412.1 Cardiovascular disease without mention of	-14.5	-9.6	-18.8	-14.1	-8.7	-18.6	-17.7	-13.2	-22.3
chronic ischemic heart disease with hypertensive disease*412.2 Chronic ischemic heart disease with or	-27.5	-23.7	-31.5	-10.3	-17.6	-28.8	-37.8	-35,6	40.0
without cardiovascular disease without mention of hypertensive disease*412.3 Cardiovascular disease without mention of	-15.1	-10.8	-19.6	-13.9	-9.5	-18.3	-25.3	-21.6	-29.4
chronic ischemic heart disease without mention of hypertensive disease*412.4 Angina pectoris413	12.4	20.4	3.6	9.9	17.5	2.8	22.3 -	36.3 -100.0	8.6
With hypertensive disease413.0 Without mention of hypertensive disease413.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	- -100.0	-100.0	-100.0

[For method of age adjustment, see Technical Notes]

*Special four-digit subcategories created by NCHS to be used instead of the fourth digits listed under category 412 of ICDA.

Table 10A. Age-adjusted death rates for Major cardiovascular diseases, by color and sex, and by rank: geographic divisions of the United States, 1969-71

[By place of residence. Rates per 100,000 population. For method of age adjustment, see Technical Notes. Rates are based on deaths assigned to category numbers 390-448 of the Eighth Revision of the International Classification of Diseases, Adapted for Use in the United States, adopted in 1965]

					White			All other		
Rank	Area	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
	United States	343.3	452.8	253.8	333.4	446.6	240.9	427.6	502.8	364.2
1 2 3 4 5 6	East South Central East North Central Middle Atlantic South Atlantic West South Central New England	367.3 362.2 361.7 357.9 332.0 327.5	483.1 477.2 469.9 474.1 440.6 440.9	272.6 267.6 275.2 263.1 242.3 239.7	347.5 353.4 356.8 330.4 315.0 326.9	473.8 471.3 467.4 451.6 431.1 441.2	244.2 256.6 268.1 231.4 219.5 238.4	460.1 451.5 396.4 486.6 434.5 336.1	536.9 528.0 474.9 580.3 505.7 405.8	398.6 385.0 334.4 410.5 375.6 279.3
7 8 9	Pacific West North Central Mountain	310.0 309.9 290.5	410.0 417.3 379.7	226.7 220.6 211.1	310.4 306.0 290.8	415.5 415.1 381.9	224.5 215.4 210.1	289.7 397.6 272.4	339.2 466.4 321.5	240.0 339.3 223.0

Table 10B. Age-adjusted death rates for Cerebrovascular diseases, by color and sex, and by rank: geographic divisions of the United States, 1969-71

[By place of residence. Rates per 100,000 population. For method of age adjustment, see Technical Notes. Rates are based on deaths assigned to category numbers 430-438 of the Eighth Revision of the International Classification of Diseases, Adapted for Use in the United States, adopted in 1965]

Both sexes Male Female Both sexes Male Male Female Both sexes Male 1 East South Central				Total			White		All other			
1 East South Central 86.7 98.4 77.4 75.4 87.9 65.7 138.1 148.8 2 South Atlantic 75.8 85.3 68.2 64.2 73.1 57.2 132.0 145.9 3 West South Central 71.9 81.0 64.8 64.8 74.3 57.4 114.9 122.8 4 East North 67.8 75.8 61.6 65.2 73.7 58.6 96.4 97.4	ank	Area		Male	Female	-	Male	Female		Male	Female	
Central 86.7 98.4 77.4 75.4 87.9 65.7 138.1 148.8 2 South Atlantic 75.8 85.3 68.2 64.2 73.1 57.2 132.0 145.9 3 West South Central 71.9 81.0 64.8 64.8 74.3 57.4 114.9 122.8 4 East North Central 67.8 75.8 61.6 65.2 73.7 58.6 96.4 97.4		United States	67.0	74.4	61.1	62.4	69.9	56.6	108.4	115.6	102.2	
5 West North Central 63.5 71.4 57.3 62.0 70.1 55.7 98.2 103.2 6 Pacific 62.6 67.7 58.5 61.8 67.1 57.7 68.2 71.6 7 Middle Atlantic 59.6 64.7 55.6 57.1 62.3 53.1 83.5 89.5 8 New England 57.2 61.2 53.8 56.8 60.9 53.2 68.0 69.3	2 3 4 5 6 7	Central South Atlantic West South Central East North Central West North Central Pacific Middle Atlantic	75.8 71.9 67.8 63.5 62.6 59.6	85.3 81.0 75.8 71.4 67.7 64.7	68.2 64.8 61.6 57.3 58.5 55.6	64.2 64.8 65.2 62.0 61.8 57.1	73.1 74.3 73.7 70.1 67.1 62.3	57.2 57.4 58.6 55.7 57.7 53.1	132.0 114.9 96.4 98.2 68.2 83.5	145.9 122.8 97.4 103.2 71.6 89.5	129.5 120.7 108.3 95.5 94.0 64.6 78.8 73.8	

Table 10C. Age-adjusted death rates for Ischemic heart disease, by color and sex, and by rank: geographic divisions of the United States, 1969-71

[By place of residence. Rates per 100,000 population. For method of age adjustment, see Technical Notes. Rates are based on deaths assigned to category numbers 410-413 of the Eighth Revision of the International Classification of Diseases, Adapted for Use in the United States, adopted in 1965]	l
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			Total		White			All other			
Rank	Area	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	
•••	United States	230.3	321.8	155.0	228.2	323.5	149.9	244.2	300.2	197.2	
1	Middle Atlantic	259.5	354.2	183.6	259.0	356.1	180.8	253.1	315.1	204.2	
2	East North Central	245.0	341.2	165.1	242.2	340.8	160.5	269.4	332.8	214.4	
3 4	South Atlantic East South	231.7	325.6	154.9	224.0	324.0	141.8	266.2	329.8	214.7	
5	Central New England	229.4 227.6	320.1	154.8 152.1	227.2	327.7	$144.4 \\ 151.8$	241.8 200.8	292.2	201.4 152.3	
6	West South	209.0	295.2	137.4	204.0	296.6	127.2	239.7	291.6	196.7	
7	Central Pacific	209.0	295.2	136.3	210.1	300.8	135.4	180.8	221.2	140.0	
8	West North Central	204.0	293.7	129.0	202.8	294.0	126.6	228.7	281.3	184.2	
9	Mountain	185.8	261.5	118.1	187.2	264.5	118.4	143.3	184.4	102.1	

Table 11. Age-adjusted death rates for Major cardiovascular diseases and components: United States. 1950-76

