Includes special feature on NCBDDDD’s Zika virus response
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Message from the Director

It takes a great team to build a great organization. As I review the details of this report, it is clear the accomplishments recounted within it are the result of extraordinary collaboration by the Center’s most important asset—its people. At every layer of our organization, each individual plays a valued part in moving the National Center on Birth Defects and Developmental Disabilities (NCBDDD) forward.

During the past year, we have collectively embarked on a journey to advance our vision and ensure babies are born healthy, children reach their potential, and everyone thrives. Even with constant exposure to change, NCBDDD and our partners remained enthusiastic about the contributions to our vision.

This report documents a year’s accomplishments and forward progress toward our vision in what has been a highly critical year for NCBDDD. A year we remember for many reasons and one that saw NCBDDD do something it has never done before—be at the forefront of a public health emergency response: CDC’s emergency response to Zika virus. The spread of Zika virus necessitated a global effort from public health, clinicians, laboratorians, and mosquito control experts. At the center of this effort, dedicated people from NCBDDD worked long hours—days, nights, weekends, and holidays—from our headquarters and traveling to other nations to render assistance and unraveling mysteries of the virus to help protect babies and pregnant women.

It is with these unprecedented challenges in mind that I am distinctly pleased to present this year’s annual report of scientific achievements and accomplishments, including a special feature on NCBDDD’s ongoing response to the Zika virus crisis. As you will see, this publication assembles a truly remarkable compilation of insights, advances, and discoveries across our Center’s topics shaped by our equally remarkable and dedicated staff.

NCBDDD is an organization of action; a community of engaged professionals who create, pursue, perform, and achieve in support of the Center’s mission and vision. In this report, you will see a snapshot of that activity and the remarkable opportunities that NCBDDD embarked upon, which taken together, make for an incredibly powerful and inspiring Center story of commitment and success.

NCBDDD staff are making a difference and as we approach 2017, I look forward to tackling the deep needs that remain.
Public health professionals frequently investigate new disease-causing germs and respond to emergencies. But an investigation in January 2016 began differently, and NCBDDD staff soon found themselves in a situation not seen in modern times. Zika virus, which previously caused pretty mild disease, was found to be causing more serious consequences, particularly, birth defects.

The Beginning

Scientists discovered Zika virus and its mild symptoms decades ago. In the years since, there were two small outbreaks of the virus in humans, but none as widespread as the 2015/2016 outbreak in the Americas. In late 2015, troubling reports began to appear from Brazil; increased numbers of birth defects of the brain and cases of Guillain-Barré syndrome were occurring in regions with Zika outbreaks. Was Zika causing these severe health outcomes? Was there something else causing this increase in birth defects?

Solving a Mystery

Staff from NCBDDD and other Centers in CDC worked day and night to answer the question: “Is there a link between Zika virus and birth defects?” Pieces of evidence began to form a more complete picture. On April 13, 2016, CDC published a synthesis of the evidence concluding that Zika virus infection during pregnancy is a cause of microcephaly (small head and brain) and other severe fetal brain defects.

On any given day, several hundred CDC staff were assigned to the emergency response; many remained at the Atlanta headquarters, while dozens deployed to states, US territories, and other countries. NCBDDD staff worked numerous strategies throughout the emergency response, including sharing information with the public, learning more about how the Zika virus affected people, and establishing partnerships with groups beneficial to the mission.
Protecting Women and Babies

Many of the NCBDDD volunteers were assigned to the newly formed EOC Pregnancy and Birth Defects Task Force. Its mission was to reduce the risk and the effect of Zika virus infection in pregnant women, infants, and children. Task Force personnel achieved this goal through numerous efforts, including:

- Conducting populations monitoring and research to collect critical information about Zika virus infection in pregnancy.
- Educating the public, health professionals, communities, public health agencies, and government officials about Zika prevention.
- Conducting research to understand Zika virus infection in pregnancy.
- Providing clinical consultations to healthcare providers caring for pregnant women and technical assistance to public health officials.
- Providing technical assistance, both in the United States and internationally.
- Understanding how to prevent Zika virus infection and how best to communicate that information.
- Preventing Zika-related birth defects by preventing unintended pregnancy.
- Engaging and sharing information with partner organizations, such as the March of Dimes, the American Academy of Pediatrics, American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists, and Association of Maternal and Child Health Programs.
NCBDDD Zika Virus Response

Understanding Zika’s Impact on Babies

Although Zika is not new, its potential effects on pregnancy are a new phenomenon. CDC leaders and scientists quickly recognized the critical need for information and established the infrastructure to collect data to guide public health action. To monitor the effect of Zika virus infection during pregnancy, pregnancy and infant surveillance was put in place domestically and internationally:

- the U.S. Zika Pregnancy Registry (USZPR),
- the Puerto Rico Zika Active Pregnancy Surveillance System, and
- Proyecto VEZ in Colombia.

The information collected through these systems were rapidly translated into messages for the general public and updated clinical guidance.

The systems provided critical data to answer key questions. For example, data reported to the USZPR from the continental United States and Hawaii suggested that among pregnant women with laboratory evidence of possible Zika virus infection anytime during the pregnancy, about 6% of fetuses and infants had a birth defect potentially related to Zika virus. Of those with a Zika infection specifically in the first trimester, about 11% had a birth defect potentially related to Zika virus.

Crucial Partnerships

Other NCBDDD staff developed and enhanced partnerships with organizations outside of public health. The CDC Foundation (CDCF) worked closely with CDC, focusing its partnership and fundraising efforts on projects for women and their sexual partners in high-risk areas for Zika, including Puerto Rico. Early in the emergency response, CDCF worked with donors to provide products for Zika Prevention Kits to protect pregnant women. Benefactors to CDCF provided several substantial donations, including contributions of condoms, bed nets, and mosquito control tablets, and other partnerships were successful in providing women and their sexual partners in Puerto Rico with improved access to a range of contraceptive methods.

In early summer, with generous private sector funding support, staff from NCBDDD, CDCF, and contractors developed and implemented a multifaceted communication campaign called “This is How We Stop Zika” or “Deten el Zika”. This campaign was aimed at educating pregnant women and communities in U.S. territories about Zika prevention. The highly successful campaign was conducted in Puerto Rico from June to October 2016.

The Consequences of Zika

Through the efforts of NCBDDD scientists, health educators, and communicators, along with others from CDC and public health agencies in the United States and abroad, more information is being discovered daily about Zika virus and its effects on pregnant women, infants, children, and others.

As CDC Director Dr. Tom Frieden said, “We need a robust response to protect American women and reduce to the greatest extent humanly possible the number of families affected. We don’t know who those children will be. We don’t know where they will grow up. But anything we don’t do now, we will regret not having done later.”

Preparing For the Next Threat

Birth defect surveillance systems provide crucial information about emerging health threats and their effects on babies. They are essential for connecting affected families to services they need and to ensure that babies are born healthy, children reach their potential, and everyone thrives. At the beginning of 2016, CDC supported 14 states to track birth defects. CDC’s commitment to fight Zika has enabled us to make a significant effort to accomplish activities to strengthen infrastructure for the future.

Before another Zika epidemic hits, CDC and its partners must build on this infrastructure and birth defects expertise to rapidly identify, understand, and prevent emerging threats so every baby in every city, state, and territory is protected. We must better understand the effects of exposures during pregnancy; prevent exposures where possible; and improve care for babies, children, and adults who are living with birth defects.
SAVING BABIES

Through Birth Defects Prevention and Research

CDC’s National Center on Birth Defects and Developmental Disabilities (NCBDDD) is working toward a day when all babies are born with the best health possible.

Birth defects are common, costly, and critical. Every 4 ½ minutes, a baby is born with a major birth defect in the United States. Babies born with a birth defect are more likely to die before their first birthday compared to babies born without a birth defect. Babies who survive and live with birth defects can have lifelong challenges.

NCBDDD’s state-based birth defects tracking and public health research provide a wealth of information used to identify causes of birth defects, find opportunities to prevent them, and improve the health of those living with birth defects.

Accomplishments

• Interviewed more than 1,400 mothers of newborns with and without birth defects for the Birth Defects Study To Evaluate Pregnancy exposureS (BD-STEPS). Results from BD-STEPS will provide more knowledge about the factors that might increase or decrease the risk of having a baby with a birth defect.

• Continued our work in the United States to prevent neural tube defects—serious birth defects of the brain and spine—by providing scientific assistance to the Corn Masa Flour Working Group on their successful petition to the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA). This FDA approval allows for the addition of folic acid to corn masa flour and other corn-based products, such as corn tortilla chips, which can help prevent neural tube defects. Through our Birth Defects COUNT global initiative, we provided expert input to our partners in India, the country with the highest burden of neural tube defects, which led to revised standards for fortifying foods with appropriate amounts of folic acid so as to prevent many neural tube defects.

• Expanded research and delivered reliable information about safer medication use in pregnancy through Treating for Two. Presented
SAVING BABIES

Through Birth Defects Prevention and Research

NEW INFORMATION ON THE FREQUENCY OF FILLING PRESCRIPTIONS FOR ANTIDEPRESSANTS AMONG WOMEN OF REPRODUCTIVE AGE.

- Provided new data and research on fetal alcohol spectrum disorders (FASDs), including a report on alcohol use during pregnancy, which estimated more than 3 million U.S. women are at risk for an alcohol-exposed pregnancy. Provided guidance for healthcare clinicians on the identification, diagnosis, and care for children and teens with behavioral problems associated with prenatal alcohol exposure. Partnered with the Administration for Children and Families and initiated project to identify children within the child welfare system who were exposed to alcohol before birth, thereby improving their care.

