

**Data table for Figure 26. Antibiotics ordered or provided during emergency department, outpatient, and physician visits for cold symptom diagnoses, by age: United States, average annual, 1995–1996 through 2009–2010**

Excel and PowerPoint: <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus/contents2013.htm#fig26>

Year	All ages		Under 18 years		18 years and over	
	Percent of visits for colds	Standard error	Percent of visits for colds	Standard error	Percent of visits for colds	Standard error
1995–1996	44.7	3.0	37.5	4.3	58.5	3.4
1997–1998	36.5	2.6	26.8	2.8	52.0	3.9
1999–2000	27.7	2.8	20.4	2.5	37.8	5.1
2001–2002	36.1	3.0	26.8	2.8	52.9	4.9
2003–2004	30.4	3.6	20.9	3.0	45.1	6.3
2005–2006	27.1	2.9	14.8	2.4	44.1	4.4
2007–2008	32.1	2.3	26.3	2.9	42.5	3.8
2009–2010	27.1	2.8	21.5	2.9	39.5	4.3

NOTES: Visits for cold symptoms are those with the 9th Revision of the *International Classification of Diseases, Clinical Modification* codes 460 [acute nasopharyngitis (common cold)] or 465 (acute upper respiratory infections) and no other diagnoses. Until 2002, up to six prescription and nonprescription medications were recorded on the patient record form (PRF). Starting with 2003 data, up to eight prescription and nonprescription medications are recorded on the PRF. To be consistent over time, only the first six medication fields were considered. Antibiotics were identified based on drug codes. For a list of drug codes included, see [Technical Notes](#). Visits with unknown drug codes (99980 and 99999) were excluded.

SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Ambulatory Medical Care Survey, National Hospital Ambulatory Medical Care Survey: Emergency Department and Outpatient Components. See [Appendix I, National Ambulatory Medical Care Survey \(NAMCS\)](#); [National Hospital Ambulatory Medical Care Survey \(NHAMCS\)](#).

**Data table for Figure 27. Computerized systems for prescription drugs, by provider and system type: United States, 2010**

Excel and PowerPoint: <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus/contents2013.htm#fig27>

System type	Provider type							
	Physician offices		Hospital outpatient departments		Hospital emergency departments		Residential care facilities <sup>1</sup>	
	Percent of providers	Standard error	Percent of providers	Standard error	Percent of providers	Standard error	Percent of providers	Standard error
Ordering prescriptions	53.7	2.0	50.3	4.5	58.1	4.6	19.7	0.9
Warning of drug interactions and contraindications	46.0	2.0	38.7	4.5	45.9	4.6	17.9	0.9
Submitting prescriptions electronically to pharmacy	44.6	2.0	30.3	4.5	19.7	2.9	8.2	0.6
Including patient's allergies and current medications (in clinical notes system)	51.0	2.0	56.4	5.0	66.0	4.3	28.3	1.1
All four system types	33.3	1.8	24.3	4.3	15.7	2.5	3.3	0.4

<sup>1</sup>Includes residential care facilities, assisted living residences, board and care homes, and other licensed shared housing establishments that offer help with personal care or health-related services and other services. Residences licensed to serve exclusively persons with mental illness, mental retardation, or developmental disabilities are excluded.

NOTE: For variables used, see [Technical Notes](#).

SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Ambulatory Medical Care Survey, National Hospital Ambulatory Medical Care Survey: Emergency Department and Outpatient Components, and National Survey of Residential Care Facilities. See [Appendix I, National Ambulatory Medical Care Survey \(NAMCS\)](#); [National Hospital Ambulatory Medical Care Survey \(NHAMCS\)](#); and [National Survey of Residential Care Facilities \(NSRCF\)](#).