Year	Total ¹	Active rheumatic fever and chronic rheumatic heart disease ²	Hypertensive heart disease with or without renal disease; and hypertension ³	Ischemic heart disease ⁴	Cerebro- vascular diseases ⁵	Other major cardio- vascular diseases (residual)
$\begin{array}{c} 1976^{6} \\ 1975^{6} \\ 1974^{6} \\ 1974^{6} \\ 1972^{6,7} \\ 1972^{6,7} \\ 1971^{6} \\ 1970^{6} \\ 1968 \\ 1969 \\ 1968 \\ 1967 \\ 1968 \\ 1966 \\ 1965 \\ 1964 \\ 1963 \\ 1964 \\ 1963 \\ 1964 \\ 1963 \\ 1964 \\ 1963 \\ 1964 \\ 1955 \\ 1958 \\ 100 \\$	$\begin{array}{c} 284.4\\ 291.4\\ 310.8\\ 326.9\\ 333.8\\ 334.8\\ 340.1\\ 350.4\\ 361.8\\ 362.6\\ 374.0\\ 374.0\\ 374.0\\ 376.6\\ 388.6\\ 386.1\\ 381.6\\ 388.6\\ 386.1\\ 381.5\\ 393.5\\ 391.1\\ 400.2\\ 403.1\\ 396.5\\ 396.1\\ 392.5\\ 412.7\\ 414.6\\ 420.2\\ 425.6\end{array}$	4.7 4.8 5.1 5.4 5.7 6.0 6.3 7.2 6.5 7.0 7.4 7.7 8.2 8.9 9.6 9.7 10.1 11.1 11.2 11.2 11.4 12.5 12.9 13.3 14.0	4.8 5.1 5.7 6.3 6.9 7.2 7.8 8.5 9.4 22.2 24.3 25.2 26.9 29.1 30.1 31.1 33.7 35.4 39.3 38.5 39.4 41.4 43.5 48.7 51.7 54.3 56.0	191.6 196.1 207.7 218.9 223.9 225.1 228.1 234.7 241.6 215.8 215.4 215.4 215.4 215.4 215.4 215.4 215.4 215.4 215.4 216.6 215.8 215.4 216.9 211.4 210.1 200.0 193.4 196.1 190.2 187.0 185.2	51.4 54.5 59.9 63.7 65.0 65.2 66.3 71.3 69.7 72.3 72.7 73.6 76.4 76.6 76.4 76.6 76.7 79.7 80.7 83.0 84.2 82.3 83.0 83.0 83.0 83.0 83.8	31.9 30.9 32.4 32.6 32.3 31.3 31.6 32.3 52.4 53.8 53.1 53.0 54.6 53.3 55.9 54.6 53.3 55.9 54.9 57.4 58.5 60.5 61.2 68.5 72.0 76.6 81.6

[Rates per 100,000 population. For method of age adjustment, see Technical Notes]

¹For 1968-76 rates are based on deaths assigned to category numbers 390-448 of the <u>Eighth Re-</u> vision of the International Classification of Diseases, Adapted for Use in the United States, adopted in 1965; for 1950-67 rates are based on deaths assigned to category numbers 330-334, 440-

468 of the Sixth and Seventh Revisions adopted, respectively, in 1948 and 1955. ²For 1968-76 rates are based on deaths assigned to category numbers 390-398 of the Eighth Re-vision of the International Classification of Diseases, Adapted for Use in the United States, adopted in 1965; for 1950-67 rates are based on deaths assigned to category numbers 400-402, 410-416 of the Sixth and Seventh Revisions adopted, respectively, in 1948 and 1955. "For 1968-76 rates are based on deaths assigned to category numbers 400-404 of the Eighth Re-vision of the International Classification of Diseases, Adapted for Use in the United States, "For 1968-76 rates are based on deaths assigned to category numbers 400-404 of the Eighth Re-vision of the International Classification of Diseases.

³For 1968-76 rates are based on deaths assigned to category numbers 400-404 of the <u>Eighth Re-vision of the International Classification of Diseases, Adapted for Use in the United States</u>, adopted in 1965; for 1950-67 rates are based on deaths assigned to category numbers 440-447 of the Sixth and Seventh Revisions adopted, respectively, in 1948 and 1955. ⁴For 1968-76 rates are based on deaths assigned to category numbers 410-413 of the <u>Eighth Re-vision of the International Classification of Diseases</u>, <u>Adapted for Use in the United States</u>, adopted in 1965; for 1950-67 rates are based on deaths assigned to category number 420 of the Sixth and Seventh Revisions adopted, respectively, in 1948 and 1955. ⁵For 1968-76 rates are based on deaths assigned to category number 420 of the Sixth and Seventh Revisions adopted, respectively, in 1948 and 1955. ⁵For 1968-76 rates are based on deaths assigned to category numbers 430-438 of the <u>Eighth Re-vision of the International Classification of Diseases</u>, <u>Adapted for Use in the United States</u>, adopted in 1965; for 1950-67 rates are based on deaths assigned to category numbers 330-334 of the sixth and Seventh Revisions adopted, respectively, in 1948 and 1955. ⁶Excludes deaths of non-residents of the United States. ⁷Based on a 50-percent sample of deaths.

⁷Based on a 50-percent sample of deaths.

⁸Based on enumerated population adjusted for age bias in the population of races other than white.

Table 12. Estimates of total resident population of the United States, by age, color and sex: July 1, 1976

Tot				White			All other			
Age	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	
		Population in thousands								
All ages	214,649	104,472	110,177	186,225	90,909	95,315	28,424	13,563	14,862	
Under 1 year 1-4 years 5-14 years 15-24 years 35-44 years 45-54 years 55-64 years 65-74 years 75-84 years 85 years and over	3,026 12,313 37,168 40,605 31,891 23,012 23,636 20,064 14,194 6,775 1,966	1,550 6,289 18,954 20,427 15,765 11,207 11,430 9,487 6,167 2,568 629	16,126 11,805 12,205 10,578	2,519 10,134 31,072 34,624 27,810 20,101 21,002 18,134 12,835 6,217 1,777	1,293 5,189 15,888 17,497 13,890 9,893 10,207 8,595 5,563 2,334 561	1,226 4,945 15,184 17,127 13,920 10,207 10,795 9,538 7,272 3,883 1,216	507 2,179 6,096 5,981 4,081 2,912 2,632 1,931 1,359 558 189	258 1,100 3,066 2,930 1,875 1,314 1,223 891 604 234 68	249 1,079 3,030 3,051 2,206 1,599 1,410 1,039 755 324 121	

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[Figures include Armed Forces stationed in the United States and exclude those stationed outside the United States. Due to rounding to the nearest thousand, detailed figures may not add to totals]

1977.

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2. TECHNICAL NOTES

Nature and Sources of Data

Except for 1972, data shown in this chartbook are based on information from all death certificates from the 50 States and the District of Columbia. For 1972 data are from a 50-percent sample of deaths. Mortality statistics are based on information obtained directly from copies of the original certificates received from the registration offices except for data provided to the National Center for Health Statistics through the Cooperative Health Statistics System.