- Presented updated estimates on the number of people living in the United States with congenital heart defects (CHDs), which helps policymakers and healthcare systems plan to meet the health needs of the growing population of adults with CHDs.

Looking to the Future

Our ongoing state-based birth defects tracking system and public health research continue to form the scientific foundation for preventing birth defects and helping people thrive throughout their lives. Our research helps us to better understand the causes of birth defects and the lifelong cost and quality of life issues that affect those with birth defects and their families. Together, with our partners, we continue to work toward the day when all babies are born with the best possible health.

Notable 2016 Scientific Publications


Spotlight On: MotherToBaby

This spotlight was contributed by Christina Chambers, PhD, MPH, MotherToBaby epidemiologist.

MotherToBaby, a service of the nonprofit Organization of Teratology Information Specialists, provides free, evidence-based information to the public and healthcare providers online and by telephone about medications and other exposures during pregnancy and breastfeeding. “You have given me so much insight, truth, and hope about being pregnant and being a mom,” stated R.M., an expecting mom from Georgia who contacted MotherToBaby. Truth about birth defects is what MotherToBaby strives for and hope for new prevention methods is what it often achieves.

This work is critical. Birth defects affect 1 in 33 infants. A key component of the National Center on Birth Defects and Developmental Disabilities’ (NCBDDDs’) mission includes birth defects prevention. MotherToBaby has worked closely with NCBDDD on efforts affecting the public. For example, in 2005, MotherToBaby partnered with NCBDDD to provide fact sheets on exposures, such as infections, medications, and chemicals, affecting pregnant women during Hurricane Katrina. In 2009-2010, MotherToBaby worked with NCBDDD to develop a preparedness plan for pregnant women in advance of the pandemic H1N1 influenza outbreak. In 2016, MotherToBaby partnered with NCBDDD to provide expert consultation to concerned women regarding the Zika virus disease.

For more than 15 years, MotherToBaby has contributed information on the safety of medications and vaccines during pregnancy by conducting critical observational research studies. In 2016, we had ongoing studies on asthma, autoimmune and immune-mediated conditions (such as rheumatoid arthritis, psoriasis, Crohn disease and ulcerative colitis, and multiple sclerosis), seasonal flu vaccine, and the pertussis vaccine. These much needed studies allow women and healthcare providers to make informed decisions to prevent or reduce the risk of birth defects while simultaneously trying to keep the mom healthy.
CDC’s National Center on Birth Defects and Developmental Disabilities (NCBDDD) is committed to learning more about developmental disabilities in order to help children and their families get the support they need.

Developmental disabilities, such as attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder (ADHD), autism, cerebral palsy, hearing loss, and vision impairment, are some of the most significant child health issues facing families and our nation today. About 1 in 6 children in the United States have developmental disabilities or other developmental delays.

NCBDDD is studying how common developmental disabilities are, identifying factors that can put children at risk, exploring possible causes, and improving identification of developmental delays so children and families can get the services and support they need as early as possible.

Accomplishments

- Published a new analysis from the Autism and Developmental Disabilities Monitoring (ADDM) Network on the prevalence and characteristics of autism spectrum disorder (ASD) among 8-year-old children. The investigation found that about 1 in 68 of these children were identified with ASD, based on tracking in 11 communities in the United States. An early ADDM study of 4-year-old children found that progress had been made in identifying children with ASD at younger ages. Information from ADDM can help promote early identification of children with ASD, plan for service needs of children with ASD and their families, guide research, and inform policy.

- Implemented the third phase of the Study to Explore Early Development (SEED). During the next 5 years, CDC will invest more than $27 million to carry out SEED 3. SEED is the largest study in the United States to help identify factors that may put children at risk for ASD. SEED 3 is enrolling 2,500 children at risk for ASD, which will increase total SEED enrollment to 7,500 children. CDC will also fund a site to conduct a brief follow-up study of children enrolled...
HELPING CHILDREN
Live to the Fullest by Understanding Developmental Disabilities

in the first phase of SEED, who will now be teenagers. The goal of this follow-up study is to better understand the long-term health and development of children identified as having autism at younger ages.

- Trained and supported 45 Act Early Ambassadors in 41 states and three territories. These ambassadors promote developmental monitoring and screening to help young children with developmental delays be identified and connected with appropriate services and support as early as possible. This collaboration with the ambassadors and other partners resulted in the integration of Learn the Signs. Act Early. materials into a number of programs that serve young children, such as pediatricians’ offices, Women, Infants, and Children (WIC) clinics, Head Start centers, and childcare and home visiting programs. These efforts resulted in a monthly average of more than 155,000 unique visitors to the Learn the Signs. Act Early. website, as well as 45,000 downloads of materials and more than 178,000 hard copy materials requested each month.

- Presented a CDC Vital Signs article to increase awareness and knowledge of behavior therapy as the recommended first-line treatment for young children with ADHD. The published Vital Signs article in Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report, and supporting materials, such as the Finding a Therapist Fact Sheet, sparked more than 1,000 news articles. Related webinars also increased knowledge about effective behavior therapy for ADHD in young children among more than 2,300 clinicians and parents to date via collaborations with partners.

- Continued leading the national effort to collect quality data on babies and young children who are deaf and hard of hearing (D/HH). Quality data is defined as complete, timely, and accurate, and can help state and territorial programs ensure that all babies who are D/HH are identified early and receive intervention services that help them reach their full potential. NCBDDD supports efforts to standardize the accurate collection, analysis, and reporting of Early Hearing and Detection Intervention (EHDI) data ensuring it is comparable between states and territories. The latest data collected by CDC shows that more than 6,000 infants in the United States with a permanent hearing loss were identified early.

Looking to the Future

NCBDDD and its partners have been working for more than 15 years to track, research, and provide useful tools and information on developmental disabilities. Identifying developmental concerns at the earliest possible age offers children the best chance at early intervention and treatment. As we learn more about developmental disabilities, we ensure that children can live to their fullest potential. For ADHD, that means assuring that best practices are currently used for treatment. For ASD, it means giving communities the information that will best serve the needs of children and families. Through Learn the Signs. Act Early we will continue to develop high quality, effective tools to empower parents, health professionals, and communities to closely monitor development and act early on developmental concerns. For EHDI, we focus on helping states and territories have the data systems they need to ensure all deaf and hard of hearing children are identified early and can receive intervention services to help them reach their full potential.
HELPING CHILDREN
Live to the Fullest by Understanding Developmental Disabilities

Notable 2016 Scientific Publications


Spotlight On:
Oklahoma State University

This Spotlight was contributed by Jane Silovsky PhD, University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center and Amanda Sheffield Morris, Ph.D., IMH-E IV®, Oklahoma State University

Legacy for Children™ (Legacy) is an evidence-based parenting program—supported by NCBDDD in its development—that focuses on promoting children’s health and socio-emotional development through strengthening the parent-child relationship, supporting maternal confidence in parenting, and improving mothers’ social support. It is a group-based program for mothers and their babies. The Tulsa community is implementing the Legacy UCLA curriculum, which begins prenatally and is offered through the first 3 years. In recognition of the need for culturally appropriate services, the Legacy program was translated and adapted for Spanish-speaking mothers and their infants. This program is being evaluated by University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center and implemented through Oklahoma State University (OSU) in Tulsa.

Catholic Charities, one of the most respected resources in the Tulsa community for immigrant groups, helped OSU recruit Spanish-speaking mothers for the Legacy group. Furthermore, they provided a welcoming and comfortable space for the families to hold Legacy group sessions. The mothers in the Spanish groups were particularly engaged in the program. Initial findings from qualitative interviews suggest that mothers perceived the importance of both the social community that developed and the information that was gained.

Mothers in the Spanish Legacy groups particularly enjoyed the mother-only community-building session time (FUN Club). This mother-directed session component encourages mothers to socialize and build leadership and planning skills. The mothers were very creative during FUN Club, including coordinating a Zumba class and a facial tutorial from a make-up representative. They have also directly taught each other how to knit, make beaded bracelets, and other crafts. At the end of each FUN Club, Spanish groups have “convivios” which are very similar to a potluck meal where the moms share homemade food with each other. Participants were all in agreement that they would recommend the Legacy program to Latino families, and it is a program OSU is particularly proud of.
PROTECTING PEOPLE and Preventing Complications of Blood Disorders

CDC’s National Center on Birth Defects and Developmental Disabilities (NCBDDDD) is reducing the consequences of blood disorders by contributing to a better understanding of blood disorders and their complications.

Blood disorders affect millions of people in the United States. Patients with blood disorders live with the complications associated with their conditions, many of which are painful and potentially life threatening.

NCBDDD’s Division of Blood Disorders (DBD) is committed to helping people with blood disorders. We contribute to a better understanding of blood disorders while working to develop, implement, and evaluate programs that help consumers and healthcare providers get critical information on preventing complications. We encourage action to improve the quality of life for people living with these conditions. With proper preventive actions and early medical intervention, many of these disorders and their complications could be eliminated.

Accomplishments

- Launched Phase 2 of the Stop the Clot, Spread the Word Campaign, an important public health campaign to share information about blood clot risks and the signs and symptoms of blood clots. Phase 2 of the campaign targets patients recently hospitalized, those undergoing surgery, and victims of physical trauma. Campaign assets include web content, a video, an infographic, a radio news release, a mat release (an online feature article), a digital multimedia press release, and a Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) blog.

