Between 2011 and 2015 there was a **decrease** in HIV diagnoses, however progress is **uneven**.

**39,782** • Total HIV Diagnoses in 2016

### HIV Diagnoses Trends from 2011–2015

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Women</td>
<td>down 16%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black MSM</td>
<td>stabilizing</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic/Latino MSM</td>
<td>up 14%</td>
<td>up 19%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All ages</td>
<td>age 13–24</td>
<td>age 25–34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14%</td>
<td>19%</td>
<td>21%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Percentage HIV Diagnoses in 2016

**Blacks/African Americans** accounted for **44%** of HIV diagnoses, though they comprise only **12%** of the US population.

- **Gay and bisexual men (MSM)**: 67%
- **Heterosexual**: 24%
- **People who inject drugs (IDU)**: 3%
- **MSM/IDU**: 6%

*American Indian/Alaska Native: 0.6% • Asian: 2.5% • Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander: 0.1% • Multiple races: 2.2%

Of young MSM (13-24 years), **black/African Americans** and **Hispanics/Latinos** are most affected.

**54%**

*The South: 52%*

- **black/African American**: 25%
- **White**: 20%
- **Hispanic/Latino**: 16%
- **Other**: 5%

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National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention

Division of HIV/AIDS Prevention

* Data for the year 2016 are preliminary and based on 6 months reporting delay