

Table 58 (page 1 of 2). Use of selected substances in the past month among persons aged 12 and over, by age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin: United States, selected years 2002–2012

Updated data when available, Excel, PDF, and more data years: <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus/contents2012.htm#058>.

[Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population aged 12 and over]

Age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin	Any illicit drug ¹			Marijuana			Nonmedical use of any psychotherapeutic drug ²		
	2002	2011	2012	2002	2011	2012	2002	2011	2012
Percent of population									
12 years and over	8.3	8.7	9.2	6.2	7.0	7.3	2.7	2.4	2.6
Age									
12–13 years	4.2	3.3	3.5	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.7	1.3	1.7
14–15 years	11.2	9.2	8.2	7.6	6.7	6.1	4.0	2.6	2.5
16–17 years	19.8	17.2	16.6	15.7	15.1	14.0	6.3	4.2	4.0
18–25 years	20.2	21.4	21.3	17.3	19.0	18.7	5.5	5.0	5.3
26–34 years	10.5	12.9	13.8	7.7	10.2	11.3	3.7	3.9	4.1
35 years and over	4.6	4.9	5.5	3.1	3.6	3.9	1.6	1.4	1.7
Sex									
Male	10.3	11.1	11.6	8.1	9.3	9.6	2.8	2.6	2.8
Female	6.4	6.5	6.9	4.4	4.9	5.0	2.6	2.2	2.4
Age and sex									
12–17 years	11.6	10.1	9.5	8.2	7.9	7.2	4.0	2.8	2.8
Male	12.3	10.8	9.6	9.1	9.0	7.5	3.6	2.4	2.4
Female	10.9	9.3	9.5	7.2	6.7	7.0	4.4	3.2	3.2
Hispanic origin and race ³									
Not Hispanic or Latino:									
White only	8.5	8.7	9.2	6.5	7.1	7.4	2.8	2.6	2.8
Black or African American only	9.7	10.0	11.3	7.4	8.4	9.1	2.0	1.6	2.3
American Indian or Alaska Native only	10.1	13.4	12.7	6.7	8.6	9.4	3.2	6.0	4.7
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific									
Islander only	7.9	11.0	7.8	4.4	8.7	6.8	3.8	3.7	1.3
Asian only	3.5	3.8	3.7	1.8	2.9	2.5	0.7	0.9	1.2
2 or more races	11.4	13.5	14.8	9.0	11.8	13.1	3.5	3.2	2.4
Hispanic or Latino	7.2	8.4	8.3	4.3	6.3	6.2	2.9	2.2	2.4

Age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin	Alcohol use			Binge alcohol use ⁴			Heavy alcohol use ⁵		
	2002	2011	2012	2002	2011	2012	2002	2011	2012
Percent of population									
12 years and over	51.0	51.8	52.1	22.9	22.6	23.0	6.7	6.2	6.5
Age									
12–13 years	4.3	2.5	2.2	1.8	1.1	0.9	0.3	0.1	0.2
14–15 years	16.6	11.3	11.1	9.2	5.7	5.4	1.9	0.9	0.6
16–17 years	32.6	25.3	24.8	21.4	15.0	15.0	5.6	3.4	3.1
18–25 years	60.5	60.7	60.2	40.9	39.8	39.5	14.9	12.1	12.7
26–34 years	61.4	63.8	64.5	33.1	35.7	35.6	9.0	10.5	9.4
35 years and over	52.1	53.1	53.6	18.6	18.4	19.0	5.2	4.6	5.4
Sex									
Male	57.4	56.8	56.5	31.2	30.0	30.4	10.8	9.4	9.9
Female	44.9	47.1	47.9	15.1	15.8	16.0	3.0	3.2	3.4
Age and sex									
12–17 years	17.6	13.3	12.9	10.7	7.4	7.2	2.5	1.5	1.3
Male	17.4	13.3	12.6	11.4	7.9	7.4	3.1	1.8	1.4
Female	17.9	13.3	13.2	9.9	6.9	7.0	1.9	1.2	1.2
Hispanic origin and race ³									
Not Hispanic or Latino:									
White only	55.0	56.8	57.4	23.4	23.9	23.9	7.5	7.1	7.6
Black or African American only	39.9	42.1	43.2	21.0	19.4	20.6	4.4	4.0	4.5
American Indian or Alaska Native only	44.7	44.7	41.7	27.9	24.3	30.2	8.7	11.6	8.5
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific									
Islander only	*	*	*	25.2	*	*	8.3	10.5	4.8
Asian only	37.1	40.0	36.9	12.4	11.6	12.7	2.6	1.6	1.7
2 or more races	49.9	46.9	51.9	19.8	18.6	25.1	7.5	5.1	6.8
Hispanic or Latino	42.8	42.5	41.8	24.8	23.4	23.2	5.9	5.0	5.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 58 (page 2 of 2). Use of selected substances in the past month among persons aged 12 and over, by age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin: United States, selected years 2002–2012

