CDC awarded $13.24M to health departments and community-based organizations in Ohio for HIV prevention and care activities, including $4.81M in Ending the HIV Epidemic (EHE) funding.

Ohioans with HIV will face an average lifetime cost of $510,000 to treat their infection (2020 dollars).

CDC collects and disseminates data on 6 key EHE indicators. Current data are available online at AtlasPlus and on HHS AHEAD for each jurisdiction.

**DIAGNOSE:** Diagnose all people with HIV as early as possible

- 15% of Ohioans with HIV are unaware of their status, which means they aren’t getting the HIV care they need.
- 870 new HIV infections occurred in Ohio.
- 16,718 HIV tests were provided in Ohio with CDC funding. HIV testing enables people to know their HIV status.

**How CDC Dollars Can Improve DIAGNOSES:**
- **Expand** routine screening of people in health care settings
- **Increase** testing in non-traditional settings (e.g., jails, emergency departments, street-based services)
- **Increase** access to and use of HIV self-tests
- **Integrate** STI and viral hepatitis screening into HIV testing services
PREVENT: Prevent new HIV transmissions by using proven interventions, including pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP) and syringe services programs (SSPs)

Syringe Services Programs (SSPs) are community-based public health programs that provide access to services to prevent HIV and viral hepatitis infections and address other syndemic issues.

How CDC Dollars Can Improve PREVENTION:
- **Increase** access to and awareness of PrEP through innovations such as TelePrEP, a critical prevention tool in the context of COVID-19
- **Expand** access to SSPs and their capacity to provide integrated prevention services including PrEP
- **Implement** a status neutral approach to HIV prevention

11 counties in Ohio were determined by CDC to be experiencing or at risk of an HIV outbreak or significant increase in hepatitis infections due to injection drug use.

16 SSPs operate in Ohio*

**RESPOND:** Respond early to potential HIV clusters or outbreaks to get prevention and treatment services to people who need them

86 Rapidly growing clusters nationally

How CDC Dollars Can Improve RESPONSE:
- **Direct** prevention and treatment resources to priority populations
- **Promote** equity in health services
- **Build** a competent workforce to address response activities

Cutting-edge public health approaches turn HIV data into action by identifying areas with rapid transmission and expanding resources to maximize prevention and treatment efforts.

How CDC Dollars Can Build Workforce Capacity

CDC is providing funds to build a competent HIV prevention workforce that is representative of the communities they serve.

Nationally, learners from 216 unique organizations completed 565 HIV prevention courses with the most requested content area being increasing awareness of, access to, and adherence to PrEP.

* These data were pulled on 1/13/2022 from NASEN (https://nasen.org/) and only represents SSPs who have authorized NASEN to publish their information.