For the latter, mortality data for 1976, except data for cause of death, were coded from the original certificates and provided on computer tape through the Cooperative Health Statistics System by the following 22 States: Alabama, Colorado, Florida, Illinois, Kansas, Kentucky, Maine, Maryland, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nevada, New Hampshire, New York (except New York City), Oklahoma, Oregon, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Vermont, and West Virginia. The seven States of Iowa, Louisiana, Michigan, Nebraska, North Carolina, Virginia, and Wisconsin also submitted mortality data which included data on cause of death through this System.

Data for the United States as a whole refer to events occurring within the United States. Beginning with 1970, mortality statistics exclude deaths of nonresidents of the United States.

Population Bases

Rates were computed on the bases of population statistics made available by the U.S. Bureau of the Census. Rates for decennial years are based on the populations enumerated in censuses of those years, which are taken as of April 1. Rates for all other years are based on midyear (July 1) estimates.

Race

The category "white" includes in addition to persons reported as "white," persons reported to be Mexican or Puerto Rican. The categories "races other than white" or "all other" consists of persons reported as Negro, American Indian, Chinese, and Japanese; other numerically small racial groups; and persons of mixed white and other races.

Age-Adjusted Rates

The age-adjusted rates presented in the chartbook were computed by the direct method, that is, by applying the age-specific death rates for a given cause of death to the standard population distributed by age. The total population as enumerated in 1940 was selected as the standard. The rates for the total population and for each color-sex group were adjusted separately, using the same standard population.

Comparability of Cause-of-Death Statistics

It has been the practice to revise the International Classification of Diseases every 10 years since 1900 to keep abreast of medical knowledge. Each decennial revision has produced breaks in the comparability of cause-of-death statistics. As shown in Table A, for some of the components of Major cardiovascular diseases, the degree of discontinuity resulting from the Table A. Most nearly comparable category numbers and comparability ratios for Major cardiovascular diseases and its principal components

Eighth Revision	Mos	t nearly comparab by Revisions a	• •	bers	Comparability	
List Title	Eighth: 1968 to date	Seventh: 1958 to 1967	Sixth: 1949 to 1957	Fifth: 1939 to 1948	ratios	
Major cardiovascular diseases	390-448	330-334, 400-468	330-334 <i>,</i> 400-468	58, 83, 90-103	8th/7th = 0.9853 7th/6th = 1.01 6th/5th = 1.18	
Hypertensive heart disease with or without renal disease	402, 404	440-443	440-443	131a	8th/7th = 0.398 7th/6th = 1.11 6th/5th = 1.60	
lschemic heart disease	410-413	420	420	93d ¹ , 94	8th/7th = 1.1457 7th/6th = 0.98 6th/5th = 0.77	
Hypertension	400,401,403	444-447	444-447	102	8th/7th = 0.820 7th/6th = 1.33 6th/5th = 6.38	
Cerebrovascular disease	430-438	330-334	330-334	83	8th/7th = 0.9905 7th/6th = 1.00 6th/5th = 1.16	

¹Compared with more than one Sixth Revision category. Of a total of 242,143 deaths assigned to 93d in the Fifth Revision, 116,888 were assigned by the Sixth Revision to ICD No. 420; and, 50,018 were assigned to ICD Nos. 440-443.

introduction of the Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, and Eighth Revisions has been considerable. An adequate presentation of mortality trends without reference to these discontinuities is impossible.

The comparability ratios presented in Table A are based on coding the same deaths occurring in a given year by both the prior and the new Revision. For each set of ratios, the year selected for the double coding was the most recent year for which final mortality statistics, according to the prior Revision, were available at the time of the computation of the comparability ratios. Between the Fifth and Sixth Revisions, the data year used was 1950; between the Sixth and Seventh Revisions, it was 1958; and between the Seventh and Eighth Revisions, 1966.

Available comparability ratios between the Seventh and Eighth Revisions are limited to those for the total population. They are not applicable to age-color-sex specific death rates.

The principal changes in classification and coding procedures for Major cardiovascular diseases and for Diseases of heart are described in Appendices I and II.

APPENDIX I

COMPARABILITY RATIO FOR MAJOR CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASES

A comparability ratio frequently requested is that for Major cardiovascular diseases (ICDA Nos. 390-448). This group title includes all of the titles in "Section VII. Diseases of the circulatory system" of the Eighth Revision except the following one: Diseases of veins and lymphatics and other diseases of circulatory system (ICDA Nos. 450-458).

The most nearly comparable group title in the Seventh Revision is Diseases of cardiovascular system (ICD Nos. 330-334, 400-468).

Both of these group titles include the first and third leading causes of death-Diseases of heart (ICDA Nos. 390-398, 402, 404, 410-429) and Cerebrovascular diseases (ICDA Nos. 430-438). They also both include Diseases of arteries, arterioles, and capillaries (ICDA Nos. 440-448). The comparable title in the Seventh Revision for these latter diseases is Diseases of arteries (ICD Nos. 450-456). But the group title Diseases of cardiovascular system (ICD Nos. 330-334, 400-468) in the Seventh Revision includes also the title Diseases of veins and other diseases of circulatory system (ICD Nos. 460-468). These diseases of veins and other diseases of circulatory system (assigned by the Eighth Revision to ICDA Nos. 450-458) are not included, however, under the Eighth Revision group title Major cardiovascular diseases (ICDA Nos. 390-448).

The exclusion of these diseases (ICDA Nos. 450-458) from the Eighth Revision group title Major cardiovascular diseases is the primary reason that the comparability ratio for these two major group titles is less than 1.00.

The comparability ratio of

 $\frac{8 \text{th ICDA Nos. 390-448}}{7 \text{th ICD Nos. 330-334, 400-468}} = 0.9853.$

APPENDIX II

COMPARABILITY OF MORTALITY STATISTICS FOR DISEASES OF HEART

All Diseases of Heart (ICDA Nos. 390-398, 402, 404, 410-429)

As shown in the table below, the net effect of changes introduced with the Eighth Revision on the number of deaths classified to Diseases of heart, based on coding the above-described sample of records for deaths occurring in 1966 by both the Seventh and Eighth Revisions, was an increase from 727,002 to 730,261. This gives a comparability ratio of 1.0045 (appendix I).

An estimated 10,711 deaths classified under this title by the Eighth Revision were classified elsewhere by the Seventh Revision, and 7,452 death; classified under this title by the Seventh Revision were classified elsewhere by the Eighth. In other words, by the Eighth Revision there was a gain to Diseases of heart of 10,711 deaths and a loss of 7,452 deaths, resulting in a net gain of 3,259 deaths.

The changes responsible for the largest losses among the estimated 7,452 deaths no longer assigned to Diseases of heart are presented below under the discussions relating to the major components of the diseases of heart for which the losses occurred. The four major changes responsible for the largest gains among the estimated 10,7.1 deaths now assigned to Diseases of heart came from a number of Seventh Revision categories and were distributed over the components of heart disease. These four major changes are presented below.