- Recognized eight public and private healthcare practices and systems across the country as Healthcare-Associated Venous Thromboembolism (HA-VTE) Prevention Challenge Champions for their success in helping doctors prevent blood clots in their patients that occur as a result of hospitalization, surgery, or other healthcare treatment. CDC is sharing these best practices with others to help strengthen venous thromboembolism (VTE) prevention efforts.

- Performed inhibitor testing as part of the Community Counts Registry for Bleeding Disorders Surveillance, and provided the first ever estimates of the burden of inhibitors in the United States hemophilia population. An inhibitor is a potentially serious health problem
affecting people with bleeding disorders that stops 
or “inhibits” their treatment product from working, 
which makes it harder to stop or prevent a bleeding episode. Inhibitor testing strengthens prevention 
efforts by diagnosing inhibitors early, when they 
are more likely to be successfully eliminated using 
special treatment protocols.

- Worked with funded partners to implement the 
  Community Counts project in hemophilia treatment 
  centers (HTCs) across the United States, raising 
  participation among all 136 federally-funded HTCs 
  (as of July 31, 2016) to 100% for the HTC Population 
  Profile, 92% for the Registry for Bleeding Disorders 
  Surveillance, and 91% for Mortality Reporting.

- Supported and coordinated the development and 
  promotion of a supplement issue of the American 
  Journal of Preventive Medicine on sickle cell disease 
  (SCD), entitled “Developing a Unified Approach for 
  Sickle Cell Disease.” Articles in the supplement 
  describe the state of sickle cell disease-related 
  care in the United States. The articles highlight 
  the public health impact of SCD on patients, 
  healthcare providers and healthcare systems, and 
  all the critical scientific work that is being done to 
  reduce the burden of SCD on people living with the 
  condition, as well as their families.

Looking to the Future

NCBDDD’s (DBD) will continue to learn more about 
the factors that place people with hemophilia at 
risk for developing inhibitors. DBD will study and 
promote the use of periodic testing to find out if a 
person has an inhibitor, monitor complications from 
blood and treatment products, and research how 
well various treatment strategies prevent disease-
related complications. We will focus on preventing 
blood clots that occur as a result of hospitalization, 
surgery, or other healthcare treatment. Also, we will 
work to improve laboratory techniques for inhibitor 
testing and for identifying factors that increase the 
risk for VTE. Lastly, DBD will focus on increasing 
healthcare provider and public knowledge and 
awareness regarding signs and symptoms of blood 
clots. In addition, we will continue to emphasize the 
importance of early detection and diagnosis, and 
referrals to medical specialists and comprehensive 
care (an approach that uses the services of numerous 
professionals working together to provide for a 
patient’s needs, not just the medical and physical 
ones). DBD will continue research to understand 
complications of blood transfusions used to treat 
people with thalassemia and SCD.

Notable 2016 Scientific Publications

Boylan B, et al. Survey of the anti-factor IX 
immunoglobulin profiles in patients with hemophilia 
B using a fluorescence-based immunoassay. J Thromb 

Dargaud Y, et al. Achievements, challenges and 
unmet needs for haemophilia patients with inhibitors: 
Report from a symposium in Paris, France on 20 
November 2014. Haemophilia. 2016 Jan;22(Suppl 

Dupervil B, et al. Correction: Emergency department 
visits and inpatient admissions associated with 
priapism among males with sickle cell disease in 
24;11(8):e0162056.

Mazepa M, et al. US Hemophilia Treatment Center 
Network. Men with severe hemophilia in the United 
States: Birth cohort analysis of a large national 

Pai M, et al. NHF-McMaster Guideline on Care Models 
Jul;22(Suppl 3):6-16.

Paulukonis S, et al. Defining sickle cell disease 
mortality using a population-based surveillance 
Mar-Apr;131(2):367-75.

Yeung CH, et al. Care models in the management of 
Spotlight On:

American Thrombosis and Hemostasis Network (ATHN)

This Spotlight was contributed by Becky Dudley, Director of National Surveillance at ATHN.

The American Thrombosis and Hemostasis Network (ATHN) is a nonprofit organization dedicated to advancing and improving care for people with bleeding and clotting disorders. Founded in 2006, ATHN’s mission provides stewardship of a secure national database (adherent to all privacy guidelines), which can be used to support clinical care and outcome analysis, research, advocacy, and public health surveillance. ATHN’s ultimate goal is improving lives using standardized technology to secure data, advance knowledge, and transform care.

ATHN partners with the bleeding disorders community, government, and industry, and its ATHN Affiliates—the more than 135 hemophilia treatment centers (HTCs) across the United States that provide multi-disciplinary, comprehensive care to more than 32,500 patients annually. Through CDC’s Community Counts Registry for Bleeding Disorders Surveillance, ATHN collaborates with CDC and HTCs to identify the number of people with bleeding and clotting disorders in the United States and monitor trends that will help prevent complications of these disorders. Together with the HTCs, ATHN is building the ATHN dataset—a safe, secure national dataset that has more than 30,000 patients who have opted to share their clinical and demographic data to support vital research.

ATHN provides funding for national data collection and research efforts on bleeding and clotting disorders. By leveraging its standardized integrated systems, data, and processes, ATHN helps decrease the time and cost for research and public health surveillance related to complications of bleeding disorders, such as inhibitors and hepatitis C, joint disease, venous thromboembolism (VTE), and cardiovascular and renal disease.

ATHN’s many current projects include My Life, Our Future: Genotyping for Progress in Hemophilia; ATHN 2 – Factor Switching Study; ATHN 4 – Transition of Care for VTE Patients; ATHN 5 – Hepatitis C Treatment Outcomes; and quality initiatives led by the National Hemophilia Program Coordinating Center, which ATHN established in 2012 to identify gaps in services, standardize and increase access to care, and improve quality of care for those with bleeding disorders.

A multi-stakeholder Board of Directors representing ATHN Affiliates, regional leaders, and consumers govern ATHN. CDC, the Health Resources and Services Administration Maternal and Child Health Bureau, and the National Heart, Lung and Blood Institute provide input through liaisons to the Board and key committees. As committed stewards of the most current and extensive hemostasis and thrombosis data and analytic resources, and with results from future research and surveillance, ATHN promises to advance knowledge and transform care for patients with bleeding and clotting disorders.
Disabilities may include difficulty with movement; hearing; seeing; or concentrating, remembering, or making decisions. One of every five adults in the United States has some type of disability, and many people will experience a disability during their lifetimes.

Compared to adults without disabilities, adults with disabilities are more likely to be obese, smoke, have high blood pressure, and be physically inactive. These are all preventable factors that can increase the risk for chronic diseases, such as heart disease, stroke, diabetes, and some cancers, which are also more common among adults with disabilities.

**Accomplishments**

- Launched the Physical Developmental Delays: What to look for tool designed for parents who are concerned about the physical development of their child, but do not have a diagnosis. It was developed as part of a 3-year collaboration between NCBDDD and the American Academy of Pediatrics (AAP) in response to research generated from NCBDDD’s Muscular Dystrophy Surveillance, Tracking, and Research Network (MD STARnet). The tool is an interactive checklist which gives parents the language and support they need to talk to their child’s doctor about developmental concerns.

- Created Fragile X Myth Buster handouts for families and pediatricians to address misperceptions that can contribute to a delayed or missed diagnosis of fragile X syndrome (FXS). This project was developed as part of a collaboration with AAP to help pediatricians decrease the time between suspecting a developmental delay to getting the correct genetic test and diagnosis of FXS.

- Nineteen State Disability and Health Programs and two National Centers on Disabilities were awarded cooperative agreements to work to improve the health and quality of life among people with mobility limitations and/or intellectual disabilities through adaptation and implementation of evidence-based strategies in their communities, and at the state level. These 19 state programs ensure that individuals with disabilities are included in ongoing activities that prevent disease and promote health within the state. The National Centers on Disability—Special Olympics and the National
IMPROVING HEALTH of People with Disabilities

Center on Health, Physical Activity and Disability (NCHPAD)—develop, implement, evaluate, and report on activities aimed at reducing health differences between people with and without disabilities and improving the health of people with mobility limitations and/or intellectual disabilities across their lifespans.

- Released Emergency Preparedness: Including People with Disabilities, an online catalog of materials developed by NCBDDD-funded disability and health programs to support emergency preparedness and response activities for people with disabilities. The catalog includes materials for identifying the needs of people with disabilities; communication and training; and assessment of emergency plans, shelters, and policies.

- Collaborated with the National Association of Chronic Disease Directors to fund communities within five of its State Disability and Health Programs (Iowa, Montana, New York, Ohio, and Oregon) to build disability inclusive communities. Provided technical assistance and guidance to NCHPAD, also funded by NCBDDD, for the development of their Inclusive Community Health Implementation Package (iCHIP), which was used to help the initiative. iCHIP is a set of resources and survey tools used to help communities gather and use information regarding healthy living resources for all members of the community, including persons with disabilities.

Looking to the Future

NCBDDD collects data on people with genetic disorders, birth defects, and disabilities across the lifespan in order to promote full participation for those affected. We strive to ensure that people with disabilities can fully participate in society. We will continue our research and public health programs, with an eye towards reducing health disparities and promoting inclusion for people with all types of disabilities, including those with intellectual disabilities. Health education and promotion is crucial to increase awareness. We will use all appropriate means to reach health professionals and other important audiences with information about disability and health.

Notable 2016 Scientific Publications


Spina bifida (SB) is one of the most complex birth defects and leads to lifelong disability and potential illness. Identifying strategies to improve care and overall health are vital for the Spina Bifida Association (SBA).

