

Data table for Figure 17. Health insurance coverage among adults aged 18–64, by state Medicaid expansion status: United States, 2013 and 2014

Excel and PowerPoint: <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus/contents2015.htm#fig17>

<i>Medicaid expansion status and insurance coverage</i>	<i>2013</i>		<i>2014</i>	
	<i>Percent</i>	<i>SE</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>SE</i>
States that expanded Medicaid program				
Private	65.8	0.5	68.2	0.5
Medicaid	11.9	0.3	14.9	0.4
Uninsured	18.5	0.3	13.4	0.3
States that did not expand Medicaid program				
Private	64.3	0.6	66.6	0.6
Medicaid	7.7	0.2	8.3	0.3
Uninsured	22.7	0.5	19.6	0.4

SE is standard error.

NOTES: Insurance categories are mutually exclusive. Insurance is at the time of interview. See Appendix II, Health insurance coverage. Under provisions of the Affordable Care Act (ACA) of 2010 (P.L. 111–148, P.L. 111–152), states are authorized to expand Medicaid to a new adult population. There is no deadline for states to implement the Medicaid expansion, and they may do so at any time. States were classified based on their decision to expand Medicaid as of January 1, 2014. As of January 1, 2014, 25 states and the District of Columbia have expanded their Medicaid program (40). They were: Arizona, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, District of Columbia, Hawaii, Illinois, Iowa, Kentucky, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Nevada, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Oregon, Rhode Island, Vermont, Washington, and West Virginia. States that had not expanded their Medicaid programs as of January 1, 2014, were: Alabama, Alaska, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Indiana, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, New Hampshire, North Carolina, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Virginia, Wisconsin, and Wyoming.

SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey. See Appendix I, National Health Interview Survey (NHIS).