



INJURY CONTROL RESEARCH CENTERS:

Intimate Partner Violence and Sexual Violence

CDC's National Center for Injury Prevention and Control funds 10 Injury Control Research Centers (ICRCs). These centers study ways to prevent injuries and violence and work with community partners to put research findings into action.

Intimate partner violence (IPV) and sexual violence (SV) are serious, preventable public health problems that affect millions of Americans. IPV includes physical, sexual, or psychological harm by a current or former partner or spouse. This type of violence can occur among heterosexual or same-sex couples and does not require sexual intimacy. Sexual violence refers to sexual activity when consent is not obtained or not given freely. Anyone can experience SV, but most victims are female. Eight of the current funded ICRCs are working to address IPV and SV through research, training, or outreach activities:

- Johns Hopkins University
- University of Iowa
- University of Michigan
- University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill
- University of Pennsylvania
- The Research Institute at Nationwide Children's Hospital
- University of Rochester
- West Virginia University



Research: Studying Ways to Prevent Intimate Partner and Sexual Violence

Examples of CDC-funded ICRC research projects are listed here:

- Intimate Partner Violence-Related Hospitalizations in Appalachia and the Non-Appalachian United States. (The Research Institute at Nationwide Children's Hospital)
- Mental Health Therapists' Perceptions of Their Readiness to Address the Intersection of Intimate Partner Violence and Suicide. (University of Rochester)
- Violence Against Women and Household Ownership of Radios, Computers, and Phones in 20 Countries. (University of Pennsylvania)

You can find a complete list of CDC-funded ICRC research projects for 2017-2019 on the ICRC web site at www.cdc.gov/injury/erpo/icrc/projects.html



**U.S. Department of
Health and Human Services**
Centers for Disease
Control and Prevention

RESEARCH IN ACTION

Johns Hopkins University implemented and evaluated a new IPV counseling program in a community-based domestic violence agency. They piloted an eight-session counseling program and evaluated implementation factors such as program exposure and fidelity, counselor experience, and client experience, and outcome factors, which measured change in IPV-related incidents, self-efficacy, and overall health. Clients reported increased self-confidence and greater ability to end and stay out of abusive relationships. The partner agency continues using components of the program and wants future collaboration with the ICRC.



Outreach: Putting Research into Action to Prevent Intimate Partner and Sexual Violence

University of Michigan partnered with the Sexual Assault Prevention and Awareness Center and the University's Global Communications Office to create a campus-wide campaign. The university wanted to raise awareness of campus sexual assault and consent, encourage reporting by victims, and encourage friend, faculty, staff, and first responder compassion and support. During the campaign, website traffic to sexual assault-related content increased significantly, including a 140 percent traffic increase for the program's "What is consent?" content and a 111 percent increase for the "What you may be feeling if you are a survivor/common reactions" content.

The **University of North Carolina** hosted [Visioning Summit: North Carolina's Children and Domestic Violence](#). This summit included more than 50 of the state's practitioners, decision-makers, researchers, and other stakeholders. They determined how to best foster positive, collaborative partnerships among organizations concerned with IPV and child well-being. The group developed recommendations to address child well-being and IPV in North Carolina.



Training: Building the Field to Prevent Intimate Partner and Sexual Violence

The **University of Iowa** collaborated with the Iowa Department of Public Health and the Attorney General's Office to collect and report IPV data. The project served as a practical opportunity for students pursuing a master's degree in public health. These students helped enter case data, interview team members, and track progress on annual recommendations. The health department shares the data with stakeholders and partners across the state to raise awareness of IPV trends and to help drive prevention strategies.

The **University of Rochester** developed a suicide prevention curriculum for National Domestic Violence Hotline counselors. This training helps the counselors better recognize and support IPV victims who have suicidal thoughts and behavior. Forty-two counselors participated in the training. Participants reported applying the lessons they had learned from the training in the workplace and in the larger community. ICRC staff continue to work with the hotline, training counselors to address the mental health needs of those who have experienced IPV.