CDC awarded a cooperative agreement to SBA to bring together people and organizations that could implement a strategy to improve care and quality of life for people with SB. This ongoing collaboration is called the Spina Bifida Collaborative Care Network (SBCCN). This network takes research from CDC’s National Spina Bifida Patient Registry and delivers those findings to healthcare professionals at SB specialty clinics.

The SBCCN will disseminate and implement a new project addressing pressure sores among people with SB. Almost half of all people with SB get pressure sores, and they are very difficult to treat. The National Spina Bifida Patient Registry data indicate this issue is an important part of SB care.

Practitioners from SB clinics reviewed existing literature on best skin care practices and determined that training and education reduced occurrences of pressure sores in hospitalized patients. These practices could likely be modified and used in an outpatient setting of a SB clinic. CDC and SBA created the Did You Look? skin breakdown prevention program. The program reinforces daily skin checks to prevent pressure sores and emphasizes the importance to quickly report and treat redness or suspicious changes to the skin. Program components include a risk assessment tool, a skin assessment tool, and an education campaign.

The SBA was able to use the partnership with CDC to leverage private dollars to fund the education component of the Did you Look? campaign. This project is the first organized effort to implement a targeted skin care program in SB clinics.

The SBCCN and the Did You Look? campaign are two examples of the partnership between CDC, the SBA, and SB specialty clinics to improve the health of people with SB.
**NCBDDD FY 2016 Appropriations (in thousands)**

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<td>Disability and Health (includes CDS)</td>
<td>$22,050</td>
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<tr>
<td>Tourette Syndrome</td>
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<tr>
<td>EHDI</td>
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<tr>
<td>Muscular Dystrophy</td>
<td>$6,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ADHD</td>
<td>$1,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fragile X</td>
<td>$2,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spina Bifida</td>
<td>$6,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Congenital Heart Failure</td>
<td>$4,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public Health Approach to Blood Disorders</td>
<td>$15,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blood Disorders - Unspecified</td>
<td>$4,500</td>
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<tr>
<td>Hemophilia</td>
<td>$3,500</td>
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<tr>
<td>Hemophilia Treatment Centers</td>
<td>$5,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Thalassemia</td>
<td>$2,100</td>
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<tr>
<td>NCBDDD Total</td>
<td>$135,610</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
NCBDDD Annual Report | Fiscal Year 2016

BUDGET

FISCAL YEAR 2016 BUDGET

ADHD: Attention-Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder
CDS: Child Development Studies
EHDI: Early Hearing Detection and Intervention
State Funding

Select State-Based Activities and Funding

Alabama

*Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs*
Alabama Department of Public Health (DD16-1604, 000793)
$133,108

*Improving the Health of People with Mobility Limitations and Intellectual Disabilities thru State-based Public Health Programs*
Alabama State Department of Public Health (DD16-1603, 000017)
$300,000

*Research Approaches to Improve the Care and Outcomes of People Living with Spina Bifida*
University of Alabama (DD14-002, 001080)
$66,943

*Research Approaches to Improve the Care and Outcomes of People Living with Spina Bifida*
University of Alabama (DD14-002, 001079)
$20,530

*National Public Health Practice and Resource Centers on Health Promotion for People w/Disabilities*
University of Alabama, Birmingham (DD16-1602, 000022)
$1,500,000

*Surveillance, Intervention, and Referral to Services Activities for Infants with Microcephaly or Other Adverse Outcomes linked with the Zika Virus*
Alabama Department of Health (DD16-1605, 000002)
$399,903*

*National Public Health Practice and Resource Centers on Health Promotion for People with Disabilities*
University of Alabama at Birmingham (DD12-1205, 000906) (DD15-1509, 000906)
No Cost Extension ending 12/31/16

*Improving the Health of People with Disabilities through State Based Public Health Programs*
Alabama Department of Public Health (DD15-1502, 000947)
Project ended 6/30/16
Alaska

Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs
Alaska Department of Health (DD16-1604, 000780)
$159,308

Fetal Alcohol Spectrum Disorders (FASD) Regional Training and Practice Centers
University of Alaska, Anchorage (DD14-1402, 001143)
$275,000

Fetal Alcohol Spectrum Disorders Practice and Implementation Ctrs - High-Impact Projects for Practice
University of Alaska, Anchorage (DD14-1402 Suppl, 001143)
$219,200

Improving the Health of People with Disabilities through State Based Public Health Programs
Alaska Department of Health (DD15-1502, 000948)
Project ended 6/30/16

Arkansas

Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs
Arkansas Department of Health (DD16-1604, 000789)
$138,241

Improving the Health of People with Mobility Limitations and Intellectual Disabilities thru State-based Public Health Programs
University of Arkansas (DD16-1603, 000016)
$400,000

Birth Defects Study To Evaluate Pregnancy exposures (BD-STEPS)
Arkansas Children’s Hospital Research Institute (DD13-003, 001039)
$1,050,000

Enhancing Public Health Surveillance of Autism Spectrum Disorders and Other Developmental Disabilities through the Autism and Developmental Disabilities Monitoring (ADDM) Network
University of Arkansas (DD15-1501, 001163)
$450,000

Enhancing Public Health Surveillance of Autism Spectrum Disorders and Other Developmental Disabilities through the Autism and Developmental Disabilities Monitoring (ADDM) Network
University of Arkansas (DD15-1501 Suppl, 001163)
$37,500

Improving the Health of People with Disabilities through State Based Public Health Programs
University of Arkansas (DD15-1502, 000932)
Project ended 6/30/16

Arizona

Population-Based Surveillance of Birth Defects and Data Utilization for Public Health Action
Arizona Department of Health Services (DD16-1601, 004950)
$200,000

Enhancing Public Health Surveillance of Autism Spectrum Disorders and other Developmental Disabilities through the Autism and Developmental Disabilities Monitoring (ADDM) Network
University of Arizona (DD15-1501, 001162)
$549,939

Enhancing Public Health Surveillance of Autism Spectrum Disorders and other Developmental Disabilities through the Autism and Developmental Disabilities Monitoring (ADDM) Network
University of Arizona (DD15-1501 Suppl, 001162)
$62,500

Surveillance, Intervention, and Referral to Services Activities for Infants with Microcephaly or Other Adverse Outcomes linked with the Zika Virus
Arizona Department of Health Services (DD16-1605, 000020)
$400,000*

* Zika funding
STATE FUNDING
Select State-Based Activities and Funding

**Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs**
Arizona Department of Health Services
(DD16-1604, 000826)
$165,563

**California**

*Fetal Alcohol Spectrum Disorders (FASD) Regional Training and Practice Centers*
University of California (DD14-1402, 001144)
$275,000

*Fetal Alcohol Spectrum Disorders Practice and Implementation Ctrs - High-Impact Projects for Practice*
University of California (DD14-1402 Suppl, 001144)
$151,200

*Centers for Autism and Developmental Disabilities Research and Epidemiology (CADDRE): Study to Explore Early Development (SEED) II*
Kaiser Foundation Hospitals (DD11-002, 000748)
Did not fund in FY16; project ended 6/29/16

*Birth Defects Study To Evaluate Pregnancy exposures (BD-STEPs)*
Stanford University (DD13-003, 001033)
$800,000

*Understanding the Complications Associated with Blood Disorders*
Children’s Hospital and Research Center at Oakland (DD14-1406, 001137)
$100,000

*Research Approaches to Improve the Care and Outcomes of People Living with Spina Bifida*
Children’s Hospital of Los Angeles (DD14-002, 001068)
$20,530

*Research Approaches to Improve the Care and Outcomes of People Living with Spina Bifida*
Children’s Hospital of Los Angeles (DD14-002, 001069)
$66,875

**OSTLTS Partnerships CBA of the Public Health System Change Lab Solutions (OT13-1302, 000328)**
$135,000

*Surveillance, Intervention, and Referral to Services Activities for Infants with Microcephaly or Other Adverse Outcomes linked with the Zika Virus-High Risk Local Areas*
County of Los Angeles, Dept of Public Health (DD16-1606, 000142)
$720,000*

*Surveillance, Intervention, and Referral to Services Activities for Infants with Microcephaly or Other Adverse Outcomes linked with the Zika Virus*
California Dept of Public Health (DD16-1605, 000040)
$720,000*

**Colorado**

*Population-Based Surveillance of Birth Defects and Data Utilization for Public Health Action*
Colorado Dept of Public Health and Environment (DD16-1601, 004940)
$210,000

*Enhancing Public Health Surveillance of Autism Spectrum Disorders and other Disabilities through the Autism and Developmental Disabilities Monitoring (ADDM) Network*
Colorado Dept of Public Health and Environment (DD15-1501, 001161)
$550,000

*Enhancing Public Health Surveillance of Autism Spectrum Disorders and other Disabilities through the Autism and Developmental Disabilities Monitoring (ADDM) Network*
Colorado Dept of Public Health and Environment (DD15-1501 Suppl, 001161)
$62,500

*Advanced Alcohol Screening & Brief Intervention (aSBI) & CHOICES in American Indian & Alaska Native Population thru Training & Technical Assistance*
Denver Health and Hospital Authority (DD13-1301, 001046)
$275,000
### Centers for Autism and Developmental Disabilities Research and Epidemiology (CADDRE): Study to Explore Early Development (SEED)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grant Details</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>University of Colorado, Denver (DD16-001, 001210)</td>
<td>$710,000</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grant Details</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Colorado Department of Public Health And Environment (DD16-1604, 000822)</td>
<td>$158,173</td>
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**Surveillance and Research of Muscular Dystrophies and Neuromuscular Disorders**

