Data Brief 486. Trends in Cesarean Delivery: Puerto Rico, 2018–2022

Data table for Figure 1. Cesarean delivery rate: Puerto Rico, 2010–2022

Year	Percent
2010	46.7
2011	46.7
2012	48.4
2013	48.8
2014	48.0
2015	46.7
2016	46.3
2017	46.8
2018	46.3
2019	47.0
2020	48.1
2021	49.6
2022	50.5



Data table for Figure 2. Cesarean delivery	rate, by maternal age group: Puerto Rico,
2018 and 2022	

Age of mother	2018	2022
Younger than 20	37.0	42.3
20–24	42.2	46.3
25–29	46.8	50.1
30–34	49.7	52.8
35–39	56.8	59.8
40 and older	60.6	64.5

## Data table for Figure 3. Cesarean delivery rate, by gestational age: Puerto Rico, 2018 and 2022

Gestational age (completed weeks)	2018	2022
Early preterm	60.0	65.3
Late preterm	55.1	60.1
Early term	45.9	52.1
Full term.	44.5	47.0
Late or post term	42.5	45.9

NOTES: Gestational age is based on the obstetric estimate. Early preterm is less than 34 completed weeks of gestation; late preterm is 34–36 completed weeks; early term is 37–38 completed weeks; full term is 39–40 completed weeks; late or post term is 41 completed weeks or more.

## Data table for Figure 4. Cesarean delivery rate, by municipality of occurrence: Puerto Rico, 2018 and 2022

Municipality	2018	2022
Ponce	39.7	46.1
San Juan	43.0	49.4
Mayagüez	46.2	45.4
Manatí	53.2	54.5
Bayamón	57.1	63.9
Caguas	60.1	61.9

NOTE: The six municipalities shown had more than 1,000 births in 2018 and 2022.