Table 48 (page 1 of 2). Vision limitations among adults aged 18 and over, by selected characteristics: United States, selected years 1997–2013

Updated data when available, Excel, PDF, more data years, and standard errors: http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus/contents2014.htm#048.

[Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population]

Characteristic	Any trouble seeing, even with glasses or contacts 1									
	1997	2000	2005	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
	Percent of adults									
18 years and over, age-adjusted ^{2,3}	10.0 9.8	9.0 8.9	9.2 9.3	9.9 10.0	10.9 11.2	8.3 8.6	9.1 9.4	8.8 9.2	8.4 8.8	8.7 9.1
Age										
18–44 years 18–24 years 25–44 years 45–64 years 45–54 years 55–64 years 65 years and over 65–74 years 75 years and over	6.2 5.4 6.5 12.0 12.2 11.6 18.1 14.2 23.1	5.3 4.2 5.7 10.7 10.9 10.5 17.4 13.6 21.9	5.5 5.0 5.7 11.2 11.0 11.5 17.4 13.2 22.0	6.9 6.8 12.2 12.3 12.1 15.3 12.9 17.9	7.2 7.8 7.0 13.8 13.3 14.4 17.5 14.3 21.1	5.3 4.8 5.6 10.8 10.5 11.2 13.1 10.3 16.5	6.2 5.8 6.3 11.6 10.7 12.7 13.9 12.2 16.1	5.5 5.2 5.6 12.0 11.7 12.4 13.6 12.2 15.2	5.4 5.1 5.5 11.3 11.2 11.5 12.7 11.0 14.9	5.5 5.5 5.5 11.1 10.6 11.7 14.3 11.5 18.0
Sex ²										
Male	8.8 11.1	7.9 10.1	7.9 10.5	8.5 11.2	9.3 12.5	7.2 9.3	7.9 10.3	7.6 10.1	7.1 9.7	7.5 9.8
Sex and age										
Male: 18–44 years 45–54 years 55–64 years 65–74 years 75 years and over	5.3 10.1 10.5 13.2 21.4	4.4 8.8 9.5 12.8 20.7	4.5 8.8 10.5 11.4 20.4	5.6 10.6 10.0 11.4 17.2	6.1 11.3 11.9 11.3 19.8	4.5 9.1 9.7 9.3 15.1	5.2 9.1 10.7 10.5 15.7	4.2 10.4 11.8 9.7 14.9	4.4 9.3 9.8 9.9 12.8	4.5 9.4 10.4 10.9 14.7
Female: 18–44 years 45–54 years 55–64 years 65–74 years 75 years and over	7.1 14.2 12.6 15.0 24.2	6.2 12.8 11.5 14.4 22.7	6.5 13.2 12.4 14.8 23.0	8.1 13.9 14.2 14.2 18.4	8.4 15.2 16.7 16.9 22.0	6.2 11.9 12.6 11.2 17.4	7.1 12.3 14.6 13.6 16.4	6.9 13.0 13.0 14.5 15.4	6.4 12.9 13.1 11.9 16.4	6.5 11.8 12.9 12.1 20.3
Race ^{2,4}										
White only	9.7 12.8 19.2 6.2	8.8 10.6 16.6 6.3	9.1 10.9 *14.9 5.5	9.9 10.5 18.0 5.7	10.9 11.7 14.2 8.9	8.1 10.4 *12.3 5.5	8.8 12.1 15.0 5.3	8.6 10.8 15.0 6.3	8.4 9.2 13.0 5.7	8.7 10.0 13.7 4.9
Islander only		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
2 or more races		16.2	16.4	16.9	16.1	14.8	13.1	12.4	15.6	11.8
Hispanic origin and race ^{2,4}	10.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	40.4	0.7	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.7
Hispanic or Latino	10.0 10.2 10.0 9.8 12.8	9.7 8.3 9.1 8.9 10.6	9.6 9.9 9.2 9.1 10.9	9.9 10.1 10.0 10.1 10.6	10.4 10.4 11.0 11.1 11.7	8.7 8.7 8.3 8.1 10.5	9.2 9.0 9.2 8.9 12.2	9.4 10.4 8.8 8.6 10.7	9.4 9.3 8.4 8.4 9.3	9.7 10.9 8.6 8.6 10.1
Education 5,6										
25 years of age and over: No high school diploma or GED	15.0 10.6 8.9	12.2 9.5 8.9	13.5 10.3 8.6	13.4 10.9 9.2	15.9 11.2 10.4	12.6 9.2 7.6	14.1 10.5 8.0	13.9 10.4 7.9	12.9 9.3 7.9	12.8 10.0 8.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Health, United States, 2014 Trend Tables

Table 48 (page 2 of 2). Vision limitations among adults aged 18 and over, by selected characteristics: United States, selected years 1997–2013

Updated data when available, Excel, PDF, more data years, and standard errors: http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus/contents2014.htm#048.

[Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population]

Characteristic	Any trouble seeing, even with glasses or contacts ¹									
	1997	2000	2005	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Percent of poverty level ^{2,7}	Percent of adults									
Below 100%.	17.0	12.9	15.3	15.0	16.7	14.3	14.8	14.2	13.7	15.6
100%–199%.	12.9	11.6	11.5	13.0	14.2	11.1	12.2	11.5	10.9	11.2
200%–399%.	9.1	8.8	8.9	9.4	11.3	8.0	9.0	8.7	7.9	7.6
400% or more	7.3	7.1	6.9	7.8	7.8	5.7	6.4	6.0	6.1	6.4
Hispanic origin and race and percent of poverty level ^{2,4,7}										
Hispanic or Latino: Below 100% 100%–199% 200%–399% 400% or more	12.8	11.0	13.6	13.4	12.9	12.2	10.8	13.9	13.1	13.1
	11.2	9.4	8.8	11.1	11.3	8.1	10.8	9.6	10.0	10.6
	8.1	9.2	8.2	7.2	10.2	9.0	8.9	8.3	6.8	7.4
	*8.1	10.5	8.0	10.6	7.5	*4.6	5.3	5.1	7.8	9.0
Not Hispanic or Latino: White only: Below 100% 100%—199% 200%—399% 400% or more	17.9	13.1	16.2	16.3	19.5	13.4	16.8	14.4	14.5	17.7
	13.1	12.0	12.7	14.2	15.6	12.1	12.6	12.3	11.7	11.8
	9.2	9.2	9.0	10.3	11.5	8.3	8.8	9.0	8.5	7.8
	7.3	7.0	6.9	7.7	7.9	5.8	6.7	5.9	6.0	6.4
Black or African American only: Below 100%	17.9	13.6	16.0	15.1	16.9	17.8	15.8	15.5	13.7	15.3
	16.0	12.9	11.3	14.0	14.5	11.7	14.9	12.3	11.3	11.4
	9.3	7.7	9.7	7.3	9.8	8.1	12.0	8.5	6.8	8.0
	7.7	8.3	6.4	6.9	7.4	5.6	6.6	8.6	6.4	6.7
Geographic region ²										
Northeast	8.6	7.4	8.1	8.1	9.3	7.3	7.8	7.6	6.4	7.4
	9.5	9.6	9.7	10.3	10.7	8.2	9.1	8.7	8.7	9.0
	11.4	9.2	9.8	10.1	12.4	8.7	10.6	9.4	9.1	8.9
	9.7	9.9	8.6	10.5	10.2	8.6	8.0	9.1	8.9	9.1
Location of residence 2,8										
Within MSA	9.5	8.5	8.6	9.6	10.6	8.2	8.6	8.6	8.2	8.4
	12.0	11.1	11.7	11.4	12.5	9.0	11.6	10.3	9.8	10.6

^{*} Estimates are considered unreliable. Data preceded by an asterisk have a relative standard error (RSE) of 20%-30%. Data not shown have an RSE greater than 30%.

NOTES: Standard errors are available in the spreadsheet version of this table. Available from: http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus.htm. Data for additional years are available. See the Excel spreadsheet on the *Health*, *United States* website at: http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus.htm.

SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, sample adult questionnaire. See Appendix I, National Health Interview Survey (NHIS).

Trend Tables Health, United States, 2014

^{- - -} Data not available.

¹Respondents were asked, "Do you have any trouble seeing, even when wearing glasses or contact lenses?" Respondents were also asked, "Are you blind or unable to see at all?" In this analysis, any trouble seeing and blind are combined into one category.

²Estimates are age-adjusted to the year 2000 standard population using five age groups: 18–44 years, 45–54 years, 55–64 years, 65–74 years, and 75 years and over. Age-adjusted estimates in this table may differ from other age-adjusted estimates based on the same data and presented elsewhere if different age groups are used in the adjustment procedure. See Appendix II, Age adjustment.

³Includes all other races not shown separately and unknown education level.

And the race groups, white, black, American Indian or Alaska Native, Asian, Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander, and 2 or more races, include persons of Hispanic and non-Hispanic origin. Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Starting with 1999 data, race-specific estimates are tabulated according to the 1997 Revisions to the Standards for the Classification of Federal Data on Race and Ethnicity and are not strictly comparable with estimates for earlier years. The five single-race categories plus multiple-race categories shown in the table conform to the 1997 Standards. Starting with 1999 data, race-specific estimates are for persons who reported only one racial group; the category 2 or more races includes persons who reported more than one racial group. Prior to 1999, data were tabulated according to the 1977 Standards with four racial groups, and the Asian only category included Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander. Estimates for single-race categories prior to 1999 included persons who reported one race or, if they reported more than one race, identified one race as best representing their race. Starting with 2003 data, race responses of other race and unspecified multiple race were treated as missing, and then race was imputed if these were the only race responses. Almost all persons with a race response of other race were of Hispanic origin. See Appendix II, Hispanic origin; Race.

⁵Estimates are for persons aged 25 and over and are age-adjusted to the year 2000 standard population using five age groups: 25–44 years, 45–54 years, 55–64 years, 65–74 years, and 75 years and over. See Appendix II, Age adjustment.

⁶GED is General Educational Development high school equivalency diploma. See Appendix II, Education.

Percent of poverty level is based on family income and family size and composition using U.S. Census Bureau poverty thresholds. Missing family income data were imputed for 1997 and beyond. See Appendix II, Family income; Poverty; Table VI.

⁸MSA is metropolitan statistical area. Starting with 2006 data, MSA status is determined using 2000 census data and the 2000 standards for defining MSAs. For data prior to 2006, see Appendix II, Metropolitan statistical area (MSA) for the applicable standards.