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grant Details</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Colorado State Department of Public Health and Environment (DD14-001, 001126)</td>
<td>$465,000</td>
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**Research Approaches to Improve the Care and Outcomes of People Living with Spina Bifida**

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<th>Grant Details</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>University of Colorado, Denver (DD14-002, 001093)</td>
<td>$67,082</td>
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**Using Longitudinal Data to Characterize the Natural History of Fragile X Syndrome to Improve Services and Outcomes**

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Grant Details</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>University of Colorado, Denver (DD15-003, 001190)</td>
<td>$99,984</td>
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**Surveillance of Congenital Heart Defects across the Lifespan**

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<th>Grant Details</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>University of Colorado (DD15-1506, 004935)</td>
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**Location Based Smartphone Tech to Guide College Students Health Choices Phase II**

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<tr>
<th>Grant Details</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Klein Buendel (PA14-071, 004995)</td>
<td>$425,055</td>
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</table>

### Connecticut

**Surveillance, Intervention, and Referral to Services Activities for Infants with Microcephaly or Other Adverse Outcomes linked with the Zika Virus**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grant Details</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Connecticut Department of Public Health (DD16-1605, 000010)</td>
<td>$400,000*</td>
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</table>

**Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grant Details</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Connecticut Department of Public Health (DD16-1604, 000810)</td>
<td>$132,882</td>
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**Improving the Health of People with Disabilities through State Based Public Health Programs**

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Grant Details</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>University of Delaware (DD15-1502, 000953)</td>
<td>Project ended 6/30/16</td>
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</table>

### Florida

**Population-Based Surveillance of Birth Defects and Data Utilization for Public Health Action**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grant Details</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Florida Department of Health (DD16-1601, 004946)</td>
<td>$210,000</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grant Details</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Florida Department of Health (DD16-1604, 000810)</td>
<td>$132,882</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Improving the Health of People with Mobility Limitations and Intellectual Disabilities thru State-based Public Health Programs**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grant Details</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Florida Department of Health (DD16-1603, 000012)</td>
<td>$300,000</td>
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**Understanding the Complications Associated with Blood Disorders**

<table>
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<th>Grant Details</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>University of Florida (DD14-1406, 001141)</td>
<td>$99,987</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

* Zika funding
**STATE FUNDING**

Select State-Based Activities and Funding

*Surveillance, Intervention, and Referral to Services Activities for Infants with Microcephaly or Other Adverse Outcomes linked with the Zika Virus*
Florida Department of Health (DD16-1605, 000013)
$720,000*

*Improving the Health of People with Disabilities through State Based Public Health Programs*
Florida Department of Health (DD15-1502, 000992)
Project ended 6/30/16

**Georgia**

*Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs*
Georgia Department of Community Health (DD16-1604, 000824)
$63,189

*Surveillance of Congenital Heart Defects across the Lifespan*
Emory University (DD15-1506, 004932)
$475,000

*OSTLTS Partnerships CBA of the Public Health System*
Task Force for Global Health, Inc. (OT13-1302, 000216)
$75,007

**Hawaii**

*Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs*
University of Hawaii as a bona fide for American Samoa (DD16-1604, 000777)
$143,389

*Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs*
University of Hawaii as a bona fide for Marshall Islands (DD16-1604, 000796)
$101,438

*Surveillance, Intervention, and Referral to Services Activities for Infants with Microcephaly or Other Adverse Outcomes linked with the Zika Virus*
State of Hawaii Department of Health (DD16-1605, 000015)
$400,000*

**Idaho**

*Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs*
Idaho Dept of Health and Welfare (DD16-1604, 000801)
$148,337
Illinois

Population-Based Surveillance of Birth Defects and Data Utilization for Public Health Action
Illinois Department of Public Health (DD16-1601, 004947) $210,000

Public Health Surveillance for the Prevention of Complications of Bleeding & Clotting Disorders
American Thrombosis and Hemostasis Network (DD15-1507, 000001) $4,300,000

Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs
Illinois Department of Public Health (DD16-1604, 000825) $166,031

Surveillance, Intervention, and Referral to Services Activities for Infants with Microcephaly or Other Adverse Outcomes linked with the Zika Virus-High Risk Local Areas
City of Chicago Department of Public Health (DD16-1606, 000139) $200,000*

Research Approaches to Improve the Care and Outcomes of People Living with Spina Bifida
Lurie Children’s Hospital of Chicago (DD14-002, 001091) $66,710

Research Approaches to Improve the Care and Outcomes of People Living with Spina Bifida
Lurie Children’s Hospital of Chicago (DD14-002, 001092) $20,530

Using Longitudinal Data to Characterize the Natural History of Fragile X Syndrome to Improve Services and Outcomes
Rush University Medical Center (DD15-003, 001186) $99,946

Improving the Health of People with Disabilities through State Based Public Health Programs
Illinois Department of Public Health (DD15-1502, 000938) Project ended 6/30/16

Indiana

Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs
Indiana State Department of Health (DD16-1604, 000790) $102,281

Surveillance, Intervention, and Referral to Services Activities for Infants with Microcephaly or Other Adverse Outcomes linked with the Zika Virus
Indiana State Department of Health (DD16-1605, 000030) $400,000*

OSTLTS Partnerships CBA of the Public Health System
American Academy of Pediatrics (AAP) (OT13-1302, 000001) $1,021,041

OSTLTS Partnerships CBA of the Public Health System
American Academy of Pediatrics (AAP) (OT13-1302, 000333) $125,000

Research Approaches to Improve the Care and Outcomes of People Living with Spina Bifida
Indiana University/Perdue University at Indianapolis (DD14-002, 001057) $66,440

* Zika funding
STATE FUNDING

Select State-Based Activities and Funding

**Iowa**

*Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs*

- Iowa Department of Public Health (DD16-1604, 000785)
  - $174,200

*Improving the Health of People with Disabilities through State Based Public Health Programs*

- Iowa Dept of Public Health (DD15-1502, 000949)
  - Project ended 6/30/16

**Kansas**

*Improving the Health of People with Mobility Limitations and Intellectual Disabilities thru State-based Public Health Programs*

- University of Kansas Center for Research, Inc. (DD16-1603, 000006)
  - $299,995

**Kentucky**

*Population-Based Surveillance of Birth Defects and Data Utilization for Public Health Action*

- Kentucky Cabinet for Health and Family Services (DD16-1601, 004938)
  - $210,000

*Improving the Health of People with Mobility Limitations and Intellectual Disabilities thru State-based Public Health Programs*

- Cabinet for Health Kentucky Family Services (DD16-1603, 000010)
  - $150,000

*Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs*

- Kentucky Cabinet for Health and Family Services (DD16-1604, 000828)
  - $163,719

*Surveillance, Intervention, and Referral to Services Activities for Infants with Microcephaly or Other Adverse Outcomes linked with the Zika Virus*

- Kentucky Cabinet for Health and Family Services (DD16-1605, 000029)
  - $400,000*

*Utilizing Existing Birth Defects Surveillance Program to Include Surveillance Data on Stillbirths*

- Iowa Department of Public Health (DD10-1007, 000730)
  - No Cost Extension ending 9/29/16
**Louisiana**

*Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs*

Louisiana Office of Public Health (DD16-1604, 000841)
$128,385

*Surveillance, Intervention, and Referral to Services Activities for Infants with Microcephaly or Other Adverse Outcomes linked with the Zika Virus*

Louisiana Office of Public Health (DD16-1605, 000026)
$400,000

*Population Based Birth Defect Surveillance and Utilization of Surveillance Data by Public Health Program*

Louisiana Department of Public Health (DD10-1001, 000623) (DD15-1508, 000623)
No Cost Extension ending 1/31/17

**Maine**

*Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs - Non-Research*

Maine Department of Health (DD16-1604, 000813)
$154,734

**Maryland**

*Improving the Health of People with Mobility Limitations and Intellectual Disabilities thru State-based Public Health Programs*

Maryland Department of Health Mental Hygiene (DD16-1603, 000005)
$150,000

*Centers for Autism and Developmental Disabilities Research and Epidemiology (CADDRE): Study to Explore Early Development (SEED) 3*

Johns Hopkins University (DD16-001, 001214)
$1,009,813

*Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs*

Maryland Department of Health and Mental Hygiene (DD16-1604, 000782)
$125,453

*National Public Health Practice and Resource Centers for Children with Attention-Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder or Tourette Syndrome*

CHADD, Inc. (Children & Adults with Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder) (DD15-1505, 001049)
$850,000

*OSTLTS Partnerships CBA of the Public Health System*

Association of University Centers on Disabilities (AUCD) (OT13-1302, 000140)
$1,492,288

*OSTLTS Partnerships CBA of the Public Health System*

Association of University Centers on Disabilities (AUCD) (OT13-1302, 000324)
$100,000

*Evaluation of Health Promotion & Prevention Program for Blood Disorders*

National Blood Clot Alliance (DD14-1405, 001153)
$365,045

* Zika funding
STATE FUNDING
Select State-Based Activities and Funding

Surveillance, Intervention, and Referral to Services Activities for Infants with Microcephaly or Other Adverse Outcomes linked with the Zika Virus
Maryland Department of Health and Mental Hygiene (DD16-1605, 000033)
$400,000*

Strengthening Public Health Laboratories
Association of Public Health Laboratories (OE15-1501, 000103)
$50,000

Massachusetts

Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs
Massachusetts Department of Public Health (DD16-1604, 000783)
$166,302