(1) Among the 10,711 deaths assigned to Diseases of heart by the Eighth but not by the Seventh Revision were an estimated 1,773 that had been assigned by the Seventh to accidental causes. Of these 1,773 deaths, an estimated 1,422 were assigned by the Eighth Revision to Ischemic heart disease (ICDA Nos. 410-413). These assignments occurred because the Seventh Revision rules that under certain circumstances resulted in coding an accidental cause in preference to other reported conditions were changed in the Eighth Revision. These Seventh Revision rules applied when two or more conditions, one of which was an accident, poisoning, or violence (but not a late effect of these), were entered on the death certificate in such a way that none could be regarded as the underlying cause of death.⁵ The Eighth Revision rules, however, lead to the selection of the first-mentioned condition when causes of death are entered on the death certificate in this manner.⁶ The following example of entries in the medical certification section of a death certificate illustrates the effect of this change in the coding rules. The death described was classified to accidental fall by the Seventh Revision rules and to coronary arteriosclerosis by the Eighth Revision rules.

- I (a) Coronary arteriosclerosis
 - (b) Fracture of hip due to
 - (c) Accidental fall

(For further discussion on transfers by the Eighth Revision from accidental causes, especially falls, see section 4, "Accidents.")

(2) Also among the 10,711 deaths assigned to Diseases of heart by the Eighth but not by the Seventh Revision were an estimated 2,326 that were assigned by the Seventh Revision to Other hypertensive disease (ICD Nos. 444-447). These transfers resulted from a change in the procedure for coding causes of death involving arteriosclerotic heart disease (without mention of coronary artery disease) jointly reported with

Seventh Revision		Eighth F	levision
Cause of death and category number	Number of deaths in 1966 (2)	Estimated number of deaths in column (2) that went to Diseases of heart (ICDA Nos. 390-398, 402,404,410-429) (3)	Estimated number of deaths in column (2) that went to other causes (4)
All causes 001-E999	1,863,149	730,261	1,132,88
Diseases of heart400-402,410-443	727,002	719,550	7,452
Rheumatic fever400-402	456	449	-
Chronic rheumatic heart disease410-416	14,556	14,436	120
Diseases of mitral valve410	5,718	5,666	52
Diseases of aortic valve specified as rheumatic411 Diseases of pulmonary valve and other	1,713	1,693	20
endocarditis, specified as rheumatic413,414	773	773	-
Other rheumatic heart diseases	6,352	6,304	4
disease	573,191	570,220	2,97
Arteriosclerotic heart disease so described420.0 Heart disease specified as involving coronary	158,802	158,012	790
arteries	414,101	411,920	2,181
disease420.2	288	¹ 288	11
Chronic endocarditis not specified as rheumatic421	3,785	3,560	225
Of mitral valve, specified as nonrheumatic421.0	166	157	g
Of aortic valve, not specified as rheumatic421.1 Of other valves, not specified as	2,311	2,261	50
rheumatic421.2-421.4	1,308	1,142	166
Other myocardial degeneration422	49,796	49,175	621
With arteriosclerosis422.1	41,935	41,464	471
Without mention of arteriosclerosis422.0,422.2	7,861	7,711	150
Other diseases of heart430-434	31,042	28,277	2,765
Acute and subacute endocarditis430 Acute myocarditis and acute pericarditis, not	757	706	51
specified as rheumatic431,432	1,065	1,051	14
Functional disease of heart433	10,008	7,693	2,315
Other and unspecified diseases of heart	19,212	18,827	385
Hypertensive heart disease440-443	54,176	53,433	743
Hypertensive heart disease with arteriolar			
nephrosclerosis	11,606	11,345	261
Other hypertensive heart disease	42,570	42,088	482
Other causes Residual	1,136,147	10,711	1,125,436

¹There were no deaths in the sample assigned to the Seventh Revision title Angina pectoris without mention of coronary disease (ICD No. 420.2). NCHS nosologists state, however, that with a possible few exceptions these deaths would be assigned by the Eighth Revision to Angina pectoris (ICDA No. 413). The exceptions, if any, resulted from the dropping of the preference in the Seventh Revision of angina pectoris over cardiovascular diseases.

hypertensive disease. The Seventh Revision had no special provision for classifying this combination of diseases, and under certain circumstances the hypertensive disease was coded as the cause of death. For example, reports of arteriosclerotic heart disease (ICD No. 420.0) due to a condition classifiable to ICD Nos. 444-447 (Other hypertensive disease) were classified to the appropriate hypertensive disease category. In the Eighth Revision arteriosclerotic heart disease is classified as an ischemic heart disease, and four-digit subdivisions have been provided under the ischemic heart disease categories for jointly reported hypertensive disease.

(3) A third group among these 10,711 deaths assigned by the Eighth Revision to

Diseases of heart included an estimated 1,743 that were classified by the Seventh Revision to Vascular lesions affecting central nervous system (ICD Nos. 330-334). The largest number of these 1,743 causes, an estimated 1,249, were assigned to Chronic ischemic heart "disease (ICDA No. 412). In addition, an estimated 166 were assigned to Hypertensive heart disease (ICDA No. 402), 164 to Acute myocardial infarction (ICDA No. 410), and 82 to Symptomatic heart disease (ICDA No. 427).

The assignments to ICDA No. 412, Chronic ischem.c heart disease, resulted primarily from a change in the procedure for coding arteriosclerotic heart disease, hypertension, and an intracranial vascular lesion when jointly reported as causes of death. As mentioned above, no special provision was made in the Seventh Revision for coding Arteriosclerotic heart disease (ICD No. 420.0) jointly reported with hypertension, but provision was made for coding hypertension jointly reported with an intracranial vascular lesion to the intracranial vascular lesion. In the Eighth Revision provision is made for coding hypertension jointly reported with arteriosclerotic heart disease as well as with intracranial vascular lesions. The result of this change in coding procedure is that some deaths that were attributed to intracranial vascular lesions by the Seventh Revision are classified to chronic ischemic heart disease with hypertension by the Eighth Revision.

Two examples of entries in the medical certification part of the death certificates that illustrate this change in assignment are given below:

- I (a) Arteriosclerotic heart disease and cerebral hemorrhage
 - (b) Hypertension
 - (c)
- I (a) Cerebral embolism
 - (b) Arteriosclerotic heart disease
 - (c) Hypertension

By the Seventh Revision both of the deaths reported above would have been assigned to intracranial vascular lesions, but by the Eighth Revision, they are assigned to Chronic ischemic heart disease.

