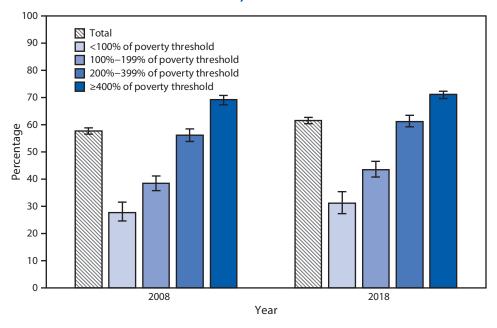
## FROM THE NATIONAL CENTER FOR HEALTH STATISTICS

## Percentage\* of Currently Employed Adults Aged 18–64 Years Who Have Paid Sick Leave,† by Poverty Status§ — National Health Interview Survey,¶ United States, 2008 and 2018



<sup>\*</sup> With 95% confidence intervals indicated with error bars.

The percentage of currently employed adults aged 18-64 years who have paid sick leave increased from 57.8% in 2008 to 61.7% in 2018. For both 2008 and 2018, the percentage of employees with paid sick leave increased with family income. In 2018, the percentage with paid sick leave was 31.5% for those with incomes <100% of the poverty threshold, increasing to 71.4% for those with incomes  $\ge 400\%$  of the poverty threshold. The percentage of employees with paid sick leave increased from 2008 to 2018 in all poverty groups, although the increase was not significant for those with incomes <100% of the poverty threshold or for those with incomes  $\ge 400\%$  of the poverty threshold.

Source: National Health Interview Survey, 2008 and 2018. https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/index.htm.

Reported by: Peter Boersma, MPH, PBoersma@cdc.gov, 301-458-4101; Lindsey I. Black, MPH.

 $<sup>^\</sup>dagger$  Based on a positive response to the question "Do you have paid sick leave on this main job or business?"

<sup>§</sup> Poverty status was based on family income and family size using the U.S. Census Bureau poverty thresholds. Family income was imputed when missing.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>¶</sup> Estimates are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian, noninstitutionalized U.S. population and are derived from the National Health Interview Survey Sample Adult component.