Improving the Health of People with Mobility Limitations and Intellectual Disabilities thru State-based Public Health Programs
Massachusetts Department of Public Health (DD16-1603, 000002)
$350,000

Surveillance, Intervention, and Referral to Services Activities for Infants with Microcephaly or Other Adverse Outcomes linked with the Zika Virus
Commonwealth of Massachusetts Department of Public Health (DD16-1605, 000011)
$200,000*

Birth Defects Study To Evaluate Pregnancy exposures (BD-STEPS)
Massachusetts Department of Public Health (DD13-003, 001037)
$1,050,000

Public Health Research on Modifiable Risk Factors for Spina Bifida
Boston University Medical Campus (DD15-001, 001184)
$310,000

Improving the Health of People with Disabilities through State Based Public Health Programs
Commonwealth of Massachusetts Department of Health (DD15-1502, 000940)
Project ended 6/30/16

Michigan

Population-Based Surveillance of Birth Defects and Data Utilization for Public Health Action
Michigan Department of Health and Human Services (DD16-1601, 004944)
$210,000

Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs
Michigan Department of Community Health (DD16-1604, 000798)
$175,000

Data Coordinating Center for Autism and Other Developmental Disabilities Research and Epidemiologic Studies
Michigan State University (DD12-001, 000901)
Did not fund in FY16; project ended 5/31/16

Improving the Health of People with Mobility Limitations and Intellectual Disabilities thru State-based Public Health Programs
Michigan Department of Health and Human Services (DD16-1603, 000001)
$300,000

Improving the Health of People with Disabilities through State Based Public Health Programs
Michigan Department of Community Health (DD15-1502, 000930)
Project ended 6/30/16

Minnesota

Population-Based Surveillance of Birth Defects and Data Utilization for Public Health Action
Minnesota Department of Health (DD16-1601, 004939)
$170,000
Enhancing Public Health Surveillance of Autism Spectrum Disorders and other Disabilities through the Autism and Developmental Disabilities Monitoring (ADDM) Network
University of Minnesota (DD15-1501, 001171)
$450,000

Improving the Health of People with Mobility Limitations and Intellectual Disabilities thru State-based Public Health Programs
Minnesota Department of Health (DD16-1603, 000009)
$300,000

Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs
Minnesota Department of Health (DD16-1604, 000842)
$145,000

Surveillance, Intervention, and Referral to Services Activities for Infants with Microcephaly or Other Adverse Outcomes linked with the Zika Virus
Minnesota Department of Health (DD16-1605, 000007)
$200,000*

Research Approaches to Improve the Care and Outcomes of People Living with Spina Bifida
Gillette Children’s Specialty Healthcare (DD14-002, 001074)
$67,090

Omnibus Solicited of the NIH, CDC, FDS, ACF for SBIR
Aster Labs (PA15-269, 002849)
$187,045

Mississippi

Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs
Mississippi Department of Health (DD16-1604, 000820)
$102,345

Surveillance, Intervention, and Referral to Services Activities for Infants with Microcephaly or Other Adverse Outcomes linked with the Zika Virus
Mississippi State Department of Health (DD16-1605, 000035)
$400,000*

Missouri

Enhancing Public Health Surveillance of Autism Spectrum Disorders and other Disabilities through the Autism and Developmental Disabilities Monitoring (ADDM) Network
Washington University at St. Louis (DD15-1501, 001177)
$550,000

Enhancing Public Health Surveillance of Autism Spectrum Disorders and other Disabilities through the Autism and Developmental Disabilities Monitoring (ADDM) Network
Washington University at St. Louis (DD15-1501 Suppl, 001177)
$62,500

Fetal Alcohol Spectrum Disorders (FASD) Regional Training and Practice Centers
University of Missouri (DD14-1402, 001145)
$275,000

Improving the Health of People with Mobility Limitations and Intellectual Disabilities thru State-based Public Health Programs
State of Missouri (DD16-1603, 000013)
$150,000

* Zika funding
STATE FUNDING
Select State-Based Activities and Funding

Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs
Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services (DD16-1604, 000815)
$142,871

Surveillance, Intervention, and Referral to Services Activities for Infants with Microcephaly or Other Adverse Outcomes linked with the Zika Virus
State of Missouri (DD16-1605, 000001)
$400,000*

Centers for Autism and Developmental Disabilities Research and Epidemiology (CADDRE): Study to Explore Early Development (SEED) 3
Washington University (DD16-001, 001216)
$710,000

Montana

Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs
Montana Department of Public Health and Human Services (DD16-1604, 000811)
$153,713

Improving the Health of People with Mobility Limitations and Intellectual Disabilities thru State-based Public Health Programs
Montana Department of Public Health (DD16-1603, 000018)
$300,000

Improving the Health of People with Disabilities through State Based Public Health Programs
Montana Department of Public Health and Human Services (DD15-1502, 000991)
Project ended 6/30/16

Nebraska

Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs
Nebraska Department of Health & Human Services (DD16-1604, 000797)
$141,374

Nevada

Fetal Alcohol Spectrum Disorders (FASD) Regional Training and Practice Centers
Board of Regents, University of Nevada Reno (DD14-1402, 001132)
$343,000

Fetal Alcohol Spectrum Disorders Practice and Implementation Centers - High-Impact Projects for Practice
Board of Regents, University of Nevada Reno (DD14-1402 Suppl, 001132)
$151,200

Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs
Nevada Department of Health and Human Services (DD16-1604, 000788)
$134,510

New Hampshire

Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs
New Hampshire Department of Health and Human Services (DD16-1604, 000827)
$154,435

Improving the Health of People with Mobility Limitations and Intellectual Disabilities thru State-based Public Health Programs
University of New Hampshire (DD16-1603, 000007)
$400,000

Surveillance, Intervention, and Referral to Services Activities for Infants with Microcephaly or Other Adverse Outcomes linked with the Zika Virus
New Hampshire Department of Health and Human Services (DD16-1605, 000009)
$200,000*
Population Based Birth Defect Surveillance and Utilization of Surveillance Data by Public Health Program
Trustees of Dartmouth (DD10-1001, 000607)
(DD15-1508, 000607)
No Cost Extension ending 5/31/16
Improving the Health of People with Disabilities through State Based Public Health Programs
University of New Hampshire (DD15-1502, 000954)
Project ended 6/30/16

New Jersey
Population-Based Surveillance of Birth Defects and Data Utilization for Public Health Action
New Jersey Department of Health
(DD16-1601, 004941)
$210,000
Enhancing Public Health Surveillance of Autism Spectrum Disorders and other Disabilities through the Autism and Developmental Disabilities Monitoring (ADDM) Network
Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey
(DD15-1501, 001172)
$550,000
Enhancing Public Health Surveillance of Autism Spectrum Disorders and other Disabilities through the Autism and Developmental Disabilities Monitoring (ADDM) Network
Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey
(DD15-1501 Suppl, 001172)
$62,500
Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs
New Jersey Department of Health and Senior Services (DD16-1604, 000805)
$175,000
Surveillance, Intervention, and Referral to Services Activities for Infants with Microcephaly or Other Adverse Outcomes linked with the Zika Virus
New Jersey Department of Health
(DD16-1605, 000008)
$560,000

New Mexico
Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs
New Mexico Department Of Health
(DD16-1604, 000807)
$59,678
Surveillance, Intervention, and Referral to Services Activities for Infants with Microcephaly or Other Adverse Outcomes linked with the Zika Virus
New Mexico Department of Health
(DD16-1605, 000016)
$400,000*

New York
Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs
Health Research Inc/New York State Department of Health
(DD16-1604, 000795)
$113,029
Improving the Health of People with Mobility Limitations and Intellectual Disabilities thru State-based Public Health Programs
Health Research / NYSDOH
(DD16-1603, 000004)
$350,000
Surveillance of Congenital Heart Defects Across the Lifespan
New York State Department of Health
(DD15-1506, 004931)
$422,096
Surveillance and Research of Muscular Dystrophies and Neuromuscular Disorder
Center of Environmental Health / Health Research Inc./NYSDOH
(DD14-001, 001054)
$100,000
Surveillance and Research of Muscular Dystrophies and Neuromuscular Disorders
Center of Environment Health/ Health Research Inc./NYSDOH
(DD14-001, 001123)
$465,000
* Zika funding
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Recipient</th>
<th>Cost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Birth Defects Study To Evaluate Pregnancy exposures (BD-STEMPS)</td>
<td>Health Research Inc./NYSDOH-Center for Environmental Health</td>
<td>$800,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>National Public Health Practice and Resource Centers for Children with Attention-Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder or Tourette Syndrome</td>
<td>Tourette Syndrome Association, Inc.</td>
<td>$900,000</td>
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<td>OSTLTS Partnerships CBA of the Public Health System</td>
<td>March of Dimes Birth Defects Foundation</td>
<td>$818,029</td>
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<td>Evaluation of Health Promotion and Preventive Program for Blood Disorders</td>
<td>Cooley’s Anemia Foundation, Inc.</td>
<td>$150,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Evaluation of Health Promotion and Preventive Program for Blood Disorders</td>
<td>National Hemophilia Foundation</td>
<td>$593,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Surveillance, Intervention, and Referral to Services Activities for Infants with Microcephaly or Other Adverse Outcomes linked with the Zika Virus-High Risk Local Areas</td>
<td>New York City Department of Health</td>
<td>$707,705*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Surveillance, Intervention, and Referral to Services Activities for Infants with Microcephaly or Other Adverse Outcomes linked with the Zika Virus</td>
<td>Health Research, Inc. NYSDOH</td>
<td>$720,000*</td>
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<tr>
<td>Using Longitudinal Data to Characterize the Natural History of Fragile X Syndrome to Improve Services and Outcomes</td>
<td>New York State Psychiatric Institute</td>
<td>$199,004</td>
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<tr>
<td>Using Longitudinal Data to Characterize the Natural History of Fragile X Syndrome to Improve Services and Outcomes</td>
<td>Institute for Basic Res in Developmental Disabilities</td>
<td>$349,861</td>
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<tr>
<td>Emerging Infections Program</td>
<td>New York Department of Health</td>
<td>$206,182</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Surveillance of Congenital Heart Defects (CHDs) Adolescents /Adults</td>
<td>Health Research Inc./NYSDOH</td>
<td>No Cost Extension ending 5/31/17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Improving the Health of People with Disabilities through State Based Public Health Programs</td>
<td>Health Research Inc./NYSDOH</td>
<td>Project ended 6/30/16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Communication, Outreach, Collaboration and Prevention Activities to Support CDC’s Response to Zika Virus</td>
<td>March of Dimes</td>
<td>$400,000 ($325,000 from Zika Funds)</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**North Carolina**