(4) Another substantial group among the 10,711 deaths assigned by the Eighth Revision to Diseases of heart is an estimated 1,242 causes that were coded by the Seventh Revision to General arteriosclerosis (ICD No. 450). Almost all of these (1,209) were transferred to Chronic ischemic heart disease (ICDA No. 412). In the Eighth Revision provision is made for coding arteriosclerotic heart disease (which is classified to ICDA No. 412) in preference to arteriosclerosis when the two conditions are jointly reported on the death certificate. According to the provisions of the Seventh Revision preference was given to arteriosclerotic heart disease only when this condition was specified as due to arteriosclerosis. Therefore causes of death certified in the following manner are classified to Chronic ischemic heart disease (412) by the Eighth Revision and to General arteriosclerosis (450) by the Seventh Revision.

- I (a) Hypostatic pneumonia
 - (b) General arteriosclerosis with arteriosclerotic
 - (c) heart disease

Although the comparability ratio for the entire group of Diseases of heart is close to 1.000, some major components of this group have comparability ratios that differ substantially from 1.000. Factors pertinent to the ratios shown in the table in appendix I for the five major components of diseases of heart are presented in the following paragraphs.

Major Components of Diseases of Heart

Active rheumatic fever and chronic rheumatic heart disease (ICDA Nos. 390-398).—In the Seventh Revision diseases of the aortic valve not qualified as rheumatic were included in ICD No. 421.1, Chronic endocarditis of aortic valve, not specified as rheumatic. This category was not included under the heading Chronic rheumatic heart disease (ICD Nos. 410-416). In the Eighth Revision, however, aortic valve diseases, unless specified as nonrheumatic, are included under Chronic rheumatic heart disease (ICDA Nos. 393-398). As a result of this change in classification almost all of the deaths that were

Seventh Revision		Eighth F	Revision
Cause of death and category number	Number of deaths in 1966	Estimated number of deaths in column (2) that went to Active rheumatic fever and chronic rheumatic heart disease (ICDA Nos. 390-398)	Estimated number of deaths in column (2) that went to other causes
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
All causes 001-E999	1,863,149	17,293	1,845,856
Comparable causes	17,323	16,652	671
disease ¹ 400-402,410-416	15,012	14,724	288
Rheumatic fever400-402	456	443	13
Chronic rheumatic heart disease	14,556	14,256	275
Diseases of mitral valve410	5,718	5,600	118
Diseases of aortic valve specified as rheumatic411 Diseases of pulmonary valve and other	1,713	1,686	27
endocarditis, specified as rheumatic413,414	773	759	14
Other rheumatic heart diseases	6,352	6,236	116
Chronic endocarditis of aortic valve, not specified			
as rheumatic421.1	2,311	1,928	383
Other causesResidual	1,845,826	641	1,845,185

¹This is the title to which deaths in tables 1 and 2 were assigned during 1950-67, when the Sixth and Seventh Revisions were in use.

assigned to category 421.1 by the Seventh Revision were classified under chronic rheumatic heart disease by the Eighth. This change accounts in great part for the fact that a larger number of deaths (an estimated 17,293) were classified by the Eighth Revision to Active rheumatic fever and chronic rheumatic heart disease (ICDA Nos. 390-398) than were classified by the Seventh Revision (only 15,012 deaths) to the similar title Rheumatic fever and chronic rheumatic heart disease (ICD Nos. 400-402, 410-416). This gives an adjustment factor of 1.1519 for these two titles. (See appendix I.)

As shown above, 1,928 of the 2,311 deaths assigned by the Seventh Revision to ICD No. 421.1 were classified by the Eighth Revision to ICDA Nos. 390-398.

During the period 1950-67 the death rate for Rheumatic fever and chronic rheumatic heart disease (ICD Nos. 400-402, 410-416) declined from 14.8 to 7.2 deaths per 100,000 population. The apparent rise in the death rate for these causes in 1968 to 8.2 per 100,000 population is attributable in great part to the abovementioned classification change. Applying the comparability ratio 1.1519 to the 1967 death rate of 7.2 raises it to 8.3 deaths per 100,000 population, which is very close to the 1968 rate of 8.2. The downward trend continued through 1971, when the rate was 7.1 per 100,000 population.

Hypertensive heart disease with or without renal disease (ICDA Nos. 402, 404).—The comparability ratio for Hypertensive heart disease with or without renal disease (ICDA Nos. 402, 404) is only 0.3941. This ratio is obtained by dividing 21,350, the estimated number of 1966 deaths classified by the Eighth Revision to this group of causes, by 54,176, the number classified to the most nearly comparable Seventh Revision title, Hypertensive heart disease (ICD Nos. 440-443). (See appendix I.) The following table shows the results of coding a random sample of 2,389 of these 54,176 deaths.

As shown in the table below, an estimated 33,741 of the 1966 deaths that were classified by the Seventh Revision to Hypertensive heart disease (ICD Nos. 440-443) were not classified

Eighth Revision			Seventh Revision		
Cause of death and category number		Estimated number of deaths	Category number	Number of deaths	
	Total	54,176	440-443	54,176	
Hypertensive heart disease with or without	[
renal ditease:	402	10,717			
	404	9,718			
	412.0	32,636			
	Other	1,105			
Hyperter sive disease:	Total	42,570	440,441,443	42,570	
	402	10,717			
	404	46			
	412.0	31,050			
	Other	757			
Hypertensive heart and renal disease:	Total	11,606	442	11,606	
	402				
	404	9,672			
Chronic ischemic heart disease with					
hypertensive disease		1,587			
Other E ghth Revision titles	Other	347			

to the most nearly comparable Eighth Revision title, Hypertensive heart disease with or without renal disease (ICDA Nos. 402, 404). Of these, about 97 percent (32,636 of the 33,741) were classified to Chronic ischemic heart disease with hypertensive disease (ICDA No. 412.0) by the Eighth Revision.

As shown in the next table, there were a total of 42,570 deaths assigned to Other hypertensive heart disease (ICD Nos. 440, 441, 443) in 1966 when the Seventh Revision was in use. In the dual-coding study, it was found that about 75 percent of these deaths (31,807) were not assigned to Hypertensive heart disease with or without renal disease (ICDA Nos. 402, 404) by the Lighth Revision. Of the 31,807 deaths, an estimated 31,050 were classified to Chronic ischemic heart disease with hypertensive disease (ICDA No. 412.0).

The table below also shows that a total of 11,606 deaths in 1966 were assigned to Hypertensive heart disease with arteriolar nephrosclerosis (ICD No. 442) by the Seventh Revision. In the dual-coding study it was found that about 17 percent of these deaths (1,934) were not assigned to the Eighth Revision title Hypertensive heart disease with or without renal disease (ICDA Nos. 402, 404). Again, an estimated 1,587 of these 1,934 deaths were classified to Chronic ischemic heart disease with hypertensive disease (ICDA No. 412.0).

These differences in code assignments between the Seventh and Eighth Revisions resulted primarily from the two changes in classification that are described below.

