



ARIZON NEW MEXICO

OKLAHOMA

ARKANSAS

TENNESSEE

NORTH CAROLINA

SOUTH CAROLINA

S1810

DISABILITY CHARACTERISTICS

2011 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Subject	United States				
	Total		With a disability		Percent with a disability Estimate
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	
Total civilian noninstitutionalized population	306,560,685	+/-15,604	37,188,115	+/-97,849	12.1%
Population under 5 years	20,064,356	+/-19,508	166,470	+/-7,287	0.8%
With a hearing difficulty	(X)	(X)	116,904	+/-6,383	0.6%
With a vision difficulty	(X)	(X)	98,433	+/-6,223	0.5%
Population 5 to 17 years	53,710,173	+/-26,445	2,780,158	+/-29,360	5.2%
With a hearing difficulty	(X)	(X)	338,782	+/-10,307	0.6%
With a vision difficulty	(X)	(X)	419,949	+/-11,182	0.8%
With a cognitive difficulty	(X)	(X)	2,096,304	+/-24,394	3.9%
With an ambulatory difficulty	(X)	(X)	350,779	+/-10,105	0.7%
With a self-care difficulty	(X)	(X)	503,959	+/-12,746	0.9%
Population 18 to 64 years	192,699,903	+/-26,214	19,582,613	+/-71,651	10.2%
With a hearing difficulty	(X)	(X)	3,988,796	+/-37,638	2.1%
With a vision difficulty	(X)	(X)	3,377,037	+/-37,021	1.8%
With a cognitive difficulty	(X)	(X)	8,198,444	+/-44,560	4.3%
With an ambulatory difficulty	(X)	(X)	10,071,515	+/-56,197	5.2%
With a self-care difficulty	(X)	(X)	3,628,054	+/-31,671	1.9%
With an independent living difficulty	(X)	(X)	6,946,046	+/-44,676	3.6%
Population 65 years and over	40,086,253	+/-20,931	14,658,874	+/-40,094	36.6%
With a hearing difficulty	(X)	(X)	6,030,390	+/-37,575	15.0%
With a vision difficulty	(X)	(X)	2,727,843	+/-32,044	6.8%
With a cognitive difficulty	(X)	(X)	3,783,900	+/-30,244	9.4%
With an ambulatory difficulty	(X)	(X)	9,470,278	+/-37,122	23.6%
With a self-care difficulty	(X)	(X)	3,550,196	+/-27,041	8.9%
With an independent living difficulty	(X)	(X)	6,491,548	+/-32,591	16.2%
SEX					
Male	149,631,235	+/-33,820	17,770,227	+/-72,887	11.9%
Female	156,929,450	+/-31,341	19,417,888	+/-62,736	12.4%
RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN					
One Race	297,985,122	+/-96,985	36,257,176	+/-97,447	12.2%

Subject	United States				
	Total		With a disability		Percent with a disability
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate
White alone	227,607,798	+/-110,172	28,506,578	+/-86,249	12.5%
Black or African American alone	37,897,574	+/-54,673	5,250,721	+/-38,213	13.9%
American Indian and Alaska Native alone	2,482,030	+/-33,481	404,690	+/-10,339	16.3%
Asian alone	14,938,170	+/-35,380	951,751	+/-15,338	6.4%
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone	493,697	+/-13,518	43,673	+/-3,668	8.8%
Some other race alone	14,565,853	+/-109,073	1,099,763	+/-21,708	7.6%
Two or more races	8,575,563	+/-93,654	930,939	+/-18,576	10.9%
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	194,284,351	+/-24,985	25,649,224	+/-82,666	13.2%
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	51,236,560	+/-12,169	4,307,128	+/-37,393	8.4%
PERCENT IMPUTED					
Disability status	4.4%	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Hearing difficulty	3.0%	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Vision difficulty	3.3%	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Cognitive difficulty	3.4%	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Ambulatory difficulty	3.4%	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Self-care difficulty	3.4%	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Independent living difficulty	3.4%	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)

Subject	United States
	Percent with a disability
	Margin of Error
Total civilian noninstitutionalized population	+/-0.1
Population under 5 years	+/-0.1
With a hearing difficulty	+/-0.1
With a vision difficulty	+/-0.1
Population 5 to 17 years	+/-0.1
With a hearing difficulty	+/-0.1
With a vision difficulty	+/-0.1
With a cognitive difficulty	+/-0.1
With an ambulatory difficulty	+/-0.1
With a self-care difficulty	+/-0.1
Population 18 to 64 years	+/-0.1
With a hearing difficulty	+/-0.1
With a vision difficulty	+/-0.1
With a cognitive difficulty	+/-0.1
With an ambulatory difficulty	+/-0.1
With a self-care difficulty	+/-0.1
With an independent living difficulty	+/-0.1
Population 65 years and over	+/-0.1
With a hearing difficulty	+/-0.1
With a vision difficulty	+/-0.1
With a cognitive difficulty	+/-0.1
With an ambulatory difficulty	+/-0.1
With a self-care difficulty	+/-0.1
With an independent living difficulty	+/-0.1
SEX	
Male	+/-0.1
Female	+/-0.1
RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN	
One Race	+/-0.1
White alone	+/-0.1
Black or African American alone	+/-0.1
American Indian and Alaska Native alone	+/-0.4
Asian alone	+/-0.1
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone	+/-0.7
Some other race alone	+/-0.1
Two or more races	+/-0.2
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	+/-0.1
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	+/-0.1
PERCENT IMPUTED	
Disability status	(X)
Hearing difficulty	(X)
Vision difficulty	(X)
Cognitive difficulty	(X)
Ambulatory difficulty	(X)
Self-care difficulty	(X)
Independent living difficulty	(X)

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of

error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

The Census Bureau introduced a new set of disability questions in the 2008 ACS questionnaire. Accordingly, comparisons of disability data from 2008 or later with data from prior years are not recommended. For more information on these questions and their evaluation in the 2006 ACS Content Test, see the Evaluation Report Covering Disability.

While the 2011 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the December 2009 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2011 American Community Survey

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.