

Data table for Figure 29. Emergency department expenditures, dollars per visit, by age (excluding visits resulting in inpatient admission): United States, 2000 and 2010

Excel and PowerPoint: <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus/contents2012.htm#fig29>

Age	2000 ¹		2010	
	Mean	Standard error	Mean	Standard error
	Dollars (2010\$)			
Total	\$546	21	\$969	37
Under 18 years	459	41	542	34
18–64 years	539	21	1,097	53
65 years and over	720	65	1,062	87
	Median	Standard error	Median	Standard error
Total	\$298	10	\$425	14
Under 18 years	254	13	301	18
18–64 years	305	13	449	20
65 years and over	350	30	517	26

¹Expenditure data for 2000 were adjusted by the gross domestic product (GDP) implicit price deflator from the National Income and Product Accounts Tables, Bureau of Economic Analysis, Department of Commerce.

NOTES: Excludes visits where the patient was admitted or transferred to hospital. Hospital inpatient admissions following an emergency department visit are more likely for older, sicker patients.

SOURCE: Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, Center for Financing, Access, and Cost Trends, Medical Expenditure Panel Survey. See [Appendix I, Medical Expenditure Panel Survey \(MEPS\)](#).

References (continued from [Figure 29](#) text)

- Machlin S, Chowdhury S. Expenses and characteristics of physician visits in different ambulatory care settings, 2008. Rockville, MD: Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, Medical Expenditure Panel Survey; 2011. Statistical Brief no. 318. Available from: http://meps.ahrq.gov/mepsweb/data_files/publications/st318/stat318.pdf.