One of the two changes is for Arteriosclerotic heart disease jointly reported with hypertensive disease. The Seventh Revision had no special provision for classifying Arteriosclerotic heart disease so described (ICD No. 420.0) jointly reported with hypertensive disease. Consequently, some deaths attributable to this combination of diseases were classified by the Seventh Revision to Hypertensive heart disease (ICD Nos. 440-443). In the Eighth Revision arteriosclerotic heart disease is classified as an ischemic heart disease, and four-digit subdivisions are provided under the ischemic heart disease categories for jointly reported hypertensive disease. As a result of this change in classifi-

Seventh Revision	Eighth Revision		
Cause of death and category number	Number of deaths in 1966	Estimated number of deaths in column (2) that went to Hypertensive heart disease with or without renal disease (ICDA Nos. 402,404)	Estimated number of deaths in column (2) that went to other causes
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
All causes 001-E999	1,863,149	21,350	1,841,799
Hypertensive heart disease	54,176	20,435	33,741
nephrosclerosis442 Other hypertensive heart disease440,441,443	11,606 42,570	9,672 10,763	1,934 31,807
Other causes Residual	1,808,973	915	1,808,058

cation, the following examples of cause-of-death certifications were classified to a hypertensive heart disease (specifically to ICD No. 443) by the Seventh Revision and to Chronic ischemic heart disease with hypertensive disease (ICDA No. 412.0) by the Eighth Revision:

- I (a) Arteriosclerotic heart disease (b) Hypertensive heart disease
- I (a) Hypertensive and arterio-(b) sclerotic heart disease

The second change is for Other myocardial degeneration with arteriosclerosis, jointly reported with hypertensive disease. In the Seventh Revision category 422.1, Other myocardial degeneration with arteriosclerosis, included the conditions listed below, and provision was made for coding any condition in this category jointly reported with a hypertensive disease (ICD Nos. 440-447) to Hypertensive heart disease (440-443).

Cardiosclerosis Cardiovascular: arteriosclerosis degeneration disease Cardiovascular sclerosis Myocardial degeneration with arteriosclerosis or synonym in ICD category 450

In the Eighth Revision the above-listed conditions are included in ICDA category 412, Chronic ischemic heart disease, and provision is made for classifying a jointly reported hypertensive disease in a four-digit subdivision of this category, 412.0. Specific examples illustrating the effect of this change in classification are given below.

- I (a) Cardiovascular disease [7th, ICD No. 422.1; 8th, ICDA No. 412.9]
 - (b) Hypertension [7th, ICD No. 444; 8th, ICDA No. 401]

As stated above, the Seventh Revision provided for the classification of cases such as this to hypertensive heart disease (ICD No. 443), which includes cardiovascular disease (ICD No. 422.1) jointly reported with hypertension (ICD No. 444). In the Eighth Revision this example is classified to category 412.0, Chronic ischemic heart disease with hypertensive disease, which includes cardiovascular disease unqualified (ICDA No. 412.9) jointly reported with hypertension (ICDA No. 401). I (a) Myocardial degeneration [7th, ICD No. 422.2; 8th, ICDA No. 428]

(b)	Arteriosclerosis	[7th, ICD No. 450; 8th ICDA No. 440.9]
		8th, ICDA No. 440.9]

II Nephrosclerosis [7th, ICD No. 446; 8th, ICDA No. 403]

In the Seventh Revision arteriosclerosis (ICD No. 450) with myocardial degeneration (ICD) No. 422.2) was classified to 422.1, Other myocardial degeneration with arteriosclerosis. The above example was assigned by the Seventh Revision, however, to category 442, Hypertensive heart disease with arteriolar nephrosclerosis, with includes conditions classifiable to category 422.1 jointly reported with nephrosclerosis. In the Eighth Revision, arteriosclerosis (ICDA No. 440) with myocardial degeneration (ICDA No. 428) is classified to 412.9, Chronic ischemic heart disease without mention of hypertensive disease. This example, however, is assigned to category 412.0, which includes conditions classifiable to 412.9 jointly reported with nephrosclerosis.

During 1958-67 the death rate for Hypertensive heart disease (ICD Nos. 440-443) declined from 42.7 to 25.3 deaths per 100,000 population. Applying the comparability ratio of 0.3941 to the 1967 death rate of 25.3 lowers it to 10.0. This adjusted rate is close to the 1968 rate of 8.8 deaths per 100,000 population. The downward trend for this cause continued through 1971, for which year the rate was 6.8 deaths per 100,000 population.

Ischemic heart disease (ICDA Nos. 410-413).—The most nearly comparable title for this group of diseases in the Seventh Revision is Arteriosclerotic heart disease, including coronary disease (ICD No. 420) (table B). Based on the 1966 comparability study, an estimated 14.57 percent more deaths (totaling 83,500) were assigned by the Eighth Revision to this title than were assigned to Arteriosclerotic heart disease, including coronary disease (ICD No. 420) by the Seventh Revision (appendix I). As shown in the table, page 12, the largest single group of these 83,500 deaths (an estimated 41,228) were assigned by the Seventh Revision to Other myocardial degeneration with arterio-

Table B. Estimated number of deaths in 1966 assigned to specified category numbers (ICDA) according to the Eighth Revision: based on a stratified random sample drawn from specified Seventh Revision category numbers for provisional set of comparability ratios

[Some figures in this table differ slightly from those in other tables because they are based on a preliminary sample that was smaller in size]

Seventh Revision		Eighth Revision ICDA numbers					
ICD numbers	Total	400,401	402-404	410	411	412	413
Tota1	687,083	3,238	27,443	366,951	6,888	282,309	254
420.0 420.1 420.2 422.1 430-434 440-443 440,441,443 444-447 444,445,447	157,748 411,678 41,229 4,095 53,657 11,454 42,203 10,959 6,620 4,338	- - - 184 2,857 5 2,851	- 20,543 9,780 10,763 6,189 5,705 484	3,160 360,794 - 236 1,090 69 - 46 11 35	6,785 - 53 - - - -	154,588 43,857 40,993 2,925 32,861 1,674 31,187 1,867 899 968	242
A11 other	7,717	197	684	1,556	50	5,218	12

Seventh Revision	Eighth Revision		
Cause of death and category number	Number of deaths in 1966	Estimated number of deaths in column (2) that went to Ischemic heart disease (ICDA Nos. 410-413)	Estimated number of deaths in column (2) that went to other causes
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
All causes001-E999	1,863,149	656,691	1,206,458
Comparable causes	657,696	642,199	15,497
disease ¹ 420 Arteriosclerotic heart disease so described420.0 Heart disease specified as involving coronary	573,191 158,802	569,715 157,749	3,476 1,053
arteries	414,101	411,678	2,423
disease420.2	288	² 288	2
Other myocardial degeneration with arteriosclerosis422.1	41,935	41,228	707
Other hypertensive heart disease	42,570	31,256	11,314
Other causesResidual	1,205,453	14,492	1,190,961