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[Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population aged 12 and over]

Age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin	Any tobacco ⁶			Cigarettes			Cigars		
	2002	2011	2012	2002	2011	2012	2002	2011	2012
Percent of population									
12 years and over	30.4	26.5	26.7	26.0	22.1	22.1	5.4	5.0	5.2
Age									
12–13 years	3.8	1.9	1.6	3.2	1.4	1.2	0.7	0.6	0.4
14–15 years	13.4	7.9	6.3	11.2	6.0	4.6	3.8	2.5	1.7
16–17 years	29.0	19.4	17.6	24.9	15.4	13.6	9.3	6.9	5.6
18–25 years	45.3	39.5	38.1	40.8	33.5	31.8	11.0	10.9	10.7
26–34 years	38.2	37.1	37.5	32.7	31.6	32.6	6.6	7.6	7.3
35 years and over	27.9	23.9	24.7	23.4	19.7	20.1	4.1	3.4	3.9
Sex									
Male	37.0	32.3	33.0	28.7	24.3	24.6	9.4	8.2	8.5
Female	24.3	21.1	20.9	23.4	19.9	19.8	1.7	2.0	2.0
Age and sex									
12–17 years	15.2	10.0	8.6	13.0	7.8	6.6	4.5	3.4	2.6
Male	16.0	11.6	10.0	12.3	8.2	6.8	6.2	4.4	3.5
Female	14.4	8.3	7.2	13.6	7.3	6.3	2.7	2.4	1.6
Hispanic origin and race ³									
Not Hispanic or Latino:									
White only	32.0	28.6	29.2	26.9	23.5	23.7	5.5	5.0	5.3
Black or African American only	28.8	26.2	27.2	25.3	21.5	23.0	6.8	7.5	7.0
American Indian or Alaska Native only	44.3	43.0	48.4	37.1	36.5	39.0	5.2	5.6	7.4
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander only	28.8	28.4	*	*	18.4	*	4.1	5.9	3.5
Asian only	18.6	13.0	10.8	17.7	11.7	9.4	1.1	1.3	1.5
2 or more races	38.1	36.1	37.3	35.0	29.4	34.5	5.5	9.0	7.9
Hispanic or Latino	25.2	20.4	19.2	23.0	18.5	16.8	5.0	4.0	3.9

* Estimates are considered unreliable. Data not shown if the relative standard error is greater than 17.5% of the log transformation of the proportion, the minimum effective sample size is less than 68, the minimum nominal sample size is less than 100, or the prevalence is close to 0% or 100%.

¹Any illicit drug includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens (including LSD and PCP), inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic drug used nonmedically. See [Appendix II, Illicit drug use](#).

²Nonmedical use of prescription-type psychotherapeutic drugs includes the nonmedical use of pain relievers, tranquilizers, stimulants, or sedatives and does not include over-the-counter drugs. Special questions on methamphetamine were added in 2005 and 2006. Data for years prior to 2007 have been adjusted for comparability.

³Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Data on race and Hispanic origin were collected using the 1997 *Revisions to the Standards for the Classification of Federal Data on Race and Ethnicity*. Single-race categories shown include persons who reported only one racial group. The category 2 or more races includes persons who reported more than one racial group. See [Appendix II, Hispanic origin; Race](#).

⁴Binge alcohol use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion on at least 1 day in the past 30 days. Occasion is defined as at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other. See [Appendix II, Alcohol consumption; Binge drinking](#).

⁵Heavy alcohol use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion on each of 5 or more days in the past 30 days. By definition, all heavy alcohol users are also binge alcohol users.

⁶Any tobacco product includes cigarettes, smokeless tobacco (i.e., chewing tobacco or snuff), cigars, or pipe tobacco. See [Appendix II, Cigarette smoking](#).

NOTES: The National Survey on Drug Use & Health (NSDUH), formerly called the National Household Survey on Drug Abuse (NHSDA), began a new baseline in 2002 and cannot be compared with previous years. Starting with 2011 data, 2010-census based control totals were used in the weighting process. Because of methodological differences among the National Survey on Drug Use & Health, the Monitoring the Future (MTF) Study, and the Youth Risk Behavior Survey (YRBS), rates of substance use measured by these surveys are not directly comparable. See [Appendix I, Monitoring the Future \(MTF\) Study; National Survey on Drug Use & Health \(NSDUH\); Youth Risk Behavior Survey \(YRBS\)](#). See [Appendix II, Substance use](#). Data for additional years are available. See the Excel spreadsheet on the [Health, United States](http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus.htm) website at: <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus.htm>.

SOURCE: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, National Survey on Drug Use & Health. Available from: <http://www.samhsa.gov/data/NSDUH.aspx>. See [Appendix I, National Survey on Drug Use & Health \(NSDUH\)](#).