Making Water Safe DAVID J. SENCER CDC MUSEUM PUBLIC HEALTH ACADEMY







people who help collect data for research projects conducted by professional scientists	
the process of making or keeping things free from filth, infection, or other dangers	
a system that removes impurities from water or air	
to leave without protection, shelter, or care	
able to be passed from one individual to another through contact	
the science of protecting and improving the health of people and their communities	
microscopic living organisms found everywhere; some good, some harmful	
a program that protects communities from harmful water	

Understanding Drinking Water

• Drinking Water sources:

- public water systems, private wells, bottled water
- Public water systems remove harmful microorganisms and chemicals







- What are some sources of drinking water?
- 2. Why is clean **drinking water** important?
- 3. Why do some communities not have access to clean **drinking water**?





Safe Water and CDC



- Public water systems:
 - have existed thousands of years
 - provide water for communities, take away waste
- Before 1900:
 - U.S. water contaminated by **bacteria** that cause cholera and typhoid
- 1908:
 - first efforts to sanitize water in Jersey City, New Jersey





Safe Water and CDC

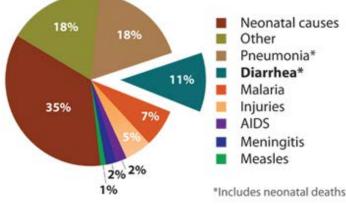
• Over 2.5 billion people worldwide do not have access to effective **sanitation**

• Over 780 million people do not have access to improved water sources

Safe Water System (SWS)

- developed in 1998 by CDC and Pan American Health Organization
- protects communities from contaminated water
- helps directly treat and safely store water

Global Leading Cause of Death Among Children Under Five









- **1**. Why was it important for cities to sanitize their public water sources?
- 2. How many people around the world struggle with access to clean water?
- 3. How does the Safe Water System address global water sanitation issues?





From the Expert



https://youtu.be/FjwPwq9UB2s







- 1. What are the dangers associated with diarrheal diseases?
- 2. Explain the role communication plays in water safety.
- 3. How can your efforts support the efforts of CDC?





Call to Action!

- 1. Design a safe water practice infographic
- 2. Engineer a water filter
- 3. Share your designs

Why do you think participation is important?





Design a Water Filter and Safe Water Practice Infographic

Oefine	Define the problem
Q Research	Do background research
 Specify 	Specify requirements
iii Brainstorm	Choose and develop solutions
🔟 Build	Build a prototype
🇳 Test	Test and redesign
🤜 Share	Communicate results





1. Design a Safe Water Practices Infographic

WORLD WATER DAY

1 in 10 people around the world still do not have a safe water supply close to home.

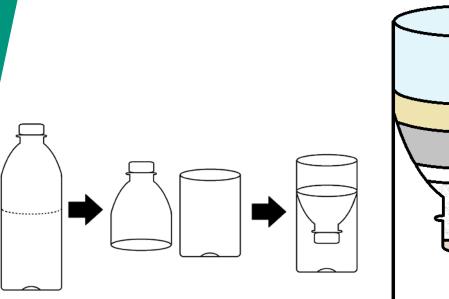


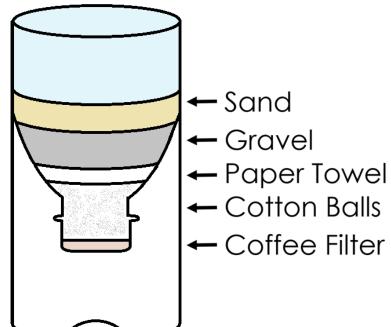




2. Engineer a Water Filter

- Prepare the water sample
- Prepare the containers
- Build the prototype









2. Engineer a Water Filter

- Test the prototype

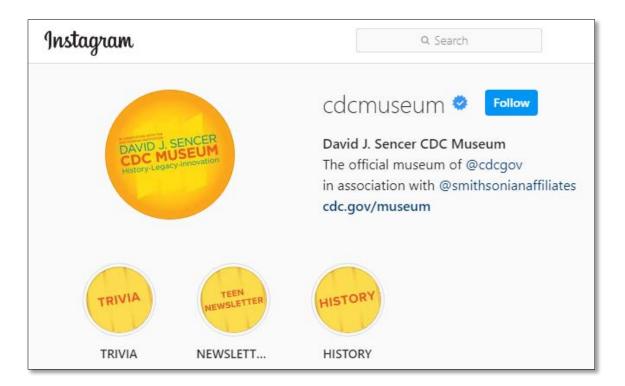
Filtration: How close does your filtered water look to the clean	My filtered water looks like cup A.	My filtered water looks like cup B.	My filtered water looks like cup C.	My filtered water looks like cup D.
water?	1 point	2 points	3 points	4 points
Recovery: How much water did your filter let through?	My filter let none of the water through.	My filter let less than half of the water through.	My filter let more than half of the water through.	My filter let all the water through.
	1 point	2 points	3 points	4 points





3. Share Your Designs

- Instagram @CDCmuseum







Questions?