Enhancing Public Health Surveillance of Autism Spectrum Disorders and other Disabilities through the Autism and Developmental Disabilities Monitoring (ADDM) Network
University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill
Cost: $550,000
### Enhancing Public Health Surveillance of Autism Spectrum Disorders and other Disabilities through the Autism and Developmental Disabilities Monitoring (ADDM) Network
University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill (DD15-1501 Suppl, 001175)  
**$62,500**

### Surveillance of Congenital Heart Defects across the Lifespan
Duke University (DD15-1506, 004933)  
**$404,350**

### Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs
North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services (DD16-1604, 000823)  
**$153,376**

### Surveillance, Intervention, and Referral to Services Activities for Infants with Microcephaly or Other Adverse Outcomes linked with the Zika Virus
North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services (DD16-1605, 000018)  
**$560,000**

### Centers for Autism and Developmental Disabilities Research and Epidemiology (CADDRE): Study to Explore Early Development (SEED) 3
University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill (DD16-001, 001205)  
**$960,000**

### Birth Defects Study To Evaluate Pregnancy exposures (BD-STEPs)
University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill (DD13-003, 001036)  
**$800,000**

### Surveillance and Research of Muscular Dystrophies and Neuromuscular Disorders
Research Triangle Institute (DD14-001, 001116)  
**$425,000**

### Research Approaches to Improve the Care and Outcomes of People Living with Spina Bifida
Duke University (DD14-002, 001082)  
**$66,720**

### National Public Health Practice and Resources Centers on Health Promotion for People with Disabilities
Duke University (DD11-1103, 000860)  
**No Cost Extension ending 9/29/16**

### Improving the Health of People with Disabilities through State Based Public Health Programs
North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services (DD15-1502, 000952)  
**Project ended 6/30/16**

#### North Dakota

### Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs
Minot State University – North Dakota (DD16-1604, 000802)  
**$155,703**

### Improving the Health of People with Disabilities through State Based Public Health Programs
Minot State University – North Dakota (DD15-1502, 000950)  
**Project ended 6/30/16**

#### Ohio

### Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs
Ohio Department of Health (DD16-1604, 000804)  
**$124,983**

* Zika funding
### STATE FUNDING

Select State-Based Activities and Funding

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Project Description</th>
<th>Funding Agency</th>
<th>Funding Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ohio</td>
<td>Improving the Health of People with Mobility Limitations and Intellectual Disabilities thru State-based Public Health Programs</td>
<td>Ohio State University</td>
<td>$300,000</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Surveillance, Intervention, and Referral to Services Activities for Infants with Microcephaly or Other Adverse Outcomes linked with the Zika Virus</td>
<td>Ohio Department of Health</td>
<td>$560,000*</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Using Longitudinal Data to Characterize the Natural History of Fragile X Syndrome to Improve Services and Outcomes</td>
<td>Cincinnati Children’s Hospital Medical Center</td>
<td>$99,998</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Improving the Health of People with Disabilities through State Based Public Health Programs</td>
<td>Ohio State University Foundation</td>
<td>Project ended 6/30/16</td>
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<tr>
<td>Oklahoma</td>
<td>Population-Based Surveillance of Birth Defects and Data Utilization for Public Health Action</td>
<td>Oklahoma State Department of Health</td>
<td>$210,000</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs</td>
<td>Oklahoma Department of Health</td>
<td>$144,722</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Surveillance, Intervention, and Referral to Services Activities for Infants with Microcephaly or Other Adverse Outcomes linked with the Zika Virus</td>
<td>Oklahoma Department of Health</td>
<td>$324,667*</td>
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<tr>
<td>Oregon</td>
<td>Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs</td>
<td>Oregon Department of Human Services</td>
<td>$174,137</td>
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<td>Improving the Health of People with Mobility Limitations and Intellectual Disabilities thru State-based Public Health Programs</td>
<td>Oregon Health and Science University</td>
<td>$400,000</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Research Approaches to Improve the Care and Outcomes of People Living with Spina Bifida</td>
<td>Oregon Health and Science University</td>
<td>$67,099</td>
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<td>Research Approaches to Improve the Care and Outcomes of People Living with Spina Bifida</td>
<td>Oregon Health and Science University</td>
<td>$20,530</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Population-Based Surveillance of Birth Defects and Data Utilization for Public Health Action</td>
<td>Oregon Health Authority</td>
<td>$175,000</td>
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<td>Improving the Health of People with Disabilities through State Based Public Health Programs</td>
<td>Oregon Health and Science Center</td>
<td>Project ended 6/30/16</td>
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<td>Pennsylvania</td>
<td>Improving Fetal Alcohol Syndrome Disorder Prevention and Practice through National Partnerships</td>
<td>University of Pittsburgh</td>
<td>$243,538</td>
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</table>
Surveillance, Intervention, and Referral to Services Activities for Infants with Microcephaly or Other Adverse Outcomes linked with the Zika Virus-High Risk Local Areas
Philadelphia Department of Health (DD16-1606, 000138) $348,185*

Surveillance, Intervention, and Referral to Services Activities for Infants with Microcephaly or Other Adverse Outcomes linked with the Zika Virus
Pennsylvania Department of Health (DD16-1605, 000031) $560,000*

Research Approaches to Improve the Care and Outcomes of People Living with Spina Bifida
University of Pittsburgh (DD14-002, 001078) $66,985

Rhode Island

Population-Based Surveillance of Birth Defects and Data Utilization for Public Health Action
Rhode Island Department of Health (DD16-1601, 004943) $160,000

Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs
Rhode Island Department of Health (DD16-1604, 000791) $168,289

Surveillance, Intervention, and Referral to Services Activities for Infants with Microcephaly or Other Adverse Outcomes linked with the Zika Virus
Rhode Island Department of Health (DD16-1605, 000003) $200,000*

Improving the Health of People with Mobility Limitations and Intellectual Disabilities thru State-based Public Health Programs
University of South Carolina, Columbia (DD12-006, 001007) $3,016,367

South Carolina

Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs
South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control (DD16-1604, 000779) $100,031

Coordinating Center for Research and Training to Promote the Health of People with Developmental and Other Disabilities
University of South Carolina, Columbia (DD16-1605, 000003) $400,000*

Surveillance and Research of Muscular Dystrophies and Neuromuscular Disorder
South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control (DD14-001, 001117) $465,000

Improving the Health of People with Disabilities through State Based Public Health Programs
South Carolina Research Foundation (DD15-1502, 000945) Project ended 6/30/16

South Dakota

Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs
South Dakota Department of Health (DD16-1604, 000794) $135,943

* Zika funding
## STATE FUNDING

### Select State-Based Activities and Funding

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Project Description</th>
<th>Implementing Agency</th>
<th>Grant Number(s)</th>
<th>Funding Amount(s)</th>
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<td>Surveillance, Intervention, and Referral to Services Activities for Infants with Microcephaly or Other Adverse Outcomes linked with the Zika Virus</td>
<td>Tennessee Department of Health</td>
<td>DD16-1605, 000032</td>
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<td>Research Approaches to Improve the Care and Outcomes of People Living with Spina Bifida</td>
<td>Vanderbilt University Medical Center</td>
<td>DD14-002, 001073</td>
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<td>Research Approaches to Improve the Care and Outcomes of People Living with Spina Bifida</td>
<td>Vanderbilt University Medical Center</td>
<td>DD14-002, 001075</td>
<td>$20,530</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Enhancing Public Health Surveillance of Autism Spectrum Disorders and other Disabilities through the Autism and Developmental Disabilities Monitoring (ADDM) Network</td>
<td>Vanderbilt University Medical Center</td>
<td>DD15-1501, 001170</td>
<td>$450,000</td>
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<td>Enhancing Public Health Surveillance of Autism Spectrum Disorders and other Disabilities through the Autism and Developmental Disabilities Monitoring (ADDM) Network</td>
<td>Vanderbilt University Medical Center</td>
<td>DD15-1501 Suppl, 001170</td>
<td>$37,500</td>
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<td>Emerging Infections Program</td>
<td>Tennessee</td>
<td>CK12-1202, 000198</td>
<td>$138,451</td>
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<td><strong>Texas</strong></td>
<td>Population-Based Surveillance of Birth Defects and Data Utilization for Public Health Action</td>
<td>Texas State Department of Health Services</td>
<td>DD16-1601, 004942</td>
<td>$210,000</td>
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<td>Fetal Alcohol Spectrum Disorders (FASD) Regional Training and Practice Centers</td>
<td>Baylor College of Medicine</td>
<td>DD14-1402, 001131</td>
<td>$342,960</td>
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<td>Fetal Alcohol Spectrum Disorders Practice and Implementation Ctrs - High-Impact Projects for Practice</td>
<td>Baylor College of Medicine</td>
<td>DD14-1402 Suppl, 001131</td>
<td>$145,826</td>
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<td>Improving Fetal Alcohol Syndrome Disorder Prevention and Practice through National Partnerships</td>
<td>University of Texas, Austin</td>
<td>DD14-1403, 001147</td>
<td>$249,635</td>
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<td>Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs</td>
<td>Texas Department of State Health Services</td>
<td>DD16-1604, 000781</td>
<td>$116,498</td>
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<td>Surveillance, Intervention, and Referral to Services Activities for Infants with Microcephaly or Other Adverse Outcomes linked with the Zika Virus-High Risk Local Areas</td>
<td>Houston Health Department</td>
<td>DD16-1606, 000141</td>
<td>$399,608*</td>
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<td>Surveillance, Intervention, and Referral to Services Activities for Infants with Microcephaly or Other Adverse Outcomes linked with the Zika Virus</td>
<td>Texas Department of Health Services</td>
<td>DD16-1605, 000036</td>
<td>$720,000*</td>
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</table>
Research Approaches to Improve the Care and Outcomes of People Living with Spina Bifida
Baylor College of Medicine
(DD14-002, 001072)
$66,776

