Many American communities lack environments that could support healthy diets and regular physical activity. Healthy dietary and physical activity practices can lower the risk for heart disease, type 2 diabetes, and some cancers.\textsuperscript{1,2}

In addition, excess calorie intake and physical inactivity contribute to obesity, which is associated with some of the leading preventable chronic diseases, including heart disease, stroke, type 2 diabetes, and some cancers. Among adults, the medical costs associated with obesity are an estimated $147 billion.\textsuperscript{1,2,3}

Public health approaches can help make healthy options available, accessible, and affordable. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention’s Division of Nutrition, Physical Activity, and Obesity (DNPAO) supports the nation to establish sustainable programs to improve dietary quality, increase physical activity, and reduce obesity and overweight. DNPAO funds and works with state health departments through a cooperative agreement (State Public Health Actions to Prevent and Control Diabetes, Heart Disease, Obesity and Associated Risk Factors and Promote School Health program).

This profile highlights data on dietary quality, physical activity, and obesity in New York and select activities funded with this cooperative agreement. For more information about CDC’s work to support healthy eating and physical activity, please see the DNPAO website.

### Population Statistics

**Estimated Population of New York:** 19,795,791\textsuperscript{4}

### Adult Statistics

**Dietary Behaviors\textsuperscript{5}**
- 34.5% of adults reported consuming fruit less than one time daily.
- 22.0% of adults reported consuming vegetables less than one time daily.

**Physical Activity\textsuperscript{5}**
- 47.3% of adults achieved the equivalent of at least 150 minutes of moderate intensity physical activity per week.

**Overweight and Obesity\textsuperscript{5}**
- 34.1% of adults were overweight.
- 27.0% of adults had obesity.

### Adolescent Statistics

**Dietary Behaviors\textsuperscript{5}**
- 37.2% of adolescents reported consuming fruit less than one time daily.

### Physical Activity\textsuperscript{5}
- 25.7% of adolescents were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on all 7 days in the past week.

### Overweight and Obesity\textsuperscript{5}
- 13.8% of adolescents were overweight.
- 10.6% of adolescents had obesity.

### Child Statistics

**Breastfeeding\textsuperscript{5}**
- 86.2% of infants were ever breastfed.
- 60.6% of infants were breastfed for at least 6 months.

**Overweight and Obesity\textsuperscript{5}**
- 16.1% of children aged 2 to 4 years in the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC) program were overweight.
- 15.1% of children aged 2 to 4 years in WIC had obesity.
State Activities

New York worked on the following select activities during the first 2 years of the State Public Health Actions program.

- In partnership with SUNY Albany School of Public Health, provided training, technical assistance and resources to contractors, municipalities, hospitals, local health departments, worksites and community-based organizations for three prioritized areas. These include implementation of nutrition guidelines consistent with New York State Council on Food Policy’s guidelines, implementation of complete streets policies, and promotion of breastfeeding in hospital, primary care and worksite settings.

- Implemented Great Beginnings NY, a hospital-based initiative to support a mother’s decision to breastfeed. Sixty-eight New York birthing hospitals participated in the initiative.

- Designated 16 pediatric, family, and obstetric/gynecologic provider practices as Breastfeeding-Friendly, encouraging new mothers before and after birth to breastfeed their infants. Designation as a Breastfeeding Friendly Practice required completion of pre- and post- assessments documenting practice support for breastfeeding, participation in a virtual learning network, and submission of a written office breastfeeding policy.

- In partnership with the statewide obesity prevention coalition Designing a Strong and Healthy New York, published a mandatory daily active recess implementation guide and information sheet for New York elementary schools.

- Funded 25 regional grantees to work in 86 high-need school districts and 230 communities for a coordinated, multi-sector effort to increase demand for and access to healthy food and beverages and improve opportunities for physical activity. A statewide Obesity Prevention Center of Excellence will support the work of the grantees through a collaborative learning community.

References


