

Data Brief 263: Age Differences in Visits to Office-based Physicians by Adults With Hypertension: United States, 2013

Data table for Figure 1. Percentage of visits to office-based physicians for adults with hypertension, by age and sex: United States, 2013

Age group	Sex	Percent	Standard error
All adults	All	34	1
	Women	31	1
	Men	37	1
18–44	All	9	Less than 1
	Women	7	1
	Men	12	1
45–64	All	34	1
	Women	32	1
	Men	37	1
65–74	All	51	1
	Women	50	1
	Men	53	1
75 and over	All	58	1
	Women	60	1
	Men	55	2

SOURCE: NCHS, National Ambulatory Medical Care Survey, 2013.

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Data table for Figure 2. Percent distribution of number of office-based physician visits in the past 12 months for adults with hypertension, by age: United States, 2013

Age group	Number of office-based physician visits	Percent	Standard error
All	One visit	20	1
	Two visits	17	1
	Three visits	15	1
	Four or more visits	47	1
18–44	One visit	26	2
	Two visits	17	2
	Three visits	14	1
	Four or more visits	43	2
45–64	One visit	22	1
	Two visits	18	1
	Three visits	17	1
	Four or more visits	43	2
65–74	One visit	20	1
	Two visits	17	1
	Three visits	15	1
	Four or more visits	49	1
75 and over	One visit	17	1
	Two visits	16	1
	Three visits	14	1
	Four or more visits	53	2

NOTE: Visits made in the past 12 months include the current visit.

SOURCE: NCHS, National Ambulatory Medical Care Survey, 2013.

Data table for Figure 3. Percent distribution of number of hypertensive medications provided, prescribed, or continued at office-based physician visits for adults with hypertension, by age: United States, 2013

Age group	Number of hypertensive medications	Percent	Standard error
All	No hypertensive drugs	38	1
	One hypertensive drug	29	1
	Two hypertensive drugs	21	1
	Three or more hypertensive drugs	12	1
18–44	No hypertensive drugs	50	2
	One hypertensive drug	32	2
	Two hypertensive drugs	13	1
	Three or more hypertensive drugs	5	1
45–64	No hypertensive drugs	40	2
	One hypertensive drug	33	1
	Two hypertensive drugs	18	1
	Three or more hypertensive drugs	9	1
65–74	No hypertensive drugs	36	2
	One hypertensive drug	28	1
	Two hypertensive drugs	24	1
	Three or more hypertensive drugs	12	1
75 and over	No hypertensive drugs	35	2
	One hypertensive drug	24	1
	Two hypertensive drugs	22	1
	Three or more hypertensive drugs	18	1

SOURCE: NCHS, National Ambulatory Medical Care Survey, 2013.

Data table for Figure 4. Percent distribution of number of diagnosed chronic conditions at office-based physician visits for adults with hypertension, by age: United States, 2013

Age group	Number of diagnosed chronic conditions	Percent	Standard error
All	One	18	1
	Two	30	1
	Three	27	1
	Four or more	25	1
18-44	One	39	2
	Two	33	2
	Three	18	2
	Four or more	10	1
45-64	One	19	1
	Two	32	1
	Three	26	1
	Four or more	23	1
65-74	One	14	1
	Two	29	1
	Three	28	1
	Four or more	28	2
75 and over	One	14	1
	Two	29	1
	Three	29	1
	Four or more	28	1

SOURCE: NCHS, National Ambulatory Medical Care Survey, 2013.

Data table for Figure 5. Percentage of visits to office-based physicians for adults with hypertension having a primary diagnosis of diseases of the circulatory system, by age: United States, 2013

Age group	Number of diagnosed chronic conditions	Percent	Standard error
All	Diseases of the circulatory system	25	1
	Essential hypertension	15	1
	Heart disease	7	1
18–44	Diseases of the circulatory system	23	2
	Essential hypertension	20	2
	Heart disease	*	1
45–64	Diseases of the circulatory system	23	1
	Essential hypertension	15	1
	Heart disease	6	1
65–74	Diseases of the circulatory system	26	2
	Essential hypertension	15	1
	Heart disease	8	1
75 and over	Diseases of the circulatory system	29	2
	Essential hypertension	15	1
	Heart disease	10	1

* Estimate does not meet standards of reliability or precision.

NOTES: Diagnosis definitions are based on the *International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification* (ICD–9–CM) for the first-listed visit diagnosis. Visits for diseases of the circulatory system are defined as codes 390–459; visits for essential hypertension are defined as code 401; and visits for heart disease are defined as codes 391–392.0, 393–398, 402, 410–416, and 420–429.

SOURCE: NCHS, National Ambulatory Medical Care Survey, 2013.