Table~2. Levels of Metals a $(\mu g/L)^{\underline{b}}$ in Urine and Blood of People Living in the United States and People Living in Churchill County, Nevada

| | United States ² | | Churchill County | | |
|------------------|---|-----------------------------|--|--|---------------------|
| Metal | Geometric Mean (95% Confidence Interval) ^d | 95 th Percentile | Geometric Mean (95% Confidence Interval) | % > U.S. 95 th or Health Value | Comparison |
| Antimony | 0.11 (0.10-0.13) | 0.41 (0.39-0.46) | 0.15 (0.14-0.16) | 4.4 | H <u>e</u> |
| Arsenic | $NA^{\underline{f}}$ | 50.0^{g} | 34.61 (28.07–42.68) | 34.0 ^g | Н |
| Barium | 1.15 (0.96–1.38) | 6.60 (6.0-8.30) | 2.45 (2.10-2.85) | 14.3 | Н |
| Cadmium (urine) | 0.33 (0.31-0.35) | 2.0^{h} | 0.31 (0.28-0.34) | 0.0 | <u>—i</u> |
| Cadmium (blood) | 0.41 (0.39-0.44) | 5.0 ^{<u>h</u>} | NC ⁱ | 0.0 | $L^{\underline{k}}$ |
| Cesium | 4.34 (4.06–4.63) | 11.40 (10.30–12.50) | 5.98 (5.43-6.58) | 11.8 | Н |
| Chromium | NA | NA | NC | NA | NA |
| Cobalt | 0.37 (0.35-0.40) | 1.32 (1.16–1.45) | 0.56 (0.50-0.62) | 7.4 | Н |
| Lead (urine) | 0.76 (0.71-0.81) | 25.0 ^{<u>h</u>} | 0.68 (0.61-0.76) | 0.0 | _ |
| Lead (blood) | 1.66 (1.58–1.73) | 10.0^{g} | 1.11 (1.02–1.21) | 0.0 | L |
| Manganese | NA | NA | 0.73 (0.67-0.80) | NA | NA |
| Mercury (urine) | 0.72 (0.64-0.81) | 20.0^{g} | 0.38 (0.32-0.44) | 0.0 | L |
| Mercury (blood) | 0.34 (0.30–0.39) 1-5 yrs 1.02 (0.81–1.22) 16- 49 yrs | 10.0 ^g | 0.32 (0.22–0.45) 0.76 (0.65–0.88) | 0.0 0.0 | |
| Molybdenum | 34.3 (29.4–40.1) | 174 (153–201) | 62.14 (53.52–72.15) | 9.9 | Н |
| Nickel | NA | 5.0 ¹ | NC | 3.5 | L |
| Selenium (serum) | NA | 179.0 ^m | 121.02 (118.56–123.50) | 0.0 | L |
| Thallium | 0.17 (0.16-0.18) | 0.45 (0.42–0.47) | 0.16 (0.15-0.18) | 2.0 | _ |
| Tungsten | 0.08 (0.07-0.09) | 0.48 (0.41–0.55) | 1.19 (0.89–1.59) | 68.5 | Н |
| Uranium | 0.007 (0.006-0.008) | 0.05 (0.04-0.05) | 0.02 (0.02-0.03) | 23.7 | Н |

- a Urine levels are noncreatinine adjusted. Blood levels are not lipid-adjusted.
- b Micrograms per liter
- c U.S. values are from the Second National Report on Human Exposure to Environmental Chemicals, 2003.
- d The interval of numbers in which we are 95% assured the value is contained.
- e The lower boundary of the Churchill County confidence interval (CI) was higher than the upper boundary of the CI for the U.S. level or, b) more than 10% of the Churchill County participants had a value above the U.S. 95th percentile.
- f Not available. This metal was not included in the Second National Report on Human Exposure to Environmental Chemicals, 2003.
- Goldfrank L. Goldfrank's Toxicologic Emergencies 7th ed. 2002. McGraw Hill; New York and Haddad L, Shannon M, Winchester J. Haddad's Clinical Management of Poisoning and Drug Overdose. 3rd ed. 1998. WB Saunders Company; Philadelphia.
- h Lauwerys R, Hoet P. In Industrial Chemical Exposure: Guidelines for Biological Monitoring 3rd ed. 2001. Lewis Publishers; Boca Raton, Florida.
- i The Churchill County geometric mean is consistent with national estimates.
- j Not Calculated was used when less than 60% of the study population had detectable levels of this chemical.
- k The upper boundary of the Churchill County CI was below the lower boundary of the CI for the U.S. level and b) less then 10% of the Churchill County participants had a value above the U.S. 95th percentile.
- White M, Sabbioni E. Trace element reference values in tissues from inhabitants of the European Union. Sci Total Environ 1998;216:253-70.
- m Hogberg, J. Selenium. In Handbook on the Toxicology of Metals. 2nd ed.; 1986.