Research Approaches to Improve the Care and Outcomes of People Living with Spina Bifida
Baylor College of Medicine
(DD14-002, 001070)
$20,530

Public Health Research on Modifiable Risk Factors for Spina Bifida
University of Texas Health Science Center, Houston
(DD14-001, 001179)
$240,000

Utah

Surveillance of Congenital Heart Defects Across the Lifespan
University of Utah
(DD15-1506, 004934)
$450,000

Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs
Utah Department of Health
(DD16-1604, 000821)
$116,954

Surveillance, Intervention, and Referral to Services Activities for Infants with Microcephaly or Other Adverse Outcomes linked with the Zika Virus
Utah Department of Health
(DD16-1605, 000027)
$200,000*

Research Approaches to Improve the Care and Outcomes of People Living with Spina Bifida
IHC Health Services, Inc.
(DD14-002, 001062)
$66,766

Research Approaches to Improve the Care and Outcomes of People Living with Spina Bifida
IHC Health Services, Inc.
(DD14-002, 001060)
$20,530

Surveillance and Research of Muscular Dystrophies and Neuromuscular Disorder
University of Utah
(DD14-001, 001108)
$425,000

Population-Based Surveillance of Birth Defects and Data Utilization for Public Health Action
Utah Department of Health (DD16-1601, 004948)
$210,000

Improving the Health of People with Mobility Limitations and Intellectual Disabilities thru State-based Public Health Programs
Utah Department of Health
(DD16-1603, 000003)
$150,000

Vermont

Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs
Vermont Department of Health
(DD16-1604, 000818)
$157,354

Improving the Health of People with Mobility Limitations and Intellectual Disabilities thru State-based Public Health Programs
Vermont Department of Health
(DD16-1603, 000008)
$150,000

Surveillance, Intervention, and Referral to Services Activities for Infants with Microcephaly or Other Adverse Outcomes linked with the Zika Virus
Vermont Department of Health
(DD16-1605, 000034)
$200,000

* Zika funding
STATE FUNDING
Select State-Based Activities and Funding

Virginia

Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs
Virginia Department of Health
(DD16-1604, 000812)
$135,616

Surveillance, Intervention, and Referral to Services Activities for Infants with Microcephaly or Other Adverse Outcomes linked with the Zika Virus
Virginia Department of Health
(DD16-1605, 000014)
$560,000*

Washington

Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs
Washington Department of Health
(DD16-1604, 000800)
$174,044

Research Approaches to Improve the Care and Outcomes of People Living with Spina Bifida
Seattle Children’s Hospital
(DD14-002, 001065)
$66,429

Research Approaches to Improve the Care and Outcomes of People Living with Spina Bifida
Seattle Children’s Hospital
(DD14-002, 001064)
$20,530

West Virginia

Surveillance, Intervention, and Referral to Services Activities for Infants with Microcephaly or Other Adverse Outcomes linked with the Zika Virus
West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources
(DD16-1605, 000012)
$384,300*

Wisconsin

Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs
Wisconsin Department of Health and Family Services
(DD16-1604, 000806)
$168,562

Research Approaches to Improve the Care and Outcomes of People Living with Spina Bifida
Children’s Hospital of Wisconsin
(DD14-002, 001063)
$67,060

Enhancing Public Health Surveillance of Autism Spectrum Disorders and other Disabilities through the Autism and Developmental Disabilities Monitoring (ADDM) Network
Board of Regents, University of Wisconsin
(DD15-1501, 001176)
$550,000

Enhancing Public Health Surveillance of Autism Spectrum Disorders and other Disabilities through the Autism and Developmental Disabilities Monitoring (ADDM) Network
Board of Regents, University of Wisconsin
(DD15-1501 Suppl, 001176)
$62,500

Fetal Alcohol Spectrum Disorders (FASD) Regional Training and Practice Centers
Board of Regents of the University of Wisconsin System
(DD14-1402, 001133)
$273,739

Advanced Alcohol Screening & Brief Intervention (aSBI) & CHOICES in American Indian & Alaska Native Population thru Training & Technical Assistance
University of Wisconsin
(DD13-1301, 001048)
$275,000
Surveillance, Intervention, and Referral to Services Activities for Infants with Microcephaly or Other Adverse Outcomes linked with the Zika Virus
Wisconsin Department of Health Services (DD16-1605, 000025) $200,000*

Centers for Autism and Developmental Disabilities Research and Epidemiology (CADDRE): Study to Explore Early Development (SEED) 3
University of Wisconsin, Madison (DD16-001, 001215) $710,000

Wyoming
Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs
Wyoming Department of Health (DD16-1604, 000787) $141,948

District of Columbia
National Public Health Practice and Resource Centers on Health Promotion for People w/ Disabilities
Special Olympics (DD16-1602, 000020) $4,500,000

Improving Fetal Alcohol Syndrome Disorder Prevention and Practice through National Partnerships
American College of OB/GYN (DD14-1403, 001146) $250,000

Improving Fetal Alcohol Syndrome Disorder Prevention and Practice through National Partnerships
National Organization on Fetal Alcohol Syndrome Prevention (DD14-1403, 001148) $250,000

OSTLTS Partnerships CBA of the Public Health System
American Public Health Association (APHA) (OT13-1302, 000131) $13,747

Evaluation of Health Promotion & Prevention Program for Blood Disorders
Hemophilia Federation of America (DD14-1405, 001151) $550,000

CDC Collaboration with Academia to Strengthen Public Health Workforce Capacity
Association of Schools and Programs of Public Health (OE12-1201, 0002) University of Oklahoma $204,996

CDC Collaboration with Academia to Strengthen Public Health Workforce Capacity
Association of American Medical Colleges (OE12-1201, 00004) Duke University $205,000

CDC Collaboration with Academia to Strengthen Public Health Workforce Capacity
Association for Preventive Teaching and Research (OE12-1201, 0005) $25,298

Research Approaches to Improve the Care and Outcomes of People Living with Spina Bifida
Spina Bifida Association (DD14-002, 001077) $600,000

Improving the Health of People with Intellectual Disabilities
The ARC of the United States (DD12-1201, 000039) Project Ended 3/31/16

Puerto Rico
Population-Based Surveillance of Birth Defects and Data Utilization for Public Health ActionPuerto Rico Department of Health (DD16-1601, 004945) $170,000

* Zika funding
## Select State-Based Activities and Funding

### Surveillance, Intervention, and Referral to Services Activities for Infants with Microcephaly or Other Adverse Outcomes linked with the Zika Virus

- **Puerto Rico Department of Health**
  - (DD16-1605, 000037)
  - $400,000*

- **Virgin Islands Department of Health**
  - (DD16-1605, 000022)
  - $399,770*

- **Guam Department of Public Health and Social Services**
  - (DD16-1605, 000028)
  - $326,680*

- **American Samoa Department of Health**
  - (DD16-1605, 000039)
  - $400,000*

- **Commonwealth Health Corporation, Northern Mariana Islands**
  - (DD16-1605, 000017)
  - $400,000*

- **Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands Department of Health, Education and Social Affairs**
  - (DD16-1604, 000778)
  - $91,540

- **Republic of Palau Ministry of Health**
  - (DD16-1604, 000809)
  - $93,496

- **Federated States of Micronesia Department of Health, Education and Social Affairs**
  - (DD16-1604, 000778)
  - $91,540

### Development, Maintenance and Enhancement of Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Programs

- **University of Guam**
  - (DD16-1604, 000784)
  - $147,658

- **American Samoa Department of Health**
  - (DD16-1605, 000028)
  - $326,680*

- **Federated States of Micronesia Department of Health, Education and Social Affairs**
  - (DD16-1604, 000778)
  - $91,540

### Conducting Public Research in China

- **Chinese Center for Disease Control and Prevention**
  - (GH12-005, 000636)
  - $50,000

### Global Non-Communicable Disease Prevention and Promotion of Health

- **World Health Organization**
  - (GH14-1420, 001235)
  - $837,291

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* Zika funding
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