¹This is the title to which deaths in tables 1 and 2 were assigned during 1950-67, when the Sixth and Seventh Revisions were in use. ²There were no deaths in the sample assigned to the Seventh Revision title Angina pectoris without mention of coronary disease (ICD No. 420.2). NCHS nosologists state, however, that with a possible few exceptions these deaths would be assigned by the Eighth Revision to Angina pectoris (ICDA No. 413). The exceptions, if any, resulted from the dropping of the preference in the Seventh Revision of angina pectoris over cardiovascular diseases.

sclerosis (ICD No. 422.1), and of these 41,228 deaths an estimated 40,993 were classified by the Eighth Revision to Chronic ischemic heart disease (ICDA No. 412). Among the terms classified by the Eighth Revision to Chronic ischemic heart disease (ICDA No. 412) that were included under Other myocardial degeneration with arteriosclerosis (ICD No. 422.1) in the Seventh Revision are the following:

Cardiovascular: arteriosclerosis degeneration disease sclerosis

Questions have been raised about the appropriateness of including cardiovascular diseases in category 412, Chronic ischemic heart disease, since this classification implies that cardiovascular disease means disease of the coronary arteries. A study conducted several years

ago of death certificates reporting "cardiovascular disease" indicated that this frequently is not the case. In anticipation of a possible change in the classification of these terms and for the benefit of those interested in doing further study, NCHS has created special four-digit subcategories under category 412 that are used instead of those listed under category 412 in the Eighth Revision, ICDA (table 3). These special four-digit subcategories permit the separation of deaths due to cardiovascular disease without evidence of a disease of the coronary arteries from those due to other conditions classifiable to chronic ischemic heart disease with or without mention of cardiovascular disease. They are shown in the table below.

As shown below, of the 303,362 deaths in 1969 assigned to Chronic ischemic heart disease, a total of 235,807 were described in terms that led to their assignment to numbers 412.1 and 412.3. The remaining 67,555 deaths were described in terms that led to their assignment to cardiovascular disease without mention of

	1969		197	71
Cause of death and Eighth Revision category number	Number of deaths	Percent	Number of deaths	Percent
Chronic ischemic heart disease412	303,362	100.0	312,351	100.0
Chronic ischemic heart disease with or without cardiovascular disease with hypertensive disease	19,884	6.6	19,832	6.3
Cardiovascular disease without mention of chronic ischemic heart disease with hypertensive disease412.2	23,486	7.7	22,610	7.2
Chronic ischemic heart disease with or without cardiovascular disease without mention of hypertensive disease412.3	215,923	71.2	221,404	70.9
Cardiovascular disease without mention of chronic ischemic heart disease without mention of hypertensive disease412.4	44,069	14.5	48,505	15.5

chronic ischemic heart disease, that is, to numbers 412.2 and 412.4. (It should be noted that subcategories 412.1 and 412.2 together are equivalent to ICDA category 412.0, and subcategories 412.3 and 412.4 together are equivalent to ICDA category 412.9.)

For 1969 the death certificates for only 44,069 of these 67,555 deaths, however, did not mention hypertension. Because the Seventh Revision title Other myocardial degeneration (ICD No. 422) excluded conditions with mention of hypertensive disease, no more than these 44,069 deaths may be assumed to have been transferred from Other myocardial degeneration with arteriosclerosis (ICD No. 422.1).

Also, as shown in the above table, the percentage of deaths from Chronic ischemic heart disease assigned to category number 412.4 increased from 14.5 for 1969 to 15.5 for 1971. Of deaths assigned to causes included in 412, the percentage assigned to category number 412.4 is greater for persons of races other than white than for white persons (table 3).

The 1966 comparability study also showed an estimated 31,256 deaths classified to Ischemic heart disease (ICDA Nos. 410-413) by the Eighth Revision that had been assigned to Other hypertensive heart disease (ICD Nos. 440, 441, 443) by the Seventh Revision. The vast majority of these (an estimated 31,050) were classified to Chronic ischemic heart disease with hypertensive disease (ICDA No. 412.0). As previously stated, these differences in code assignments between the two revisions resulted primarily from changes in the classification of deaths involving arteriosclerotic heart disease jointly reported with hypertensive heart disease and of those involving other myocardial degeneration with arteriosclerosis jointly reported with hypertensive disease.

It was also found that out of a total of 10,008 deaths classified to Functional disease of heart (ICD No. 433) by the Seventh Revision, an estimated 2,805 were assigned to Chronic ischemic heart disease without mention of hypertensive disease (ICDA No. 412.9) by the Eighth Revision. These differences in code assignments resulted primarily from a change in the Seventh Revision procedure which gave priority to Functional disease of heart (ICD No. 433) over Other myocardial degeneration with arteriosclerosis (ICD No. 422.1). In the Eighth Revision functional heart diseases are included in category 427, Symptomatic heart disease; and category 412, Chronic ischemic heart disease, includes conditions classifiable to category 422.1 in the Seventh Revision. Also, a condition classifiable to category 412 is given priority over one classifiable to 427.

The distribution by the Eighth Revision of the 414,101 deaths assigned by the Seventh Revision to Heart disease specified as involving

Cause of death and Eighth Revision category number	Estimated deaths in 1966 assigned to ICD No. 420.1
Ischemic heart disease410-413	411,678
With hypertensive disease (.0) Without mention of hypertensive	37,073
disease (.9)	374,605
Acute myocardial infarction410	360,794
With hypertensive disease (.0) Without mention of hypertensive	31,985
disease (.9) Other acute or subacute forms of ischemic	328,809
heart disease411	6,785
With hypertensive disease (.0) Without mention of hypertensive	485
disease (.9)	6,300
Chronic ischemic heart disease412	43,857
With hypertensive disease (.0) Without mention of hypertensive	4,361
disease (.9)	39,496
Angina pectoris413	¹ 242
With hypertensive disease (.0) Without mention of hypertensive	¹ 242
disease (.9)	
Other causes Residual	2,423

¹This figure may be unreliable because there was only one sample death assigned to this cause.

coronary arteries (ICD No. 420.1), as found by the 1966 comparability study, is shown above. About 88 percent of the 360,794 deaths assigned to Heart disease specified as involving coronary arteries (ICD No. 420.1) by the Seventh Revision were assigned to Acute myocardial infarction (ICDA No. 410) by the Eighth. Since category 410 includes, however, deaths involving acute myocardial infarction jointly reported with chronic ischemic heart disease, the number of these deaths associated with chronic ischemic heart disease cannot be ascertained.

Adjusting the 1967 death rate of 289.7 deaths per 100,000 population for Arteriosclerotic heart disease, including coronary disease (ICD No. 420), to the level it would have been if the 1967 deaths had been coded by the Eighth Revision raises it to 331.9 per 100,000 (289.7 multiplied by 1.1457). This adjusted rate is closer to the 1968 rate of 337.6 deaths per 100,000 population for Ischemic heart disease, which is based on coding deaths by the Eighth Revision. The 1971 death rate for this cause is 327.0 per 100,000 population.

