

HIV Infection, Risk, Prevention, and Testing Behaviors among Men Who Have Sex with Men (MSM)

National HIV Behavioral Surveillance (NHBS), 20 U.S. Cities, 2014



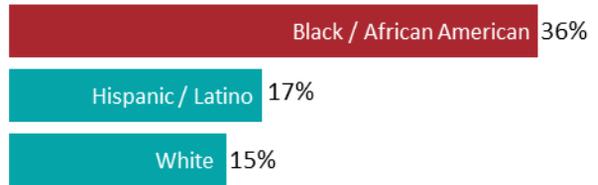
1 in 5 MSM were HIV-positive



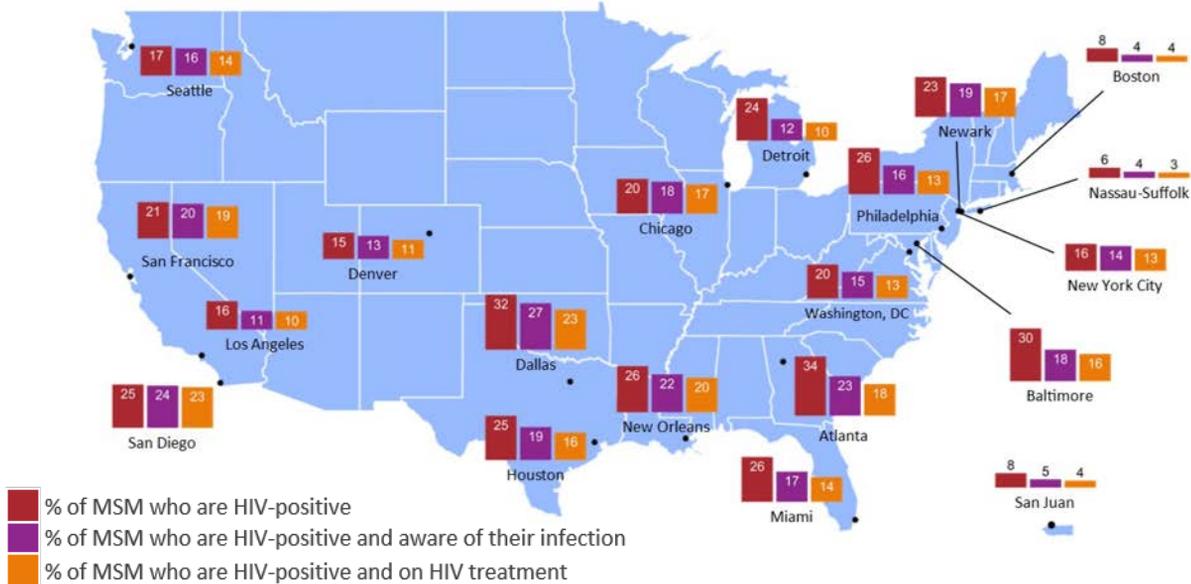
1 in 4 HIV-positive MSM were NOT aware of their infection



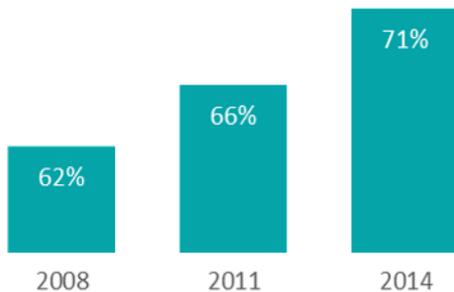
HIV INFECTION MOST COMMON AMONG BLACK MSM



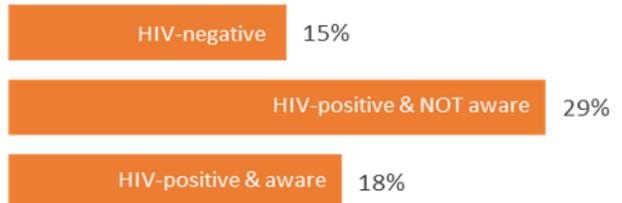
WHILE HIV PREVALENCE IS HIGH IN MANY CITIES, RATES OF MSM AWARE OF THEIR INFECTION AND ON TREATMENT ARE SIMILAR SUGGESTING EFFECTIVE LINKAGE AND TREATMENT EFFORTS



HIV TESTING IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS INCREASED AMONG MSM



DISCORDANT CONDOMLESS ANAL SEX* WAS MOST COMMON AMONG MSM WHO ARE HIV-POSITIVE AND NOT AWARE OF THEIR INFECTION



*Anal sex with a partner of different or unknown HIV status, as perceived by the participant, at last sex

ABOUT NHBS: NHBS is CDC's most comprehensive data system among populations at highest risk for HIV in the United States. CDC funds state and local health departments to conduct anonymous behavioral interviews and HIV testing in cities with high HIV prevalence. NHBS focuses on different high-risk populations in rotating annual cycles. More about NHBS: www.cdc.gov/hiv/statistics/systems/nhbs/

READ THE FULL REPORT:

www.cdc.gov/hiv/pdf/library/reports/surveillance/cdc-hiv-hsr-nhbs-msm-2014.pdf



National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention
Division of HIV/AIDS Prevention

