Data table for Figure 35. Two or more selected chronic health conditions among adults 45–64 years of age, by percent of poverty level: United States, 1999–2000 and 2009–2010

Excel and PowerPoint: http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus/contents2011.htm#fig35

Percent of poverty level	1999–2000		2009–2010	
	Percent	SE	Percent	SE
45–64 years	16.1	0.3	21.0	0.4
Below 100%	30.6	1.3	33.4	1.3
100%–199%	23.8	1.1	29.8	1.1
200%–399%	16.9	0.6	21.2	0.7
400% or more	11.5	0.4	15.7	0.5

NOTES: SE is standard error. Data are for the civilian noninstitutionalized population. The nine possible selected chronic conditions were based on respondent's report to the following questions: "Have you ever been told by a doctor or other health professional that you had: "...hypertension, also called high blood pressure?" Were you told on two or more different visits that you had hypertension, also called high blood pressure?"; "...coronary heart disease?"; "...angina, also called angina pectoris?"; "...a heart attack (also called myocardial infarction)?"; "...any kind of heart condition or heart disease (other than the ones that I just asked about?)"; "...a stroke?"; "...emphysema?"; "...other than during pregnancy, diabetes or sugar diabetes?"; "...cancer or a malignancy of any kind?"; "What kind of cancer was it?". Respondents were also asked the following questions about the past year: "During the past 12 months, have you had an episode of asthma or an asthma attack?"; "During the past 12 months, have you been told by a doctor or other health professional that you had chronic bronchitis?"; "...weak or failing kidneys? Do not include kidney stones, bladder infections, or incontinence." The four types of heart disease questions were combined into one variable to indicate heart disease. For hypertension, respondents had to have been told on two or more different visits. Persons who responded borderline diabetes were recoded to no for diabetes. Persons who responded yes to only nonmelanoma skin cancer were recoded to no for cancer. Adults had to be known on two or more of the selected nine conditions to be included in the analysis. Percent of poverty level is based on family income and family size and composition using U.S. Census Bureau poverty thresholds. Missing family income data were imputed for 1999–2000 and 2009–2010. See Appendix II, Family income; Poverty; Table VI.

SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey. See Appendix I, National Health Interview Survey (NHIS).

References (continued from Figure 35 text)

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