Chronic disease of endocardium and other myocardial insufficiency (ICDA Nos. 424, 428).-Figures for 1966 and 1967 are shown in tables 1 and 2 for Seventh Revision categories 421, Chronic endocarditis not specified as rheumatic, and 422, Other myocardial degeneration, which appear to be comparable to the above ICDA categories. As shown in appendix I and in the table below, however, only about 16 percent of the deaths assigned to ICD categories 421 and 422 by the Seventh Revision were assigned to ICDA categories 424 and 428 by the Eighth. This occurred primarily because terms included under Other myocardial degeneration with arteriosclerosis (ICD No. 422.1) were transferred by the Eighth Revision to Chronic ischemic heart disease (ICDA No. 412). The result was that an estimated 41,228 of the 41,935 deaths that were assigned to ICD No. 422.1 by the Seventh Revision were assigned to Ischemic heart disease (ICDA Nos. 410-413) by the Eighth Revision.

Another important factor was the change between the Seventh and Eighth Revisions in the classification of diseases of the aortic valve. As stated under the discussion of Active rheumatic fever and chronic rheumatic heart disease (ICDA Nos. 390-398), diseases of the aortic valve not specified as rheumatic were included in category 421.1 in the Seventh Revision. In the Eighth Revision aortic valve diseases, unless they are qualified as nonrheumatic, are included under Chronic rheumatic heart disease. As a result of this change an estimated 1,922 deaths that were assigned to ICD No. 421.1 by the Seventh Revision were assigned to ICDA No. 395.9 by the Eighth Revision.

The 1967 death rate for Chronic endocarditis not specified as rheumatic together with Other myocardial degeneration (ICD Nos. 421 and 422) was 26.6 per 100,000 population. Adjusting this rate to the level it would have been if 1967 deaths had been coded by the Eighth Revision reduces it to 4.8 per 100,000 (26.6 multiplied by 0.1823). This adjusted rate is close to the 1968 rate of 3.9 deaths per 100,000 population, based on coding deaths by the Eighth Revision. For 1971 the death rate for this cause dropped to 3.0 per 100,000 population.

Seventh Revision	Eighth Revision		
Cause of death and category number	Number of deaths in 1966	Estimated number of deaths in column (2) that went to Chronic disease of endocardium and other myocardial insufficiency (ICDA Nos. 424, 428)	Estimated number of deaths in column (2) that went to other causes
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
All causes 001-E999	1,863,149	9,768	1,853,381
Nonrheumatic chronic endocarditis and other myocardial degeneration ¹	53,581	8,688	44,893
Comparable causes	11,646	. 8,452	3,194
rheumatic421	3,785	1,469	2,316
Of mitral valve, specified as nonrheumatic421.0	166	129	37
Of aortic valve, not specified as rheumatic421.1 Of other valves, not specified as	2,311	283	2,028
rheumatic421.2-421.4 Other myocardial degeneration without mention	1,308	1,057	251
of arteriosclerosis	7,861	6,983	878
Other causes	1,851,503	1,316	1,850,187
sclerosis	41,935	236	41,699

¹This is the title to which deaths in tables 1 and 2 were assigned during 1950-67, when the Sixth and Seventh Revisions were in use.

All other forms of heart disease (ICDA Nos. 420-423, 425-427, 429).—Introduction of the Eighth Revision resulted in assigning about 19 percent fewer deaths to this group title than were assigned to the most nearly comparable title, Other diseases of heart (ICD Nos. 430-434), by the Seventh Revision. This gives a comparability ratio of 0.8104 (appendix I).

As shown in the table below, an estimated 5,664 of the 10,008 deaths that had been assigned to Functional disease of heart (ICD No. 433) by the Seventh Revision were not assigned to All other forms of heart disease (ICDA Nos. 420-423, 425-427, 429) by the Eighth Revision. An estimated 2,805 of these 5,664 deaths were classified to Chronic ischemic heart disease without mention of hypertensive disease (ICDA No. 412.9), an estimated 1,498 to Arteriosclerosis (ICDA No. 440), and an estimated 272 to Cerebrovascular diseases (ICDA Nos. 430-438) by the Eighth Revision. These differences in assignments resulted from the following changes in coding procedures:

- Functional heart disease jointly reported with Other myocardial degeneration with arteriosclerosis.—In the Seventh Revision provision is made for coding Functional disease of heart (ICD No. 433) in preference to Other myocardial degeneration with arteriosclerosis (ICD No. 422.1). In the Eighth Revision this combination of diseases is classified to Chronic ischemic heart disease without mention of hypertensive disease.
- 2) Functional heart disease jointly reported with arteriosclerosis.—The Seventh Revision provides for the classification of this combination of diseases to functional heart disease. In the Eighth Revision no special preference is given to functional heart disease. Therefore, under certain circumstances assignment is to Arteriosclerosis, e.g., when functional heart disease is reported as due to arteriosclerosis.

Seventh Revision	Eighth Revision			
Cause of death and category number	Number of deaths in 1966	Estimated number of deaths in column (2) that went to All other forms of heart disease (ICDA Nos. 420-423,425-427,429)	Estimated number of deaths in column (2) that went to other causes	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	
All causes 001-E999	1,863,149	25,156	1,837,993	
Other diseases of heart430-434	31,042	23,375	7,667	
Acute and subacute endocarditis430 Acute myocarditis and acute pericarditis, not	757	654	103	
specified as rheumatic431,432	1,065	892	173	
Functional disease of heart433	10,008	4,344	5,664	
Other and unspecified diseases of heart434	19,212	17,485	1,727	
Other causes Residual	1,832,107	1,781	1,830,326	

- 3) Functional heart disease jointly reported with arteriosclerosis and cerebrovascular disease.—In both the Seventh and Eighth Revisions provision is made for coding cerebrovascular diseases in preference to arteriosclerosis. As noted above, however, the provision for coding functional heart disease in preference to arteriosclerosis was dropped in the Eighth Revision. As a result of this change the following examples are classified to cardiac arrhythmia by the Seventh Revision and cerebrovascular disease by the Eighth Revision:
 - I (a) Cardiac arrhythmia (b) Arteriosclerosis
 - (c)

- II Cerebrovascular disease
- I (a) Arrhythmia and cerebrovascular disease
 - (b) General arteriosclerosis
 - (c)

The adjusted 1967 death rate for Other diseases of heart (ICD Nos. 430-434) is 12.8 deaths per 100,000 population. This is obtained by multiplying the recorded death rate of 15.8 by the comparability ratio of 0.8104. The death rates for 1968-71 are 14.0, 15.0, 15.9, and 16.6, respectively, per 100,000 population.