

Data table for Figure 24. Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder among children 5–17 years of age, by race and Hispanic origin and percent of poverty level: United States, 2009–2010

Excel and PowerPoint: <http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/hus/contents2011.htm#fig24>

<i>Race and Hispanic origin and percent of poverty level</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>SE</i>
All children	9.6	0.3
Below 100%	12.6	0.7
100%–199%	10.7	0.8
200%–399%	8.2	0.5
400% or more	8.0	0.5
Hispanic	5.1	0.4
Below 100%	5.8	1.0
100%–199%	4.9	0.7
200%–399%	3.9	0.7
400% or more	5.8	1.1
White only, not Hispanic	11.2	0.4
Below 100%	18.2	1.7
100%–199%	14.9	1.5
200%–399%	9.7	0.7
400% or more	8.8	0.6
Black or African American only, not Hispanic	11.6	0.7
Below 100%	16.5	1.6
100%–199%	10.3	1.6
200%–399%	8.3	1.2
400% or more	*6.9	1.4
Asian only	*1.2	0.3
Below 100%	*	*
100%–199%	*	*
200%–399%	*	*
400% or more	*	*

* Estimates are considered unreliable. Data preceded by an asterisk have a relative standard error (RSE) of 20%–30%. Data not shown have an RSE of greater than 30%.

NOTES: SE is standard error. Data are for the civilian noninstitutionalized population. Based on a parent or knowledgeable adult responding to the question: “Has a doctor or health professional ever told you that your child has attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD) or attention deficit disorder (ADD)?” Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Asian race includes persons of both Hispanic and non-Hispanic origin. Percent of poverty level is based on family income and family size and composition using U.S. Census Bureau poverty thresholds. Missing family income data were imputed for 2009–2010. See Appendix II, Family income; Hispanic origin; Poverty; Race; Table VI. Also see Table 46.

SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey. See Appendix I, National Health Interview Survey (NHIS).

References (continued from Figure 24 text)

- CDC. Increasing prevalence of parent-reported attention deficit hyperactivity disorder among children—United States, 2003 and 2007. *MMWR* 2010;59(44):1439–43. Available from: <http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/pdf/wk/mm5944.pdf>.
- Pastor PN, Reuben CA. Diagnosed attention deficit hyperactivity disorder and learning disability: United States, 2004–2006. *NCHS. Vital health stat* 2008;10(237). Available from: http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_10/Sr10_237.pdf.
- Froehlich TE, Lanphear BP, Epstein JN, Barbaresi WJ, Katusic SK, Kahn RS. Prevalence, recognition, and treatment of attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder in a national sample of US children. *Arch Pediatr Adolesc Med* 2007;161(9):857–64. Available from: <http://archpedi.ama-assn.org/cgi/reprint/161/9/857>.