

**Data table for Figure 32. Life expectancy at age 25, by sex and education level: United States, 1996 and 2006**

Excel and PowerPoint: <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus/contents2011.htm#fig32>

<i>Education level</i>	<i>Years of expected life remaining at age 25</i>							
	<i>1996</i>				<i>2006</i>			
	<i>Men</i>		<i>Women</i>		<i>Men</i>		<i>Women</i>	
	<i>Years</i>	<i>SE</i>	<i>Years</i>	<i>SE</i>	<i>Years</i>	<i>SE</i>	<i>Years</i>	<i>SE</i>
No high school diploma . . . . .	47.0	0.3	53.0	0.3	47.1	0.4	51.7	0.5
High school graduate or GED. . . . .	50.4	0.2	56.6	0.2	51.4	0.3	57.0	0.3
Some college . . . . .	51.3	0.3	58.0	0.3	52.3	0.4	58.1	0.3
Bachelor's degree or higher . . . . .	54.4	0.3	58.8	0.4	56.4	0.3	60.3	0.4

NOTES: SE is standard error; GED is General Educational Development high school equivalency diploma. Data are for the civilian noninstitutionalized population. NHIS years 1990–1994 were pooled with mortality follow-up through December 31, 1996. NHIS years 2000–2004 were pooled with mortality follow-up through December 31, 2006. Education is based on respondent-reported data in the National Health Interview Survey (NHIS). This sample is restricted to NHIS adults 25 years and older who were eligible for mortality follow-up and not missing information on education or marital status. Life expectancy was estimated using a person-year approach to calculate standard life-table functions (U.S. Bureau of the Census, 1971; Chiang, 1984). For more information see: The National Health Interview Survey (1986–2004) Linked Mortality Files, mortality follow-up through 2006: Matching Methodology, May 2009. Hyattsville, Maryland. Available from: [http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/datalinkage/matching\\_methodology\\_nhis\\_final.pdf](http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/datalinkage/matching_methodology_nhis_final.pdf).

SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey Linked Mortality File. See Appendix I, National Health Interview Survey (NHIS) Linked Mortality File.