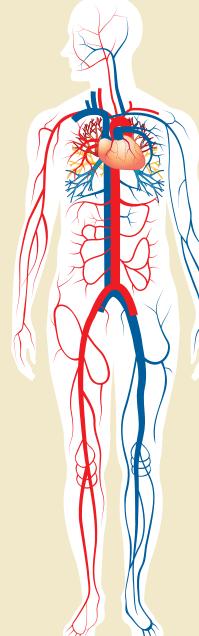
## **CDC'S ENVIRONMENTAL PUBLIC HEALTH TRACKING**

## HEART HEALTH-





## **HEART ATTACK:**

Also known as myocardial infarction

## **WHAT HAPPENS?**

The blood supply to part of the heart is interrupted. This causes an oxygen shortage to the heart muscle, causing damage and potential death to heart tissue.

## **ENVIRONMENTAL RISK FACTOR:**

Short- and long-term exposure to present day concentrations of ambient particulate matter.

# THREE FACTORS AFFECTING ENVIRONMENTAL RISK



Amount of Air Pollution



**Amount of Personal Exposure** 



**Overall Health** 

## <u>WHO'S AT RISK?</u>

#### THOSE WHO HAVE:

- High blood pressure
- High blood cholesterol
- Diabetes
- Exposure to cigarette smoke (first- or second-hand)
- Poor diet
- Physical inactivity
- Obesity
- Excessive alcohol consumption
- Family history of cardiovascular disease

## WHAT CAN YOU DO TO LIMIT ENVIRONMENTAL RISKS?

Use the Air Quality Index to know when air pollution may be bad in your area

Plan activities when and where pollution levels are lower, usually in the morning and evening

Adjust activity level based on the Air Quality Index

Exercise away from roads and highways where air pollution is usually worse

Do easier outdoor activities like walking instead of running or using a riding lawn mower instead of a push mower

Visit CDC's Environmental Public Health Tracking

Network to learn more about heart health www.cdc.gov/ephtracking

